

THE GREENCASTLE TIMES.

VOL. 5, NO. 36.

GREENCASTLE, INDIANA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1886.

\$1.25 PER YEAR.

Prominent for its superiority. The farmer's friend, tried, trusty & true. The best material, the best workmanship and the best improvements are essential to the best machine, and these are only found united in the **McCormick**. This single fact explains its universal popularity for the McCormick brand on a machine has become a passport in all lands to unhesitating confidence. Call and Examine Samples. East Side Square. Greencastle, Ind.

H. S. RENNICK & CO., HEADQUARTERS FOR The McCormick Steel Harvesters and Binders.

FULFILLMENT.
He stood beneath her window
And beneath the ilex-shade
(The ilex was a maple).
We will hope she gaged his fervor by
Th' amount of noise he made.
"Oh, why art thou not near me?"
He sang it sixteen times.
To "fear me," and to "cheer me,"
And to fourteen other rhymes,
And interspersed with language cribbed
From Oriental climes.
She leaned from out her lattice;
Her lattice was not barred
(Her plate-glass window, that is.)
And perhaps she leaned too hard,
For the lattice was wide open, and
It opened on the yard.
A sudden flash of lightning,
Or so it seemed to him—
Then he felt his muscles tightening,
And his sight grew strangely dim,
And they sank together earthward and
All nature seemed to swim.
Was he happy, was he grateful
For this complaisance of Fate?
No—he muttered something hateful
As he crawled off toward the gate.
Is fulfillment of our wishes worse
Too soon than if too late?
—(MARGARET VANDERGRIFT in Century "Bric-a-Brac.")

PENCILINGS.
County fairs will soon open up.
The Acton camp meeting is in progress.
The new Monon fast mail trains are "flyers."
Watermelons are getting down to a poor man's price.
Greensburg hires water works from a Watertown, N. Y., firm.
All are invited to the tent meetings on south College Avenue.
Greencastle is "getting there" gradually. It is only a question of time.
The dog-poisoner is getting in his work in different parts of the State.
The stock of the Monon road has advanced from 9 to 49 cents in ten months.
Indications point to a very large gathering of Republicans here Saturday.
Candidates for the State offices are rapidly making themselves known.
Saturday was a good business day notwithstanding the cheap excursions to other points.
As soon as our gas and water works are complete we will be ready for cable cars and a crematory.
This is truly the season of Old Settlers picnics and octogenarians are getting as common as other people.
The change in the temperature this week was a most grateful one. Ninety six and seven in the shade is too much.
Two hundred and forty six tickets were sold from this city to Indianapolis on the excursion over the I. & St. L. last Saturday.
The City Schools open Monday, September 6. There will be two weeks' vacation during the holidays and no spring vacation.
Another argument in favor of water works is that there is at present no well around the square available for business men. The one in the court house yard needs filling.
A countryman's horse dropped dead last Thursday at the first notes of the city band which was playing on the north side of the square preparatory to leaving for the Cloverdale picnic.
The Republicans who attended the Congressional convention at Franklin last Thursday, report a model convention and a good time generally but they do think that Franklin suffers for a good hotel.
A new time card went into effect on the Monon last Sunday. This road having secured the contract for carrying the through Southern mail, was compelled to put on another train, which is very fast. It reaches Greencastle going north at 12:29 noon, and going south at 2:51 p. m. It only stops at the crossings and large towns. The day train is made a local train and makes all the stops. These trains with the night expresses make six passenger trains daily over this road, which for accommodation and good time, is rapidly coming to the front.

OLD SETTLERS AT CLOVERDALE.

An Immense Crowd, A Good Time and a Very Warm Day.

The old settlers' picnic at Cloverdale can be set down as a success in every particular. The crowd was fully up to all expectations and a better-natured and more orderly gathering would be hard to find. The management made every effort to make the affair a pleasure to all attending and they succeeded admirably. The grove in which the exercises were held was well adapted for the occasion. Upon the arrival of the music (the Greencastle city band) the exercises began and the following programme was fully carried out.

PROGRAMME.
10:00 a. m.—Music by the Greencastle Band. Music by Cloverdale Glee Club.
10:30 a. m.—Prayer by Rev. N. Y. Moore. Address of Welcome by J. C. McCoy. Address by L. A. Stockwell.
11:30 a. m.—Music by the Greencastle Band. Music by the Cloverdale Glee Club. Recording names and ages of old settlers.
12:00 m.—DINNER.
1:00 p. m.—Music by the Greencastle Band. Award of prize to the oldest person. Base-Ball game commences.
1:30 p. m.—Concert by the Cloverdale Glee Club. Speeches by old Settlers.
3:30 p. m.—Base-ball game concludes and the races commence.
Foot races, wheelbarrow races, sack races and obstacle races.
Music by the Greencastle Band. Concert by Cloverdale Glee Club. Come Again.

The races were a feature of the day, many prizes being distributed and much merriment caused by ludicrous figures cut by those participating. An interesting game of base-ball was witnessed, the Greencastle club winning.

The managers, U. V. O'Daniels, president; T. C. Utterback, vice-president; and P. M. Reinheimer, treasurer, have the thanks of the large crowd for the day's enjoyment. The order on the ground was of the best. The stands all did a flourishing business and everything went in the shape of "chuck-a-luck," "hironemous," etc.

The picnic was also a financial success, the trains from both directions bringing in large crowds. These old settlers picnics are very enjoyable, and this was no exception. The association will give another one next year, as it is a permanent organization.

John H. McCarty, of Cloverdale township was the oldest man present and received the gold rimmed eye-glasses as a prize. His age was 95 years.

GAS.

A St. Louis Man Threatens to Put in Works Immediately.

Mr. W. D. Ireland, of St. Louis, was in the city Tuesday, and, after examining the provisions of the right of way some time since granted to Messrs. Truesdale of that city, announced his determination of beginning on a plant in two weeks. It will be remembered by our readers that the grant made by the Common Council embraced merely the right of way on the streets and alleys of the city and gave no exclusive privileges. It did not bind the city to at any time take gas of the company, nor did it in any way make the city responsible. The contract, however, fixed the maximum rate at which gas could be sold at \$2 per thousand.

We are unable to learn who Mr. Ireland represents, and whether he is operating for the gentlemen to whom the grant was made or some one else. It is probable, however, that the Messrs. Truesdale have disposed of their right.

We will be able to ascertain more when Mr. Ireland comes again, and we will be prepared to believe he means business when we see the mains going down.

There were thirty six car loads of humanity at the north depot at the same time last Saturday morning. The Monon train to the Lafayette encampment took up nine coaches well loaded. The Indianapolis excursion was the largest one that has been through here for years. It was in two sections, the first being composed of thirteen coaches and the second ten coaches, both sections being literally crowded. Added to these trains was the regular I. & St. L. west which took a large picnic party to Fern. It was a right busy day at the north depot.

Advertise in THE TIMES.

TO BEAT MATSON.

IRA J. CHASE, OF HENDRICKS, CHOSEN BY THE REPUBLICANS AT FRANKLIN

To Perform This Great Public Duty. Mr. Chase Willing and Able to do It.

Particulars of the Convention.
The Republican Congressional Convention at Franklin was by common consent one of the most spirited, confident and enthusiastic district gatherings that has ever been held in the old Fifth. The Republicans came together with that determination to do the proper thing and do it well that has marked their every move in this year of political triumph and jubilee. There was everywhere manifest the disposition to find the best man for the place, and we think they got him.

The hotel headquarters were thronged with a lively crowd on Wednesday night and the claims of the various candidates were considered thoroughly and well. The Chase men seemed to have the bulge from the start and they worked their advantage for all it was worth.

Putnam county happily got her ever running sore into such shape that it could be dressed by a committee on credentials outside of the convention hall, and consequently when the gathering was called to order at 10 a. m. Thursday morning everything was peaceful and serene. A very large crowd was present in the hall.

Hon. W. F. Browning, district member of the State Central Committee, called the convention to order, and upon motion of Col. Oylar a committee of one from each county (Putnam excepted) was chosen to dispose of Putnam's grievance. This committee having retired, the report on permanent organization was called. Hon. Geo. W. Grubbs, of Morgan, was chosen permanent chairman and Jesse Overstreet, of Johnson, Secretary. While the committee on credentials were out (and they stayed out till noon) the time was occupied in speech making by the candidates for State offices, who were present, and others. Among those who responded to calls were S. T. Yancy, L. T. Michner, Marshall Hacker, Jno. M. Oleott, Jno. W. Lovett, D. E. Beem, J. V. Hadley and others.

At 11:30 o'clock the convention adjourned for dinner.

Upon re-assembling at 1:30 o'clock, the report of the committee on credentials was heard determining the number of votes each county was entitled to in the convention, and who were delegates from Putnam. The convention then proceeded immediately to the nomination of a candidate. On call of the counties, Robert M. Miller, of Johnson, in a ringing speech, nominated Ira J. Chase, of Hendricks, and was seconded by Alfred Welshans, on behalf of Hendricks county. Levi Ferguson, of Morgan, in a spirited speech, nominated Henry C. Duncan, of Monroe, and was seconded on behalf of that county by J. G. McPheeters, Jr. Thomas Hanna placed in nomination John G. Dunbar, of this county. The nomination was not seconded, and Mr. Dunbar immediately withdrew his name. The call being complete, the first ballot was ordered, with the following result:

	Chase.	Duncan.	Dunbar.
Bartholomew.....	0	13	0
Brown.....	3	0	0
Johnson.....	3	0	3
Hendricks.....	15	0	0
Morgan.....	4	4	1
Owen.....	2	3	2
Putnam.....	10	3	0
Monroe.....	0	9	0
	37	35	6

Johnson cast one vote for Geo. Adams of Morgan, and Morgan county cast three votes for Col. Stansifer, of Bartholomew.

There being no choice another ballot was ordered resulting as follows:

	Chase.	Duncan.	Adams.	Stansifer.
Bartholomew.....	0	13	0	0
Brown.....	3	0	0	0
Johnson.....	5 1/2	3	0	0
Hendricks.....	15	0	0	0
Morgan.....	5	6	0	0
Owen.....	3	4	0	0
Putnam.....	10	3	0	0
Monroe.....	0	9	0	0
	41 1/2	36 1/2	3	1

The impression prevailing that 42

TRAIN ROBBERY!

ANOTHER MURDEROUS ATTEMPT ON THE MONON NIGHT EXPRESS.

Baggage-Master Winchester Seriously Shot—Pursuit of the Robber.

An attempted train robbery, similar to the one that occurred some time ago near Bloomington, for which Chesley Chambers was sent up for two years, occurred between Maple Grove and Bainbridge early this morning. Train No. 3, which leaves here at 12:52 every night, went out as usual last night on time, stopping at the water tank, three miles north, for water. The baggage and express are both carried in one car on these night trains, and on this occasion the car was in charge of Expressman Frank Perkins and Baggage-master J. P. Winchester. About half way between Maple Grove and Bainbridge, and when the train was running at a high rate of speed, the rear door of the baggage car was opened and a heavy set man with a light moustache and a handkerchief over his eyes entered and immediately fired at Winchester. The shot took effect in Winchester's breast, going entirely through his body. The firing alarmed Expressman Perkins, who in return opened fire on the would-be robber. At the first fire the robber made for the side door, and without any ceremony pitched out into the dark. At the point where he jumped off is a level stretch of track after coming up a grade, and on this the trains usually make a very fast run in order to go over the next grade which is a little ways above. The train was running at a very high rate of speed, and the train men think even if not shot, the man was severely injured in getting off. Perkins is confident he hit the robber when he fired at him.

Sheriff Louis and Constable Stone went up to the scene early this morning and are scouring the woods with a posse of deputies. The latest report from them is that they have found no trace of anyone a mile south of Bainbridge and are looking back towards Maple Grove. The man will doubtless be captured today, for if not injured in the car he certainly was in getting out of it. Baggage-master Winchester was put off the train upon its arrival at Crawfordsville where he is now receiving attention. He is painfully but not dangerously wounded.

A party of Masons from Bainbridge were in the city last evening the guests of the lodge here. Dr. Farver, Chas. Carver, Chas. Darrall, D. Hearney, N. W. Ader, J. A. Lowe, and John Block, composed the party. H. Underwood, of Groveland, accompanied them.

Miss Alma Ridpath has been elected a teacher in the second ward primary school, and Miss Jennie Walls in the first ward. In case of sickness of teachers in the primary department Miss Gertrude Warring will act as substitute.

Prof. J. M. Oleott, of Putnam County, candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction on the Republican ticket, was in the city yesterday. We found him a pleasant gentleman and have no doubt of his election should he be placed on our ticket.—Brazil Enterprise.

The meetings on South College Avenue continue at the tent with increasing interest. There are now three ministers with it—Elder D. S. Clark, of Amboy, Ill.; Elder G. W. Green, of Memphis, Ind.; and Elder J. L. Warman, of Muddy Fork, Ind. These ministers are in deep earnest, and preach a practical christianity—not churcharity. They claim to read their faith and practice from the bible. Let all give them a candid hearing.

The fire yesterday morning was in the dwelling house occupied by colored people across the street from Thos. Hammond's residence. A bucket or two of water put out the fire which had originated in the roof near the chimney. As usual the reel horse balked and had the fire been a serious one nothing could have saved the property. A balky horse at a hose reel is worse than no horse, reel or any other fire apparatus.

votes were necessary to a choice, preparations were making for another ballot when the point was made that 41 1/2 was a majority, and the fact being conceded, J. G. McPheeters, of Monroe moved to make the nomination of Mr. Chase unanimous, which was done with a hurrah. The Danville cornet band, which attended the Hendricks delegation, joined in the chorus and matters were lively about the Court room for some minutes.

Order being again restored, a committee of one from each county in the district, with Jos. I. Irwin, of Columbus, as chairman, was appointed to apprise Mr. Chase of his nomination.

Rev. Ira J. Chase, the nominee, is a native of the State of New York, is forty-five years of age and a gentleman of sterling character. He has for many years been active in the ministerial work of the Christian church, having been ordained a preacher at the age of sixteen years. He held an important charge in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., and subsequently at Wabash and La Porte, Ind., moving to Danville about two years ago. He entered the service of the Union army in the Nineteenth Illinois Infantry, and served with distinction, the record showing that he was engaged in twenty-seven different battles. He is a gentleman with an extensive acquaintance in the district and is universally popular. He is a forcible speaker, and is in every way worthy and well qualified for the position for which his friends have nominated him. Mr. Chase is now in San Francisco attending the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, he being chaplain of the G. A. R. of Indiana.

The resolutions adopted condemn the recent utterances of Jefferson Davis, arraign the Democratic administration for the depression of business, denounce President Cleveland for his pension vetoes, ask for the repeal of the arrears of pension act, arraign Congressman Matson for his inconsistency in relation to meritorious pension bills, in first, as chairman of the pension committee, recommending their passage, and afterwards recommending a concurrence in the messages of the President in vetoing the same. The resolutions also denounce the administration's sham civil service performance, and declare in favor of pensioning all disabled, honorably discharged Union soldiers.

The K. of L. Picnic at Fern

The K. of L. picnic at Fern last Saturday was an enjoyable day to those attending. The counter attractions on that day undoubtedly cut down the crowd, but those who did attend had a good time. The Oakalla brass band furnished dance music for the occasion, while a string band furnished the brass music. A platform for dancing had been erected and the sport was kept up all day. After dinner many of the members of the order from this city drove down or went on a freight train over the I. & St. L., and in the afternoon the crowd had swelled to right creditable proportions. Mr. McDonald of Cleveland, Ohio, delivered an address in the afternoon to his fellow brethren of the order. The management made nothing out of their venture but we learn they will repeat the affair at a not far distant date, when we hope they will realize handsomely, as they undoubtedly will.

Born.

CHRISTIE—In Greencastle, Aug. 2, to P. R. Christie and wife—a boy.

HOWARD—In Greencastle, July 28, to Joe Howard and wife—a son.

Died.

SKELTON—In Cloverdale township, July 30, Noah Skelton, son of Jeremiah and Sarah Skelton—aged 24 years.

GARNER—Near Putnamville, July 31, Miss Helen Garner, daughter of Fantley Garner—aged 16 years, 3 months and 19 days.

Mrs. S. E. Scarritt is visiting in Illinois. During her absence she will attend the Bluff assembly, twelve miles up the Mississippi river from Alton. It is one of the finest campmeeting grounds in the country.

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Opposite Postoffice, Greencastle, Ind.

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Wm. H. Durham, Jas. D. Stevenson, John Bittle, James V. Durham, Jno. W. Earp, W. E. Stevenson.

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Greencastle, Ind.

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DR. A. T. KEIGHTLEY'S DENTAL OFFICE
Hathaway Block, over Postoffice.
GREENCASTLE, IND.

Artificial Teeth, best the world affords, by my own patent and process, cannot be elsewhere procured in this country. Fillings neatly and cheaply inserted. I tender thanks for liberal patronage, for more than thirty years past.

B. F. CORWIN.

ABSTRACTOR OF TITLES

OFFICE: In Williamson's Block

THE WORK IN CONGRESS.

WHAT IS BEING DONE IN THE CLOSING DAYS OF THE SESSION.

Measures Proposed and Bills Introduced by Our National Law-Makers—A Digest of the Week's Work in the Senate and House—Interesting Items from the Hub of the Nation.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 28.—Three private pension bills voted by the president were reported back to the senate Tuesday with recommendation that they pass, the veto notwithstanding. The surplus resolution was also reported with amendments providing that the surplus shall not be permitted to go below \$100,000,000, and empowering the secretary of the treasury to keep in addition a working balance of \$20,000,000 on hand and to suspend bond redemptions whenever he considers public interest requires it, regardless of the amount in the treasury.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 29.—A message was received from the house by the senate Wednesday relating the action of the house in ordering its conferees to insist on the striking out of the river and harbor bill of the clauses providing for the canal and the lower Mississippi. This raised a discussion, in which the house's action was criticised pretty vigorously. It was said that the house had no right to ask for a "full and free conference" after tying up its representatives by such action, and Allison offered a resolution refusing to grant further conference. This was withdrawn, and the senate contented itself with appointing conferees and insisting on its amendments. The fortifications bill was then taken up. It appropriates \$6,600,000. Dawes read a letter from Samuel J. Tilden advocating liberal appropriations for fortifications, and characterized the letter as statesmanlike and patriotic. Plumb offered an amendment appropriating \$20,000 for providing facilities at Washington navy yard for the finishing and assembling of heavy ordnance; adopted. The bill was then passed. The conference report on the legislative bill was submitted and agreed to. The senate then took up the "surplus" resolution, and pending its consideration adjourned.

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WASHINGTON CITY, July 30.—The senate Thursday began consideration of the Morrison surplus resolution, Allison speaking first. He favored the senate amendments, as did McPherson, Sherman and Edmunds, while Beck, Vest, Teller, Plumb, and Jones of Nevada, advocated the passage of the resolution as it came from the house. The debate was pending when the senate went into executive session, and upon opening the doors the senate adjourned. The discussion was interrupted by a report of disagreement of the two houses on the deficiency bill, and a conference committee was appointed; also by a report favorable to the bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Ohio river at Cairo, Ills., by the St. Louis and New Orleans and Illinois Central railways.

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WASHINGTON CITY, July 31.—As soon as the senate journal was read Friday, an executive session was held, at which the nominations of George A. Jenks as solicitor general and John B. Readman to be collector of internal revenue for Maine were confirmed. Upon resuming open session the surplus resolution was taken up and amended so as to empower the president instead of the secretary of the treasury to suspend calls of bonds whenever he shall deem it for the public interest to do so, and report to congress his reasons therefor. Moxey said the whole question was summed up in the fact that the house wanted silver paid out on bond redemptions and the senate finance committee was opposed to that policy. Everts moved to insert the words "including the payment of bonds and interest thereon" in the name being "the * * * payable in gold or silver coin at the option of the government;" rejected—37 to 27. The bill for the reception of trade dollars at their face value in payments of customs duties, or their exchange when not mutilated for standard dollars, the trade dollars in both cases to be presented within six months after the passage of the act, was added to the resolution as an amendment—

34 to 29—and the consideration of the resolution in committee of the whole having been completed it was reported to the senate, all the amendments ratified and the resolution passed—yeas, 42; nays, 20. The nay vote was as follows: Beck, Berry, Blackburn, Butler, Cockerell, Coke, Eustis, Harris, Ingalls, Jones of Arkansas, Maxey, Michell of Oregon, Plumb, Stanford, Teller, Vance, Vest, Voorhees, Whitthorne, and Wilson of Iowa—30. The house bill to increase the naval establishment was then taken up and all the senate amendments agreed to, the bill passed and a conference committee appointed, after which the senate adjourned. The house continued voting on pension bill vetoes and sustained the vetoes in the cases of Mrs. Gen. Hunter and Mary Anderson, and postponed until next session the cases of Mary Norman, John W. Farris and D. T. Elderkin. Consideration of the inter-state commerce bill was then resumed, and the Reagan bill was substituted for the Cullom bill and the bill passed, a conference committee being appointed on the bill. The report of the conference committee on the river and harbor bill was then presented. The agreement provides that items under \$20,000 are not to be reduced, and the Hennepin canal clause is modified by providing simply for the acceptance by the government of the Illinois & Michigan canal, and the survey of Hennepin canal. The question of consideration was raised by Hatch, pending which the house took recess until 5 p. m. At the night session eleven pension bills were passed and the house adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 2.—The senate Saturday authorized the finance committee to investigate during recess the frauds and abuses of the customs revenue, and laid over a resolution authorizing the education and labor committee to inquire into the relations between capital and labor. A resolution to appoint a committee to inquire into the cost and expediency of celebrations of the 100th anniversary of the constitution and the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America was adopted. Everts offered a resolution requesting the president to correspond with European commercial powers on the regulation of the value of gold and silver, with the object of an international movement for restoring the parity of gold and silver as money. He said he would ask consideration of the resolution on Monday. A favorable majority report was made by the public lands committee on the house bill to forfeit the grant of the New Orleans, Baton Rouge & Vicksburg railroad. Van Wyck said it was a bill rather to confirm than to forfeit, and gave notice of a minority report. A bill for the relief of the sureties of J. C. Dexter, formerly disbursing officer at the land office at Iowa, Michs., was passed. The house bill to amend the law regulating the mode of packing and selling cut tobacco was recommitted. The senate then went into executive session, and when the doors reopened adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 2.—The conferees reported to the senate Monday their failure to agree on the sundry civil bill, and the senate insisted on its amendments and asked further conference. Everts' silver resolution went over on a demand for the regular order. The bill relating to the taxation of fractional parts of a gallon of distilled spirits was amended to go into effect the second month after it is approved, by extending the act of March 3, 1871, relating to fruit brandy, to brandy distilled from apples or peaches, and then passed. The bill providing for the inspection of cigars and snuff was passed, and then the senate received from its amendment to the private pension bill for the benefit of the widow of Gen. Stannard, of Vermont (leaving it at \$50 per month) and passed that bill. A message from the president accompanied by a report by Secretary Bayard on the Cutting case was received and referred to the committee on foreign relations. The senate then went into executive session and when the doors reopened an agreement was reported on the deficiency bill, which was passed and the senate adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 3.—The house received from its disagreement to the senate amendments to the naval increase bill, and the bill goes to the president. A resolution extending last year's appropriations to the 5th inst. was passed. The report of the conference committee on the sundry civil bill was received, in which it was stated that there was disagreement on forty-two paragraphs. A further conference was ordered. A resolution authorizing the appropriations committee to sit during recess was passed. Baker of New York offered a resolution of "recapitulation, self-congratulation, modest laudation and hearty congratulation, by the responsible majority of the house," which was a satire on the work done and undone. After it had been read and after a rather animated debate, it was on Randall's motion returned to its mover, objection preventing Baker's withdrawal of it, as he asked to be permitted to do. On motion of Matson of Indiana the senate bill increasing the pensions of soldiers who have lost an arm or leg was passed with only verbal amendments—167 to 51. Gibson of Louisiana introduced a joint resolution appropriating \$1,000,000 to be expended on rivers and harbors under the direction of the secretary of war—intended as a substitute for the river and harbor bill. The house then adjourned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 3.—The reduction in the public debt during July amounted to \$9,049,103. The net cash balance in the treasury on August 1 was \$81,506,325, an increase of \$5,000,000 during the month. Customs receipts for July amounted to \$17,508,407 against \$16,219,263 in July a year ago. Internal revenue receipts were \$9,489,947 against \$8,501,164 in July, 1885. Government receipts from all sources for the past month amount to \$21,638,971, or fully \$3,000,000 more than in July a year ago, while expenditures were \$24,403,011, or \$1,000,000 less than in July, 1885.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 3.—Fourth-class postmasters were appointed Thursday as follows: Nebraska—T. H. Gilliam, South Auburn. Iowa—T. A. Wykert, Bard; Z. J. Hopkins, College Springs; Berthold Lebeck Gray, L. W. Hubbard, Monmouth; James F. Pease, Mount Hamill, Minnesota.—Eugene Eckerson, Green Prairie; William Bungard, Rogers; John H. Bosz, Sanborn.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 3.—Governors Oglesby, of Illinois, and staff, Governor Gray and staff, and Adjt. Gen. H. A. Axline and staff, of Ohio, reviewed the troops in camp here Friday. The governors and their staffs were given a public reception in the evening. A prize for bands was won by the Lebanon (Ind.) juvenile band.

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FORSTER'S BUCKSHOT.

BELFAST POLICE TRY IT ON AN ORANGE MOB.

The Rioters Dispersed at the First Discharge, But Try It Again and Fight with Desperation—The Military Regiment to Preserve Order—Blood and Ruin Reign for Hours.

BELFAST, Aug. 2.—The riotous spirit which has been at high pressure in Belfast for many weeks again manifested itself on Saturday night. A band of music marched through the streets at about 7 o'clock, on its way to meet several hundred children belonging to Protestant Sunday schools, who were returning from an excursion. The band was followed by a large crowd, which greeted an assemblage of Catholics, who were waiting on Carrick Hill to see the procession, with a series of groans, mingled with taunts and jeers. The Catholics replied to this salutation with a shower of stones, and the mob accompanying the band retaliated in kind. Wild rumors quickly spread, and a big mob of Orangemen collected in a surprisingly brief space of time. The police were soon upon the ground, and endeavored to disperse the crowd, but the number of Orangemen rapidly increased, and forced the Catholics from the hill. They then turned their attention to a big tavern, kept by a Catholic named McKenna, which they completely gutted, leaving not a pane of glass unbroken nor an article of furniture intact. The police made frequent charges upon the rioters, but were in every case repulsed by showers of stones, and many of them were severely hurt.

Leaving McKenna's hotel a wreck the rioters attacked a number of houses believed to be inhabited by Catholics, battering down doors, smashing windows and tearing up fences and shrubbery. The police again charged the crowd, but the mob turned upon them, and hurled volleys of stones, which obtained at the officers, driving them from the scene. The police rallied, and were ordered to fire into the mob, which they did with guns loaded with buckshot. The rioters then fell back sullenly, disclosing the fact that many of them had been hit and some seriously wounded. The police followed up their advantage, although they did not fire again, and drove the rioters from the ground, compelling them gradually to disperse. A boy named Knox, who was going on a errand, was shot dead, but none of the rioters were killed.

Quiet reigned for the remainder of the night, but the rioters made their reappearance on the streets at an early hour Sunday, congregating about the corners, and their numbers gradually increasing. They finally became so formidable that the police ordered them away, when they again attacked the officers with stones. The police poured a volley of buckshot into the crowd, wounding a large number of them, but this only had the effect of enraging the mob and they threw themselves upon the police with desperate fury. While a hand-to-hand fight was going on between the police and a portion of the mob another and larger detachment of the rioters devoted themselves to wrecking buildings occupied by Catholics. In this occupation, as well as in that of waging battle with the police, the mob was suddenly and effectually interrupted by the arrival of the military, whose appearance on the scene was the signal for a general stampede. The military pursued the crowd, and with the assistance of the police arrested forty-six of the rioters, who were put in jail. The police fought with great bravery, and at fearful odds, scarcely any engaged in the fight escaping injury. Many of them were badly cut with knives and pieces of glass in the hands of the rioters, and some of them were almost entirely stripped of their clothing. The police and a strong force of cavalry are now patrolling the streets.

Whipped by a Cardiff Man. CINCINNATI, July 30.—About thirteen miles back of Covington, in the old commonwealth, occurred, Wednesday night, one of the most vicious and brutal prize fights that have been witnessed in this locality in years. The principals were Pat Leary, from Cardiff, Wales, who has been in this country but three months, and Joe Ridge, of Pittsburg. The latter was brought to this city but a few days since for the sole purpose of meeting Leary. The twelfth round was the finale, Ridge being knocked flat in his corner and was unable to come to the scratch when time was called. The fight was awarded to Leary. Ridge presented a most pitiable condition. His face was swollen almost beyond recognition, and his person was covered with blows. Leary hit him but one mark upon him, and was in the best condition when the fight closed.

Laid the Corner Stone. QUINCY, Ills., Aug. 3.—Monday at 2:30 p. m. the corner stone of the headquarters building of the Soldiers' and Sailors' home was laid with informal ceremonies in the presence of several hundred residents. Brief addresses were made by Gen. J. W. Singleton, Gen. C. E. Lippincott, Gen. M. M. Bane, Maj. J. G. Rowland and Col. Shepherd. Gen. Dustin officiated, and the stone was laid by Col. William Harley, of Chicago, the contractor.

Ohio Prohibitionists. CANTON, Ohio, July 30.—The Ohio Prohibitionists met in state convention Thursday and nominated the following ticket: For secretary of state, the Rev. H. R. Smith, of Morrow county; school commissioner, the Rev. L. N. Hagood (colored), of Cincinnati; supreme judge, Gideon T. Stewart, of Norwalk; clerk of the supreme court, H. J. May, of Hardin; commissioner of public works, Abraham Teachout, of Cleveland.

Says She's Ned Buntline's Widow. DELHI, N. Y., July 30.—A lady claiming to be Mrs. Lovantia L. Judson, widow of E. Z. C. Judson (Ned Buntline), is preparing to contest his will, which left his property to the wife with whom he lived during the past sixteen years. The new comer is an elderly lady. She says she was married to Judson thirty-five years ago, and that he deserted her to enter the army, and afterward refused to live with her.

Work Begun on the "Missing Link." AKRON, Ohio, July 28.—Work was begun near Akron Wednesday on the Ohio railway, which has for three years been talked about as the "missing link" in the Baltimore & Ohio system. It is ninety-one miles long, running from Akron to Tiffin, instead of to Chicago Junction, as at first proposed. At Tiffin the road will have the advantage of many connections, which it would not have at Chicago Junction.

Western Postoffice Appointments. WASHINGTON CITY, July 30.—Fourth-class postmasters were appointed Thursday as follows: Nebraska—T. H. Gilliam, South Auburn. Iowa—T. A. Wykert, Bard; Z. J. Hopkins, College Springs; Berthold Lebeck Gray, L. W. Hubbard, Monmouth; James F. Pease, Mount Hamill, Minnesota.—Eugene Eckerson, Green Prairie; William Bungard, Rogers; John H. Bosz, Sanborn.

SEVEN PEOPLE DROWNED.

The Sarah Craig Capsizes with a Party of Philadelphiaans on Board.

SANDY HOOK, Aug. 2.—The Sarah Craig, a schooner yacht, capsized in a thunderstorm Friday night. She had on board a party of Philadelphia ladies and gentlemen, and left Atlantic City for Long Branch. The names of the persons lost were Mrs. J. H. Stevens, her two daughters, Miss M. Stevens, and Mrs. H. A. Askin, two sisters, Miss Emma and Miss Bessie Merritt, Miss Maude E. Retten, and Mr. Chester Clark. The saved are Z. W. Jordan, Alfred Potter, Frank W. Hall, Capt. Edward Ruland, W. S. Buckley, Mate Charles Ferguson, Steward Lewis Bowman, Samuel Jones and William Paris. Mrs. Stevens' body has been recovered. The schooner has been towed to the vicinity of the government dock, and three men are engaged in taking the bodies out.

ENGLAND'S NEW CABINET.

Lord Londonderry for Viceroy of Ireland—Other Officials.

LONDON, July 24.—The following cabinet appointments are officially announced: Secretary of foreign affairs—The earl of Iddesleigh. Chief secretary for Ireland—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach. Chancellor of the exchequer—Lord Randolph Churchill, who by virtue of his appointment becomes the recognized leader of the Conservative party in the house of commons. Secretary for war—Lt. Hon. W. H. Smith. First lord of the admiralty—Lord George Hamilton. Lord high chancellor—Baron Halsbury. Secretary for India—Rt. Hon. Frederick Arthur Stanley. Prime minister and first lord of the treasury—The Marquis of Londonderry. The following appointments have also been decided upon, but they have not yet been officially announced: Lord president of the council—Viscount Cranbrook. President of the local government board—Rt. Hon. Henry Chaplin. President of the board of trade—Rt. Hon. E. Stanhope. Postmaster general—Lord John Manners. Commissioner of works—Rt. Hon. D. Plunket. Attorney general—Sir R. Webster. Lord chancellor of Ireland—Lord Ashbourne.

LONDON, July 30.—The following additional ministerial appointments are announced: Mr. Henry Matthews, Q. C., home secretary; Rt. Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, secretary for Scotland; Rt. Hon. Cecil Raikes, postmaster general; Lord John Manners, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster; Mr. A. Akers-Douglas, patronage secretary to the treasury; Rt. Hon. Hugh Holmes, Q. C., attorney general for Ireland; Mr. John Gregory Gibson, Q. C., solicitor general for Ireland. All the Irish Nationalist papers denounce the selection of Lord Londonderry for viceroy. They declare his appointment means coercion.

Signed the Oleomargarine Bill.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 2.—At 4:45 Monday afternoon the president placed his signature to the oleomargarine bill. The section in the bill as to penalty reads as follows: "Every person who knowingly sells, or offers for sale, or delivers, or offers to deliver, any oleomargarine in other form than in new wooden or paper packages as above described, or who packs in any package any oleomargarine in any manner contrary to law, or who falsely brands any package or affixes a stamp on any package denoting a less amount of tax than that required by law, shall be fined for each offense not more than \$1,000, and be imprisoned not more than two years."

Nominated to Congress.

LEXINGTON, Va., July 30.—James Baumgardner has been nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Tenth district (Tucker's district).

BURLINGTON, Vt., July 30.—The Republican convention in Lamoille county, Thursday, presided over by Hon. Luke Poland, adopted resolutions supporting Mr. Edmunds for re-election to the United States senate.

MADISON, Wis., July 30.—Dr. E. W. Kanouse has been nominated for congress by the Prohibitionists of the Sixth district.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 30.—The Republicans of the Fifth district have nominated Ira D. Chase for congress.

Texas Rangers Ordered to the Front.

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 3.—Governor Ireland Monday, notwithstanding he has no late information from the Mexican border, directed the adjutant general to order Capt. Jones' company of rangers, now in Uvalde county, to proceed at once to Eagle Pass, and the company will reach there Wednesday morning. The governor continues to receive applications both by wire and mail to raise troops. Gen. Henry E. McCulloch, an old Indian fighter and general in the Confederate army, has offered his services. Col. Smith, of Cleburne, offers a brigade of ten regiments.

Railway News.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The western portion of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis & Chicago road is being ballasted and put into the finest condition, the track being raised a foot or more in some places. President Ingalls says a fast train will be put on after a while, reducing the time between Chicago and Cincinnati to nine hours.

The earnings of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois for the third week in July were: 1886, \$29,490; 1885, \$28,630—increase, \$860, 300.

The Corn Crop in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 30.—A heavy rain commenced here Thursday and fell all day. This is the first rainfall in this section since the beginning of the drought five weeks ago. Copious rains have now fallen in all parts of the state except the eastern tier of counties. Reliable reports indicate that the effect of the long drought has been to reduce the corn crop of the state generally from one-third to one-half.

Fire at the East St. Louis Stock Yards. ST. LOUIS, Aug. 3.—Three fire engines were sent from this city Monday to assist the fire department of East St. Louis in controlling a fire that broke out at noon in the National stock yards. Thirty sheds and a barn containing 1,000 tons of hay were destroyed. The loss aggregates \$40,000 and the insurance \$30,000. The fire is thought to have been incendiary origin.

Mutiny on the High Seas.

PORTLAND, Me., July 28.—A mutiny has occurred on the schooner Henry Woodruff while on the banks. Capt. Nicholson shot one mutineer dead and wounded two others. No further particulars have been received.

The Horrid Climate of Paris.

Paris may in its way be a sort of paradise, but its climate is entirely unlike the traditional softness and uniformity of seasons that surrounded the garden where dwelt our first parents. The winters are long, if the last is to be taken as a specimen, and like those of Boston they merge, without the gentle gradations of spring, into an oppressive summer. The past winter was all snow, sleet, mud, rain and fog, with the rarest intervals of sunshine. Paris houses are usually badly built, with gaping cracks about the doors, and badly fitting windows that freely admit the wind. If one has a grate for coal it is infinitesimal; if he burns wood it is in a fireplace so deeply recessed that all the heat goes up the chimney. The taste and talent of Paris artists are marvelous. The practical ability of the Paris artisan or mechanic is beneath contempt. He builds badly because the public that employs him, not being educated as in America up to the proper standard of comfort, accepts the result of his imperfect labor without question. So wealthy people cower and shiver over a feeble flame in a room beautifully decorated and fitted with rich and tasteful objects of art.

In winter the fogs are only less constant and depressing than those of London. Some warm weather at the end of March leads to the belief that spring is at hand. Nothing of the kind. For fully two months thereafter the weather passes through a series of surprising transitions from extreme heat to extreme cold without a day or scarcely an hour that can be called genial. For these reasons Paris, with its narrow streets, small-windowed houses, and its excess of cold and gloomy weather, needs its wealth of scenic display, its gaiety and all its varied means of physical and intellectual enjoyment to render the life of its citizens pleasurable, not only in winter but during the changes and discomforts that mark the passage of the remaining seasons.—Paris Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

Cringing Servility of England's Poor.

To American eyes London is a very sad city; a far sadder city than Paris; and the struggle for existence among the poor seems harder and more desperate. But, perhaps, even more deplorable and painful than this physical poverty is the moral poverty which permits the cringing servility to be seen among those who are poor but not respectable. Below a certain level—and there are thousands and thousands below this level—it is hard to detect any manly self-respect or any trace of shame at self-abasement. This servility is encouraged and rewarded by the patronizing air of many of those in a higher walk of life, most of whom ought to know better.

An American in England is often shocked at the harsh tone in which servants are ordered about. Of course, this is not to be noticed often in the households of those who are truly gentlemen; it is less infrequent from upstarts. Put a beggar on horseback and he will swear at his groom. I heard of an old family butler complaining about the disadvantages of serving a "shoddy" millionaire. "Those sort of people," he said, "don't never treat their servants properly; they can't afford to do it; there ain't margin enough."—Brander Matthews' Letter.

A Pointer for New York Tailors.

Young James Blank, whose father is among the millionaires, lounged into a tailor shop some weeks ago and ordered a suit of clothes. The suit was sent to the young man's hotel, but of course the tailor got no money for it. A few days ago as Master James was passing by the tailor shop the bland proprietor hailed him with a smile.

"Why, Master James," he said, "that coat is horribly wrinkled, come in and we will press it for you." Unsuspectingly he entered and surrendered the coat. Then something was wrong with the vest, and that too was taken down stairs for treatment. The tailor next declared that the trousers might be improved upon. They were given up and the youth accommodated with a seat in the dressing room.

"Now," said the wily tailor, who will have to send a messenger boy to your room for your other clothes, for I am afraid we can not let you have this suit again unless you liquidate the bill in full."

Young Master James begged hard for his clothes, but the tailor was inexorable and much to his disgust he resumed his winter garments, and departed.—San Francisco Post.

Favorite Books of Mrs. Cleveland.

The president's wife is fond of reading. Her library is composed of a couple of hundred volumes, varied in character, but with the elements of fiction largely predominating. Strangely enough, it contains Locke's "Essay on the Understanding," which is said to be one of Mrs. Cleveland's favorite books. Besides Locke's there are a few other philosophical works, some polemical treatises by Presbyterian divines, twenty or thirty historical works, and as many poems; the rest are novels. Of the novelists, Mrs. Cleveland likes "Ouida" most. She regards "Wanda" as the finest piece of fiction in the language. She has read the book many times, and committed to memory several of the passages descriptive of the Austrian Alps. Mrs. Cleveland is also an admirer of "The Duchess," and has even a few volumes of Bertha M. Clay in her collection. It must be remembered, however, that the library is not the selection of pure womanhood, but is composed of volumes most of which were purchased while she was at school and during the period when romance has the greatest attraction for a girl's mind.—The Argonaut.

Number of Stamped Envelopes Sold.

Last year 279,000,000 stamped envelopes were sold by the government. They were worth \$5,778,000. Envelopes, which in 1869 cost \$4.80 per 1,000, can now be sold for \$1.80 per 1,000, and the extra letter size that then cost \$6, are now sold for \$2.40. The proposals for bids for the next four years will include two sizes called baronial, about 3 by 4 inches, for the benefit of ladies who like to use fancy note papers.—Chicago Herald.

THE MYTHS OF CHILDHOOD.

Superstitious Notions Concerning Snakes—Reputed Remedies for Warts—Fishing.

The snake tribe has given rise to an unusually large number of superstitions. Among peoples of every degree of civilization and of all times, from the dawn of history to the present day, some form of serpent-worship has prevailed. This is not improbably due to the air of mystery which attaches to the stealthy movements of the animal and to the awe-inspiring effect of the bite of poisonous snakes. And just as serpent-worship prevailed among savages to-day, so among civilized people, children, most of all, feel a fearful, superstitious interest in all that concerns snakes, and have invented many myths about them. In central Ohio when one child kills a snake the lookers-on universally call out: "Its tail won't die till sundown." This notion, I find, is one of wide acceptance, and doubtless arises from the persistent vitality of the muscular contractility of the snake. In southern Ohio it is now generally believed that a snake will not crawl over ash wood; and a man over 89 years of age tells me the same belief was common in Massachusetts when he was a boy, and he thinks it is by no means yet extinct. In certain localities in Massachusetts a reputed final cure for toothache is to bite into a living blacksnake. An old saying—

Break your first snake,
Kill your first snake,
And you'll conquer all your enemies,
is often recalled by the first snake one meets in the spring, or at sight of the earliest fern. I find few children can be persuaded that our common snakes are not "poisonous."

Some reputed remedies for warts may be in place just here. In southern Ohio the children believe that the juice of the osage orange (Maclura aurantiaca) will remove these disagreeable excrescences. In other parts of the same state the juice of the tiny, creeping "milkweed" (Euphorbia maculata or E. humistrata) is said to be a certain cure for warts. This latter notion I also find common in many places both east and west of Ohio; while in eastern Massachusetts the same curative quality is thought to be possessed by the milky juice of the Asclepias cornuti. None, does not the fact that plants which differ so widely from one another, save in the one respect of secreting a white or milk-like juice, are alike reputed to possess this power of removing warts, probably show that this virtue is entirely imaginary and the result of their accidental similarity in their juices? With or without reason, in eastern Massachusetts it is thought that bathing in rain water that chances to stand in a yellow oak stump will cure them. Another remedy is to rub them with a bean leaf, and then burn the latter. Or, again, steal a bean, rub the warts, throw the bean on moist earth or bury it, and, as the bean sprouts, it is supposed the warts will gradually disappear. Another "cure" is to cut a notch in a sprout of an apple tree, rub the wart across the notch, and as the notch grows up the wart will be removed.

Many a half-grown lad believes that virtue is imparted to the bait by rubbing it before casting his line into the water with the hard calosity from a horse's fore leg; these horny growths are, therefore, eagerly sought about the stable or the horse-shoer's shop and are carried about in the pocket in spite of their strong scent. Another supposed charm is to spit on the bait. It is just possible that some odor lent the bait by either of these substances does attract the attention of the fish, but I have no sufficient evidence of this. In some parts of New England boys dislike to meet a crow when going fishing, as they say this foretells bad luck. Silence is the law of good anglers (of larger growth), but boys sometimes hope to "get a bite" by repeating over and over:

"Fishy, fishy, come bite my hook,
I'll go Captain, and you'll go cook-
(ed in the pan)."

The confidence which children have in the various incantations which they repeat for certain purposes is most interesting. In different localities they utter various formulae when an antlion's den is discovered. Children I knew years ago in northern Ohio would quickly bend down over the little funnel in the sand and solemnly repeat in rather a loud monotone, "Mooly-up," "Mooly-up," until the sand began to be stirred by the creature concealed below, which doubtless was attracted by the crooning sound.—Popular Science Monthly.

The Successful Railway Clerk.

The successful railway mail clerk must possess a peculiar combination of qualities. First, he must have good physique and powers of endurance. He must be able to work sixteen, eighteen, twenty, or even twenty-four hours continuously without becoming stupid from fatigue. He must have a splendid memory and a studious, earnest disposition. He must have that quality of fortitude and courage necessary to keep him from getting "rattled" when unusual tasks, to be quickly performed, present themselves. He must be honest, temperate, faithful in little as well as great things, and as steady as an eight-day clock. No man full of moods—now industrious and again lazy, first quick and then sluggish, fills the bill.—Chicago Herald Interview.

Hints on Learning to Swim.

To teach a boy, or in fact anybody else to swim, let him wade into the water up to the armpits while you stand on the shore. Tell him then to put his face in the water and hold his breath and see how far he can struggle toward you without touching his feet to the bottom. He will thus get the motions of swimming in a surprisingly short time and those with confidence are all that is required. He will become an expert swimmer with practice. We have never known this mode of teaching to fail.—New York Market Journal.

Vermont farmers are shipping a large number of sheep to South American ports.

The latest comet is traveling at the rate of 968,000 miles an hour.

OTHER SIDE OF THE CASE.

The Chicago Anarchists' Attorney Announces What He Expects to Prove. CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The prosecution rested on the Anarchist case Saturday, after having a large number of extracts from Chicago Anarchist papers read, all of which intimated a purpose to reorganize society by the use of force. The defense then asked the court to instruct the jury to acquit Neebe, one of the defendants, but the judge said he was not inclined to interfere in the case at all. Mr. Solomon then opened for the defense. He said the defendants were not on trial for belonging to Socialistic or Anarchist societies. They were charged with the murder of Officer Deagan, and unless they could be connected with the throwing of the bomb or proved to have fired at the officers they could not be convicted. He said the defense expected to prove that Fielden fired no shots and never owned a pistol in his life; that Neebe was in no way concerned; that Spies did not fire the gun; that Gilman lied; and that Lingg was at home on the night of May 4. He also proposed, he said, to show that Engel was at home on that night and that none of the defendants knew anything about the bomb-throwing. The meeting at Haymarket square was a peaceable one and was held under the right of American citizens to discuss topics of the day. The police went there with the express purpose of killing some of those men.

The defense expects to show that the bomb-thrower was a crank and was not acting under the advice of the defendants. The first witness for the defense will be Mayor Harrison. They expect to prove by him that the meeting was an orderly one.

WILLIE SELLS CONVICTED.

The Kansas Boy-Murderer Found Guilty of Murder in the First Degree. ENH, Kan., July 28.—The arguments in the Sells case were concluded Tuesday. J. P. Woods, the boy's guardian, and J. W. Cosgrove spoke for the defense. The former, who has stood by the boy almost like a father through the trial, made an earnest plea for him. J. Q. Stratton summed up the case for the state in a five-hours' speech, after which the case was submitted to the jury. In one hour and two minutes the jury came in with a verdict of murder in the first degree as charged in the complaint. The prisoner accepted the verdict as a matter of course, and was returned to the jail to await the result of a motion for a new trial, which will be made immediately.

The Base Ball Schedules.

Chicago took a big drop in the playing last week for the league championship, having lost two games to Boston and one to New York. The league schedule is as follows: Detroit—won 50, lost 55, games lost 14; Chicago—won 60, lost 18; New York—won 47, lost 22; Philadelphia—won 49, lost 26; Boston—won 24, lost 38; St. Louis—won 21, lost 49; Kansas City—won 14, lost 49; Washington—won 12, lost 52. American Association: St. Louis—won 54, games lost 25; Brooklyn—won 43, lost 31; Louisville—won 44, lost 38; Cincinnati—won 44, lost 41; Pittsburgh—won 34, lost 35; Atlantic—won 32, lost 40; Metropolitan—won 28, lost 46; Baltimore—won 24, lost 47.

Carl Schurz Offered a Position.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 28.—A rumor is in circulation here that Carl Schurz has been tendered the position of leading editorial writer of one of the illustrated journals of this city, and he will in all probability accept the offer. It is stated that Mr. Schurz expressed himself as highly delighted with the terms offered him. He is at present finishing a volume of political reminiscences, and that labor for the time being monopolizes his attention, but he will soon be in a position to give a definite and final answer.

An Indiana Town Searched.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Aug. 2.—The city of Ellettsville, 100 miles south of here, has suffered severely from a fire which commenced at 10 o'clock Sunday night, and was not extinguished until after midnight. A number of business houses, private residences, and manufacturing establishments were destroyed. Assistance from Bloomington, six miles away, and other places was summoned, and saved the place from total destruction. The loss is very heavy, but no details are obtainable.

David Davis' Will Probated.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Aug. 3.—The will of the late Senator David Davis was admitted to probate Monday. It is very long. The deceased leaves the greater part of his estate to be settled by his children, and particularizes how certain sums shall be used for the support of his poor relatives. His estate is estimated at \$1,350,000, and comprises principally land in Illinois, Iowa, Maryland, and New York, and city property here and in Chicago.

Negroes Oppose Prohibition.

ABERDEEN, Miss., July 30.—The prohibition campaign in this state is a lively one. Thus far five counties have voted the "dry" ticket and five the "wet" ticket. There are twenty more counties to be heard from. The negroes mostly oppose prohibition.

A Noted Labor Agitator Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 30.—William H. Foster, secretary of the National Federation of Trades unions, died Thursday. He was very prominent in national labor affairs.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2. On the board of trade to-day the quotations in grain and provisions were as follows: Wheat—No. 2 August, opened 75c, closed 75 1/2c; September, opened 76 1/2c, closed 77 1/2c. Corn—No. 2 August, opened 44 1/2c, closed 45 1/2c; September, opened 45 1/2c, closed 46 1/2c. Oats—No. 2 August, opened 37c, closed 37 1/2c; September, opened 38c, closed 38 1/2c. Live stock—From the Union stock yards the following prices are received: Hogs—Market opened active and firm, with light lots a shade higher and other grades unchanged; light grades, \$4.25@5.00; rough packing, \$4.00@4.75; heavy packing and shipping lots, \$4.75@5.30. Produce: Butter—Extra creamery, 17@30c per lb.; good dairy, 16@18c. Eggs—Strictly fresh, 19@20c per doz. Family—Spring chickens, 11@12c per lb. Spring ducks, 3c per lb. Berries—Black raspberries, 1.25 per 16-qt; red raspberries, \$1.00 per 16-qt case; blackberries, 70@90c per 16-qt case; blueberries, \$1.50@1.75 per 16-qt box.

New York. Wheat—No. 1 red state, 80 1/2c; No. 2 do, 80 1/2c; do August, 80 1/2c; do September, 80 1/2c. Corn—No. 2 mixed cash, 55 1/2c; No. 2 mixed August, 56c; do September, 56 1/2c. Oats—No. 1 white state, 43c; No. 2 do, 42c. Rye—Dull. Barley—Nominal. Pork—Quiet; new mess, \$11.00@12.00; Lard—\$7.25; August, \$7.00; September, \$7.10; October, \$7.00. St. Louis. Wheat—Strong; No. 2 red cash, 79 1/2c; August, 79 1/2c bid; September, 79 1/2c bid. Corn—Very strong and 1/2c higher; No. 2 mixed cash, 40 1/2c; August, 40c bid; September, 40 1/2c. Oats—No. 2 mixed cash, 29 1/2c; August, 29c; September, 29 1/2c. Rye—\$1.00. Whiskey—Firm; \$1.07. Pork—\$10.50. Lard—Strong; \$0.70.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Wednesday, July 28.

There is said to be no foundation for the rumor that Judge S. H. Treat is about to resign from the federal bench at Springfield, Ill.

The Illinois Central road has purchased the iron and contracted for the ties for its extension to Freeport, Ill., on which work is to commence by Sept. 1.

Alderman Mueller, of Chicago, was Tuesday arrested and held by Commissioner Hoyne in \$1,000 for falsely representing himself to be a citizen of the United States.

Mrs. John Prill, of Pittsburg, becoming alarmed during a storm, destroyed her sight by sprinkling her face with sulphuric acid instead of the holy water she sought.

The Illinois railway commissioners have requested the attorney general to bring suit against the Illinois, Indiana & Iowa road for unjust discrimination in coal freights from Streator.

Thursday, July 29.

A dispatch from Halifax, N. S., says the reports of starvation in New Foundland are false.

The Anthracite Coal association has made an advance of 10 cents per ton to the western trade, on all sizes.

The labor party of Wisconsin has issued a call for a state convention to place an independent in the field.

An Egyptian officer who has arrived at Cairo from the Sudan reports the destruction of Khartoum by the rebels.

Work has commenced on the Ohio railway of ninety-two miles, linking Akron with Tiffin, in the interest of the Baltimore & Ohio.

While gathering blackberries near Oakland, Ills., Wednesday, Mrs. Hanson was bitten by a snake, and expired before reaching home.

Capt. Price of the Fifth cavalry, is engaged in ejecting intruders from Oklahoma, several of whom he has handed over to the civil authorities.

Friday, July 30.

At a unicycle race in Youngstown, Ohio, a mile was made in 3:41 by W. H. Barber. Lucky Baldwin has won seven out of sixteen stake races at Washington park this season.

Silver was sold in London Thursday at 42 pence per ounce, giving the American dollar a value of about 72 cents.

David Johnson, formerly a judge of the supreme court of Michigan, died on Wednesday at Jackson, where he opened a law office in 1837.

The Postal Telegraph company, as reorganized by foreclosure and sale, has a capital of \$5,000,000. J. W. Mackay holding a controlling interest.

Ten men who broke jail at Wheeling were recaptured at Pittsburg by a force of police. Five men imprisoned at Fort Scott cut through the walls with a butcher-knife in thirty minutes.

Governor Foraker has tendered to Mrs. Kate Chase every assistance possible in removing the remains of Salmon P. Chase from Washington to Columbus. The transfer will be made in September.

Saturday, July 31.

The new directory of Detroit indicates a population of not less than 220,000.

An Atlanta dispatch records the sudden death of Judge Henry K. McCoy, of the federal bench.

President Cleveland has nominated Dabney H. Maury, of Virginia, as minister to the United States of Colombia.

The citizens of Seymour, Ind., lynched Leander Mooly, on Thursday night, for an assault on a young girl. He was a well-known desperado, a native of Oakland, Ills.

Several hundred Sioux Indians, led by Red Cloud and Spotted Elk, have left Pine Ridge agency, without permission, to visit the Arapahoes in Wyoming—a trip of 600 miles.

One hundred carpenters employed in a shop at Fort Chester, N. Y., went on a picnic in violation of orders. On their return they found the business indefinitely suspended.

Near Bluffton, Ind., early Friday morning, a narrow-gauge freight train was precipitated into the Wabash river by the breaking of a span. A brakeman was killed and three other train employes received probably fatal injuries.

Monday, Aug. 2.

George A. Jenks was confirmed by the senate Friday to be solicitor general.

Mrs. Mary A. P. Darwin, prominent in temperance and religious circles, died suddenly at Burlington, Iowa, Friday.

The four-mills of Buck & Hoff and the Old Dominion cotton-mills, at Manchester, Va., were burned Friday, with a loss of \$25,000.

Near Yellowstone lake, Montana, a snake, supposed to be thirty feet in length, was seen recently. When crawling through the grass it carried its head ten or fifteen feet above ground.

Bradstreet reports that the total value of buildings for which permits have been granted at twenty-five cities within six months is \$28,000,000, against \$33,000,000 in the first half of 1885.

Governor Oglesby and staff reached Lafayette, Ind., Friday, and in company with Governor Gray reviewed the military procession. A grand reception was tendered the visitors in the evening.

A perpetual injunction restraining the publication of The Lumberman under that name was granted by Judge Phillips at Chicago, Friday, on the ground that it was an infringement of the copyright of The Northwestern Lumberman.

Tuesday, Aug. 3.

A granddaughter of Thomas Jefferson was recently discharged from the pension bureau at Washington.

Rev. Dr. J. B. Burrell, of Dubuque, has been called to the pulpit of the Eighth Presbyterian church of Chicago, with a salary of \$1,000.

Vessels at Chicago assert that the season has been the most remunerative for ten years, and that lake traffic will have a veritable boom before the end of August.

It is believed that the Pennsylvania company is furnishing \$8,000,000 to build the St. Louis, Kansas City & Colorado road with steel rails, rock ballast, and iron bridges.

Included in the Indian relics recently unearthed in the vicinity of Wabash, Indiana, is the silver cross worn by Frances Slocum, the female captive, and medals presented to the Miami by Washington and Jackson.

A Chicago merchant, to whom \$4,000 worth of stamps were offered for goods, communicated with the postoffice inspectors, with the result that four men were apprehended for robbing the postoffice at Minneapolis.

Bees have for some time held undisputed possession of the Christian church at Hartford, Conn. The citizens gathered Monday and tore off the siding from the foundation to the roof, disclosing a mass of honey sixteen feet in height.

A second fruitless attempt has been made at Two Rivers, N. S., to launch a raft of nearly 3,000,000 feet of timber, to be towed to New York by two tugs. When nearly at the water's edge the cradle gave way with a crash that was heard for a mile.

Sights To Be Seen in Rouen.

There is little strong color in these vast sanctuaries, although not the altar merely, but the walls and windows, struggle with the grayness and gloom. Some of the old stained glass is very restful to the eyes after the paltry stuff they make to-day in Paris. Once in a while one does, indeed, come upon a painting also, which is not merely gaudiness in color and dullness itself in execution. But the space is so immense that these are spots of brilliancy on the general darkness. On the endless floor the people are dull-colored also—all save one. This is the beadle, who in France wears a big cocked hat and most elaborate military uniform and carries a sword by his side. The beadle of Notre Dame de Rouen is a large, well-fed man, under 40, whose manner unites the sternness of Scipio Africanus with the deportment of a Chesterfield. He is all red and blue and gold, with "galoons" of white braid, a feather in his hat, and the mildness of assured power in his eye.

The charge may be harsh against an officer of the church, but the beadle of the cathedral is a sad flirt, and only a promising family of English people can lure him from tender talk with one or more of those demure and well rounded shop-ladies who have run into the church till the shower is over. His bow on leaving the victim of his fascination is good; far better his approach to the English family; it can only be described as a noble insinuation. They are dazzled at the flaming apparition. The light-haired miss is visibly pleased at so much gallantry; papa, mamma and brother follow dumbly, meekly in the flamingo's wake, and the old charwoman and the lady of the counter, from whom Lothario has torn himself, are too used to the scene to give it a second thought.—Rouen Cor. New York Times.

Some Amusing Dead-Letter Puzzles.

In the busy foreign-room of the dead-letter office, the other day, they had a postal-card with an amusing history. It was dated "June 2," last month, and was addressed "Mr. Koerster, North of New Oberlin, Russia." It was mailed at an Ohio town, the postmaster of which pitched it in the foreign mail bag and sent it to St. Petersburg all right, was duly examined, marked in pigeon English, "insufficient address," and returned to this city, where it was taken in hand by the ladies of the dead-letter office. They inferred that, as it was posted in Ohio, it was probably intended for the adjoining town of "Russia," so they added "O." to the card and sent it west. The important message which this card had borne upon its back across the ocean to Muscovy and back again was: "When you come in please to bring me one and a half bushels of potatoes."

He Is Born in His Caste.

The English gentleman is kindly and friendly, but he is born in his caste and he is conscious of it as any Brahmin, and he acts according to its code; and he feels toward a servant not at all as a Frenchman or an American feels who has been brought up in a land of equality. I am not sure but that this caste is a strong factor in the keeping open of the breach between the Englishman and the American—in so far, at least, as it is open; and that the gulf between the two nationalities is very deep and not wide would be denied by no one who had known them both. We Americans may say of the English, what the Scotch engineer of the Commodore said of the captain: "He's my friend, but I dinna like him."—Brander Matthews' Letter.

Meaning of Colors of Flags.

Several of our readers wish to know the meaning of the various colors displayed on flags. The generally accepted meaning of flags of a single color is—white, as a token of peace; red, of defiance; black is the sign of piracy, or a black flag is hoisted as an indication that no quarter will be given or taken; a yellow flag denotes quarantine. The flags first used were of a single color only, but gradually, as new nations were forming, flags of two and more colors, and various devices were designed.—American Agriculturist.

How to Kill Off Cockroaches.

The Sanitary Engineer gives the following as a method of getting rid of cockroaches: "Give the bug a kind of phosphate paste. A few of the bugs eat some. Then those cockroaches who do not get any set to work and kill those who were fortunate enough to get some, and tear open their stomachs, so possessed are they to get some of the paste. These bugs in return are killed by others, until there are no cockroaches left. The paste kills the last set.—Exchange.

Cutting Down the Chancellor's Drink.

Dr. Schwinger, Prince Bismarck's physician, has not allowed the chancellor for some time past to drink anything during meals. Now he goes a step farther, and wishes the prince to shut off on beer drinking altogether. Bismarck will obey, as he found on two or three occasions when he remonstrated with Dr. Schwinger that the latter will stand no trifling.—Boston Budget.

Brutal Sports of Ancient Rome.

Cassius is said to have had 320 pairs of gladiators at once in the arena, and to add to the scenic effect the bloody struggles were at night. Trajan surpassed all in forcing 10,000 unhappy prisoners and gladiators to contend for life in the Roman amphitheatre; the bloody and brutal sport lasted for 123 days.—Boston Budget.

Salicylic Suet in the Army.

Salicylic suet is used in the German army as a remedy for footsores, etc., instead of the salicylic powder formerly employed. It is composed of two parts of pure salicylic acid and ninety-eight parts of the best mutton suet.—Exchange.

Piles of Old London Bridge.

The piles of old London bridge, put down in the year 900, are still sound, and the water and the blue mud of the Thames having preserved them.

There will be shelf room in the new congressional library for 3,554,760 books.

TWO DOZEN CODFISH BALLS.

How They Laid the Foundation for a Profitable Business.

During the business depression of five years ago a man called one morning at the basement door of a house in the upper part of the city with a basket on his arm. The servant who answered his knock supposed he was a beggar, but something in the man's appearance when he asked for "the lady of the house" forced her to ask her mistress, who was in the kitchen, to step to the door. The man removed his hat and then uncovered the contents of his basket—delicious white, round codfish balls ready for frying.

He told his story. He was a book-keeper, but the firm had failed and he was without a position, and had been for months. His wife, a New England girl, was an excellent cook, and had decided to make two dozen codfish balls, if he would take them round and try to sell them. Here he was. The price was 5 cents apiece, and they cost about 4; if he sold the two dozen he would make 25 cents, and that was more than he had earned in months. Half of the quantity were bought at once, and a note written to a neighbor urging her to become a customer for the balance, and a partner in drumming up other customers if the fish cakes proved to be as good as they looked. The man went away with the promise of help if his goods deserved it. He was to call the next day for the decision. The two women reserved a part of their purchase to cook and distribute to their friends and neighbors, on the ground that "the proof of the pudding is in the eating."

The fish-balls were delicious, and immediately after breakfast each woman cooked the balance of her purchase, deposited the fish-balls in baskets, and went about among her friends to get orders for the man. The result was that the third weekly delivery in the neighborhood was from a handsome cart pushed by a stout German boy, while the proprietor attended to his customers. In two months he had to deliver certain days in certain districts he had so many orders; besides, he kept a stock on hand at his house at all times. In one year the lower part of a house was given up to the business, and restaurants, as well as private families, were his customers.

A friend of the first man, in the same financial condition, whose wife made good bread, came one morning with the seller of the cod-fish balls, having small, lovely loaves of bread, which he sold at 5 cents per loaf. He, too, made so many customers by the superiority of his bread that six months later found him delivering bread and rolls from a wagon. The bread remained the same delicious homemade bread, made by his wife and women whom she trained; twice a week he delivers tea biscuit. Both men have in five years' bought the houses in which they live.—Christian Union.

Annual Dog Feast of the Sioux.

The Sioux Indians forming part of the Buffalo Bill Wild West exhibition on Staten island, the other night enjoyed their annual dog feast. There is a superstition among the Indians that if they eat stewed dog on a certain day of each year the feast will bring good luck to the tribe for the remainder of the year. Different tribes designate different days and invest the event with the most supreme importance. The other night was the time for American Horse, chief of the band of Sioux on Staten island, to order the observance.

A common black, woolly dog was purchased for 30 cents from a boy. Two squaws held the dog firmly while a third, with a piece of timber, knocked its brains out. The carcass was placed over a slow fire till the hair was entirely singed off. One of the squaws then dexterously dismembered the animal, as a butcher carves a sheep. The intestines were rejected, but the liver and heart were carefully set aside, the liver to be fried and eaten by the squaws as an especial reward for their labor, and the heart, being the prize part of the animal, to be reserved for the palates of Chief American Horse and his squaw. The pieces were then put into a cauldron of water and allowed to stew slowly. When the performance of the Wild West was concluded, the Sioux, led by the chief, formed a circle and squatted, with the chief and his squaw a little in advance. The meat was then passed round and eaten in silence, after which there was music and the dog.—New York Mail and Express.

The Beauty of the Mango Tree.

A Central American writer says: "The most beautiful tree I have ever seen is the mango. It is the perfect ideal of a tree, from fifty to seventy-five feet in height, and spreading its dark green, feathery foliage over a circumference of 150 feet. Its shade is so dense that no ray of the fiercest tropical sun ever strikes the spot over which it stands guard. Its long, drooping boughs give it the shape of a huge umbrella of never-fading verdure. One tree will bear from 3,000 to 5,000 mangoes at a time. The fruit, which is heart or kidney shaped, weighs from half a pound to a pound. It has a skin like a plum, and is a bright golden yellow when ripe. Its flavor is a combination of something like our plum, peach, apple and grape, with a decided resinous tinge. When cooked it makes a delicious 'Central American apple sauce,' unlike anything we have in the United States."—Chicago Herald.

Flags Used by the Colonies.

At the Fourth of July celebration in Noank, Conn., there was displayed on a liberty pole over twenty-two fac-similes of the flags used by the colonies before, during, and since the revolution. Included was Columbus' flag and the Pilgrims' flag.

Secret and Benevolent Societies.

It is said that the colored people of the United States maintain more secret and benevolent societies than any other people on the face of the earth.

A newspaper has been discovered at Peking, China, that was started in the year 911.

The ideal young people's magazine. It holds the first place among periodicals of its class.

ST. NICHOLAS

An illustrated monthly periodical for boys and girls, appearing on the 25th of each month edited by Mary Mapes Dodge. Price 25 cents a number, or \$2.00 a year in advance. Bookellers, newsdealers, postmasters, and the publishers take subscriptions, which should begin with the November number, the first of the volume. St. Nicholas aims both to satisfy and to develop the tastes of its constituency; and its record for the past twelve years, during which it has always stood, as it stands to-day, at the head of periodicals for boys and girls, is a sufficient warrant for its excellence during the coming season. The editors announce the following as among the

LEADING FEATURES FOR 1886-87:

Story by Francis Hodgson Burnett, one story she has written for children. The first time story by W. Howells, with humor. A Christmas story by Horace E. Scudder. "Georgie's attractive Historical Serial." A novel in series for girls by Louisa M. Alcott. "The Candy country" in November. "New Bits of Talk for Young Folks" by T. W. H. This series forms a gaudy and fitting memorial of a child loving and child-helping soul. Papers on the Great English Schools, Rugby and others, illustrations by Joseph Pennell. A Sonnet Serial story, by J. T. Trowbridge, will be life-like vigorous and useful. "Denny's Boarding-house," a serial by James Otis, dealing with news boy life and enterprise. Frank E. Stockton will contribute several of his humorous and fanciful stories. "Drill," by John Preston True, a capital story for boys. The Boyhood of Shakespeare, by Rose Kingsley, with illustrations by Alfred Parsons. Short Stories by good as prominent writers, including Susan Coolidge, H. H. Boyesen, Nora Perry, T. A. Janvier, Washington Gladden, Rosseter Johnson, Joaquin Miller, Sophie May, Elizabeth Barrett, W. O. Stoddard, Harriet Prescott Spofford, and many others. Entertaining Sketches by Alice W. Rollins, Charles V. Leland, Henry Eckford, Lieutenant Schwatka, Edward Engleton, and others. Poems, shorter contributions, and departments will complete what the Rural New-Yorker calls "the best magazine for children in the world." THE CENTURY CO., NEW YORK.

ELY'S CATARRH

CREAM BALM Gives relief at once and cures COLD IN HEAD, CATARRH, HAY FEVER. Not a Liquid, Snuff or Powder. Free from injurious Drugs. ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM. PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOX. ELY DRUGS, U.S.A.

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INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI.

CLEVELAND BUFFALO

New-England-Cities.

Fast Time, Sure, Connections.

PALACE SLEEPING COACHES

Which Run Through to

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To any person going West or Southwest pleasure or business, and to

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The accommodations offered by this line are unsurpassed. Direct connections are made for all points in

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ED. ACKERMAN

Boot and Shoe Maker,

Cor. Indiana and Walnut Streets. For a neat Boot or shoe you should not fail to call on him; having increased his facilities he proposes to be

Ready for All.

The Mirror

is no flatterer. Would you make it tell a sweeter tale? Magnolia Balm is the charm that almost cheats the looking-glass.

THE TIMES JOB OFFICE. Plain and fancy job work in the neatest and latest styles and at the cheapest prices. Call and see samples

Phonography or Phonographic Institute. Hand, Catalogue of works by Benn Pittman and Jerome B. Howard, with alphabet and illustrations for phonographers sent on application. Address PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE, 137 1/2 Cincinnati, Ohio.

Moore's Pilules. Are a positive cure for all diseases that arise from Malaria. Moore's Pilules are a certain and speedy MALARIAL ANTIDOTE; don't misunderstand, almost (if not quite) everybody suffers from it daily. This is the Remedy.

Chills and Fever: Is one of the common forms of MALARIA. Moore's Pilules will

Positively Cure Every case of chills and fever, Dumb Ague, etc., in which they are taken. Never failed for 12 years.

Moore's Pilules: Are entirely vegetable and harmless. They are no quinine or arsenic, or other injurious substance in them. They are sugar-coated, lens-shaped, easy to take, give satisfaction, low in price (50 cents for 50 Pilules). DR. C. C. MOORE, 78 Courtland Street, New York City.

PERSONS SECURE FOR CURS WERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION.

Moore's Lozenges. "I can say in all candor that Moore's Lozenges are the best thing of the kind ever used in my family. They are a wonderful medicine in hoarseness, coughs, etc. Preachers and singers will find them invaluable. Among children they are without question the most excellent and agreeable remedy to be found. Rev. W. McK. Darwood. They are the best remedy in the world for Whooping Cough or a hard cold. Moore's Lozenges are truly the best medicine for Throat and Lungs ever produced. Sold in 50 cent and large 25 cent boxes. By druggists Dr. C. C. Moore, 78 Courtland St., New York City.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING. A book of 100 pages. The best book for an advertiser to consult. It contains lists of newspapers and estimates of the cost of advertising. The advertiser who wants to spend one dollar, finds in it the information he requires, while for him who will invest one hundred thousand dollars in advertising a scheme is indicated which will meet his every requirement, or can be made to do so by slight changes easily arrived at by correspondence. 140 editions have been issued. Sent post-paid to any address for

THE TIMES

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
A. A. SMITH.

Stevenson's Block, 2d Floor.

THURSDAY : : : AUGUST 5, 1886.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Putnam county are requested to meet in mass Convention, at the Court House in Greencastle, on Saturday, August 7, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various county offices. Let every Republican in the county attend.

T. M. BOSSON, JNO. P. ALLEE,
Secretary. Chairman.

The President has signed the oleomargarine bill.

DAVID TURPIE has been confirmed as U. S. Attorney for this district.

COL. MATSON can now prepare to enter private life. The Chase is on.

THE TIMES is an influential newspaper, subscription price \$1.25 in advance.

THE Eighth District Republicans meet at Terre Haute to-day to name Lamb's successor.

THE TIMES predicted the nomination of Chase on the first ballot. He got it on the second.

JIM BLAINE would have had Mexico conquered, annexed and partially reconstructed by this time.

THE Republican State Convention will be held in four weeks and the music will begin all along the line.

LET the Convention Saturday go outside of Greencastle for its candidates. We want a farmers' ticket.

EVERY Republican in Putnam county is wanted at the court house Saturday. There is work to be done.

THE nomination of Chaplain Ira J. Chase gives universal satisfaction among the Republicans of the district. The soldiers are particularly enthusiastic in applauding the convention's choice. Chaplain Chase

has an army record that is unsurpassed, and in him every soldier will have a champion, a sympathizer and a friend who will be second to none that could have been named—in advancing and fighting for their interests.

THE TIMES advocated the nomination of Mr. Chase at Franklin. We opposed the only Putnam county man who offered himself for the position because we did not believe him to be the man for the place, and stated our reasons plainly and succinctly and, we are happy to note, not without effect. We have no apology to make. Our own home delegation and the convention, by the stand taken, approved the wisdom of our position, and there are none, who are anxious to keep somewhere in the vicinity of the truth, who will not say that the result is for the best. With Mr. Chase as our candidate every Republican in Putnam county and the district can go whole souled and without mental reservation to his support, and this fact affords the comforting assurance that our candidate can at least poll the entire vote of his own party. We believe Mr. Chase to be a man not only of high attainments and worth but of superior running qualities, and we expect to see him secure enough votes from the enemy to retire our present Congressman. Let every Republican go to work with a will and watch results three months hence.

SATURDAY'S convention is called as a mass convention of Republicans, and it is presumable that every one in the house, who is so disposed, is entitled to vote upon all matters coming up for adjudication in such a meeting. This is right and proper. But as the convention Saturday is likely to be a very large one, and as there will doubtless be a contest for some of the positions on the ticket, the TIMES wants to offer a suggestion. Let the representation be divided according to township and precinct boundaries, and in making the ticket, let each township have voice according to some equitable apportionment based upon the vote for Blaine in 1884. This kind of an arrangement, we believe, will obviate any unpleasantness or misunderstanding and tend to the furtherance of the harmony and business-like qualities of the convention.

This is but a suggestion, for which there is no charge, and we offer it for what it is worth, believing that it will meet with general approval.

THE REPUBLICANS.

It is safe to venture the assertion that for many years there has not been a time when the Republicans of Putnam county were so filled with confidence and hope regarding affairs political, and there has never been a time when they have had more cause to feel than the present. This feeling of confidence and determination, that gives such promise for good results in the near future, manifests itself in many ways as the day fixed for the county mass convention draws near. It is to be seen in the earnest and determined manner in which Republicans approach one another on matters pertaining to the convention. It is to be seen in the unusual interest manifested by the leading Republicans throughout the county, the unusual number of good men who are willing to offer themselves as candidates, and in the general tidal-wave of spirit and rejuvenation that is felt throughout the rank and file of the great Republican army everywhere. There is a premonition of triumph in the signs of the times, and victory, as it were but one remove in the air, sheds a mellow light throughout the atmosphere, and decorates the horizon with roseate hues and bright and beautiful tints of promise. There is going to be a jubilee and no mistake. Get a place in the procession and be at the barbecue when the ox is cut.

There is much speculation and interest as to the candidates, and as the time grows short, new and good men are coming to the front with offers of their names and assistance. The wretched misrule and extravagant mismanagement that has wasted away the county's substance, and brought about the present deplorable condition of public affairs, has hung as a pall and blight over the interests of the good people of this county just as long as it may, and there is going to be a change. The substantial men of the county, irrespective of party, are tired of being needlessly burdened, that the pockets of swag-takers may grow fat, and there is working a public sentiment on this question that promises an upheaval and a revolution the like of which has not been seen. Be at the county convention on Saturday next and see the machinery that is to do the execution put in motion.

ON Saturday last the Hendricks county Republican was sold by James O. Parker to Mr. J. C. Ochiltree, formerly of the Indianapolis Herald. Mr. Ochiltree is an able writer, a careful editor, and a staunch Republican, and under his management we predict for the Republican a new career of success and usefulness.

GEN. A. P. HOVEY, of Posey county, was nominated for Congress by the Republican convention of the First district held at Evansville last Thursday. Gen. Hovey is an able man with a winning record, and with the row his opponents have on hand stands an excellent chance of being elected.

LIEUT. GOV. MANSON has been appointed to succeed Thomas Hanlon, who failed of confirmation as collector of the Terre Haute district. Gov. Manson's appointment meets with general approval among the Democracy.

THE Democratic State Convention will be held next Wednesday. The congressional muddles will be submitted for settlement and the party may consider itself in big luck if it gets off without the crowning row of the season.

PUTNAM COUNTY'S delegation at Franklin came nearer being unanimous than it ever was before. Probably another round or two will settle the matter. Can it be that light is about to break at last?

THE judicial convention for this district called for Brazil last Saturday, has been postponed, and will be held, we learn, at the same time and place with the joint-representative convention.

THE court house is already scared. They are unaccustomed to seeing so much bustle, excitement and interest attending the approach of the Republican convention.

THE bill prohibiting the acquiring of territory in this country by foreign capitalists went through handsomely, but it should have had an earlier start.

GIVE us a broad gauge, winning ticket next Saturday, and the Republicans of Putnam county will be in such fighting trim as they have never been before.

SAN FRANCISCO has been enjoying the largest crowds in her existence during the past week. The national G. A. R. encampment is a great success.

HON. FRITZ T. SCRITTER, of Posey county, has entered the lists as a candidate before the Republican State convention for Secretary of State.

CONGRESS seems to be afraid of the extradition treaty with Canada. Probably some of the fellows are not willing to cut off their future retreat.

HENDRICKS COUNTY promises twelve hundred majority for Chase in November. Hendricks has it to spare if she will set about getting it out.

THE Republicans of Indiana show a disposition to avoid all mistakes this year. It is an encouraging sign and portends victory.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN, the sage of Greystone and the Nestor of Democratic politics, died at his home on Wednesday morning.

MATSON'S friends are very much worried at the nomination made by the Republicans at Franklin last Thursday.

HAY FEVER.

I have been a great sufferer from hay fever for 15 years, and have tried various things without doing any good. I read of the many wonderful cures of Dr. King's New Discovery, and I would try once more. In fifteen minutes after one application I was wonderfully helped. Two weeks ago I commenced using it and now I feel entirely cured. It is the greatest recovery ever known or heard of.—Duhamel Clark, Lee, Mass. 25-21

Poor Old Putnam.

Putnam county Republicans need to have a high fence built around them and excluded from all participation in outside affairs. It is putting it none too strongly to say that they render themselves not only annoying, but a regular nuisance in every convention by their childish and unnecessary wrangles. If they could "see themselves as others see them" they would surely come to some understanding so as not to trot out their old skeleton when away from home, to the disgust of everybody.—Columbus Daily Republican.

FOR SALE—I offer my property on the corner of Apple and Depot streets for sale. A good two story dwelling house, two wells and cistern, good outhouses.

H. C. CALLENDER.

BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by ALLEN.

New York's drinking water is gradually becoming more and more unhealthy.

Weak lungs, spitting of blood, consumption and kindred affections cured without physician. Address for treatise, with 10 cents in stamps, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellow-men. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper W. A. NOTES, 119 Posey's Block, Rochester, N. Y. 5-2 eow 1yr

WONDERFUL CURES.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklin's Arnica Salve for two years, have never handled remedies that sell so well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by the use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by Albert Allen.

ROYAL
FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE



BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold in 4 lb cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St. N.Y.

Rare :-: Bargains!

—AT THE—

When!

Job lot of 3-ply Linen Collars, standing and turn-down at the low price of 10c per dozen.

HATS and CAPS.

Fifty Youths' and Boys' Hats and Caps 10c to 50c, former price \$1 to \$3.

::: CLOTHING. :::

We have this week marked down in the Youths' Department a full line of Suits, sizes 33 to 37. These suits consist of fancy plaid and check patterns and are made from remnants of Globe Mills all wool cassimeres, made up in single breast sack, equal in style, trimming and make up to any tailor-made suit that would cost \$30 to \$35. The lots of above mentioned suits are:

8781,	Reduced from \$20 to \$17.
7905,	" " 20 to 18.
8050,	" " 20 to 18.
7773,	" " 20 to 18.
7777,	" " 20 to 18.

In our Boys' Department we have suits in prices from \$3 to \$15. Hats and caps in an endless variety at Rock bottom prices. Remember in our boys' and children's department we present a handsome Scrap book with every suit. Call and see our new Cash Railway.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Dressed Lumber of all grades, Frames and Finish furnished to order. Clear Shingles \$3.20, Extra *A* \$2.60. Best Poplar Shingles in the market, 12 in. Boards, 1 side, 1.50. No. 3 and cull Bds. \$1.00 to \$1.10. Frame Lumber \$1.30 to \$1.40. Other grades at bottom prices.

Call and See My Stock.

A Dollar Saved is a Dollar Earned.

North Indiana Street.

G. W. GRUBB.

Itc and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. Sold by Albert Allen, druggist, Greencastle, Ind. 7 1yr

HENRY A. DAY,
WATCHMAKER.

Twenty years practical experience at watch repairing. Do all work left with me myself. Guarantee entire satisfaction. Allen's Block, second door East of First National Bank, Greencastle. 1223

FOR SALE—Jersey cattle, heifer calves, cows fresh, and some nice young bull calves old enough to use. All registered in A. J. C. C. At farmer's prices. 17-6m A. MOUDY

NEW FIRM. NEW GOODS. NEW PRICES.

Cannon & Geers,

(Successors to James Daggy.)

Merchant Tailors.

Having purchased the stock and stand of James Daggy will be found in the market with the finest and latest and best in piece goods and suitings of all grades and patterns.

Our Prices will be Low,
And Our Work Will be GUARANTEED.

A FIRST-CLASS CUTTER.

Call and See Us.

Cannon & Geers.

DURING THE
QUIET SUMMER MONTHS

When but little is wanted, you can

Most - Surely

Find that in all departments with us. We keep up all lines,

our prices are known to be positively Correct,

and are revised often.

ONE PRICE :::

PLAIN FIGURES.

CASH.

ALLEN BROS.

Dry Goods and Carpet House.

BIG

D WALL PAPER H
R AND O
U DECORATIONS U
G 27 New and Elegant Sty S
Sole agents for Bur E
sal's celebrated mixed
paints.

Piercy & Co's.

Dudley Brattin,
SUCCESSOR TO
A. R. BRATTIN,
Has a full line of en-
tire new goods.
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.
Repairing a special-
ty. All goods war-
ranted to be as rep-
resented.
H. A. BOLEY,
Manager.

AN OUNCEMENTS.

FOR RECORDER.
I desire to announce to the citizens of Putnam County that I will be a candidate for County Recorder on the *Citizens Reform Ticket*, subject to the will of the people at the ballot box.
CAPT. O. H. HIBBEN.

FOR TREASURER.
Please announce me as a candidate for Treasurer of Putnam county, subject to the decision of the Republican primary convention.
JOSEPH E. BOWEN.

FOR RECORDER.
W. R. Allee is a candidate for Recorder, subject to the Republican nominating convention Saturday, April 24, 1886.

Money LOANED!

In any sum for any time. Must see the borrower in person. No delay. Money furnished at once at the very lowest rates.
Geo. E. Blake,
Greencastle, Ind.

For Sale!

Farms and city property on the most liberal terms. I have the best and cheapest property in the county and city. Call on me.
Geo. E. Blake,
Real Estate Agent, Greencastle, Ind.

INSURANCE

Geo. E. Blake, General Insurance Agent, Greencastle, Ind. Capital
One Hundred Million Dollars
89 YEARS
Successful - Experience!

When the Old North America was organized in 1794, George Washington was President. Not a single railroad was in existence in the world, nor a steamboat. Losses promptly adjusted and paid. When you want insurance call on me.

FOR SALE.

New dwelling house, four rooms, good location; will take small cash payments, balance in monthly payments, so that the rent you pay elsewhere will pay for the property.
Geo. E. Blake.

D R. A. C. FRY,
DENTAL OFFICE.
West Side Public Square, over New York Store.
1y6

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Events of the Week—Our People and Other People—Happenings of Interest to all.

A fortune teller is in the city. Be at that convention Saturday. Mrs. Jennie P. Tunnell is at home. The nail mill is shut down to day. John Vance spent Sunday in the city.

Miss Ora Hinton has the typhoid fever. Mrs. J. F. Darnall is visiting in Ladoga. Miss Maria Stevenson is home from Minnesota. Joe Grogan is at home from La-porte for a few days. Bishop Bowman, of St. Louis, was in the city Tuesday. J. F. Smith went to Utica, N. Y., Saturday on business. Geo. Wysong was down from Indianapolis Monday. Fresh oysters have made their appearance in the market. Ed Briggs has returned from a visit to Jacksonville. W. W. Dunnington, of Chicago, was in the city Tuesday. Miss Mattie Steeg, of Limesdale, is visiting near Indianapolis. Rufus Stratton was in Chicago over Sunday on business. Mr. and Mrs. James Daggy have gone to Lansing, Michigan. Agent Dowling, of the Vandalia, has returned from the west. Otway Allen, of Kirwin, Kansas, is visiting relatives in this city. Wilbur Sheridan, of Indianapolis, was here the first of the week. Mrs. Farrabee, of Ellettsville, is visiting relatives in this city. The Daughters of Rebecca are enjoying a picnic at Fern to-day. J. A. Allison, of Indianapolis, was in the city Monday on business. Misses Mollie and Anna Ragan are visiting relatives at Indianapolis. Mrs. Bettie McClary, of Columbus, O., is visiting Mrs. Howard Briggs. Mrs. A. F. Bridges, and daughter, of Brazil, are visiting relatives here. Miss Ella Lawrence, of Louisville, is the guest of Mrs. D. W. Stevenson. Wm. R. Grogan is in the live stock commission business in Buffalo, N. Y.

Greencastle talent furnished music at the Cloverdale and Fern picnics. Mrs. Mary Brown is visiting in Greencastle.—*Crawfordsville Journal*.

Mr. T. P. Rockafellow and family have returned from a two weeks visit in the east. The gun club amateur shoot occurs to-morrow. Brazil will send up a delegation. Gerkin & Merryweather have taken a room in McLean's block with their tin shop. Frank Ragan, who has been in Kansas City for a year, has returned to Greencastle. Misses Flora Mathias and Sidelia Starr visited in Indianapolis the first of the week. Misses Bettie and Ettie Keightley are visiting friends at Roachdale and Russellville, Ind. Mrs. Hiram Miller, living on South Indiana st., is very sick with congestion of stomach. Miss Recie Corder, from near Grafton, Va., is visiting her cousin, Mr. B. F. Beckwith. Mrs. W. H. Bland, of Sullivan, visited her brothers, Robert and David Hughes, last week. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cutler have returned to Louisville, where they will go to housekeeping. Miss Minnie Pittman, of Greencastle, is visiting Mrs. Brandon Lewis.—*Lafayette Leader*.

New electric lights have been placed in Jackson & Matthews grocery and the Centennial saloon. Mr. and Mrs. J. R. M. Allen are visiting at Russellville, the guests of Misses May and Florence Durham. The participants of a lively little "scrap" made the air blue on East Washington street Tuesday night. The railroads will make a reduced rate to those desiring to attend the Democratic State Convention Aug. 11th. P. B. Elliott has sold his property southeast of the city to Joe John-

son. Mr. Elliott will move into the city. The little town of Ellettsville, eight miles this side of Bloomington, was nearly destroyed by fire Sunday night. From late Garden City papers, we see that the country in that portion of Kansas is having an abundance of rain. Have your shaving and hair cutting done at Piercy & Shawalters' shop. Electric light. Northeast corner square. The tumble of 20 degrees in the thermometer last Sunday afternoon was hailed with delight by a sweltering public. The Crawfordsville nine cross bats with the Greencastle aggregation of ball players at the ball park this afternoon. Geo. A. Richmond's mother and baby left on Tuesday for their home at Zanesville, Ohio, after a visit of some weeks here. Many of our citizens are attending the Old Settlers' picnics at Russellville and Gosport today. Mrs. Delia Balsley, of Casey, Ill., is visiting Mrs. Jane Gifford and other friends. She was formerly a resident of this city. The Greencastle band furnishes music at Quincy a week from to-day. It is prepared to furnish music for picnics on short notice. McKenzie Blake and wife, who have been visiting his mother on South Indiana St., had returned to their home in Evansville. F. A. Arnold has purchased the store room on the south side of the square, occupied by Geo. Richmond, with the Model restaurant. A small boy near Cloverdale set fire to a barn, which was entirely destroyed, all because he was not allowed to attend Sunday school. A number of visiting masons from Cloverdale were present last night and assisted in the work of putting Sheriff Lewis through the third degree. Richard Frazier, colored, died Sunday, of inflammation of the stomach. His funeral occurred Monday afternoon, being conducted by the Masons. Two U. S. mail inspectors were in the city Friday examining the contents of the mail pouches which were robbed at the Junction last week.

Some Nice Shoes.

If you are interested in fine shoes, step into P. R. Christie & Co's. store and examine their stock of men and women's fine shoes. Their selections of fine shoes this season are unusually nice, and they have brought on a larger stock than common. If you need new shoes don't wait any longer, now is the proper time to plant the old ones. Christie & Co. will do their best to please you, and they will come as near fitting both your eyes and your feet as the nature of the case will allow. Remember one fact when you contemplate buying shoes: at this store you run no risk whatever of being imposed upon. You can depend upon it every time that the shoes shown you are the very best of the kind and well worth the price. They are careful cash buyers and do business in their own room. The merchant that pretends to undersell them either imposes on his customers or robs himself.

The "Carbolic Smoke Ball" Too Much for Them.



These old diseases which have lurked in every household are going where the "Smoke Ball" is unknown. They can thrive no longer in Greencastle because of this great remedy for Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Croup, Neuralgia, Ulceration of Lungs, Headache, Sore Throat, and Eye and Ear Troubles. A free trial of the great "Carbolic Smoke Ball" given to all who will take the trouble to call at our store. Sent by mail with full directions on receipt of price, \$2, and 4c in postage stamps. One ball will last from three months to ten years.

J. E. ALLEN & CO
City Drug Store. Greencastle, Ind.

Thomas Stultz, of Fincastle, lost a valuable horse on the north side of the square last Thursday. The heat, which was very intense that morning, killed it. An infant son of Ed Isaac died last Saturday, the remains being taken to Indianapolis for burial. Mrs. I. Kahn, of this city, had adopted the child. A New Maysville dog is so trained that he keeps the wood box full of wood all the time. He learned the trick when a pup and has continued it ever since. Superintendent Baldwin, of the city schools, has rented Mrs. Claggett's residence on East Anderson street, and has moved with his family to this city. A child of James Walls has a case of very mild scarlet fever. It was contracted at Manhattan where the child had been visiting. The family live in the southwest part of the city. The Vandalia Line will run a series of cheap excursions to Kansas land points on Aug. 18, and Sept. 8 and 22. For rates or other information see or write to J. S. Dowling, Agent. C. S. Bridges has purchased of E. Martin, the lot on the corner of Washington and Water streets, recently bought of John Burk, and we understand will build a residence thereon. Efforts are being made to secure Rev. H. M. Joy, of Coldwater, Mich., to succeed Dr. J. H. Cissell, whose time expires this year, at College Avenue Church. It is very probable he will be secured. Mr. F. B. Garner, of Russell township, gave us a pleasant call Monday. Mr. Garner is one of the staunchest Republicans of that good township, and has a level head on local politics. Tent meeting on college Avenue one block south of the university. No collection will be taken. Services every night at 7:30 o'clock. The meetings will continue for several weeks. Let everybody come. At the earnest solicitation of numerous farmers, Owens Bros. have been persuaded to make a fall season with their stallions at their stables in this city, service for \$15 to insure a colt to stand and suck. 3137

son. Mr. Elliott will move into the city. The little town of Ellettsville, eight miles this side of Bloomington, was nearly destroyed by fire Sunday night. From late Garden City papers, we see that the country in that portion of Kansas is having an abundance of rain. Have your shaving and hair cutting done at Piercy & Shawalters' shop. Electric light. Northeast corner square. The tumble of 20 degrees in the thermometer last Sunday afternoon was hailed with delight by a sweltering public. The Crawfordsville nine cross bats with the Greencastle aggregation of ball players at the ball park this afternoon. Geo. A. Richmond's mother and baby left on Tuesday for their home at Zanesville, Ohio, after a visit of some weeks here. Many of our citizens are attending the Old Settlers' picnics at Russellville and Gosport today. Mrs. Delia Balsley, of Casey, Ill., is visiting Mrs. Jane Gifford and other friends. She was formerly a resident of this city. The Greencastle band furnishes music at Quincy a week from to-day. It is prepared to furnish music for picnics on short notice. McKenzie Blake and wife, who have been visiting his mother on South Indiana St., had returned to their home in Evansville. F. A. Arnold has purchased the store room on the south side of the square, occupied by Geo. Richmond, with the Model restaurant. A small boy near Cloverdale set fire to a barn, which was entirely destroyed, all because he was not allowed to attend Sunday school. A number of visiting masons from Cloverdale were present last night and assisted in the work of putting Sheriff Lewis through the third degree. Richard Frazier, colored, died Sunday, of inflammation of the stomach. His funeral occurred Monday afternoon, being conducted by the Masons. Two U. S. mail inspectors were in the city Friday examining the contents of the mail pouches which were robbed at the Junction last week.

TIRED OUT!

At this season nearly every one needs to use some sort of tonic. IRON enters into almost every physician's prescription for those who need building up.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

For Weakness, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, etc., it HAS NO EQUAL, and is the only iron medicine that is not injurious. It enriches the Blood, invigorates the System, Restores Appetite, Aids Digestion. It does not blacken or injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—other iron medicines do. Dr. G. H. BINKLEY, a leading physician of Springfield, Ohio, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is a thoroughly good medicine. I use it in my practice, and find its action exceeds all other forms of iron. In weakness, or a low condition of the system, Brown's Iron Bitters is usually a positive necessity. It is all that is claimed for it." Dr. W. N. WATSON, 1219 Thirty-second Street, Georgetown, D. C., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the tonic of the age. Nothing better. It creates appetite, gives strength and improves digestion." Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Paints!

ARE CHEAP AT
ALLEN'S
Drug :-: Store.

If you are going to paint this season do it now while the prices are low. We also keep a complete stock of
Wall Paper,
Window Glass,
Putty, &c.

GREAT

Clearance Sale!

OF

MILLINERY

And all
Summer Goods

Call at Once
F. G. GILMORE.

IF YOU WANT

A Good Carpet,
Cut and Made,
—CALL AND SEE—

TALBURT & CO'S.

STOCK. EVERY PIECE OF WHICH IS OF
The Latest Choice Patterns

All bought within the last few days and our prices have been fixed to suit all. We have also a new lot of Lawns, Gingham, Seersuckers, Chambrays and all kinds of white goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Fans and Parasols, Laces and Embroideries. Also Shades and Lace Curtains, and Curtain Fixtures, Straw Mattings, Oil Cloths and Linoleums. Call and see us at No. 7 East Washington street.
WILL TALBURT & CO.

County News.

LIMEDALE

Mrs. Ed. Walls has been on the sick list.

Miss Jennie Conley, of Indianapolis, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Michael Curran, returned home yesterday.

J. M. Fimmel has returned from his trip in Michigan.

A few of our citizens took in the Cloverdale picnic.

Wm. Madden, who was injured in the stone quarry accident some time ago, is getting along finely and is now able to get out doors occasionally.

David Haines' house is nearing completion, and will soon be occupied.

William Steeg was in Indianapolis Friday.

Mr. Sampson Smith and wife have been visiting the former's old home in Maryland the past week.

Dave Steeg is now working at the Junction house in place of Wm. Berigan who has gone to Greencastle to work.

The Limedale house has a new sign.

Alex Stewart visited his parents at Fontanet Sunday.

Frank Unison is suffering from a sprained ankle.

Michael Curran was in Terre Haute on business Friday.

Miss Jennie Robinson and Willie Steeg will entertain a number of their young friends at the Junction house to night.

G. W. Lyon and Miss Talbot will manage young America at the Junction schools this year. Miss Mattie Steeg will have control of the same school she had last year. Miss Lena Bodimer will teach the Black school, and Miss Jennie Walls will teach in the Greencastle schools.

MT. MERIDIAN.

This has been the year of epidemics in this vicinity. Farmers' hogs have died from cholera, calves and horses have died from unknown diseases, and stock in general has been swept away.

Wm. Hurst had his ware house adjoining his store covered with tin roofing.

Mr. Hughey Dobbs, William Reer and several others left last week for French Lick Springs.

James Wells went to Indianapolis CLOVERDALE.

Elder Granger is still preaching at the Christian Church. Good interest. One addition Sunday night.

Lem Martin, of Clear Creek, is visiting at this place.

Miss Mamie Merwin, of Masillon, O., is spending the summer vacation with her brother John C., and her uncle, A. J. Rockwell.

The old settlers picnic was a success.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following deeds were filed at the Recorder's office during the past week, reported to the Times by Lewis and Corwin, investment agents and abstractors of titles, Williamson's Block, Greencastle, Ind.
Kittie P. Halstin to Henry O. Shauy, lot in Monroe tp., ... \$ 1
James B. Whitson to Scott Heatt, part lot 3 blk 2, South Russellville, ... 400
James and Elizabeth Bower to Mary A. Bower, part lot 6 Allen's Greencastle, ... 3,000
Mary A. Bower to James W. Bower, same, 3,000
G. D. Greenwood to Thomas J. Miller, land in Floyd tp., ... 1,300
Theodore Fellows to Sarah Funican, lots 122 and 123, Manhattan, ... 500
Total deeds filed, 6; consideration, ... \$8,201.00
Total mortgages, 4; consideration, ... \$7,002.00

For Secretary of State.

It gives us much pleasure to be able to authentically announce Fritz Th. Stritter (unser Fritz) as a candidate before the coming Republican State Convention for the nomination of Secretary of State.

Mr. Stritter was born in Germany, but, coming to this country with his parents when quite young, he received a high-class education in English, as also in German, and he may be said to be almost a native of Posey county. He is a highly educated gentleman, of comprehensive views; is enterprising, intelligently working for the success of his party and ever ready to bear his share in its maintenance.

He stands on the broad and comprehensive platform of Arbitration in labor troubles. Honest money and good wages. Representation of all classes. Opposition to class legislation.

Laws for the protection of the working man, mechanic and farmer. Laws for the protection of the American farmer, merchant and mechanic as against the cheap pauper labor of Europe.

Throughout the State Mr. Stritter is strongly indorsed for the position that he seeks, while at home his name at the head of the ticket would create an enthusiasm and add a strength to the Republican campaign that undoubtedly would greatly assist in wresting the State from her unnatural wanderings and place her back in her former proud position among the Republican commonwealths of the Nation.

Posey county presents the name

of Hon. Fritz Th. Stritter as her favorite candidate for Secretary of State, and asks the favorable consideration of the other counties for her candidate.

Low Prices for Pure Bred Cattle.

The spring sales of Jersey cattle were such as might indicate either a great overstock of these cattle or lack of faith in their value. Neither of these reasons is true. Of course, certain breeders are overstocked, but the country is not. No doubt if the farmers, who are wide-awake to improve their herds when they can do so economically, had known that Jersey cattle of all ages were going to be sold at as low prices as common stock, they would have been there to buy. Faith in the Jerseys as a family cow increases. They are improving in size, form, quantity of milk, and richness of milk all the time. More care is taken to breed systematically, to study pedigrees, and to breed in lines of great production. The knowledge of the great tests for butter, which have taken place within the last eight years, is having its effect. At first they were not believed by the common farmers; now they not only believe the correctness of many of them, but they have exalted the breed in their estimation.

The enormous prices Jersey cows have brought at previous auction sales in New York, deterred farmers from attending, except from curiosity, and their absence has now tended to still further lower prices. Then, too, milk was then very cheap, and there was no demand for milk cows. So, all causes seemed to work against high, or even fair prices. This is not likely to occur again to the same degree. Nevertheless, the present is a favorable time for a person to buy a choice herd of Jerseys reasonably.

American Agriculturist for August.

What Cheap Iron Production Means.

It has long passed into a proverb that cheap iron is the basis of modern industrial wealth. The past manufacturing supremacy of Great Britain was based on the fact that its great iron and coal mines were not only near together, but also were not far from tide water. The cheapest place on earth to construct a steel ship is on the river Clyde in Scotland. The iron and coal are near its shores, and hence the cost of transportation of these bulky articles is less than anywhere else in the civilized world. Pennsylvania has cheap and abundant coal and iron, but the mines are distant from tide water, and hence the great disadvantage that our iron and steel ship manufacturers labor under. The industrial backwardness of Ireland is due to the lamentable fact that neither iron nor coal has yet been found in any part of that island. The hope of the South is in its growing manufacturing industries, based on its abundant and splendid mines of coal and iron, which was found over vast stretches of country, extending from West Virginia to Northern Alabama. Birmingham, in the latter State, seems to be the center of the cheapest iron production anywhere.

The Biggest Things in the World. The largest theater in the world is the new opera house in Paris. It covers nearly three acres of ground; its cubic mass is 4,287,000 feet; it cost about \$100,000,000 francs. The largest suspension bridge is the one between New York City and Brooklyn. The length of the main span is 1,535 feet, six inches; the entire length of the bridge is 5,980 feet.

The loftiest active volcano is Popocatepetl—"smoking mountain"—thirty-five miles southwest of Puebla, Mexico; it is 17,748 feet above the sea level and has a crater three miles in circumference and 1,000 feet deep.

The longest span of wire in the world is used for a telegraph in India over the river Kistnah, between Bezorah and Sectynagrum. It is more than 6,000 feet in length and is 1,200 feet high.

The largest ship in the world is the Great Eastern. She is 680 feet long, 83 feet broad and 60 feet deep, being 28,627 tons burden, 18,915 gross and 13,344 net register. She was built at Millwall-on-the-Thames and was launched Jan. 31, 1857.

The largest body of fresh water on the globe is Lake Superior, 400 miles long, 160 miles wide at its greatest breadth, and having an area of 32,000 square miles. Its mean depth is 900 feet, and its greatest depth is said to be about 200 fathoms. Its surface is about 635 feet above the level of the sea.

The biggest cavern is the Mammoth Cave, in Edmonson county, Kentucky. It is near Green river, about six miles from Cave City, and twenty eight from Bowling Green. The cave consists of a succession of irregular chambers, some of which are large, situated on different levels. Some of these are traversed by navigable branches of the subterranean Echo river. Blind fish are found in its waters.

Those who believe that nature will work off a cough or cold should understand that this is done at the expense of the constitution. Each time this weakens the system, and we all know that the termination of this dangerous practice is a con sumptive's grave. Don't take the chances, when a fifty cent bottle of Dr. Bigelow's Positive cure will promptly and safely cure any recent cough, cold or throat or lung trouble. Buy the dollar bottle of J. E. Allen & Co. for chronic cases or family use.

THE SCOUT-1864.

As I ride with a keen lookout through the town,

In the wind of the autumn blowing free, You lean from your open window down, And I raise my face to your own, chérie! I press my lips to the rose in your hair, And wish it was one of the two on your face up in the window there, Would you give me a last embrace?

I have been rather sad. I dreamed of a day (How the wind of the autumn is blowing free!) When the rattle of sabers would pass away, And the winds would whisper to you and me

That love is the best, whatever betide, And the journey of life, made hand in hand, Is a path of flowers; but the dream soon died

In the air of this war-curst land. This very moment I catch the boat, On the wind of the autumn flowing free, Of a squadron passing with muffled feet, By the mill, who are hunting me. If they find me—a shot—I am wounded, sweet! One touch of the roses so fair to see; If they drag me in to die at your feet, You must kiss me again, chérie! —Southern Bivouac.

TOO MUCH AVOIRDUPOIS.

Stoutness a Sign of Disease—A Man of Extraordinary Weight.

Fatness, or stoutness, is still loosely mentioned as evidence of health, although everybody acquainted with the laws of hygiene knows that it is nothing of the kind. "You're getting fat," is a common form of greeting intended to be complimentary; but if it be true, it is seldom so regarded. Stout persons, particularly women, are very sensitive on the point, and would be glad to forget it, not to be continually reminded of it. They are but too well aware of the inconvenience, awkwardness and discomfort of the condition to be pleased by any reference thereto. Not only this, any excess of flesh is a sign of disease, if not disease itself. It is altogether preferable, on every account, to be thin rather than fat, to have too little rather than have too much avoirdupois. Stoutness, although not so called, is unquestionably a misfortune. Everybody that is stout wishes to be otherwise, and many that are stout are trying various ways to reduce themselves. A man of ordinary height and build who weighs 200 pounds generally weighs more than he ought to, and is made conscious of it in divers ways. There are exceptions; but such is the rule. One of the extraordinary exceptions, as reported, was the noted Daniel Lambert. In youth he was very strong, excelled in athletic exercises, and gave no indications of corpulence. But, before 20 he began to increase rapidly in size, which he ascribed to sedentary habits as keeper of the prison at Leicester. At 23, when he weighed 448 pounds, he walked from Woolwich to London with little fatigue. He excited so much curiosity that he decided to exhibit himself, and he drew crowds in the chief cities of England. He was five feet eleven inches high, measured nine feet four inches about the body, more than three feet around the leg, and weighed at his death, which occurred at 39, 700 pounds.

No doubt his immense bulk was due to some organic disease, which an autopsy would have disclosed. Pathology was not nearly so well understood seventy years ago as it is now. It is preposterous to suppose that any man of so extraordinary accumulation of flesh could have been in good health. If a very stout man were healthy, the fact of his stoutness would, after a while, be very likely to cause some physical disorder.—New York Commercial-Advertiser.

The Bursting of the "Peacemaker." Commodore Stockton's "Peacemaker," which burst on board the United States steamer Princeton, on the 28th of February, 1844, was of English manufacture. It was manufactured at the Mersey works, of Yorkshire wrought iron, brought to this country and subjected at Sandy Hook to what was deemed the proper test. After the first firing, preparations were made to mount the gun. In doing this a crack was perceived opposite the chamber, which induced Commodore Stockton to have the breach strengthened by putting bands around it. These bands were represented as being 3 1-2 inches in thickness. With this additional strength given to the defective part of the gun, the experiments were renewed, and the result was a decided conviction upon the minds of all connected with them that, in general, the anticipations of Commodore Stockton were perfectly realized; and, secondly, that if a gun of this construction should yield to the force of the trial, it would be by a single opening, and not, as in cast iron, a violent disruption and scattering of the fragments. Unfortunately this anticipation was not realized, and the fragments killed several of the distinguished spectators.—Ben. Perley Poore.

Distinctly a City Without Homes. New York is distinctly a city without homes. Of the total number of dwellings in New York, 10,314 contain one family, or six persons; 10,982 houses or flats contain one family on a floor, or twenty-five persons; while 18,966 tenements accommodate fifty persons each on an average—th is, about three quarters of a million.—Jewish Messenger.

Oscar Wilde and His Wife. Since Oscar Wilde's marriage his dress has steadily become less striking, while his wife has taken to wearing robes of an outlandish, if not ridiculous kind.—Chicago Times.

New Process of Preserving Fish. A colony has gone from Newfoundland to British Columbia to introduce a new process of preserving fish for the eastern markets.

There are in the United States 1,924,801 tenant farmers.

FREE MEN ONLY THE PASTILLER VIGOROUS HEALTH. Avoid the imposition of pretensions made for these troubles, and all Quacks, whose only aim is to bleed their victims. Take a SURE CURE. HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES. A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Men and Women. HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES. A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Men and Women. HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES. A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Men and Women.

The most astonishingly beneficial results have followed the use of Red Star Cough Cure by those affected with throat and lung troubles. Price twenty five cents.

Melons three feet in length are sold at 25 cents each in Florida.

AN IMPORTANT ARREST. The arrest of a suspicious character, upon his general appearance, movements or companionship, without waiting until he has robbed a traveler, fired a house, or murdered a fellow-man, is an important function of a shrewd detective. Even more important is the arrest of a disease which, if not checked, will blight and destroy a human life. The frequent cough, loss of appetite, general languor, or debility, pallid skin and bodily aches and pains, announce the approach of pulmonary consumption, which is promptly arrested and permanently cured by Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Sold by druggists.

Waterbury, Conn., claims to make three fifths of the nation's brass.

A huge derrick pole fell and severely injured the foot of mechanical engineer E. R. Hoyt at the New Orleans Exposition, and after only three applications of St. Jacobs Oil, all the swelling and pain disappeared.

The custom of having barmaids in saloons is gaining ground in San Francisco.

CERTAINLY THE BEST. Papillon (Clarke's extract of flax) Catarrh Cure, from an experiment, has grown to be the acknowledged superior of any remedy for similar purposes. Purely vegetable and scientifically prepared, it is absolutely harmless, and effects cures where all other known remedies and the most learned medical talent fail. That it is a favorite with all classes is evidenced by the fact that during the past two years, 88,000 gallons have been sold. Positively cures Catarrh, Hay fever, Colds, etc., etc. Large bottles only \$1.00 at all drug stores.

Very narrow-toed boots and shoes are to be seen, but they should be shunned.

Credit is due the German women and physicians for first using Red Clover blossoms as a medicine. Best results are obtained when combined with other medicinal roots and herbs, as in Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic, which is the best known remedy for all blood diseases, stomach and liver troubles, pimples, costiveness, bad breath, piles, ague and malaria diseases, poor appetite, low spirits, headache and all diseases of the kidneys. Price 50 cents, at J. E. Allen & Co.

Twelve hundred miles of railroads were constructed in Florida during the past four years.

WHY IS IT. That the sale of Hood's Sarsaparilla continues at such a rapid increasing rate? It is— 1st: Because of the positive curative power of Hood's Sarsaparilla itself. 2d: Because of the conclusive evidence of remarkable cures effected by it, unsurpassed and seldom equaled by any other medicine. Sent to C. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass., for book containing many statements of cures.

One half of the children born into the world die before they reach the age of five years.

"I DON'T WANT RELIEF, BUT CURE." Is the exclamation of thousands suffering from catarrh. To all such we say: Catarrh can be cured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It has been done in thousands of cases; why not in yours? Your danger is in delay. Enclose a stamp to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for pamphlet on this disease.

Seven eighths of the leading men of Birmingham, Ala., are under thirty five years.

Papillon (Clarke's extract of flax) Skin Cure, like many other inestimable benefits to mankind, was discovered by accident. The proprietor engaged in the preparation of certain plants, from time to time noticed the effect of working in the pulp vats on the skin. If there was present any cutaneous eruptions, warts, blemishes or scrofulous symptoms, all disappeared as if by magic. After experimenting ten years, it has become a scientific fact and a priceless boon to the human race. From giving away a few bottles, the demand has increased until the sale for the past two years amounts to 1,032,000 bottles. Large bottles only \$1.00, for sale by all druggists.

Catherine Owens says that American women, as a rule, excel in cake making and preserving.

A CARD. To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

RED STAR COUGH CURE. TRADE MARK. ABSOLUTELY SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25 Cts. Free from Opium, Emetics and Poison. THE CHARLES A. VOGLER CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

ST. JACOBS OIL. THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY For Pain. Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Neuritis, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, etc., etc. PRICE, FIFTY CENTS. AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. THE CHARLES A. VOGLER CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

THE OLD DOCTOR. A Life Experience. Remarkable and quick cures. Trial Packages, Second stamp for sealed particulars. Address: Dr. WARD & CO., Louisiana, Mo.

Wanted! Agents and customers for A 1 Non-compact Fire Insurance. For the "Mutual Reserve Fund Life Insurance Co.," the best in America. For the "Order of Tontic" pay \$25.00 per week benefit—\$1000 in seven years. Don't die to win. Apply to GREENB, PATXON & Co., 31 Circle St., Indianapolis, Indiana. 4w31

S.S.S. Scrofula of Lungs Relieved. I am now 40 years old, and have suffered for the last fifteen years with a lung trouble. Several members of the family on my mother's side of the house had died with consumption, and the doctors all agreed in their opinion that I had consumption also. I had all the distressing symptoms of that terrible disease. I have spent thousands of dollars to arrest the march of this disease. I have employed all of the usual methods, not only in my own case, but in the treatment of other members of my family but temporary relief was all that I obtained. I was unfit for any manual labor for several years. By chance I came into possession of a pamphlet on "Blood and skin diseases," from the office of Swift's Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga. A friend recommended the use of Swift's Specific, claiming that he himself had been greatly benefited by its use in some lung troubles. I resolved to try it. About four years ago I commenced to take S. S. S., according to directions. I found it an invigorating tonic, and have used about fifty bottles. The results are most remarkable. My cough has left me, my strength has returned, and I weigh sixty pounds more than I ever did in my life. It has been three years since I stopped the use of the medicine, but I have had no return of the disease, and there are no pains or weakness left in my lungs. I do the hardest kind of mechanical work, and feel as well as I ever felt since I was a boy. These, I know are wonderful statements to make, but I am honest when I say that I owe my existence and health to-day to Swift's Specific. It is the only medicine that brought me any permanent relief. I do not get that Swift's Specific will do this in every case, but most positive affirm that it has done this much for me and I would be recreant to the duty I owe to suffering humanity if I failed to bear this cheerful testimony to the merits of this wonderful medicine. I am well known in the city of Montgomery, and can refer to some of the best citizens in the city. T. J. HOLT, Montgomery, Ala., June 25, 1885.

AGENTS WANTED. For Our Just Published, entitled. THIRTY YEARS A DETECTIVE. BY ALLAN PINCKERTON. Containing a thorough and comprehensive exposure of Criminal Practices of all Grades and Classes, with Numerous Episodes of Personal Experience in the Detection of Criminals, covering a period of Thirty Years & giving 2300 cases of Life and embracing many intensely interesting and thrilling Detective Sketches. An entirely new book, profusely illustrated, and with Portrait of the Great Detective. AGENTS WANTED! In every town there are numbers of people who will be glad to get this book. It sells to Merchants, Mechanics, Farmers and Professionals in this every Agent can get out very well. One has a town to whom he can feel sure of selling it to. We want One Agent in every township, or county. Any person, with this book, can become a successful Agent. For full particulars and terms to agents, address G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

AGENTS WANTED. Gold. Gold is scarce, but those who write to Russell & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from \$5 to \$25 per day. Some have earned over \$50 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of a big little fortune. All more.

TIME TABLE.

MONON ROUTE. LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY.

Condensed Time Table, Dec. 6, 1885.

Table with columns for destination (Chicago, Cedar Lake, Monon, Mich. City, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Lafayette, Crawfordsville, Greencastle, Bloomington, Bedford, Mitchell, Orleans, Salem, New Albany, Louisville) and times for Southward and Northward trains.

Table with columns for destination (Louisville, New Albany, Salem, Orleans, Bedford, Bloomington, Greencastle, Crawfordsville, Lafayette, Monon, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Frankfort, Delphi, Monon, Mich. City, Cedar Lake, Chicago) and times for Southward and Northward trains.

Trains are run on Central (Standard) Time. Solid Trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars on night trains and Pullman Parlor Cars on day trains, are run between Chicago and Louisville. Through Coaches and Pullman Sleeping Cars between Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati. Tickets Sold and Baggage checked at all Principal Points. Get Time Tables, full information, from Com. Gen. Pass. Agent, Chicago. W. H. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agent, Chicago. C. R. HAMMOND, Agent, Greencastle.

Table for I & St. L. NEW STANDARD TIME. EAST. N. Y. & Boston Express, Indianapolis Express, Limited Express, Day Express. WEST. N. Y. Express, Day Express, Limited Express, Boston & St. Louis.

Table for I. B. & W. ST. LOUIS DIVISION. TRAINS EASTWARD. LEAVE: Night Express, Arrive, Day Express, Arrive. AT: Russellville, Rochebdale, Indianapolis, Russellville, Rochebdale, Indianapolis. WESTWARD. LEAVE: Day Express, Arrive. AT: Indianapolis, Rochebdale, Indianapolis, Rochebdale, Indianapolis. CHAS. M. JOSEPH, Agent.

Vandalia Line. To all points EAST, WEST and SOUTH.

The favorite route to Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, New York and all points in the East and West. Solid trains to Pittsburgh. No change of cars to New York. Only one change to Aliforania. Hotel and sleeping cars through to New York and Eastern Cities. Pullman Sleepers through to Cincinnati. Parlor Cars through to Indianapolis, Terre Haute and Evansville.

OR ONNETON. NO TRANSFERS. LOW RATE. Write or apply for further information to John S. Downing, agent, Greencastle, Ind. J. L. CHESBROUGH, Ass't Gen. P. Agt., St. Louis, Mo. JOS. HILL, Super'd., St. Louis, Mo.

CINCINNATI WABASH & MICHIGAN. NORTH. Indianapolis, Anderson, Wabash, Elkhart, Benton Harbor. SOUTH. Benton Harbor, Elkhart, Wabash, Anderson, Indianapolis. This road connects with the Bee Line & Pan handle at Anderson. NORMAN BECKLEY, General Manager, OWEN RICE, Elkhart, Ind. Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent.

WON WITH A BOUQUET.

How Matrimonial Luck Came to a Young French Diplomatist—Love's Token.

These Paris boulevard flower dealers, have wonderful taste for arranging flowers. There is one of them, M. Lion, whose reputation is European ever since an incident with which she happened to be connected got into the papers.

One of the secretaries of the French embassy at St. Petersburg fell in love with one of the ladies of honor to the empress. Unluckily for the young diplomatist, she was already engaged to be married to a very wealthy and titled Muscovite, but she could not help showing her preference for the noble Frenchman.

Then the Russian gentleman was communicated with, and when he was informed that mademoiselle's hand was for him who gave her the most magnificent bouquet that day fortnight, the empress herself to be the judge, he believed he would become her husband and none other. But the confidant in his great fortune and his own good taste, this Russian let the days pass, supposing all the time that his money could buy what he wanted at the last moment.

With a mocking smile on his lips the count stepped forward, holding in his hand two gilded boxes. In polite language he said that one of the boxes contained a bouquet for the lady he loved; the other held a few flowers which he humbly begged that the empress would deign to accept. Then he handed the two ladies each her bouquet, and immediately after those present saw that he had won; for never before was there such a lovely combination of color and perfume as in those which he himself had brought from Paris.

A Man's "Percentage of Error." Professor Holden states an interesting fact that is not generally known. In the difficult calculations of astronomy, the tendency of a man to make errors of too great or too little result is so regular in its direction and quantity that it is a factor in all figuring.

This would be a very admirable scheme to put in force with regard to earthly bodies. A man's parents should be compelled, when he is to be married, to give his wife a clear statement of his percentage of error, and I don't know any factor in the whole affair that would be half so important or valuable to know.

The Diamonds Sold Nowadays. The bulk of diamonds sold nowadays are off color, the large, flat, showy stones being the easiest to dispose of. They are as a matter of fact, occasionally better looking and have more fire than blue-white gems, particularly at night time.

Church Afloat on the Scottish Coast. A floating kirk for the island of Arran is the latest notion from the north, the Duke of Hamilton having strictly adhered to his resolution not to allow any United Presbyterian place of worship on the island. The modern ark is to be moored in Lamash bay, one of the snugest anchorages on the Scottish coast, and the members of the congregation will be pulled on board from the shore in small boats, when the ship's bell rings at the mast-head.

QUESTIONINGS.

I wonder when the spirit Leaves the flesh and bone that bound it To the passions of our planet And the raptures of our race If it sees its poor lost body With the loving arms around it; If it quivers with the kisses On its poor and pallid face!

I wonder if it listens To the praises of the pastor— Hears him say the dead has risen To the sunland of the soul— While it knows the secret sinnings Of the things that was its master Rise with flaming swords to drive it From the glory and the goal!

I wonder if it watches Till it sees the dead forgotten— Sees new friends usurp the favor Of the hearts that were its own; If it looks below the daisies, Where the grave worms are begotten— Where the eyelless skull is grinning At a jest to us unknown!

I wonder if the truth is That the spirit can remember All its pains and all its pleasures, All its terrors and its tears, Stealing swiftly on its vivid Summer visions, as November Crashes down in storm and darkness On the splendor of the years?

No, ah, no! Far better for us That we die, and die forever— That we slip into the shadows And the silences eterne— Than be hunted down and haunted When the soul and sense discover, With the memories that mock us In the lower life infernal!

GEN. LONGSTREET AT ANTIETAM. A Critical Movement for the Confederate Forces—Showers of Canister.

Thus the battle ebbed and flowed with terrific slaughter on both sides. The Federals fought with wonderful bravery and the Confederates clung to their ground with heroic courage as, hour after hour, they were mown down like grass. The fresh troops of McClellan literally tore into shreds the already ragged army of Lee, but the Confederates never gave back.

I remember at one time they were surging up against us with fearful numbers. I was occupying the left over by Hood, whose ammunition gave out. He retired to get a fresh supply. Soon after, the Federals moved up against us in great masses.

We were under the crest of a hill, occupying a position that ought to have been held by from four to six brigades. The only troops there were Cooke's regiment of North Carolina infantry, without a cartridge. As I rode along the line with my staff, I saw two pieces of the Washington artillery (Miller's battery), but there were not enough men to man them. The gunners had been either killed or wounded. This was a fearful situation for the Confederate center.

THE PRODUCTION OF BRISTLES.

Interesting Statistics Concerning the Trade—The German and Russian Hog.

While the American hog can produce more and better meat than the pauper labor hogs of Europe, he can not compete with the latter animal in the production of bristles. The American hog is grown for his meat and is confined in a pen and scientifically fattened up. A long course of breeding for this purpose has caused the American hog to grow fat mainly and to neglect the growth of bristles. The European hog, on the contrary, or more particularly the German and Russian hog, is not confined in a pen and fed for fatness, but either roams round through the streets of the villages, seeking what he can devour, or in large droves through the fields and forests, feeding on nuts and roots under the care of swineherds.

The largest bristles are not by any means the best. Excellent lengths are five to six and a half inches, and the value of a bristle depends as much upon its color and elasticity as upon its length. The German and Russian are of the following colors, placing them in the order of their value: white, yellow, black, and gray. The French bristles are the best for fine varnish and artistic brushes. They are usually only three or four inches in length, but are the whitest and best dressed of all the bristles. They are imported in a dressed state and not rough as are the German and Russian. The well-dressed French bristles are usually as white as chalk, with very soft ends, and are strong and elastic, springing up under the touch no matter how thickly charged with color. They are used in the finest brush tools, embracing varnish brushes, fresco brushes, the best sash brushes, the best quality of shaving brushes, and the largest brushes used by artists are made of them.

J. O. Steinheiser, Superintendent of the Lancaster Co., Pa., hospital, writes: "I used it in a great many cases of dyspepsia, kidney disease, liver complaint, rheumatism, asthma and scrofula, and invariably with best results." F. Hoffman, of Circleville, Ohio, says: "This is to certify that I have had the dumb ague, and by using one bottle of Mishler's Herb Bitters a complete cure has been effected."

Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup Never Fails

FOUTZ'S HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS. These powders will cure or prevent almost every disease to which Horses and Cattle are subject. FOUTZ'S POWDERS WILL GIVE SATISFACTION. Good every where.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor, BALTIMORE, MD. The Biggest Cannon England Has. The steamship Eider has arrived at Woolwich from Eislewich with the first of the 110-ton guns ordered of Sir William Armstrong for the British government.

A Remarkable Raft of Logs. Unless legal entanglements prevent, the New Brunswick newspapers say, the most remarkable raft of logs ever put together is about to leave St. John, New Brunswick, for this city. It is a cigar-shaped cylinder 400 feet long, with the beam and draught of a seagoing vessel, and contains 3,500,000 feet of logs. Its value is \$85,000. It will be hauled by a regular ocean steamer, which will follow the coast pretty closely.

Twenty-Four-Hour Clocks in Canada. On the Canadian Pacific railroad standard time will be used, and the "twenty-four-hour system" adopted. There will be no "a. m." and "p. m." and clocks and watches will be numbered from 1 to 24.—Tacoma News. Capt. Ericsson, of Monitor fame, although over 80 years of age, spends two hours each day in gymnastic exercises.

Children Cry For PITCHER'S CASTORIA A Practically Perfect Preparation for Children's Complaints.

CATARRH. Also good for Cold in the Head, Headache, Hay Fever, etc. 50 cents.

PROVIDENCE. Helps those who help themselves. Nature has provided herds for the cure of human ailments and medical science has discovered their healing powers.

MISHLER'S MMEHB BITTERS. For many years it has been tested in severe cases of Kidney and Liver Diseases, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Lassitude, etc.

Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup Never Fails

FOUTZ'S HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS. These powders will cure or prevent almost every disease to which Horses and Cattle are subject.

THE CENTURY FOR 1885-86. The remarkable interest in the War Papers and in the many timely articles and strong serial features published recently in THE CENTURY has given that magazine a regular circulation of MORE THAN 200,000 COPIES MONTHLY.

THE WAR PAPERS BY GENERAL GRANT AND OTHERS. These will be continued (most of them illustrated) until the chief events of the Civil War have been described by leading participants on both sides.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. 260 Pages. Illustrated in cloth and gilt binding. Money or postage, same, paper covers 50c. This book contains the names, addresses, and occupations of all the young men and women in the United States who are eligible for marriage.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. The most popular Weekly newspaper devoted to science, mechanics, engineering, discoveries, inventions and patents ever published. Every number is illustrated with splendid engravings.

PATENTS. Mun & Co. have prepared a list of all the patents granted in the United States and foreign countries, with the names of the inventors, the dates of issue, and the nature of the inventions.

Dr. J. J. Stallard DEALER IN PURE DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, etc. Russelville, Ind.

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OF GREENCASTLE, INDIANA.
Organized April 21, 1884.
Incorporated under the laws of the State of Indiana.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$1,000,000.00.

Issued in shares of \$200.00. Shares payable in installments of 50 cents per week. —BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

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—OBJECTS OF THE ASSOCIATION.—

The object of the association is to afford all who may become members the opportunity of obtaining by weekly payments (payments can be made weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually at the option of the member, but when this option is taken must be made in advance) a capital for the purchase of property; or to invest their savings and receive interest thereon. To advance money to the share-holders. To aid the laboring man to save his rent and become a land owner instead of a renter.

Special Reasons

—FOR TAKING—

STOCK IN THE FARMERS' ASSOCIATION.

- 1st. The payment of 50 cents each week for about 4½ years will secure the sum of \$200.
- 2nd. In other associations you will have to pay from 6 to 7½ years.
- 3rd. The association loans its money at six percent interest to the member bidding the highest premium.
- 4th. The premiums bid, are paid in weekly installments same as dues.
- 5th. The borrower stands on an equal footing with the non borrower, participating in the profits and receiving his proportional part.
- 6th. The plan upon which the Association is organized is equitable, just and excels all others.
- 7th. The length of time you pay premiums and interest depends upon the age of your stock and amount of premium bid and will not exceed 3½ years at 50 cents premium.
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- 9th. The Farmers' does not pay semi-annual dividends, but retains the profit, giving each share credit with its pro rata part thereby enabling the association to compound the profit account and reduce the time you would have to pay dues about three years, saving the share holder in dues alone about \$78 on each share of stock.
- 10th. The association being permanent the membership of a stock holder terminates at his option.
- 11th. Stock can be subscribed at any time.
- 12th. Borrower can repay loan at any time without notice.
- 13th. Loans, not exceeding amount of dues paid will be made on stock of the association for any length of time.
- 14th. Now is the time to subscribe for stock. Apply to

G. E. BLAKE, Sec'y, Greencastle, Ind.

The I. & St. L. will sell tickets to the Indiana State Democratic Convention at Indianapolis, August 10th and 11th, at \$1.60 for the round trip tickets good to return until August 14th inclusive. A. H. Niles, Agt.

The Floyd Agricultural Society is called to meet at Center School house Saturday, Aug. 14, at 1 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of making arrangements for holding the fair. We want everybody to be present that feels an interest in the matter, especially the officers.

A. L. WRIGHT, Secy.

Dr. H. V. DeVore has purchased the Wilcox property on the corner of Washington and Locust streets, formerly occupied by A. L. Goodbar. The doctor secured a bargain in the purchase and will make it his home. The Star-Press last week either willfully misrepresented the facts in the above sale of real estate or took no pains to secure the truth in the case.

A full meeting of the G. A. R. post is desired next Monday evening for the consideration of important business. It is proposed to run another cheap excursion to Chicago this summer similar to the one conducted by this order last season, and the members are all wanted to be present to give their views and take action as to the time, rates, etc.

The alarm of fire last Friday night was caused by the burning of H. C. Hatfield's boot and shoe shop on Hanna street, immediately south of the east college. Mr. Hatfield's stock was entirely ruined, but having an insurance policy in the German American for \$500 his loss will be small. The building belonged to F. G. Hardin and was a total loss, there being no insurance.

The schools in the township have been provided with teachers about as follows: Junction school No. 1—G. W. Lyon and Alice Talbott Black

school, No. 2—Lena Bodimer. W. W. Allen school, No. 3—Ida Allen. Cowgill school, No. 5—Laura Shoptaugh. Crow school, No. 6—Mattie Steeg. Detrick school, No. 7—Enos Wood. Fox Ridge school, No. 9—C. B. Case and Maria Kelly.

The Vandala line will sell round trip excursion tickets to Indianapolis at one and one-third fare, good going Aug. 10 and 11, and returning including Aug. 13, '86.

J. S. DOWLING.

FILLMORE.

Mrs. M. A. Thorne and Ollie, of Delta Park Co., are visiting friends here this week.

Wm. Wysong has sold his stock of drugs to B. G. G. Wysong, who will continue the business at the old stand. Mr. Wysong will locate at Groveland.

J. W. Holt and wife, of Virginia, and a Wm. Brown, are here visiting his brother-in-law, Wm. Wysong this week.

FLOYD TOWNSHIP.

D. T. Summers has been appointed guardian of the minor heirs of Wm. Todd, Jr.

Several of the young folks took advantage of the cheap excursion to Indianapolis.

Simon Lisby has a new buggy.

The social event of the week was an ice cream supper at H. Wright's.

A further investigation into the relationship of J. W. Figg develops the fact that he is not only a cousin to Ben Harrison and Jeff Davis, but he is also a third cousin to the late Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War under President Lincoln. Who can beat this for a national relationship?

NEW MAYSVILLE.

Ed. Wendling, John Toole, J. H. Owens, J. B. Bowen and Z. W. Talbott went to Lafayette to see the sham battle and all come out all right but G. H. Owens. He did not

get enough meat for dinner, but paid for it all the same, and he feels sore over it.

A fine rain that was quite beneficial to the corn, which is on a boom.

Wheat about all threshed and a fair yield. Some oats to thresh yet.

Will Silvey had 1,480 bushels of wheat, machine measure.

Elder Gaily preached at the Baptist church last Sunday.

Will Cooper is on the sick list.

John Martin is still convalescent.

George Williamson has quit clerking for E. Perkins and taken a berth in the saw mill.

The saw-mill is running some now.

John Stevenson is having lumber sawed to build him a cattle barn.

Frank Gregory and Will Houser are hauling staves and heading to Coatsville for Louis Love, and Frank Richardson is hauling to Barnard.

Mr. Fields was in town Monday looking after staves.

In looking over the field for candidates for the county offices we would suggest L. B. Mills, of Jackson township as a suitable man to make the race for Recorder. A man that would make a good race, and if elected will make a first rate official.

The young folks had quite a lively time at Dave Sutherland's some night last week, and all enjoyed themselves highly.

ACTIVE, PUSHING AND RELIABLE.
Albert Allen can always be relied upon to carry in stock the purest and best goods, and sustains the reputation of being active, pushing and reliable, by recommending articles with well established merit and such as are popular. Having the agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, will sell it on positive guarantees. It will surely cure any and every affection of throat, lungs or chest, and in order to prove our claims we ask you to call and get a Trial Bottle Free.

Excursion to Lake Maxinkuckee.

The Vandalia line will run a cheap excursion from Terre Haute Saturday, August 14, and to return within 10 days at \$3.00 for the round trip. A regatta will be held at the lake on that date, band of music will accompany excursion and general good time will be had.

Fine office rooms to rent, second floor. Inquire of D. E. Williamson. 34tf

Want Your Wheat.

James P. Bryan & Co., will buy your wheat at the South Depot, Greencastle. Will pay the highest market price in cash. 3633.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

VANDALIA—East 3:06 a. m., 8:34 a. m., 2:15 p. m., 3:40 p. m. West 8:59 a. m., 1:06 p. m., 5:26 p. m., 11:58 p. m., 12:15 a. m.

I. & St. L.—East 1:32 a. m., 8:45 a. m., 2:34 p. m., 5:01 p. m. West 12:00 K night 8:15 a. m., 12:58 p. m., 7:00 p. m.

L. N. A. & C.—North 12:33 p. m., Limited 12:29 p. m., 12:52 a. m. South 2:23 p. m., Limited 2:51 p. m., 2:35 a. m.

NOTICE OF PETITION.

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council of the city of Greencastle in the county of Putnam and State of Indiana will present their petition to the Board of Commissioners of said county and State at its next regular September term, 1886, for the annexation of the following real estate in said county, to wit: a part of the West half of the South-west quarter and a part of the east half of the said southwest quarter, all in section No. 21, township No. 14, north of Range No. 4 west described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of said section 21, running thence west with the section line, one hundred and eighty-two feet; thence north at right angles to said section line; twenty-six hundred and thirty-four feet to the south side of Hanna street; thence east along the south side of said Hanna street about 1700 feet; and thence six feet to the west side of Indiana street in said city, thence in a southerly direction along the west side of said Indiana street about four hundred and forty feet, to the intersection of the east side of said west half of said southwest quarter of said section twenty-one; thence south on the east line of said west half of said southwest quarter of said section, to the place of beginning.

COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GREENCASTLE, July 27, 1886. ADDISON DAGGY, City Attorney

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

The State of Indiana, Putnam county, In the Putnam Circuit Court, September term, 1886.
James H. Smith vs. William B. Sutherland et al. Complaint, No. 3,874, to quiet title.

Now comes the plaintiff, by Lewis and Corwin, his attorneys, and files his complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said defendants, William B. Sutherland, deceased, Jacob Coughill, and the unknown heirs of Jacob Coughill, deceased, are not residents of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendants, that unless they be and appear, on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1886, The 13th judicial day of the next term of the Putnam Circuit Court, to be holden on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1886, at the Court House in Greencastle, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in their absence.

Witness my name, and the seal of said Court, affixed at Greencastle this 27th day of July, A. D. 1886.
JOHN W. LEE, Clerk.
55-31 By M. B. RUDISILL, Deputy.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

The State of Indiana, Putnam County, In the Putnam Circuit Court, Sept. Term 1886.
John W. Wallace vs. Hannah Parrish et al. Complaint No. 3867, to quiet title.

Now comes the plaintiff, by Lewis & Corwin, his attorneys, and files his complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said defendants, Hannah Parrish, Larkin Parrish, Henry Dorsett, Elizabeth Dorsett, Rachel Duty, William Duty, the unknown heirs of Rachel Duty, deceased, James Dorsett, Matilda Dorsett, the unknown heirs of Wiley Foster, deceased; Amanda Hurst, Allen Hurst, the unknown heirs of James McCannack, deceased; the unknown heirs of Jos. Shackelford, deceased; the unknown heirs of Lettie Dorsett, deceased; the unknown heirs of Duty Dorsett, deceased, are not residents of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said non-resident defendants, that unless they be and appear, on the seventh judicial day of the next term of the Putnam Circuit Court, to be holden on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1886, the same will be heard and determined in their absence.
Witness my name, and the seal of said Court, affixed at Greencastle, this 19 day of July, A. D. 1886.
JOHN W. LEE, Clerk.
34-31 By M. B. RUDISILL, Deputy.

100 Doses

One Dollar. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which this can be truly said; and it is an unanswerable argument as to the strength and positive economy of this great medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla is made of roots, herbs, barks, etc., long and favorably known for their power in purifying the blood; and in combination, proportion, and process, Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar to itself.

"For economy and comfort we use Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. C. BREWSTER, Buffalo.
"Hood's Sarsaparilla takes less time and quantity to show its effect than any other preparation I ever heard of. I would not be without it in the house." Mrs. C. A. M. HUBBARD, North Chili, N. Y. 100 Doses

One Dollar

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures scrofula, salt rheum, all humors, boils, pimples, general debility, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, catarrh, rheumatism, kidney and liver complaints, and all affections caused by impure blood or low condition of the system. Try it.

"I was severely afflicted with scrofula, and for over a year had two running sores on my neck. I took five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and consider myself entirely cured." C. E. LOVEJOY, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla did me an immense amount of good. My whole system has been built up and strengthened, my digestion improved, and my head relieved of the bad feeling. I consider it the best medicine I have ever used, and should not know how to do without it." MARY L. PERLE, Salem, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar.

New Lunch Counter!

The cheapest and best Lunch in the city at Ed. Hanemann's new Lunch Counter. The best

Pies and Cakes.

Fine Cider, and all the necessities for the inner man. Good cigars to smoke after you lunch. I also carry on a general grocery business. Call and see me.

—Ed. Hanemann—
West Side Square.

Shorthand

Phonography TAUGHT BY MAIL.

PITMANN'S SYSTEM!

For the benefit of those who wish to employ the summer vacation in learning this valuable art, I will make the following offer. For

\$25.00

One half in advance, balance after one month, I will engage to put any scholar beyond the need of a teacher, including the teaching of the "Manual" and the correcting of the "Companion" in accordance with the latest views on Phonography.

This offer will be open for two months.

Method of teaching recommended and indorsed by Messrs. Pitman and Howard of the Phonetic Institute.

For further information address
S. A. POTTER,
P. O. Box 333. No. 4, Temple Bar, CINCINNATI, O.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

Such is my health and strength, will have to retire, consequently will offer my

General Stock Merchandise

—OF ABOUT—
\$5 000

At Auction, commencing WEDNESDAY, AUG. 4th, and continue from day to day. Also my property will be offered the 12th, half cash at time of possession, balance in six and twelve months, in approved notes. Stock of goods bought for first-class trade. Property desirable for home and business. When you miss this sale of either

GOODS OR PROPERTY

You have ignored the chance of your life. The dawn of "better times" is at hand, commanding our confidence.

H. C. BLACK,
BAINBRIDGE, IND.

The best on earth, can truly be said of Grigg's Glycerine Salve, which is a sure, safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds, and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Sold by J. E. Allen & Co. 5 1 yr 7

NOW IS THE TIME!

To take stock in the second series of the

Putnam County Building, Loan and Trust Company.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - \$500,000.

OFFICE, GREENCASTLE, INDIANA.

Every citizen interested in his own welfare or the welfare of the community at large, should be posted in the workings of and benefits derived from incorporated bodies, known as Building and Loan Associations.

The house-holder or farmer who is now toiling to lift the mortgage from his home can, with the aid of these associations, soon pay off his mortgage and not feel the burden. The renter can soon have a home of his own and be at no heavier expense than his monthly rent usually amounts to.

Under the plan herewith submitted, which has been tried and proven superior to all others in neighboring cities, every member of the corporation shares in the earnings thereof and all are alike benefited.

Below is a synopsis of the plan under which the Putnam County Building, Loan and Trust Company is organized and incorporated:

Stock can be taken at any time by paying the entrance fee of 25 cents on each share and weekly dues on same from date of issue of said stock.

Money will be loaned on the first Tuesday in each month.

Premiums are payable weekly at the same time as dues.

Interest on all loans is only six per cent, per annum, payable monthly in advance.

Borrowers can pay their entire loan at any time by giving fifteen day's notice.

The profits are paid to members in semi-annual dividends.

The borrower receives cash to the full amount of the face of his note.

Short loans not exceeding ninety per cent. of the amount paid in by the borrower, can be made for ninety days or less, on stock security.

Entrance fee is only 25 cents per share.

Published statements of condition, profits, etc., will be made semi annually.

Members can withdraw their stock by giving the required notice at any time.

Persons desiring to take stock will find subscription books at the office of Geo. Hathaway, Secretary, Greencastle, Ind., Central Bank Block.

Subscriptions for stock can be made at any time.

Agent for the
John P. Manna Mower.
Dealer in Hardware. Agent for the National Sheet Metal Co.
Has on hand and for Sale Tin Shingles.
SOMETHING NEW.



Northeast Corner of Indiana & Columbia Streets, Greencastle, Ind.
George Bicknell.

Queensware
Glassware,
SUGARS
COFFEES
TEAS
&c., &c. &c.
—AT—
Darnall Bros & Co

B. F. HAYS & Co., MERCHANT TAILORS.
Hats, Caps and Trunks.
Laundry Agents. Ladies and Gents' Collars and Cuffs a specialty. Goods received until Wednesday and returned Saturday.

The best on earth, can truly be said of Grigg's Glycerine Salve, which is a sure, safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds, and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Sold by J. E. Allen & Co. 5 1 yr 7