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Hoosier School-Boy. BY EDWARD EGGLESTON. Price, \$1.00.

MERRILL, MEIGS & CO., No. 8 EAST WASHINGTON ST. Indianapolis.

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THE DAILY NEWS

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1883

HOOPER IN AN "INFANT TERRIBLE." Here he is, not yet back from his Philadelphia visit, and yet that "infant" is going to take a walk with Eye See dizzy.

The members of the commercial club of Chicago have contributed \$100,000 to establish a manual training school. The demand for this kind of education seems to be growing.

The state fair presents an unusually full exhibit, and it surpasses former displays in quality also. If the present splendid weather holds there should be a large attendance from the state and city.

The Evangelical alliance of St. Louis debated a good white on the proposition not to put church notices in Sunday newspapers, and then concluded to leave the question alone. St. Louis folks never do anything the way other folks do.

Now will the "New York Sun" welcome the Herald to "the family of two cent papers." The Sun is something like a character in a farce who is in a notorious situation, but doesn't show it, and his refrain is "How I am enjoying myself!"

A series of interviews of prominent preachers in New York, by the Tribune of that city, reveals an agreement in testimony that the churches are growing numerically as well as spiritually, and that there is no lack of charitable feeling among the denominations.

Tom Philadelphia Record reads the skies for signs of the times and rises to remark that the appearance of a comet without a tail this year is probably out of deference to the civil-service reform experiment; for a comet without a tail is run upon pretty much the same principles as a political party without official spoils to give away.

The resolutions adopted by the colored convention at Louisville, yesterday, were sound to the core, and there is exquisite humor in one of them alluding to the failure of Ireland to obtain its rights and the proffer of sympathy and good wishes to "our Irish friends." We look to the next labor meeting to take proper notice of this.

On the occasion of a young woman being killed some weeks since, by blowing up the gas, we said there would always be people who would blow out the gas and throw banana skins on the sidewalks. The sad death wrought by the former in this city, last night, and the conditions of the sidewalk constantly, point the truth of the observation.

Mr. McDonald, in the course of his argument stated that a suit of clothes could be bought in London for twenty-five dollars, but that in this country forty-five dollars, but that in this country forty-five dollars, but that in this country forty-five dollars.

Do you mean to say that the labor on a suit of clothes costs \$28 more in this country than it does in England, or that it costs \$23 at all? That is about as mendacious an insinuation as could be made.

Everywhere in New York city, says the Tribune, the tip must be paid. It is even more obligatory than the tip in the West. Men of consequence people do succeed in evading the greaser and outgearing the butcher, but no one escapes the tip-livers of New York. "Tip" it is proper to say is an Anglican for "fee" or gratuity. But the word is otherwise right. New York is worse cursed with this evil now than any city in the world, because the rate extorted is higher.

Outrages ought to know that republican information in this state, about democratic things political, is misinformation. Either through ignorance or mendacity, and as if by preconcert, they make it appear that McDonald has no strength in Indiana; that Hendricks owns the state, and that beside him McDonald is a pigmy, and so on in that vein. The truth is the republicans in this state would much rather have some other man to face than McDonald. The truth also is that as against Hendricks, McDonald could take the state away from him bodily, as against the "old ticket," that is another matter.

The New York Tribune sensibly and soundly says in discussing federal aid to education: "Why should the federal government be compelled to right all the wrongs of society? The more people learn to help themselves, and the less they lean upon the government for help, the better it will ultimately be for them. Education in the south is far from what it ought to be; but if the southern states will work wisely and patiently to make it better they will really succeed without any aid from outside sources. And the struggle itself will be the best possible education for them."

That is the kind of preaching we like to hear, and it can be properly preached not only to the federal-aid-to-education men, but to the most other federal-aid schemes.

The refusal of the colored convention at Louisville to approve the administration of President Arthur is a significant thing, and it means more upon its face than it appears to mean. "Who says we are for what they say?" some may say, but this convention itself is proof of a community of action that may in time make what they say of some weight. They are a solid phalanx of the republican party. They can't dictate, and perhaps will never try, but they can stand up and be counted, and their hostility to any approval of the Arthur administration illustrates the truth of the remark of the Providence Press, the other day, "Mr. Arthur has made a good administration, yet he does not represent the popular will."

The St. Louis Globe democrat pokes holes through John Roach's parade of figures which he made the other day showing that while foreign governments had spent something over three hundred million on their navies we had spent since the war only \$3,000,000 for new naval vessels. The Globe democrat says if this be so then the management of the navy department during these eighteen years has been unaccountably wasteful and extravagant. In the eighteen years, 1865-1883, the expenditures of the United States on account of the navy, in a time of profound peace, have amounted to not far from \$200,000,000. Only \$20,000,000 of this amount has been expended for new naval vessels, while there has remained \$180,000,000 gone to! It is notorious that any naval vessel worth anything is a very expensive one, and that even a small vessel, such as a gunboat, costs \$1,000,000 or more. It is not surprising, therefore, that the management of the navy department during these eighteen years has been unaccountably wasteful and extravagant. In the eighteen years, 1865-1883, the expenditures of the United States on account of the navy, in a time of profound peace, have amounted to not far from \$200,000,000. Only \$20,000,000 of this amount has been expended for new naval vessels, while there has remained \$180,000,000 gone to! It is notorious that any naval vessel worth anything is a very expensive one, and that even a small vessel, such as a gunboat, costs \$1,000,000 or more. It is not surprising, therefore, that the management of the navy department during these eighteen years has been unaccountably wasteful and extravagant.

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John Bull was the biggest ass in the world, and certainly one of the most "blow-in" specimens in this "Bill" Smith. The genius of American institutions is evidently as much a mystery to Bill as to the rest of his race. They never can get it through their thick skulls that there is no centralization in this country stronger than any other portion which by its exactions might force a break up. Coleridge once likened this country to a mirror which eventually would break up into magnificent fragments. This and Bill Smith's and most other English prophecies of the sort, it seems to us, are all based upon their understanding of government; a centralized power in England with London for its heart, and hence antagonistic interests in Ireland for example. So similarly they regard New York as the London of America and so on in that vein. The Rev. E. E. Hale in the current North American Review, in a paper on the "Social forces of the United States," shows most lucidly the absurdity of this error. It lies in the fact that instead of there being one center of interest and control in this country there are dozens. Congress doesn't occupy itself with one twentieth of the duties that devolve upon the English parliament and in many things is of nothing like the significance that thirty-eight other legislative bodies in this country are. Here is the counter-action. The interests of different parts of this country are different from other parts. That far Bill Smith was right. But those interests also have their independent expression and separate action. They may order their affairs in California as they please, we will do the same in Indiana, subject only in either case to some restrictions which are more matters of general convenience than matters of deprivation. This is something that the foreign Bill Smith men comprehend and hence it would be wiser for them to remain dumb with their amazement. The solid government in this world is this republic. It is not together up or down. Its union is not such as will ever make the diverging

It is not surprising that the management of the navy department during these eighteen years has been unaccountably wasteful and extravagant. In the eighteen years, 1865-1883, the expenditures of the United States on account of the navy, in a time of profound peace, have amounted to not far from \$200,000,000. Only \$20,000,000 of this amount has been expended for new naval vessels, while there has remained \$180,000,000 gone to! It is notorious that any naval vessel worth anything is a very expensive one, and that even a small vessel, such as a gunboat, costs \$1,000,000 or more. It is not surprising, therefore, that the management of the navy department during these eighteen years has been unaccountably wasteful and extravagant.

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\$10000 WORTH OF FINE ALASKA SEAL SACQUES DOLMANS, Fur-Lined Circulars, Etc. L.S. Ayres & Co. INDIANAPOLIS.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR VACHERON & CONSTANTIN PATEK PHILIPPE & CO'S CELEBRATED WATCHES. AMERICAN WATCHES. BINGHAM & WALK, 13 East Washington Street.

FOR WEDDING, Anniversary and Holiday Gifts IN DIAMONDS, WATCHES, Silverware, Clocks, Bronzes, Marble Statuary, Fine Cut Glass, Etc. Etc. You can do as well elsewhere as by sending your order to J. H. EAT. CURE ROSS & WRIGHT, Importers and Retailers, 114 1/2 W. WASHINGTON ST. DETROIT, MICH.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR Wedding or Birthday PRESENTS, It will pay to see the Beautiful Goods we are now showing. Elegantly Bound Volumes from \$1.75 to \$40. Bowen Stewart & Co., 13 WEST WASHINGTON ST.

ALL THE NEW DESIGNS IN Hair Goods. Now made up at M. E. PIERLAN'S 104 East Washington street.

E. J. HODGSON, ARCHITECT, Room 11 Fletcher & Sharpe's Block. A specialty made of Private Residences and Iron Buildings in any part of the State. Telephone 223.

Buy Your Shirts AND FURNISHING GOODS AND have your LAUNDRY done at HEADQUARTERS, West Washington St., News Building.

NEW ENGLAND 5-CENT LUNCH ROOM Will open FRIDAY, 29th September. Home-made Bread, Coffee, Tea, etc., and home-like surroundings. Convenient for Ladies, Clergymen, Children or Guests, from 10 to 12 o'clock. 74 North Penn. St.

IMMENSE DECLINE IN SUGARS. 100 lbs. Granulated Sugar.....\$1.00 11 lbs. Confectioners' "A"..... 1.25 12 lbs. Extra "C"..... 1.00 114 lbs. White Extra "C"..... 1.00

Henry Schwinge, 31 NORTH PENN. ST.

CITY NEWS.

Board of Trade will hold no grain call to-morrow. A meeting of the members of the thirtieth cavalry will be held to night at the Grand Army rooms. Frank M. Wright, the attorney, who fell upon the icy sidewalk in February last, breaking a leg, has sued the city for \$10,000 damages. Mrs. Shelley, of Indiana avenue, and Mrs. Stewart, of Michigan street, both had their pockets picked while standing the east market this morning. August Palm, an old man, stopping at the Illinois House, was invited into the alley in the rear of the Grand Hotel last night, by two men, who robbed him of \$10.00. Judge Walker has refused a divorce in the suit of Cass vs. Lydia B. Smith. The defendant was willing for the decree, but opposed the application because it reflected upon her reputation. George Gill, of Royaton, the alleged murderer of the Forman women, was released by Justice Fellman, last evening, the state failing to produce any evidence warranting commitment for grand jury action. George Toney, formerly of this city, left Burlington September 9, for Washington, Kansas. He was last heard of at St. Joe, Mo., but since that time his friends have been unable to gain any trace of him. The First Baptist church Sunday school will observe the annual harvest home festival on next Sunday afternoon. Rev. A. H. Currier and the pastor will deliver addresses, and there will be other exercises of interest to the children. The state treasurer will have extraordinary calls to meet next month. October 1 temporary loan bonds, \$5,000 will be paid, and interest on Purdue University, five per cent, to the amount of \$5,300, October 10. \$117,143.44, school fund will be distributed. Twelve democrats of the Twelfth ward, reinforced by township trustee, Elie and the Shelbyville platform, candidate for mayor, last night and nominated Enos B. Reed for council in the Twelfth ward. James B. Ryan tried to protest, but was suppressed. An Indiana division of the League of American Wheelmen has been organized, with J. M. Wainwright, Noblesville, president; G. W. Fay, Pittsboro, vice-president; M. E. Robinson, city, secretary and treasurer. The division will be governed by the rules and regulations of the Ohio branch. Yesterday a fish-baking, Chicagoan giving the name of T. J. they reached this city with a cargo of dried beef in cans, which he readily sold by sample at three cents under market price, and made to be inspected and skipped. The purchasers upon a closer inspection found that they had invested in compressed meat, and made to be inspected and skipped. The morning Williamson and Griffin purchased up the pounds of the stuff, and there is more to be seen.

THE STATE FAIR.

An Immense Attendance To-day—People Swarming in from Everywhere—Premiums Awarded—The weather continues most beautiful to-day and the consequent attendance at the state fair is immense. People have swarmed to the city to-day by thousands, and early this morning progress about the grounds and through the main building was difficult on account of the great crowd. Railroad trains come in jammed, and every sort of vehicle has been pressed into service to convey the people to the grounds. All this notwithstanding the big exhibitions in other cities almost as easily reached. The committee appointed to award the premiums continue actively at work. In the cattle department, William Fairweather, of Erie, Pa., has taken all the premiums. At the horse department, J. J. Seard & Sons, of New Carlisle, Ohio, Irvin York, of Darke county, Ohio, and William Higgins, of Meigs, Ind., for Devonshires; Fletcher, Holt & Co., for Herefords; W. O. Jackson & Sons, of Scotts Bend and A. W. Stillwell, of Royalton; Isaac Smock, of Southport; E. B. Boston, of Indianapolis; C. B. Robbins, of Greencastle; W. C. Smock, of Indianapolis; S. H. Hayes, of Elizabeth, O.; W. A. Ennis, of Clermont; James Riley, of Thebes, Ind.; E. S. Folsom, of Indianapolis; T. J. Quick, of Columbus, Ind.; J. F. Mendhall, of Indianapolis; O. W. Benson, of Tradesville; W. B. Frick, of Lawrence; J. H. Thomas, of Greencastle; J. H. Stanton, of Greencastle, and William Sigerson, of Winamac. For general purpose horses the winners were John Purke, of Pendleton; A. Bourge, of Cambridge; Don Ivie, of the association, of Laporte; Martin Burdy, of Fort Gibson; Burford & Kinser, of Deaville; J. R. Williams, E. S. Folsom and Pleasant Allman, of Indianapolis; J. T. Jurry, of Martinsville; C. B. Swearingen, J. V. Carter, of Clermont; L. L. Thomas, of Rushville, E. H. and William Peed of New-castle; and J. M. Davis, of Columbus. The 23rd trot yesterday afternoon was won by W. Benson's W. B. defeating Buck Dickman's Joe Jefferson and Col. Bates' Patchen. Time, 2:45 1-2, 2:41 1-2 and 2:41 1-2. For the three minute trot the entries were Buck Dickman's Blanche W., Ira Williams' Theodore, W. A. Stout's Dutch Girl and Wm. Porter's Brakeman. This race was not finished. Blanche W. was given the first heat. Theodore who came in first being put back for running. The latter took the second and third heats. Brakeman the fourth, while Dutch Girl and Theodore ran a dead heat in the fifth. The judges did not report the correct time in order to prevent records, a proceeding calculated to throw the whole racing feature of the fair into disrepute. Prof. King's balloon, "Eagle's Eye" is one of the greatest attractions of the fair. Yesterday Charles Dennis, of the Journal, and Frank Newby, of the When, went up about 300 feet. To-morrow afternoon the balloon will be cut loose, wind and weather permitting. The following is the program for to-morrow, the last day of the fair: Friday—At 9 o'clock a. m., sweepstakes on horse; sweepstakes on cattle and hogs; sweepstakes on hogs and sheep. Sped, 2 o'clock p. m. Free-for-all trot, purse \$400.

BASH BALL.

The Terre Haute defeated both Yesterday and To-day—O'Leary will stay in Indianapolis. The Indianapolis club easily defeated the Terre Haute nine this morning, the score standing 9 to 3. The batteries were Murphy and Kreimeyer. The home club scored seventeen hits, one a three bagger by Felix. Kerins scored three hits, but was considered enough to leave the left field fence standing. The Terre Haute made seven hits, one for three bases by Meyers. Donnelly for the visitors made some remarkable catches in center, capturing five "high fives." The same clubs are playing this afternoon. The game of ball, yesterday afternoon, between the Terre Haute and Indianapolis clubs was won by the latter by the score of 8 to 7. The pitchers were Yeoch for Indianapolis and Nelson for Terre Haute. Indianapolis earned five runs, made fifteen hits and three errors, and Terre Haute earned four runs, made ten hits and eight errors. The Indianapolis club has a list of engagements with strong clubs, beginning with two games with the Columbus nine to-morrow. The "biggers" have achieved sixth place in the league since their visit here early in the week, having defeated the Allegheny and Baltimore clubs. On Sunday the home club goes to Louisville to play. On Monday the O'Leary nine will start for St. Louis, where they will play the champions before visiting Cincinnati on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 12 and 13 the Chicago club will be here. Manager O'Leary has received his determination not to accept the management of the Indianapolis club next year, and, influenced by a large number of veteran friends, has decided to remain. He will go into business here for the winter, and will employ in the spring a ball emporium, stocked with balls, bats and the paraphernalia of the players. He will also engage in the cigar trade. Arrangement are being made by the sporting fraternity to give the Mr. O'Leary a reception on an extensive scale. The ball association will next year start out with a cash capital of over \$6,000. The capital stock will be increased to \$10,000. The present season has proved prosperous in a financial sense. The championship of the Northwestern League has been awarded to the Toledo club. All the clubs in the League will reorganize on a better basis next season and will improve their grounds greatly. The capital stock of several clubs will be increased, and an early effort will be made to secure some better players. Bob Harding returned to-day from a reunion of the old 47th Indiana (Yellow Hammer) at North Manchester, Wabash county. Four companies of the regiment were recruited from that immediate section, and for this reason, perhaps, the town and county threw wide their doors for the entertainment of old comrades. The "Yellow Hammer" were originally commanded by the late Gen. Jim Black, and many of the men who opened up the Mississippi river, were no inconsiderable part of the gallant Third Division, 13th corps.

CONSPICUOUSLY ABSENT.

FRATFILL & CO.'S USUAL PIANO DISPLAY NOT AT THE FAIR—THE REASON WHY. The incongruous presence of a large fruit display on the second floor, and near the center of Exposition hall, was too novel an occurrence to pass unquestioned, particularly as it was the same locality occupied last year by the mammoth musical instrument display of Theo. Pfaffin & Co., which occupied more than 700 square feet of floor space—all the more so as it was known that Mr. Pfaffin had made unusual preparations for an extraordinary exhibit this season. Inquiry brings out the fact that Mr. Pfaffin suffered great loss last year by exposure of pianos and organs in the open building, that he refused afterwards to offer the same stock for sale in this market, and does not deem it safe to trust an instrument thus exposed at the fair. To avoid this possible and still exhibit, Mr. Pfaffin made a proposition to the state board to provide him a room of adequate dimensions for his display, and in return he would furnish the fair with two free concerts each day, of a class of music which he, however, does not venture, compelled him to make his display at his own mammoth rooms on North Pennsylvania street, opposite the Grand Opera house. The firm have, therefore, made this an opening gala-day week at their store, and cordially invite fair visitors to drop in either going or coming from the grounds. Indeed it is difficult to see how a greater number could witness the display if it were at the fair instead of the store, so great has been the throng. Since the last state fair Mr. H. W. Holbrook, of Boston, has joined the firm of Theo. Pfaffin & Co., making an important addition of capital and experience, and dividing with Mr. Pfaffin the strain of a business already grown too large for one man to manage. The anomalous growth of business that has come to this house, with its comparatively young head, requires for explanation something more than the mere control of leading brands of pianos and organs, such as Chickering and Hallett & Davis. Of course this advantage is essential, but it is always wholesome to emphasize the business maxim so well expressed on all the printed matter of this house, viz: "complete satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded." It is useless to try to underestimate the value of such an evidence of good faith with the public. It is the same system of fair dealing upon which the "When" clothing store operates their gigantic business.

Our stock of Fall Underwear was never better, and we invite all buyers in search of Really Good Goods to come to PARKER'S, 14 East Wash. st.

Eleven Years Ago, When J. A. McKENZIE came to this city, the people that wanted a fine suit of clothes were obliged to pay tailors enormous prices or send to some other city for their goods. For ten years people have been sending to J. A. McKenzie from all parts of the West for goods, and each new sale makes a regular customer, as his goods stand the test exactly as represented.

Removed To 37 East Washington St., Three doors west of our last stand, where the NEW YORK ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE IS LOCATED NOW. MOSSLER BROS., Managers.

Grand Display of Wedding Presents In Brass, Bronze and China. NEW DESIGNS daily arriving from London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, together with Domestic Novelties. Chas. Mayer & Co. 30 AND 31 WEST WASHINGTON ST.

ALEX. TAGGART'S BAKERY, 20 NORTH EAST ST.

UPON THE GENERAL SALES BOOK AT THE WHEN CLOTHING STORE IS A RULED COLUMN, WHICH BEARS THE HEADING OF "Merchandise Returned!"

Into this column daily, for eight years (Sunday excepted) has been entered the lot and article of such goods as have been returned, and for which the money has been paid back. We admit that the transactions in this column have not been large, but such as they were they have received the same consideration at our hands as any other obligation. There may have been no legal necessity for this, but the principle was sound, and we introduced it here and have made it one of the features of the WHEN for eight years. It was a sound business principle, because it was an absolute guarantee to the consumer that our prices could not be beaten, for if they could, the purchaser was at liberty to RETURN THE GOODS AND GET HIS MONEY. And this proposition and guarantee has been sown broadcast upon the millions of bundles that have gone out from the WHEN. And note this difference: We did not say in a "LEGAL" document that, in three days, we would refund, and that on the fourth day our legal liability ended; but we said, at any time, at the option of the buyer, we will refund the money if the goods are not soiled, and there are cases where two years have elapsed and we raised no question. Further: There has not been an hour in the past twelve years, since the establishment of the first branch of Owen, Pixley & Co., that this principle has not been in force, and so long as the WHEN CLOTHING STORE, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 North Pennsylvania street, continues to exist, this principle will remain one of its Corner Stones.

A. L. WRIGHT & CO., 47 AND 49 SOUTH MERIDIAN ST. Carpets and Housefurnishing Goods, Are now offering Special Bargains in New Goods selected expressly for the Fall Trade of 1883. Buyers will find it to their advantage to examine our stock and learn our prices before buying.

THE MODEL Still Ahead! BUSINESS IS BOOMING! WHY? Because we are selling better made, better trimmed and better fitting clothing for Men, Boys and Children than all others. OUR CLOTHING IS ALL NEW. OUR FURNISHING GOODS ARE ALL NEW. OUR STORE IS NEW. OUR FIXTURES ARE NEW. EVERYTHING IN OUR HOUSE IS NEW. "THE MODEL" MAKES THEIR CLOTHING IN THEIR WHOLESALE FACTORY, Hence can and do sell their Goods at Wholesale Prices, AND WILL SAVE YOU FULLY 20 PER CENT. The Best \$10 and \$12 Men's Suits in the world. REMEMBER! "THE MODEL" Is the first and only house in this City or State that gives A Legal Guarantee with all the clothing sold by them. If you buy from us once, you will never trade anywhere else. WE HAVE COME HERE TO STAY. We defy any and all competition. You will be well pleased with our MODEL Store, our MODEL Stock and our MODEL manner of doing business. WE ARE GIVING AWAY THIS WEEK to all customers handsome Looking Glass Plaques and Pocket Memorandum Slate Books. If you want anything in the line of CLOTHING or FURNISHING GOODS, go to the POPULAR, SQUARE DEALING, ONE PRICE, MODEL Clothing Company 43 and 45 E. Washington St. 18 and 20 S. Pennsylvania St. Be sure you call and see our Elevated Cash Railway System, the first and only one in the city.