

ODD FELLOWS,

And Delegates to all other Conventions, are hereby notified that the

New York One-Price

CLOTHING HOUSE,

37 E. Washington st.,

Are 500 Scotch Summer Suits for \$9.50, \$12.50, \$15, \$17.50, \$20 and \$22.50. Also 1000 Linen suits at prices ranging from \$4 to \$13.50.

L. I. MOSSLER & BRO.

THE LARGEST

AND

Finest Assortment

PARLOR AND DECORATIVE

Papers,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE,

AT

ADAMS, MANSUR & CO.'S

FOR SALE

FOR SALE--FRESH MAPLE SYRUP AT Culloden Bros., 623 North Illinois st.

FOR SALE--SIGHT DRAFTS ON ENGLAND, Ireland and Scotland. D. K. SNEYDER, 16 N. Meridian street.

FOR SALE--A GOOD SECOND-HAND phonograph. Apply at Wood & Worman's stable, Court street.

FOR SALE--THE NICEST PONY IN town. Can be seen at Mr. Hinesley's livery stable for three days.

FOR SALE--AN OPEN WAGON, TWO SEATS, light and in good order. Inquire at Drew's Livery Stable, Court street.

FOR SALE--LETTER COPYING PRESS. Inquire of A. S. WARD, R. R. Ticket Office, 11 North Meridian st.

FOR SALE--A GOOD HOUSE AND LOT ON Chatwick street; house has 5 rooms stable, etc. price \$1000. Apply, after 6 p. m., at 191 East Washington street, up-stairs.

FOR SALE--A SPENDID MULE. INQUIRE at Gates & Pray's stables, or of Winter, the Painter, corner Washington and Meridian streets, or will trade for a trusty horse.

FOR SALE--ANY PERSON INTENDING TO buy a Grover & Baker sewing machine for cash can purchase a first-class new one, at a discount. Address AJAX, News office.

FOR SALE--NEW TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, just completed on North street in rear of California street N. E. Church; payments liberal. Inquire of R. S. DAVIS, on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TRADE--IN THAT LITTLE brook near the babbling brook, a few lots of Brookside avenue, at reasonable rates and good terms. Call on W. S. WOODS, 25 South Alabama street.

FOR SALE--A GOOD BUSINESS BOOT AND Shoe, on Washington street. The location commands a good custom, and a good business has always been done by the present owner. Change of business is the cause of his selling. JAMES FRANK, in Gramling's Building, 53 East Washington street.

FOR SALE OR TRADE--FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE near N. W. C. University, cheap; \$6,000 long time. Thoroughly furnished, or will trade for open-top buggy, two seats. Han nanian villa, 5 acres, north, \$500 per acre. Vacant lots in that beautiful grove north of University or will trade for a trusty horse. Call at 5 and 6 Parker's Block, North Delaware street.

ESTRAY.

STRAYED OR STOLEN--A LIGHT RED COW, with a rope around her horns and but three teeth. The finder will be rewarded by calling at 26 E. Washington st. BUGHAN BROS.

STRAYED--A FRESH MILCH COW, ROAN color, with white face and nice shaped horns two teeth on right side longer than the others, about 4 or 5 years old. A liberal reward will be paid for information that will lead to her recovery at 272 Blake street, or 26 South Meridian street. NICK MCGINNIS.

LOST.

LOST--HALF IN NOT BUYING FISHES, FRAMES, MIRRORS, etc., for cash, at 136 East Washington street. An immense stock.

FOUND.

FOUND--PICTURES, FRAMES, MIRRORS, etc., at half price for cash at 136 East Washington street. Secure bargains while they go.

BOARDING.

BOARDING--A FEW DAY BOARDERS CAN be accommodated at No. 30 South Tennessee street.

BOARDING--AN UNFURNISHED ROOM FOR guest and wife, at Mrs. KENNEDY'S, 19 W. Ohio st.

TO LOAN.

TO LOAN--MONEY ON JEWELRY, CLOTHING, furniture, etc., at City Loan Office, 106 N. N. third st.

WANTED.

Letters addressed simply to the number of a box, and without the name of the party for whom intended, are not to be delivered, but sent to the Dead Letter Office, in accordance with Section 60, Regulation of 1866, U. S. Laws.

WANTED--A GOOD GIRL, AT 160 VIRGINIA avenue.

WANTED--SEAMSTRESS, AT NO. 500 NORTH Illinois street.

WANTED--BOY AT 32 SOUTH MERIDIAN street, up-stairs.

WANTED--NURSE GIRL, AT 402 NORTH New Jersey street.

WANTED--A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK AT 170 E. South street.

WANTED--BOARDERS, WITH OR WITHOUT rooms, at 174 Virginia avenue.

WANTED--ONE BOY AND ONE GIRL FOR dining-room, at Pattison House.

WANTED--A GOOD GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK and cook, 215 N. Pennsylvania.

WANTED--WE CAN ACCOMMODATE SEVEN boarders at 76 Kentucky avenue.

WANTED--GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK; WAGES liberal, 402 North New Jersey st.

WANTED--SIX GOOD YOUNG MEN FOR canvassers for picture engraving.

WANTED--GOOD GIRL TO DO KITCHEN AND dining-room work, 238 East Market st.

WANTED--BOARDERS, WITH OR WITHOUT rooms, Apply at 204 North Illinois st.

WANTED--A HOME FOR A SMART BOY FIVE years old. Call at Room 75 Little's Hotel.

WANTED--IMMEDIATELY, TWO MEN TO work in the lumber yard at 456 East Ohio street.

WANTED--TWO GOOD DINING-ROOM GIRLS and a colored boy, to wait on table at 69 West Market street.

WANTED--A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages given. Apply at 36 North East street.

WANTED--A FEW BOARDERS CAN be accommodated with good rooms and board at 86 North East street.

WANTED--YOU TO GO TO E. MARKET, AND get your new pumps put in or the old ones repaired, 36 1/2 Indiana ave.

WANTED--IMMEDIATELY, A BOY ABOUT 12 years old. Inquire at 69 West Market street, between 9 and 11 A. N.

WANTED--A GERMAN OR AN AMERICAN girl, at 432 North Pennsylvania street; small family; good wages for a good girl.

WANTED--TO RENT HOUSE OF 7 TO 9 ROOMS, north of Washington street. Address, stating terms, etc., E. P. News office.

WANTED.

WANTED--A GOOD GIRL, NO. 104 SOUTH Illinois street.

WANTED--A FEW DAY BOARDERS AT J. BALFOUR'S restaurant, 64 Indiana avenue. Ice cream confectionery, etc., etc.

WANTED--TO PURCHASE A FAMILY HORSE, and pay for same in painting. WINTER, Painter, corner Washington and Meridian sts. in ft.

WANTED--GOOD MEAT AND PASTRY COOK to go to Danville, Ill.; good wages. Call at Mason House. Good woman cook preferred.

FOR RENT--PART OF STORE ROOM. APPLY at 67 E. Washington street.

FOR RENT--BRICK WAREHOUSE, 34x22. Inquire 161 E. Washington.

FOR RENT--THREE ROOMS TO MAN AND wife only, 272 N. Railroad street.

FOR RENT--TWO OFFICE ROOMS, 5 AND 6 Parzer's Block, N. Delaware street.

FOR RENT--PLEASANT FRONT ROOMS, with board, at 224 East Market street.

FOR RENT--UNFURNISHED ROOMS, WITHOUT board. Apply at 73 Massachusetts ave. us ft.

FOR RENT--A FURNISHED ROOM, WITHOUT board. Call at No. 228 East Louisiana street.

FOR RENT--WITH BOARD, ONE UNFURNISHED room, suitable for a family, at 140 N. Alabama street.

FOR RENT--ONE FRONT ROOM, UNFURNISHED, with or without board, with board, at 35 West Ohio street.

FOR RENT--SLEEPING ROOM--FRONT ROOM, with or without board. Inquire next door, W. A. BASTON.

FOR RENT--TWO NICE ROOMS, FURNISHED, with or without board, at 20 West Georgia street.

FOR RENT--ONE UNFURNISHED ROOM, suitable for gentlemen and wife or two gentlemen. No. 24 West Georgia street.

FOR RENT--A DWELLING HOUSE, NO. 419 North Illinois street. Apply at 24 1/2 East Washington street. T. OS. L. SULLIVAN.

FOR RENT--STORE ROOM ON WASHINGTON street, 150 feet deep; well lighted and plate glass front of latest style. Inquire next door, W. A. BASTON.

FOR RENT--A NEW HOUSE OF TEN ROOMS and summer kitchen, convenient, nicely finished and in good location. Address E. P. News office.

FOR RENT--A LARGE UNFURNISHED FRONT room, with board; no other boarders in the family; none but first class. Apply at 337 South Meridian st.

FOR RENT--TWO STORY BRICK, 10 ROOMS, \$80 per month. Two-story brick, 18 rooms, \$85 per month. MOTHERHEAD & JOSEPH, 18 North Meridian street.

FOR RENT--AN UNFURNISHED FRONT room, for man and wife, with board, at 213 N. Pennsylvania street. Also, a few boarders can be accommodated.

FOR RENT--TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS ON second floor; none but small families need apply. Also, one young man of good habits, to board in family, at 226 Virginia avenue.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Powerful Movement to Defeat Greeley.

The Administration Mixed up With It.

Further Particulars of Our Spanish Complications.

Alarming Increase of Small Pox at Dayton.

Etc. Etc. Etc.

Hon. Daniel R. Sickles, United States Minister to Spain, has arrived in Madrid.

Preparations are making for a Greeley ratification meeting at Union Square, New York city, on the 25th.

Nemaha county, Nebraska, has voted \$130,000 to aid the Trunk Railroad to make a connection with St. Louis.

Under the will of late Miss Nabbie Joy, of Boston, the sum of \$250,000 has been appropriated to public charities in sums ranging from \$200 to \$20,000.

The knitting mill of John Maxwell, at Amsterdam, New York, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The loss is estimated at \$45,000, insured for \$20,000.

The Illinois Republican State Convention meets at Springfield to-day. A full State ticket will be nominated and delegates selected to the Philadelphia Convention.

The Daily Press of Lexington, Kentucky, contains an editorial article authoritatively denying the statement that John C. Breckinridge has announced his intention to support Mr. Greeley.

The Collector of Internal Revenue at Albany, N. Y., has been ordered to seize the property of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, to secure the payment of the scrip dividend tax.

The Republicans of the Third Congressional District of Maine met yesterday and unanimously nominated Hon. J. G. Blaine for Representative to Congress. This is Blaine's sixth nomination.

The Court of Impeachment for the trial of Judge Barnard will meet at Albany, New York, to-day, to determine the time and place for holding the court, and also give formal notice to the accused.

A board of examiners appointed by the Hon. Wm. Williams, of New York, to select a young man to fill the naval cadetship at the children attending the school to report on the progress of the American flag, has the honor of naming the son of a poor laboring man.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has reduced the fare from Cincinnati to Philadelphia and return to the Republican National Convention to \$18, with the privilege of visiting Washington on the same ticket.

The Methodist General Conference yesterday elected the following Bishops: W. L. Harris, Central Ohio; R. S. Foster, New York; Thomas Bowman, Indiana; I. W. Wiley, Cincinnati; and S. M. Merrill, Cincinnati.

The German composer Franz Abt received an enthusiastic welcome yesterday from his countrymen of Buffalo, New York. The different German singing societies have arranged a grand programme for his entertainment.

President Guzman Blanco, of Lagunayra, completely defeated Solazar. It is reported that Solazar escaped with only 200 men, and that the government troops are in close pursuit. The Spanish difficulty will be settled amicably.

A fire Monday night destroyed two wheat houses at Hudson, Wisconsin, owned respectively by Coon & Pat and C. D. Powers. The former contained 18,000 bushels of wheat, in the latter the quantity is unknown. Loss between thirty and forty thousand dollars; partially insured.

In the case of Henry Peck against the New York Central Railroad, at Norwich, Connecticut, for damages for being put off the palace car for refusing to pay extra fare for a drawing room car, when an ordinary car of the drawing room train was full, the jury returned a verdict of \$8,000.

WASHINGTON. The Robeson Investigation--Etc. (Special to the New York Tribune.)

WASHINGTON, May 21.--The Robeson Investigation Committee held a final meeting and listened to the reading of the minority report signed by Sargent, Peters and Warner, fully exonerating the Secretary from any violation of law or blame of any sort in the transaction investigated, had previously been submitted to the Committee. Mr. Blair's report takes the ground that the law was violated in the payment of the second claim and severely censured Robeson for his action in the premises.

Mr. Robeson, Democratic member of the Committee, stated that while he disagreed to the majority report he could not fully concur with Mr. Blair on all his arguments and conclusions. He will prepare a short statement defining his views and present it as a second minority report.

All three reports will be made to the House to-day and the Committee discharged from further service.

There has been, within the past few days, a rumor circulated very quietly to the effect that a powerful movement has been organized to defeat the ratification of the nomination of Horace Greeley by the Baltimore Convention. The parties in this movement are said to embrace wealthy business men and bondholders, who believe that Mr. Greeley, if elected, would not take such a course as to retain our present high financial standing among the Nations of the world, and also men of the Dan. Voorhees stripe, who are opposed to Greeley on every account, by free traders in the West, and by all dissatisfied Republicans, who failed to secure the nomination of their candidates at Cincinnati. It is represented that circulars of a confidential nature have been sent out; that letters have been written to various parts of the country, and that the movement has already such an impetus as to secure the nomination at Baltimore of a Republican whose views in the past have been of a more conservative and less pronounced character than those of Mr. Greeley, and whose personal record has been more consistent. Reports even go so far as to say that the Administration has encouraged this movement, and is lending what force it can to the furtherance of its object, viz: the defeat of Greeley and the election of Grant. It is freely charged that a conspiracy to this end has been worked up between the Administration men and the straight-out Democrats of the Voorhees stripe. The fact that this important political project has but just been made public, induces the belief that it is of recent origin, and less powerful than reported; but that such a project is on foot there is little doubt.

INDIANA ITEMS. All the blast furnaces in Clay county are now in blast, and turn out about 115 tons of pig per day, or at the rate of more than four thousand tons per year.

James McGrew, Esq., a prominent young lawyer of Warsaw, died at Fort Wayne last Saturday from nervous prostration, resulting from having a number of teeth extracted.

At Decatur, on Monday, a man whose name is not given, was arrested for forgery. Upon being taken to jail he tried to cut his throat with a knife, and after being confined in his cell he hung himself with a piece of shirt, but before he was dead the cloth tore in two, and he fell to the floor. He will probably recover.

[Special to the Cincinnati Gazette.]

The Senate Finance Committee worked nearly all day on the House revenue bill, and to the extent of \$17,000,000, making the total reduction \$80,000,000. The committee as a whole seems inclined to go in the same direction, as far as there is a probability of the House following without endangering the bill. The principal reductions proposed by the Senate committee are removing the tax on bank deposits and all other taxes, except on liquors and tobacco. A revised estimate made to-day at the Treasury fixes the total reduction on the House bill at \$43,633,778; reduction on tobacco, \$7,038,000; gas, \$2,300,000; stamps, \$3,650,000; bank deposits, \$3,000,000.

The character of Butler's speech on the treaty became known this morning. There is no disguising the fact that the almost universal feeling here, as expressed in private by those who are supporting the proposed new treaty, is that the national dignity and honor are being weighed against dollars.

Persons whose relations to the President are such as should enable them to know, declare that personally he is still in favor of making no concessions to the later demands of England, and allowing the latter to withdraw from the conference if she chooses. He has yielded his own judgment at the suggestion of Secretary Fish and other great financial combinations of the country, including the Treasury Department, so far as to place the matter before the Senate. The latter party was beset and besieged by men who would not have dared to approach the President, and these, with the more reputable representatives of our great operators in the money markets, are leaving untried no avenues of approach to the Senate, in the hope of allaying all differences with England which might affect the market for stocks or bonds. The Senate will take up the treaty to-morrow.

NEW YORK CITY. Our Difficulties with the Spanish Steamers, etc. New York, May 22.--The Herald of this morning publishes the official report of Lieutenant Commander White of the Department regarding his action in protesting the steamer Virginia, which he conveyed to sea at the request of the American Consul at Aspinwall, the Spanish man-of-war Pizarro. The attitude of Commander White in making resolution to resent insult to the American flag has the unqualified approval of the Secretary of the Navy.

The receipt of the report from Aspinwall of the gallant action of Lieutenant Commander White has greatly increased the anxiety of the Navy Department to hear from Captain Davis, of the Wyoming, relative to the protection of the Edgar Stewart at Kingston. The latest intelligence is to the effect that the Edgar Stewart, Wyoming and the Spanish man-of-war Borgia steamed out of Harbor of Kingston on the morning of the 17th. The Stewart determined to escape. The Borgia and Wyoming were ready for action. The Borgia carrying the same number of guns as the Wyoming. Captain Davis is fully authorized to pour a broadside into the Borgia under the slightest intimation of any interference with the Stewart.

A meeting of the National Rifle Association, held last evening, when it was recommended that steps be taken to procure the passage of an act admitting articles required for use in target shooting free of duty.

OHIO. Alarming Increase of Small Pox at Dayton. Dayton, May 22.--Dayton has no more than recovered from the wide spread attack of cerebro spinal meningitis than she is seized with smallpox in a violent form. The disease is increasing at the rate of twenty-seven daily. At a special meeting of the Board of Health yesterday, a committee of three was appointed to examine the sanitary state of the children attending the schools, to report their observations immediately. A committee was also appointed to examine buildings, with a view to turning them into pest houses, and report at a special meeting to-morrow. Most of the cases of disease are in the vicinity of the Wayne Street Market House and along Hickory street.

The Sixth District School has been dismissed, and it is very likely others will be.

MICHIGAN.

Resolutions of Respect--A Determined Suicide. DETROIT, May 22.--In the United States District Court, yesterday, suitable resolutions in regard to the death of the late Judge Wilkins were made.

A man named Charles Boez cut his wife with a little hatchet. He then stabbed himself in the abdomen, next jumped into a shallow well and probably crawled out, and killed himself by knocking himself in the head with a hammer. The woman will probably recover. Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause.

A Practical View of Umbrellas. The Chicago Post says: Among the uses to which an umbrella may be put is poking an utter stranger, afflicted with lumbago, in the back, under the impression that he is Smith. It also serves to keep off the rain; first, when it does not rain, when it does rain, it uses in the first event are palpable to the most naked eye. The second case may be practically illustrated by taking an umbrella down town of a cloudy morning. The inevitable result is that the skies clear up toward nine o'clock, and you return home in a sweetening cloud of sunlight and sufficed with your bearings with an umbrella, which conveys all who meet you that you are a little erratic or very shiftless. If the table-talker were an honest farmer suffering from a corner in rain, he would put on a pair of patent leather boots and a light spring suit, and go on a long walk with him, and if you are not obliged to be sure to rain combined mowers and reapers--let alone pitchforks--before night, Umbrellas are not considered private property, any more than the air of heaven and the rain which falleth alike upon the Democrat and Republican. You may take one with impunity at any time, if you are not observed. The last characteristic of the umbrella is its Protean power of changing shapes. You may leave a bran new number-3 silk with an ivory and rosewood handle at any public gathering, taking therefor a check, and within three hours it will transform itself into light blue or faded brown cotton, somewhat less in size than a circus tent, with a handle like a telegraph pole, and five fractured ribs.

THE COURT.

Superior--Room No. 1--Judge Reed. L. J. State ex rel. HARRIS, Attorney General, vs. Samuel M. BURGESS, The Defendant's attorney, to the complainant was overruled by the Court, and he then filed a denial to the allegations of the complaint, and demanded proof.

Room No. 2--Judge Blair. No. 1598. Ernest J. Muehlbig vs. Charles Topp, et al. Complaint for conversion of personal property. On trial by jury.

CRIMINAL--Judge Elliott. Charles Riggs was acquitted of the grand larceny charge that it is held to await trial upon another indictment.

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Transfers of Real Estate.

The following transfers were filed for record since noon yesterday:

Elizabeth R. Taylor et al. to Wm. L. Author, lot 1 in Spang & Co.'s 1st sub of pt of sec 7, T. 4, R. 4, W. 100.

Wm. G. Wiley and Luther R. Martin and wife to Harrison W. Ballard, lots 19 and 20 in Cincinnati and Chicago Railroad Company's add, sec 10, T. 4, R. 4, W. 100.

Benajah H. Carter and wife to Mahlon J. Dickson and John A. Dickson, 3 feet of side lot 14 in Sideman's add, sec 8.

Elizabeth Cole to John M. Olcott, pt lot 95 in Orin Butler's add, sec 10.

Max C. L. Stern to Matthias M. Hook, lot 1 in Stern's sub in O. 1st, R. 4, W. 100.

Jesse F. Murphy and Henry P. Thomas and wife to Matthias M. Hook, lot 39 in Ingram Fletcher's second add, sec 10.

Ingram Fletcher and wife to Wm. Nichols, lot 24 in Ingram Fletcher's add, sec 10.

Roberts J. Steffy and husband to Wm. Nichols, lot 47 in Alford's sub of E. P. & S. K. Fletcher's addition, sec 10.

Ad. Seidenbacher and A. Naitner and wife to Anton Fred. Bauer, lots 2, 3 and 4 in Seidenbacher & Naitner's add, sec 10.

George B. Edward and wife to J. M. Tillo, lot 45 in Edward's sub of part of Johnson's heirs' add, sec 10.

Phoebe M. Daugherty and husband to the Brothers of the Sacred Heart, lots 13, 14 and 15 in Daugherty's sub of O. 1st, R. 4, W. 100.

Jennett's add, sec 10. Emily J. Connelly, 17 in Ridenour's add, sec 10.

Nicholas McCarty and wife to Peter Bell, lot 1 in Ludwig Kroley, 106 in McCarty's sub of O. 1st, R. 4, W. 100.

William H. McLaughlin and wife to John May, 2 in Smith & Vandres sub of pt of Drake's add, sec 10. Total \$5,000,000.

County Expenses.

We give below the principal items of expense of Marion county during the quarter ending May 1.

Superior Court.....\$4,952 90
Original.....1,041 11
Civil Circuit.....682 40
County Commissioners.....245 70
Inquests.....245 70
Insane.....245 70
County Court House.....6,868 98
County Asylum.....6,192 43
Expense for poor.....3,192 43
Assessing Revenue.....4,721 40
Books and Stationery.....3,575 87
Washington street bridge.....5,888 87
General Bridges.....201 31
Criminals.....3,000 00
Public Buildings.....701 57
Fuel and Gas.....892 00

STONE CAMEOS

Of marked artistic merit, mounted in the most novel and attractive styles.

Diamond Jewelry

Comprising many exceptionally rare specimens in Single Stones, as well as in carefully Matched Pairs, deserving especial interest from the daily increasing difficulty of procuring Stones of fine material, intelligently and accurately cut.

GOLCLAZER'S,

Sign "Illuminated Clock," 14 E. Washington Street.

SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

MASONIC LODGES. CENTER LODGE, No. 21--N. R. Ruckle, W. M.; Charles Fisher, Secretary. Meets in Etina Building.

THE EVENING NEWS.

JOHN H. HOLLIDAY, PROPRIETOR.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1872.

THE EVENING NEWS IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEEK-DAY AFTERNOON, AT FOUR O'CLOCK, AT THE OFFICE, NORTHEAST CORNER OF MERIDIAN AND CIRCLE STREETS.

PRICE: TWO CENTS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS: Subscribers served by carriers in any part of the city at ten cents per week. Subscribers served by mail, one copy one month \$1.00. One copy for three months \$2.50. One copy for one year \$10.00.

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

Is a handsome eight column folio, published every Wednesday. Price, \$1.00 per year. Specimens copies sent free on application.

ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED AT EDITORIAL RATE.

The Treaty muddle is still in statu quo.

MR. GREELY has written a letter accepting the Cincinnati nomination, which we give in another column.

The report of the investigation of the New York Custom House will be presented to the Senate next week. An artistic job of whitewashing may be looked for.

The Indian Agent telegraphs from Fort Benton that the report of a Sioux war and general outbreak are totally unfounded. The best good feeling and disposition towards the government and the citizens prevails.

We hope the project to raise money to build a soldiers' monument in Circle Park, will be pushed on Decoration Day. Something of the sort ought to have been done long ago. A considerable amount is already promised, and the State should pay at least half the cost.

The arrival of emigrants now is unusually large, and the indications are that it will continue all summer. Over ten thousand were received at Castle Garden, New York, on Monday, being the largest number landed in one day, since the establishment of the institution.

REV. DR. BOWMAN, President of Asbury University, was yesterday elected one of the Bishops of the M. E. Church, upon the first ballot. So much was certainly due to Indiana, and in the whole range of the church a more fitting selection could not have been made.

A FOURTH Presidential ticket will probably be put in the field to-day by the Anti-Secret Society Convention, now in session at Oberlin, Ohio. Hadn't President Finney better finish his crusade first, which he has sworn shall not end until every secret society in the country is broken up.

The House has evidently become satisfied that it cannot improve the bill reducing internal revenue taxation and has accepted it just as it came from the committee. The Senate will take up the bill this week and will probably accept it substantially as it comes from the House. A Washington telegram says the tariff stands just as it was left by the Committee of the Whole last Friday, and provides for a horizontal reduction of ten per cent. The bill as it stands reduces taxation about fifty million dollars. There are twenty-nine millions of reduction on the tariff alone.

The Bourbon papers have a great deal to say just now about consistency, and profess to wonder how a man who favored the suppression of the rebels can now consent to forgive the rebels and bury past grievances. Such a hunting up of old files, and such an examination of old speeches and votes as there has been since the Cincinnati Convention, has not been seen for many a day. On the subject of consistency the New York Tribune well says:

There is no more inconsistency in a man's favoring the rebels in 1863 and full amnesty in 1872 than there is in wearing furs in January and linen in July. It is only when a man's past acts show him to have been unwise, untrustworthy or corrupt, that it is worth while to call them up against him. It is only occasion has passed by which justifies us in showing that when this ferocious virtue was needed it was lacking.

Come what, come may, and whether time and the hour run through the roughest day or not there is one Democratic paper that will never accept Greeley as a candidate. It will die in its own gore first and with its last expiring breath will raise a yelp of contentment over its "consistency." Need we say that it is Pomeroy's Democrat, red-hot "Bricks," who thus slips over in all the glory of italics and caps. Principles not men, is the fiery Pomeroy's motto, and like a steed of the Ukraine breed will he thus rush on to destruction:

"While the followers of Greeley are citing to Democrats who will support him, let them bear in mind that here is one Democrat, and one Democratic paper, which goes direct from this office to fifteen thousand three hundred and sixty-four post-offices, which WILL NOT support or endorse Horace Greeley for the Presidency, no matter if a thousand contentions nominate him, or if to maintain our position and defend our principle, we part company with every subscriber whose name is on our books."

The House yesterday voted to subsidize the Pacific Mail Steamship Company to the tune of one million dollars a year. The money might as well have been thrown into a blast furnace. Subsidies will never keep alive any enterprise. They only stimulate it and produce death. The Pacific Mail Company is likely to be killed off soon enough. An English company with a capital of fifteen millions of dollars has been organized to enter the trade, and with their cheaply built iron propellers our expensive side wheel steam-

ers, which are run at great cost, can never compete. It won't take more than a year or two to drive them out of the field, and our only foreign steamship line will have been swallowed by the English. There is one way in which this line could be maintained without subsidies, and a way in which other lines could be created. That is to allow our citizens to buy ships wherever they can get them the cheapest, and then give them American registry. But this is not to be done because it might hurt a little ring of shipbuilders, whose entire capital doesn't amount to much more than would be required to build one first class ship.

My Neighbor.

BY GERALD MASSEY.

"Love thy neighbor," we are told, "Even as thyself." That creed I hold; But love her more, a thousand fold;

My lonely neighbor; oh, I meet In lonely lane or crowded street; I know the music of her feet.

She little thinks how, on a day She must have missed her usual way, And walked into my heart for aye.

Or how the rustle of her dress Thrills through me like a soft caress, With trembles of deliciousness.

Wee woman, with her smiling mien, And soul celestially serene, The passed me, unconscious Queen!

Her face most innocently good, Where she's so sweetly and so good, Her form a nest of Womanhood!

Like Raleigh—for her dainty tread When ways are nigh—I could spread My cloak, but there's my heart instead.

Ah Neighbor, you will never know Why 'tis my step is quickened so; Nor what the prayer I murmur low.

I see you 'mid your flowers at morn, Fresh as the rosebud newly born; I marvel, can you have a thorn?

If so, 'twere sweet to lean one's breast Against it, and, the more it prest, Sing like the Bird that Pain has best.

You know not, dear, how dear you be; All dearer for the sorrow; Nothing and yet a world to me!

"SCRAPS."

General Longstreet is to make his home in Adrian.

Ninety-three in the shade at Jacksonville, Florida.

Strawberries are a drug in the Chatanooga market.

Punch and Judy still attract large crowds on Boston common.

A veritable panther has been seen near Thomasville, Georgia.

The mosquitoes in the Big Hatchie bottom, Tennessee, are so big they bark.

An old bachelor wishes to have all the women hooped who "burst out crying."

The English papers treat Charles Reade very gingerly, he being much of a bully.

Victor Emmanuel dresses like a North American Indian when he goes hunting.

The census returns for 1870 show that the wealth per capita of the population of Illinois is \$835.54.

In 1865 it cost the city \$28.53 for each pupil educated in the public schools of Boston. In 1871 it cost \$42.86.

A vicious alligator in St. Augustine posted itself in the street, and fought his assailants bravely until he was killed.

Ladies now stalk the streets with parasols that have handles four feet long, apparently made for climbing purposes.

Tobacco users are informed that it is not nicotine but picoline that poisons, and will conduct themselves accordingly.

The wig worn by Mr. Jefferson in the last act of "Rip Van Winkle," is said to be worth \$300—more than all the rest of his suit.

Jay Cooke is to be presented with a thousand-dollar picture of the "Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas," by a Minnesota artist.

Frank Whittemore, a graceless editor at New Lisbon, Michigan, has run off with a pretty girl, deserting his wife and two children.

Edgar A. Poe was the author of the phrase "everything is lovely," to which modern slang-users have added "and the goose hangs high."

Can a man who, on going to bed, blows out his gas, be fairly described as being found senseless in the morning? He was no better off over night.

An Iowa City chap once tried to cut his throat and was prevented. The physician who attended him has just been awarded judgment for \$285.

Litchfield, Minnesota, now rejoices in the manifold blessings of a Police Court, while "three years ago the place was an open prairie, with scarcely a house in sight."

The revenue derived by Boston from the water taxes last year paid the running expenses of the Water Department for the first time since water was introduced.

The Christian Union indorses the saying of an Illinois free-thinker, that "An honest God is the noblest work of man," as a very ingenious parody and a very sensible remark.

A storekeeper at Boston sold a boy a pistol for three dollars, which, on being fired, exploded and shattered the youth's hand and arm to pieces. The pistol was made of pot-metal.

Fighting Joe Hooker is now entirely helpless from paralytic prostration, and has to be supported by attendants wherever he goes. He is now on his way to California for the benefit of his health.

During the months of September, October, November, December, January and February last, there was 25,450 bushels of peanuts shipped from the town of Waverly, Humphreys County, Tennessee.

A wedding that was to have taken place in St. Paul, a day or two since, was indefinitely postponed by the disappearance of the bride that was to be on the wedding morning. She eloped with a former lover.

A lad named Collins, only 6 years old, was rendered totally blind the other day in Minneapolis through the criminal recklessness of an older boy, who, having some powder in a can, exploded it in the child's face.

The Danbury News tells of a Mill Plain man who has bought a mule and harnesses it with a spy-glass. He says there is no instrument in the world, that combines so many rare cords as a mule's hind leg.

A daughter of Samuel Ragan, of Lexington, Michigan, aged eleven, was instantly

killed, one day last week, by the ash of a school house window, which fell upon her neck as she was climbing in after her books.

One of the old landmarks of Monroe, Michigan, a blockhouse erected on the bank of the river Raisin (now Front street, Monroe), in 1778, to protect the people from the Indians, is now being torn down to give place to a modern block.

The analytical jurymen has now made his appearance in Baltimore. The reduction of a wife to mince-meat by a jealous husband has inspired him to find a verdict that "the murdered woman was killed by her husband, in a fit of jealousy, superinduced by her acquaintance with Mr. Smith."

The ostriches in Central Park, New York, have quite a lively time now on account of the employes going for the tails. Sweethearts and wives are continually bothering for "one of them feathers," and of course the appeals of the fair ones can not, indeed must not, be disregarded. It's a little rough on the birds.

The following is the design for the heads of the great drum for the Jubilee. Around the outer edge of one head will be the coat of arms of the different nations of the globe, with the motto, "Universal Peace" inside the circle. On the other head will be the names of the different States of the Union, forming a complete circle around the head, while in the center will be inscribed "Peace on earth, good will to men." The barrel will be highly ornamented, and will bear the inscription, "International Musical Festival."

INSURANCE MATTERS.

The New Jersey Mutual Life Insurance Company has adopted a "lifetime" department.

Since 1798 there have been destroyed by fire in the United States 74 theatres, exclusive of concert halls.

The Chester County Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Pennsylvania, has departed this life after issuing one policy. It left no assets save a sign painted in large letters.

They probably have a better opinion of insurance in Ayer, Mass., since the recent fire there. About \$150,000 worth of property was burned, upon which the insurance was only \$42,500.

The Capital City and Central Companies of Columbus, O., have been consolidated with the Franklin, making the capital of that company \$300,000.

There are 51 marine insurance companies in France. Their business for the year 1870 aggregated as follows: Amount written.....\$425,221,885 Premiums received.....7,054,890 Losses.....4,986,262

A correspondent, writing from Hartford, says of the new fire companies: "The Orient, for example, has averaged receipts of about \$1,000 a day since it started, while its entire losses to date are under \$5,000. The National, I believe, has done about as well, and Connecticut is receiving a fair share of the new business."

A new building material is being introduced in New York City called marbleized glass, which looks so much like marble that it takes an expert to tell the difference. It can be made of any color, the color being indestructible. It is much cheaper than stone or marble, and it will probably come into pretty general use before long.

The Berkshire Life Insurance Company of Pittsfield, Mass., is now twenty-one years old and its affairs well managed, though it does a very moderate business; 985 policies were issued in 1871 and \$98,384 premiums and interest collected; \$117,248 were paid in losses and \$50,872 in dividends to policy holders. Nearly 22 per cent was the measure of expense.

New York has eighty-eight joint stock fire insurance companies with \$23,007,010 cash capital, \$41,756,558 gross assets, and \$6,881,483 net surplus over insurance and all liabilities. The joint stock fire insurance companies of New York reporting to New York number fifty-nine, \$22,550,000 cash capital, \$49,710,507 gross assets and \$7,385,856 net surplus.

The following, compiled from a table published in the *Moniteur des Assurances*, exhibits the business done in 1870 by 20 French fire insurance companies: Amount at risk Dec. 31, 1870.....\$13,545,925,984 Premiums received.....12,334,600 Premiums deferred.....69,249,058 Losses.....7,576,591 Percentage of losses to premium.....61.42

Referring to the fact that fires often occur through the throwing away of lighted cigars, tapers, fuses and matches, the London Times says that in Liverpool the number of fires in warehouses became so large that the municipal authorities appointed two policemen to take their pipes away from the men as they came to work in two years 573 pipes were taken away, the result being an important diminution in the number of fires.

The Virginia legislature has passed a bill imposing a license tax of \$200 upon other State insurance companies, and an annual tax of 1 1/2 per cent upon their gross receipts. This process will probably work pretty well until a million-dollar fire at Richmond shall wipe out all the local companies. Then there will be a lively reason in the way of investing, instead of selling, outside insurance capital.—[Spectator.]

The New Hampshire election resulted in the pluck of the gubernatorial chair to the president of the New Hampshire Fire of Manchester, and in remanding to his place in the same company's office the vice-president, who did the State service last year as Governor. Insurance talent must be looking up in the Granite State, when a single company has come to win its two years' both candidates for Governor at the same time.

The Charter Oak Life Insurance Company of Hartford was organized in 1850; 6,908 policies were issued during 1871, and the receipts from various sources amounted to \$4,448,742. The company paid \$716,545 to the representatives of deceased members; \$532,616 for expenses of management, amounting to nearly 12 per cent of income, and the magnificent sum of \$1,140,571 in dividends to the policyholders. The Charter Oak is one of the best New England life insurance companies.

The Atna Life Insurance Company was organized in 1850, and last year enjoyed a royal income of \$6,113,232, while it disbursed in losses \$1,219,315; dividends to policyholders \$1,302,579, and expenses \$645,159. It has 47,632 policyholders to protect, who, if they are faithful to the end, holding their policies till death, will require \$101,327,835 to satisfy their claims, which requires a fund of \$13,932,813 constantly working at 4 per cent. The company has accumulated \$16,640,676, which it will require to pay the safe side of perfect safety.

In 1871, 92 life insurance companies paid \$41,882 into the State Treasury of Michigan; in 1872, 64 companies paid \$44,169. In 1871 65 fire companies paid \$48,115; in 1872, 55 companies paid \$49,561. Of the fire insurance companies that paid this year, 50 are old companies and 14 new in the State; 42 companies ceased to do business during the year, from which no tax has been received; but steps have been taken to recover what

may be due to the State from such companies as are compromising their liabilities. Twelve life insurance companies withdrew their business from the State during the year, and two others commenced. From the message of Governor Jewell, of Connecticut, we learn that there are 94 fire insurance companies doing business in that State, of which 16 are a home production. Their aggregate assets are \$69,925,213, and the amount at risk, \$3,514,088,333. These companies are represented in the State by 891 agencies, which have taken in premiums, \$19,000,000. There are 40 life companies, of which 10 are home institutions, doing business in the State. The United assets are \$241,645,982; and the risks, \$1,576,497,000. The annual receipts of the insurance department are about \$28,000, and the expenses \$20,000. On this basis of income, the tax on the capital invested—all assets being regarded as capital—is about \$9 on each \$1,000,000.

HORACE GREELY.

Official Notice of His Nomination—His Letter of Acceptance.

CINCINNATI, May 3. DEAR SIR:—The National Convention of Liberal Republicans of the United States have instructed the undersigned, President, Vice President and Secretaries of the Convention, to inform you that you have been nominated as the candidate of the Liberal Republicans for the Presidency of the United States. It is also desired that you be a resolute and unanimous adoption by the Convention. Be pleased to signify your acceptance of the platform and nomination, and believe us, very truly yours, C. SCHURZ, President. G. W. JULIAN, Vice President. JOHN G. DAVIDSON, J. H. RHODES, Secretaries. HON. HORACE GREELY, New York.

MR. GREELY'S REPLY. NEW YORK, May 20. GENTLEMEN:—I have chosen not to acknowledge your letter of the 3d instant, until I could learn how the work of your convention was received in all parts of our great country; and to judge whether that work was approved and ratified by the mass of our fellow citizens. Their response from day to day has reached me through telegrams, letters and comments of the journalists independent of official patronage and indifferent to the smiles or frowns of power. The number and character of their communications, unpurchased and unsolicited utterances satisfy me that the movement which found expression at Cincinnati has received the stamp of public approval and has been hailed by a majority of our country as the harbinger of a better day for the Republic. I do not interpret this approval as especially complimentary to myself, nor even to the chivalrous and justly esteemed gentlemen with whose name I thank the Convention for associating mine. I receive and welcome it as a spontaneous and deserved tribute to that admirable platform of principles wherein your convention so tersely and forcibly set forth the convictions which impelled and the purposes which guided its course—a platform which, casting behind it the wreck and rubbish of worn out contentions and bygone feuds, embodies in it or near the needs and aspirations of to-day. Though thousands stand ready to condemn your every act, hardly a syllable of criticism or cavil has been aimed at your platform of which the substance epitomized is as follows:

First—All political rights and franchises which have been acquired through our late bloody convulsion, and shall and must be guaranteed, maintained, enjoyed and respected evermore.

Second—All political rights and franchises which have been lost through that convulsion, should be most promptly restored and re-established, so that there shall henceforth no proscribed class and no disfranchised caste within the limits of our Union. Our estranged people shall reunite and fraternize upon the broad basis of universal amnesty with impartial suffrage.

Third—Subject to our solemn constitutional obligation to maintain equal rights to all citizens, our policy should aim at a local self-government and not centralization; that the civil authority should be supreme over the military, that the writ of *habeas corpus* should be jealously upheld as the safeguard of personal freedom, that the individual citizen should enjoy the largest liberty consistent with public order, that there should be no Federal subversion of the internal policy of the several States and municipalities, that each shall be left free to enforce the right and promote the well being of its inhabitants by such means as the judgment of its own people shall prescribe.

Fourth—That there shall be real and not merely simulated reform in the civil public service, to which end it is indispensable that the Chief Dispenser of its vast official patronage shall be shielded from the main temptations to use his power selfishly by a rule inexorably forbidding and precluding his reelection.

Fifth—The raising of revenue, whether by tariff or otherwise, shall be recognized and treated as the people's immediate business, to be shaped and managed by them through their representatives in Congress, whose action thereon the President must neither overrule by his veto nor attempt to dictate or presume to punish by bestowing office only on those who agree with him, or withdrawing it from those who do not.

Sixth—That the public lands must be sacredly reserved for occupation and acquisition by cultivators, and not recklessly squandered on the projects of railroads for which our people have no present need, and the premature construction of which is an anxious deepening deeper into the abyss of foreign indebtedness.

Seventh—That the achievements of these grand purposes of universal beneficence is expected and sought at the hands of all who approve them, irrespective of party affiliations.

Eighth—The public faith at all hazards shall be maintained, and the national credit preserved.

Ninth—That the patriotic devotedness and inestimable services of our fellow citizens who, as soldiers and sailors, upheld the flag and maintained the unity of the Republic, shall be gratefully remembered and honorably requited.

These propositions, so ably and forcibly presented in the platform of your Convention, have already fixed the attention and commanded the assent of a large majority of our countrymen, who joyfully adopt them, as I do, as the basis of a true, beneficent national reform—a new departure from jealousies and strifes and hates, which have no longer adequate motive or even plausible pretext, into an atmosphere of peace, fraternity and mutual good will. In vain do the drill sergeants of decaying organizations flourish menacingly their bayonets, and angrily insist that the flag shall be closed and straightened. In vain do the whippers-in of parties once vital because rooted in the vital needs of the hour, protest against straying and bolting, and denounce men in no wise their inferiors as traitors and renegades, and threaten them with infamy and ruin. I am confident that the American people have already made your cause their own, fully resolved that their brave hearts and strong arms shall bear it on to triumph. In this faith, and with the distinct understanding that if elected, I shall be President not of a party, but of the whole people, I accept, by nomination, in the confident trust that the masses of our countrymen, North and South, are eager to clasp hands across the bloody chasm which has too long divided them, forgetting that they have been enemies in the joyful confidence that they are and must be after remain brethren. Yours gratefully, [Signed], HORACE GREELY.

To Hon. Carl Schurz, President; Hon. Geo. W. Julian, Vice President, and Messrs. Wm. E. McLean, John G. Davidson, and J. H. Rhodes, Secretaries of the National Convention of Liberal Republicans of the United States.

ON BOTH SIDES.

Three Times a "Yankee" and Twice a "Johnny."

[From the Terre Haute Express.]

There lives in this city a painter who had a remarkable experience during the war of the rebellion. At the beginning, he was a soldier of the regular army, and was surrendered by the rebels in Texas. He was poor, and, considering himself a soldier of fortune, enlisted in the rebel service. In one of the battles immediately preceding the taking of Vicksburg, he was captured by the Federal forces, and sent to Camp Morton. Soon after this the War Department issued orders permitting the enlistment of rebel prisoners into the Federal service. This man, acting in accordance with these orders, immediately joined the Sixth Indiana Cavalry. He was a very efficient soldier, and was made an orderly by the Colonel of that regiment. During Stoneman's raid on Macon, the orderly was unhorsed by a musket ball through his thigh, and was captured by the rebel forces under General Wheeler. He was taken to Andersonville, where his leg gangrened, and his only chance for life was by enlistment again in the rebel service. He died in hospital, and afterward sent to Savannah for duty. From Savannah he deserted, arrived safely in the Federal lines, and rejoined the Sixth Cavalry in Tennessee before the close of the rebellion. He was three times in the Federal service and twice enlisted in the rebel army during the war. His comrades say he was as brave a cavalryman as ever drew a sabre.

The Custom of Treating.

If I could persuade all the young people of Elmira never to treat each other, nor be treated, I think one-half of the danger from our strong drink would be gone. If I can not get you to sign a total abstinence pledge, I will bind you until you are thirty-five. I would be glad to have you promise three things: First, never to drink on the sly; second, never to drink socially, treating or being treated; third, when you drink, do it openly, and in the presence of some man or woman whom you respect. Some boys, if you wish to be generous and treat each other, why not select some other shop besides the liquor shop? Suppose, as you go by the Postoffice, you say, "Come, boys, come in and take some stamps." These stamps will do your friends a real good, and you will not more than drink all round. Or go by the tailor's store, and say, "Boys, come in and take a box of collars." Walk up to the counter, be kind and generous, and say, "What style will you have?" Why not treat to collars as well as treat to drinks? Or go by a confectioner's and propose to choose drops all round. Or say, "Boys, take a newspaper." Or say, "I'll stand a jack-knife all round."

How does it happen that we have fallen into a habit almost compulsory of social drinking? You drink many a time when asked to, when you really do not want to. A man has treated you, you feel mean and indebted, and keep a sort of account current in your mind and treat him. And so in the use of just that agent, which at the very best is a dangerous one, you join hand in hand to help each other to ruin instead of hand in hand to help each other to temperance.—[Thomas K. Beecher.]

Tongues.

Nothing but the process of an elephant compares in muscular flexibility with the tongue. It varies in length and size in reptiles, birds, and mammals, according to the peculiar organic circumstance of each. A giraffe's tongue has the functions of a finger. It is hooked over a high branch, its strength being equal to breaking a large iron wire. The mechanism by which it is protruded so far is both complicated and beautiful. A dog's tongue in lapping water takes a form by a mere act of volition that can not be imitated by any ingenious mechanism. The human tongue in the articulation of language surpasses in variety of motion the wildest emotions of a poet. Even in swallowing food its office is extraordinary that physiologists can not explain the phenomena of deglutition without employing the aid of several sciences.—[Hall's Journal of Health.]

The Indian Infant.

How helpless the Indian babe, born without shelter, amid storm and sea; but fear nothing for him; God has placed near him guardian angel, that can triumph over the severities of nature; the sentinel of maternity is by his side, and so long as his mother breathes, he is safe. The squaw loves her child with instinctive passion, and if she does not manifest it by lively caresses, her tenderness is real, wakeful, and constant. No savage mother ever trusted her babe to a hired nurse, nor put away her own child to suckle that of another. To the cradle, consisting of light wood, gaily ornamented with the carved work of the porcupine, and rattles, the nursing is firmly attached and carefully wrapped in furs; and the infant thus swathed, its back to the mother's back, is borne as the totem of her life, its eye now cheerfully flashing light, now accompanying with the wailings which the plaintive melodies of the carrier can not hush. Or while the squaw toils in the field, she hangs her child, as spring doer blossoms, on the bough of a tree, that it may be rocked by the breezes from the land of souls, and soothed to sleep by the lullaby of the birds. Does the mother die, the nursing—such is Indian compassion—shares her grave.

Good News for Bourbonists.

A "scientist" has at last solved the ancient conundrum, "Can an *Encephalon* change his skin?" This is the way he proposes to do it: The candidate will be subjected to a bath of alkaline water. Having been well cleansed, he is placed in a room where a reliable thermometer indicates 120 degrees of Fahrenheit. After fifteen minutes' basking the partially cooked victim is conducted to a bath of chlorine water, at the ordinary temperature. The heat has opened all the pores, so that the chlorine flows in and reaches the coloring matter. To keep it in the pores must be closed. To close the pores the subject must be introduced into an ice cellar, where he spends ten minutes in absolute agony, but relative bliss; for the next step is to drop his exhausted form into water heated to 180 degrees. In this the pores open, the chlorine grasps the coloring matter and departs with it and our colored brother is colored no more.

FOR FAMILY USE.

The Halford LEICESTERSHIRE

TABLE SAUCE, THE BEST SAUCE AND RELISH

Made in Any Part of the World FOR FAMILY USE.

PINTS, - - - 50 Cents. 1-2 PINTS, - - - 30 Cents. For Sale by all Grocers.

J. W. K. LEMON. J. W. THOMPSON.

THOMPSON & LEMON, Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE. Double brick house on East Street, 6 rooms on each side. Cheap. Circular saw mill, in running order; \$3,500. Vacant lots in Richmond's Addition. Vacant lots in Morrison's Addition. Vacant lots in Brookside Addition. Vacant lots in Brookside Addition. Vacant lots in Brookside Addition. 62 acres north of the city—subdivide. 2 1/2 acres, Irvington (beautiful building lot). Homes and lots ranging in price from \$1,000 to \$20,000; some all cash and more on long time. We mean business and are not afraid to work. Call in. Office, front room over Bee Hive Store.

D. E. SNYDER & CO., Stock, Bond, Note and Real Estate Brokers.

16 NORTH MERIDIAN STREET. We have at all times, money to loan on first mortgage to No. 1 parties.

FOR SALE.

32 feet on Broadway, north of Christian avenue; can be bought cheap. 38 1/2 ft. on Lincoln st., fronting University, very cheap. Dwellings near the University at the following prices: \$8,000, \$7,500, \$5,000, \$3,500 and \$2,500. Lots on College avenue for \$300 each. Twenty-five lots near terminus of Virginia avenue, cheap, on long time. Lot in Allen & Root's addition, near Tinker St. Can be bought very cheap. Sixteen lots on Ash and Roxhampton streets, in Johnson's heirs' addition. Terms, one-fifth cash, balance in 1, 2, 3 and 4 years.

Mick Brothers, REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

16 1-2 East Washington Street, ROOM NO. 7, UP-STAIRS.

ARSENAL HEIGHTS ADDITION,

King's Subdivision. This beautiful ground has been subdivided into about 100 fine building lots, many of which have been sold, and some have already been resold at a large profit. The ground is well watered, and joins the Hammond Woods immediately on the east; is only 1/4 mile outside the corporation limits, and is in the immediate neighborhood of Stoughton Fletcher's fine mansion. It is MOST BEAUTIFUL FOR SITUATION.

No better opportunity is offered to those wishing make investments or for building lots than this. The lots are of good size, well watered, and are placed in the market at prices and terms that will be easy to meet and that will yield a handsome profit to those wishing to make investments, or pleasant homes to those wishing to build, and to the latter class special inducements are offered. Price \$500; \$100 down, balance in one, two

INDIANA BANKING COM'Y.

Capital, \$220,000. This Bank solicits the business of Manufacturers, Corporations, Mercantile Firms, and individuals needing banking facilities.

INDIANA NATIONAL BANK. Capital, \$500,000. Surplus Fund, 100,000.

Brocade Poplins! Something new, and to be found only at SPADES' INDIANA STORE.

White Suits, Very Cheap. Open Every Evening. M. H. SPADES.

THE EVENING NEWS. WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1872.

THE CITY. MINOR MENTION.

The May term of the Supreme Court commences Monday next.

The Senior class of the High school will pay a visit to the Brazil coal fields on Friday next.

The High-school and University base-ball nines played a third match yesterday, resulting in favor of the former.

The Union Depot Company propose to establish a public drinking fountain on their premises some time in the indefinite future.

The Y. M. C. A. last evening elected delegates to the International Convention, Rev. Dr. Andrews, H. Sedgwick, L. W. Braden, W. H. Hay, R. Frank Kennedy, C. P. Jackson, Jesse Jones, T. H. K. Enos, W. W. Johnson, E. C. Mayhen.

The Decoration Day committee have issued an invitation to the officers of State, Judges of Supreme Court, county and city officers, all society organizations and the people generally, to participate in the corner-stone ceremonies of the new Court-house.

The solo parts in the Oratorio of the Creation, to be given by the Choral Union and Philharmonic Orchestra, on the evening of the 28th, will be sustained by Miss Hester Cox, Mrs. A. B. Compton, and Messrs. F. N. Scott, W. C. Smock and M. B. Barnard.

Weather Bulletin. (SIGNAL SERVICE UNITED STATES ARMY.) INDIANAPOLIS, May 22, 1872 - 7 A. M.!

Table with weather forecasts for various locations including Augusta, Ga., Buffalo, N. Y., Cairo, Ill., Charleston, S. C., Chicago, Ill., Cincinnati, O., Cleveland, O., Dayton, O., Evansville, Ind., Jacksonville, Fla., Key West, Fla., Leavenworth, Kan., Louisville, Ky., Memphis, Tenn., Mobile, Ala., Nashville, Tenn., New Orleans, La., Norfolk, Va., Omaha, Neb., Peoria, Ill., Punta Rasa, Fla., Savannah, Ga., St. Louis, Mo., St. Paul, Minn., Vicksburg, Miss., and Wilmington, N. C.

A special meeting of the School Board will be held this evening.

The morning dispatches state that the steamer Baltic, on which Mrs. C. C. Cladin, of this city, and her children sailed for Europe, arrived at Queenstown yesterday.

Juvenile Home of Refuge. Yesterday afternoon Frank Roberts, alias "Greasy," a little negro boy was tried in the Criminal Court for larceny.

Married. Major H. J. Craft, of the United States Revenue Office of this city, was married yesterday afternoon, at Crawfordsville, to Miss Lulu M. Caldwell.

The report was concurred in. The Board of Health was directed to inquire into the condition of the Hospital stable, corner Mobile alley and Tennessee street, and the Street Commissioner was ordered to drain the Virginia avenue and Louisiana street (west side) gutter with cement pipe.

Adjoined. Mrs. Wickerly, who has been brought into disagreeable notoriety because of the accident to Captain Jacobs, protests against the intimation that there were "unpleasant relations" existing between herself and this man.

Excellent stock of piece goods, to be made up into suits of the latest styles, at the Indianapolis One Price Clothing House, 13 West Washington street.

After examining the character and standing of all Fire Insurance Companies you will learn that the Home Fire Insurance Company of New York stands second to none in United States.

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A Big "Cat."

Yesterday, a young man, whose name we did not learn—but he works in the Agricultural Works on South Tennessee street—caught a cat-fish, in the river at the Terre Haute railroad bridge, which weighed eleven and a half pounds!

regular "game" fish—ever caught was a pike, taken by George Main, a young Scotchman, thirty-five years ago. It weighed ten pounds.

We have heard of "buffalo"—a coarse but not unpalatable fish—being "gigged" in early times, that weighed quite as much.

But the "buffalo," both of the water and the land, has disappeared. We have not heard of one of the former for years, but thirty or more years ago they were common, and rather a favorite fish in the country.

because they were very large, and more easily taken than the wary, fierce, and handsome bass. We believe they were usually "gigged," as fishing in the "legal" way, with hook and line, was not so common as it is now.

Gigging was an obsolete practice about here for many a year before it was made illegal. It probably "went out" with the "buffalo," as the bass is not easy to take by such means and in those days "red eyes" were not thought worth catching by any means.

As very many of the readers of The News never saw this most "ancient and fish-like" apparatus, we may say that it was something like a long handled pitch-fork, with three instead of two short tines, the points of which were made like spear heads.

The ordinary pictures of a "trident" represent it pretty accurately. Thirty or more years ago, it formed an indispensable part of the "stock" of a farmer on the river as his hoe, and it was as common to take it "to town" to get it sharpened as to get a horse shod.

Only a blacksmith could manage the "barbs" when they once became closed or worn or greatly blunted, as they frequently were, by being driven into the sand or against rocks.

It was frequently used at night, with a fire-light in the bow of the canoe to direct its use. It was used chiefly in the "dug out," though we have seen it used effectively from logs or roots. It required a good deal of skill to make it do its work well.

The law which has banished it from the State, has only completed formally what the destruction of large fish had about completed really.

It is hoped that on Decoration Day some decisive steps will be taken looking to the erection of the proposed Soldiers' Monument in Circle Park.

The suggestion made in The News, some days ago, is meeting many expressions of favor, and several wealthy gentlemen have intimated a readiness to contribute liberally and otherwise aid in its construction.

Hon. William H. Morrison will give \$1,000 as his free will offering. Do we hear any more, gentlemen?

The squabble among the Police Board members was settled by an agreement upon the following, dismissals and appointments, which were read to the force at roll-call last evening:

First Lieutenant—John S. Bray. Second Lieutenant—Fred. Lange. Sergeant—David M. Osborne.

First District, Day Patrolman—Thomas Hornaday. Night—James R. Shea and Ed. McClintock.

Second District, Day—Robert Barber. Night—Samuel Barker and John A. McKinney.

Third District, Day—Hannibal Taffe. Night—Daniel Keefe and James N. Stevens.

Fourth District, Day—William Bolen. Night—Ed. Powell and George W. Hillix.

Fifth District, Day—Sam. Buser. Night—Robert Campbell and Elmer Anderson.

Sixth District, Day—Elliott M. Preston. Night—John Cutsinger and Urban C. Harrison.

Seventh District, Day—John Quill. Night—Hubbard Adams and Henry Holler.

Eighth District, Day—William Williams. Night—James Collins and Mike Looney.

Ninth District, Day—William Patterson. Night—Paul Lendormie and Anton Richter.

Tenth District, Day—George Thomas. Night—James Shearer and Abram Findling.

Eleventh District, Day—Albert Travis. Night—Allen Thornbrough and Simeon J. Mitchell.

Twelfth District, (Indianola.) Day—Asbury P. Wright. Night—G. W. McCain and Wm. Kitzmiller.

From the above it will be seen that George Taffe, Sergeant and Gideon Reich, Isaac N. Aldrich and Wash. Smith are the removals, and Pauline Lendormie, James N. Stevens, W. C. Harrison, Henry Holler and Abram Findling, the new appointments.

A special meeting of the Council was held last evening, principally for the consideration of the Delaware-street bridge matter.

The special committee on sewers—Wiley, Sherman and Whitsett—were instructed to contract for the extension of the Kentucky avenue sewer so as to form a connection with the North Illinois street sewer.

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The great desire of those who deal in soda water is to please their customers, and there are none who come nearer to it than Cobb, with his superior cream syrup, at the Corner Drug Store, opposite the Bates and Palmer Houses.

Nobby suits for young men and boys at the Indianapolis One Price Clothing House, 13 West Washington Street.

Ladies' and Gents' Traveling Trunks in every style at Shilling's, No. 55 West Washington street, opposite the Bates House.

Barnard & Johnson have several parcels of very desirable ground for sale. Parties desiring a first class investment will do well to call and examine plats.

A lot of sixteen lots in a body is offered at wholesale, at a price that will insure a large profit. Merrill's subdivision of twenty-one lots is first offered to-day.

See the styles in ladies' slippers as displayed at 49 and 53 West Washington street.

Neat, elegant and durable are the styles of summer headwear now offered at prices which defy competition, at R. S. Carr & Son's, Palmer House Hat Store.

The photographs and oil portraits taken at Harry Fowler's art studio, 24 and 26 East Washington street, are the best in the city.

Cheap Hair Goods at Muir & Foley's, Miller's Block.

Visit the ever reliable for men's or boys' suits at \$3, \$6, \$9, or \$12. It is at No. 6 West Washington street. The Arcade for bargains in every department.

J. E. Downey, over Fletcher's Bank, has the exclusive agency for the sale of lots in Irvington. There are yet several beautiful lots unsold in this thriving suburb, and pleasant homes can be secured by men of moderate means.

See the styles of summer hats and caps at the Palmer House hat store.

Still the excitement continues at the Boot Upside Down, where J. W. Adams is supplying the wants of the million with the latest styles of boots and shoes cheaper than any of the other dealers in the city.

Saratoga Trunks in fine leather and iron all sizes, at Shilling's, 55 West Washington street.

Important to Mechanics. Last spring Mr. Alexander H. Siegfried, of South Bend, Indiana, took a patent for an improved process of hardening iron and steel, which has since been known as the Garnier and Siegfried process, and has caused a complete revolution in the system of hardening pointed tools for boring, punching and turning metallic substances.

The wonderful value of the invention have come from all quarters where it has been tried; and the Secretary of the United States Navy has asked and received an appropriation of \$10,000 to put it to the test in such relations as it may be adapted for use in government work.

The patentees have come to Boston, and a company has been formed with F. A. Cushman as President, and A. O. Willard, Treasurer, whose headquarters are at 27 Doane street, office No. 8. Tools tempered by the process alluded to, experts who are disinterested, estimate to be worth from five hundred to one thousand per cent. more in practical work than by any other European or American temper.

An experiment was made in one of our railroad machine shops the other day, where one of the tools that had refused to touch the hard spots in an engine tire was tempered by this new process, and it cut the tire as if it had been composed of old chese instead of the hardest steel.

By this new process a dentist's tool is made hard enough to drill a hole in a piece of flint or through a thick piece of plate glass in one minute and a half.—(Boston Times.)

What Difference is There Now? [From the New York Tribune.] When parties cease to have principles to fight for, they either divide on fresh issues, coalesce, or become co-operative societies for the attainment of office, grow corrupt, and rot away.

What distinctive principles separate to-day the rival parties of the Empire State? Slavery is dead, the negroes have the suffrage, the Constitutional Amendments, protecting them and guarding against Secession are everywhere acknowledged.

On all this the parties agree. The debt is to be honestly paid in gold and repudiation is to be held sacredly second to treason. On this the parties agree. When, therefore, the Elmira Renaming Convention declares that there can be only two parties in the political arena, and that these are of necessity the same that lately faced each other on the battlefield, the people will inquire why; and will strongly suspect the motives of the politicians who still seek to fight over again a civil war seven years ended, when all parties are cordially accepting its results as final.

A "Blasted Lane." The Boston Advertiser is a justly tired of narrow thoroughfares in England, and who stopped at the Tremont House in that city, and to whom a front room in that excellent hotel was assigned. After a day or two he applied to the hotel clerk for another room. "But what is the matter with the room?" "I am tired of looking out on that blasted lane!" was John Bull's answer.

Caves Formed by Water. The origin of the caves which so abound in the limestone of the Alleghany and Mississippi valley regions, is the subject of much interest. Their galleries measure many thousands of feet, and their number is legion.

Prof. Cope has examined twenty-five, and more or less detail, in Virginia and Tennessee, and adds his testimony to the belief that they have been formed by currents of running water.

COMMERCIAL. INDIANAPOLIS WHOLESALE MARKET. WEDNESDAY, MAY 22.

No material change is noticeable in the market since last report, save in Coffee, and quotations on the different brands show a general advance, with the prices ruling firm.

Flour still remains at the figures quoted last week, although the dullness of the Cincinnati, Chicago and Toledo markets is having a corresponding effect here. The prices in dry goods show a slight softening by reason of the dullness of trade in New York, but there has been no change during the past week.

Provisions rule steady at old quotations.

REVIEW OF THE INDIANAPOLIS WHOLESALE MARKET. INDIANAPOLIS, WEDNESDAY, MAY 22.

BUTTER—Is nominal at 10c for choice, and 9c for lower grades.

BRAN, SHIPPERS, ETC.—We quote bran and shorts at \$18.00; middling, \$24.00.

COFFEE—Firm with an upward tendency. We quote: Rosted grades at 22c; fair, 24c; Laguira, 25c; prime to choice, 26c; fancy, 27c; Golden, 28c; Java, 29c.

COAL—Dull. We quote Pittsburgh, 25c; block, 12c; Highland, 12c per bush; Anthracite, \$11.50 per ton; Coke, 15c per bush.

DAY GOODS—Trade good. We quote: Bleached Muslin—Riverside, 17c; New York Mills, 2c; Brown Muslin—Start A, 15c; Cabott A, 14c; Atlantic, 13c; Union, 12c; Standard, 11c; Orchard, fine W, 11c; B. B. 12c; C. 13c; Charter Oak, 11c; Tickings, -Lewis, 30 inch, 24c; 32 inch, 25c; 36 inch, 26c; Amoskeag A C A, 31c; Methuen, 32c; Stripes—American, 17c; 19c; Helton,

Woolens—Firm. Prime timothy from wagon, \$24.00; 2nd, \$23.00; 3rd, \$22.00; 4th, \$21.00; 5th, \$20.00; 6th, \$19.00; 7th, \$18.00; 8th, \$17.00; 9th, \$16.00; 10th, \$15.00; 11th, \$14.00; 12th, \$13.00; 13th, \$12.00; 14th, \$11.00; 15th, \$10.00; 16th, \$9.00; 17th, \$8.00; 18th, \$7.00; 19th, \$6.00; 20th, \$5.00; 21st, \$4.00; 22nd, \$3.00; 23rd, \$2.00; 24th, \$1.00; 25th, \$0.50; 26th, \$0.25; 27th, \$0.125; 28th, \$0.0625; 29th, \$0.03125; 30th, \$0.015625.

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12c; Cheeks—California 70, Union 50, 25c; Wollens—Prime, \$24.00; 2nd, \$23.00; 3rd, \$22.00; 4th, \$21.00; 5th, \$20.00; 6th, \$19.00; 7th, \$18.00; 8th, \$17.00; 9th, \$16.00; 10th, \$15.00; 11th, \$14.00; 12th, \$13.00; 13th, \$12.00; 14th, \$11.00; 15th, \$10.00; 16th, \$9.00; 17th, \$8.00; 18th, \$7.00; 19th, \$6.00; 20th, \$5.00; 21st, \$4.00; 22nd, \$3.00; 23rd, \$2.00; 24th, \$1.00; 25th, \$0.50; 26th, \$0.25; 27th, \$0.125; 28th, \$0.0625; 29th, \$0.03125; 30th, \$0.015625.

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Wool

Monday, May 20.

N. R. SMITH & AYRES

Will open this morning a very large and choice lot of

LADIES' LINEN COLLARS, LADIES' LINEN SETS, LADIES' NECK TRIMMINGS,

In various styles, entirely new,

LADIES' NECK TIES,

And a new lot of CORSETS all popular prices.

N. R. SMITH & AYRES.

Trade Palace.

MRS. S. L. STEVENS,

LADIES'

HAIR DRESSER

AND

WIG MAKER.

Manufacturer of Ornamental Hair of every description, wholesale and retail. 94% WEST WASHINGTON STREET, (Next door to Trade Palace,) Indianapolis.

The New Store!

4 BATES HOUSE BLOOK.

Just received to-day, large line of

Chinese Aprons

Neck Ruchings, Parasols, Sun-hats, Kid Gloves, Fans, Lace and Emb'd Handkerchiefs.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

HAMILTON & BOWKER.

THE EVENING NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1872.

1 P. M. Barometer, 29.68 Thermometer, 72

THE CITY.

STRAWBERRIES are becoming plenty. The wood markets are well supplied. The Civil Circuit Court meets on Monday next. GRASS butter can be purchased with confidence. The newspaper syndicates have dissolved sine die. FRIDAY is the last day of process in the Superior Court. The Sangerfest squabble has proved a hornet's nest to the rival railroads. CURTIS H. REMY was this morning admitted to practice in the Superior Court. The Water Works Company report a gratifying increase of business this spring. ONE paper in this city can not be purchased. The editor intends to have it buried with him. A LARGE representation of Raper Commandery will participate in the visit to Cincinnati. The iron gutter covers on Washington street at the Pennsylvania crossing are universally approved. PAT CURRAN suffered a crushed hand this forenoon while working in Sinker's foundry. Repaired at Surgical Institute. The extent of the street improvements now being made is calculated to make one think there will soon be left no streets to improve. JESSE JONES was this forenoon appointed administrator de bonis non of the estate of Robert Walpole, vice Wm. John Wallace removed. Bond \$15,000. The alley in the center of the region bounded by South, Henry, Mississippi and Missouri streets, is much complained of, for reason of its filthy condition. COLONEL Tom McCarty leaves to-night for Washington City, going, it is hinted, to aid the Government Librarian in the selection of wall paper for Capitol decoration. MESSRS. Powell & Newby have arranged for a Chicago excursion June 15, via the L., B. and W. Railroad to Danville, Illinois, and from there over the Danville and Chicago Short Line. Benefit Paid. The Masonic Mutual Benefit Society of Indiana paid to-day to the administrator of the estate of Austin D. Hollowell, of Attica, the sum of \$4,511 15. Mr. Hollowell had been a member eighteen months. After his death and before the benefit became due, his wife died, and this money now goes to their three children. This is the fifty-first benefit paid by this society during the last two years and nine months. Accident. A horse attached to a buggy in which were seated Messrs. Alexander and Beards, backed the vehicle against a moving freight train on Louisiana street last evening. Alexander sprang out unharmed, the other "went over" with the buggy and received slight injury. Beards was endeavoring to accustom the animal to railway trains, but took the very worst method to accomplish the object, inasmuch as he used the whip savagely and thus indirectly caused the accidents referred to.

The Creation.

It has been urged upon the Choral Union to change the place of the coming performance of "The Creation" from Association Hall to the Baptist Church. It is hoped they will heed the call and make the change. There could be no more appropriate place than a church in which to bring out that glorious oratorio, and the Baptist Church is so much more accessible and pleasant for the audience, that should the change be made it would probably do much toward increasing the attendance.

Convention.

The Higher Christian Life Convention, which commenced its session this forenoon in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, was very meagrely attended. The exercises were opened by Rev. W. E. Boardman, of New York, who stated the object to be the fuller consecration to our Lord Jesus Christ, and a higher Christian life. Following him came Rev. Henry Beiden, of Boston, who led in prayer, and then the meeting formally opened and an address delivered by the first named. Another session was held this afternoon, and one is announced for to-night. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Suit for Damages.

Mary Palmer and Thomas, her husband, yesterday filed complaint in the Supreme Court against John G. Chambers, John A. McKinney, Eli Thompson and Wm. Bolen, for alleged imprisonment of the first-named plaintiff, in which damages are laid at \$10,000. The complaint avers that on the 1st of April, 1872, Mrs. Palmer was arrested by the defendants and incarcerated in the station house for thirty-six hours, and that while under arrest, her clothing was searched, and she was otherwise subjected to insulting and disagreeable treatment; when in fact she had committed no wrong, and was innocent of any crime.

A Sensible Horse.

The boys at No. 6—Old Western—Hose House have the model horse of the fire department. He is a splendid chestnut sorrel, a little dappled, nearly seventeen hands high. He is so well taught, by his managers and "friends", Decker Sherwood and John Robinson, that when an alarm strikes, he needs no leading or driving, but comes out himself, places himself between the shafts, and when hitched starts at once in a gallop wherever Decker guides him. He needs no whip, and is usually managed by "word of mouth." Chief Glazier would not take \$500 for him, and the hosenmen would as soon sell a child.

A Mixed-Up Case.

Messrs. Chris. Johnson, L. B. Harris, Julius Keckler, Christopher Peterson and Val. Preeze, this forenoon "arise to explain" that they were not the guilty parties in the Lion garden riot. They appear to have been dancing, and while at this were joined by the other crowd. The shooting was done by Seign, so they claim, not one of their party being armed.

And now comes the "mixed-up" part of it. When arraigned before the City Court they entered a plea of not guilty, and the trial was postponed for several days. This morning some one appeared for them in court, withdrew the plea of not guilty, and then paid the fines assessed, amounting individually to \$9 25. Now they claim that they were called upon by the friends of Seign, and were told "that if this thing went on" it would cost him several hundred dollars, and were asked to contribute \$5 each to have the matter dropped. The matter was "dropped," as will be seen by the police report, in a manner they despise.

Short Horn Breeders' Convention.

The afternoon session of yesterday was principally occupied in discussing the respective qualities of short horn cattle. The treatise read by Dr. Stevenson, upon the same subject, was an exhaustive and scientific effort. This forenoon the subject of "Indiana as a Grazing State," was generally discussed. A permanent organization was effected by adopting a constitution and by-laws, and electing the following officers: President—Dr. A. C. Stevenson, of Greencastle. Vice President—Charles Lowder, of Plainfield. Secretary—J. G. Kingsbury, of Indianapolis. Treasurer—Alex. Heron, Indianapolis. Executive Committee—Gen. Sol. Meredith, Cambridge City; John Giles, Sullivan, and W. W. Thrasher, Fayette county. The Convention adjourned until the fourth Tuesday in May, 1873.

STATE VS. HOLLOWAY.

A Change of Venue Taken. This forenoon Judge Newcomb called up for trial the case of the State ex rel. Hanna, Attorney General, vs. William K. Holloway. The defendant appeared and announced his readiness for procedure, whereupon W. R. Harrison, attorney for plaintiff, filed the following affidavit: William R. Harrison, on behalf of plaintiff, swears and says that plaintiff can not have a fair and impartial trial of said case in the said county of Marion, because the defendant has an undue influence over the citizens of said county of Marion, because of local prejudices. And affiant further states that he was not fully advised as to the necessity of a change of venue herein until yesterday, and at an hour too late to make motion therefor until this morning.

The court announced that the motion for a change of venue would be granted, and time was given until to-morrow morning for agreement as to what county it should be assigned to. The attorneys may have a good reason for desiring a change of venue, but we can not conceive what it is. If a competent jury can not be found in this county, there is no need of going out of it for one. Col. Holloway was ready and anxious for trial and wanted to accept the issue, being prepared to prove that he had used all the paper he had drawn pay for. The delay is probably effected by politics, which we are sorry to see.

L. O. O. F.

Very full reunions of the Grand Encampment and Grand Lodge were held this forenoon. The majority of the business transacted, although of great importance to the Order, is not of sufficient interest to the general public for publication. The last night's session of the Grand Encampment made the following nominations, which will be voted for at the next annual Communication: R. W. G. Patriarch—N. P. Richmond, of No. 61; R. Robertson, of No. 1.

A VERY LARGE STOCK

OF SUMMER UNDERGARMENTS in store, and on sale, ALL RIGHTS and qualities, ALL SIZES, half or long sleeves, for MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN. Bought cheap and will be sold LOW, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

R. R. PARKER,

Thirty West Washington Street.

M. E. G. High Priest—W. H. Brooks, of No. 16; M. D. Livingston, of No. 44; J. E. Barrett, of No. 99. G. Senior Warden—Ronald Fisher, of No. 29; S. W. Smith, of No. 102. Grand Scribe—B. F. Foster, of No. 6; J. W. McQuiddy, of No. 1. G. Treasurer—T. P. Haughey, of No. 35. G. Junior Warden—J. H. Bates, of No. 94; S. M. Jones, of No. 46; H. C. Milice, of No. 31; S. P. Ojler, of No. 39; E. L. Whitcomb, of No. 107. G. I. Sentinel—Chris. Toler, of No. 2. G. O. Sentinel—Jos. S. Watson, of No. 5. G. R. to G. E. U. S.—W. Y. Monroe, of No. 20; Alternate, P. S. Hoffman, of No. 28. The Grand Lodge nominated the following persons to be voted for at the next annual meeting: For Grand Master—Platt J. Wise Deputy Grand Master—Richard Owen, G. A. Milner. Grand Warden—Enos Hoover, D. B. Shidler, L. W. Campbell, J. B. Halley, J. M. Corcoran, C. Richardson, A. A. Curmie, T. J. Groves, R. Boyer, J. Reynolds, J. R. Lane. Grand Secretaries—B. F. Foster, John W. McQuiddy, John F. Saunders. Grand Represent., G. L. U. S.—John W. McQuiddy, Thomas Underwood. Alt. Grand Represent.—S. P. Ojler, D. Ferguson.

The following dispatch was received and read at the opening of the Grand Lodge this afternoon in response to a dispatch sent yesterday: "PHILADELPHIA, May 22. 'To B. F. Foster, Grand Secretary: 'The eighty-five thousand Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania, through their representatives in Grand Lodge assembled, give the right hand of fellowship to their brethren in the Grand Lodge of Indiana, and bid them God speed in their good cause. 'JAS. B. NICHOLSON, Grand Secretary.'"

Medical Convention.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING PROCEEDINGS OF YESTERDAY. During the afternoon session yesterday the following papers were read, and referred to Committee on Publication: By Dr. R. E. Haughton, of Richmond—On the Pathology of Malignant and Semi Malignant Growths. By Dr. L. J. Woollen, of Moorfield—On an epidemic of Parotitis (mumps) in Switzerland county. By the President—His annual address. By Dr. T. C. Van Nays, of Evansville—Researches in Arsenical Poisoning. By Dr. J. Thompson, of Indianapolis—On the Anomalies of Refraction and Accommodation. By Dr. Wilson Hobbs, of Carthage—On Expert Testimony, the conduct of witnesses in court and the law which governs it. On motion of Dr. Haughton, a committee was appointed to take into consideration the means to be used for the purpose of securing a definition by the laws of the State of what constitutes a physician or a medical expert—the committee to report at this session.

Last evening another session was held, and resolutions adopted looking to the following results: 1. The adoption of such measures as may tend most directly to bring the entire profession of the State into one harmonious body, for the purpose of carrying out the objects for which the Society was organized. 2. Appointing a committee of three in each Congressional District to confer with such County Societies as may exist in their respective districts and secure as far as possible the adoption by them of a uniform constitution auxiliary to the State Society; also, the incorporation of local societies under the State law, and the organization of the same where none exist. 3. Forming the county societies into districts, directing them to hold conventions, and authorizing them to do such acts as will be necessary to secure to the State Society all the powers of a corporate body. 4. Directing the appointment of a Committee to prepare a suitable form of Constitution for the organization of County Societies, to be presented for approval at the present meeting, and that such forms be furnished the committees on organization for use in aiding the organization of such societies. 5. Authorizing an assessment of two dollars to be levied on each and every member of County Societies for the use of the State Society. The Committee authorized by the fourth resolution was made to consist of Drs. W. Lo-max, Jas. H. Woodburn, Wilson Hobbs, William Scott, G. H. Kemper and John Moffit.

During the session this forenoon, papers were read by Dr. Wright, of this city, on "Diseases of the Eye and Ear"; Dr. Thad. Stevens, Indianapolis, "Medical Jurisprudence"; and by Dr. Haughton, Richmond, "Lithotomy", (during which he exhibited a stone weighing 5 oz., and in size nearly as large as a goose-egg.) All the papers elicited considerable discussion.

A resolution was passed authorizing the appointment of a committee to memorialize the Legislature for the passage of an anatomical law. The following nominations were made: President—Dr. J. Pennington, Middleton. Vice President—Dr. R. E. Houghton, Richmond. Secretary—Dr. G. V. Woollen, Indianapolis. Assistant Secretary—Dr. J. W. Elston, Indianapolis. Treasurer—Dr. J. H. Woodburn.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention met again in session at 2 p. m. for the hearing of reports from special committees, and the reading of the unfinished list of papers. An adjournment sine die will be made to-night. LOCAL ITEMS. Frogs have taken the place of oysters and game, and Rockwell's, No. 61 North Illinois street, is supplied daily. The best and the cheapest. There are a great many imitations and counterfeits. Go to a reliable grocer and insist upon having the Halford Leicestershire Table Sauce; only fifty cents per pint bottle. Demand is a criterion of value; general commendation a measure of excellence throughout the Union. It is upon these—not merely upon their own opinion—that Ike Davis, Conner & Co. base their claim that they have produced the most superb and becoming hat of the present season. James A. Hughes, of New Albany, Grand Chancellor, Knights of Pythias, is stopping at the National and will visit Marion Lodge, No. 1, this evening.

For the Head!

The Most Elegant Line, consisting of STRAW, LINEN, SILK and FELT, All Shapes, Colors and Shades.

The Hiff Brothers

"HATTERS OF THE PERIOD,"

Opposite Palmer House.

A Chance to win \$50,000. The Legal Enterprise at Omaha in aid of Mercy Hospital will positively be drawn May 30. Tickets, \$3 each or two for \$5, sent by express; collection on delivery. Indorsed by the Governor and Sisters of Mercy, etc. Address Potter & Gardiner, Omaha, Nebraska.

The Pan Handle Road will carry persons wishing to attend the Philadelphia Convention at the low rate of nineteen dollars for the round trip. There will be two trains of Pullman Drawing Room Hotel and Sleeping Cars leave on the 31st. The first train will leave the Union Depot at 10 a. m.; the second train will leave at 6:30 p. m. As the Pan Handle is the only line running the celebrated Pullman Palace Car regularly between Indianapolis and Philadelphia, delegates and others wishing to have their families accompany them will make a note of this fact and purchase tickets via the Pan Handle & Pennsylvania route—the short line to the East.

Hoop skirts and corsets at Medina's Temple of Fashion, 31 North Pennsylvania street of the very latest styles out.

Not happy enough. Are not happy forsooth? See here. Down in the great center of business, 42 South Illinois street, may be seen every day hundreds of ladies who are perfectly happy because Conaty has all the latest styles of millinery goods. Hats, bonnets, flowers, ribbons and an elegant assortment of hosiery and notions, which he is selling at remarkably low prices. ta o

Parasols and Fans at half price, at Muir & Foley's, 60 North Illinois street.

New styles of genuine hair goods are being received daily at Medina's Temple of Fashion, 31 North Pennsylvania street.

ATTENTION DELEGATES PHILADELPHIA REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Lafayette, in connection with the Marietta and Cincinnati and Baltimore and Ohio Railroads, will place on sale at the Union Depot, May 25, round trip tickets for Philadelphia and return for (\$19) nineteen dollars. Tickets will be good to go until June 5; good to return until June 15. This is the only line by which passengers have the privilege of visiting Washington City "free." In order to accommodate the Indiana delegation, a special Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Car will be attached to the train, leaving Indianapolis at 6:45 p. m., May 31. This car will run through to Philadelphia without change. Be sure to ask for tickets "via" the Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Lafayette Railroad. C. K. LORD, General Ticket Agent. GEO. L. BARRINGER, General Sup't. ta uh

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The History of P. National Remedy. Here is the history of the most celebrated tonic of the age in a nutshell. In 1820 it was announced that a certain combination of vegetable ingredients, with a pure diffusive stimulant, was working wonders in the cure of chronic dyspepsia, nervous debility, liver complaint, periodical fevers, rheumatism and constitutional weakness. The unappreciated name given to the specific was Plantation Bitters. The statement attracted the attention of invalids everywhere. The new remedy relieved a fair trial, and the results more than confirmed all that had been said in its praise. Thereafter it was a grand success. The business columns of the press spread the glorious news far and wide, and the martyrs to indigestion, biliousness, physical prostration and premature decay, as if by common consent, sought relief from the new vegetable restorative. They found what they sought. From that time to the present the increase in the demand for Plantation Bitters has been one of the most striking events in this age. ta o7

SPRING AND SUMMER Underwear.

EDDY & WEST.

Men's Wear HOUSE,

16 North Pennsylvania street, INDIANAPOLIS. SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

CARPETS, WALL PAPER and WINDOW SHADES,

AT ROLL'S, ROLL'S, ROLL'S,

38 South Illinois Street.

J. McLENE. W. W. NORTHROP.

McLENE & NORTHROP, JEWELERS,

Bates House Corner,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Spring and Summer Cassimeres

MERRITT & COUGHLIN'S

WOOLEN FACTORY,

West End of Washington Street.

Save 80 per cent. by buying of first hands. All Goods RETAILED at WHOLESALE prices. The largest stock of Woolen Goods in the city.

NEW YORK, May 20, 1872.

To the Editor of The Evening News:

FIRST

Authorized Greeley Hat!

Just out, and forwarded by Express.

H. BAMBERGER.

THE

Celebrated Burt Shoe, FOR LADIES,

Can only be obtained at the fashionable Shoe Store of A. W. Bronson, 17 W. Washington street, who is now ready to display the largest and finest variety of Spring Goods in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters for general wear to be found in the city. Call and examine the goods.

CLOSING SALE

AT THE

"Camel Shoe Store."

\$15,000 Worth of Boots and Shoes

TO BE CLOSED OUT IN THIRTY DAYS.

Now is the time to procure your Boots and Shoes at One-half their value.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG.

The Entire Stock Must be Sold by June 15th.

STORE-ROOM FOR RENT AND FIXTURES FOR SALE.

BRISTOR'S,

75 E. Washington St.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

FOR CHOICE FRESH OHIO AND MICHIGAN BUTTER GO TO

RIPLEY & GATES,

Corner Market and Illinois Streets.

Bell Bird.

One meets in the forests of Guyana a bird, much celebrated with the Spaniards, called the "campanero," or bell bird. Its voice is loud and clear as the sound of a bell; it may be heard at the distance of a league. No song, no sound can occasion the astonishment produced by the tinkling of the "campanero." He sings morning and evening, like most other birds; at midday he sings also. A stroke of the bell is heard—a pause of a minute ensues; second tinkling, and a pause of the same duration is repeated; finally, a third ringing, followed by a silence of six or eight minutes. "Acteon," says an enthusiastic traveller, "would halt in the heat of the chase, Orpheus would fall his lute to listen; so novel, sweet, and romantic is the silver tinkling of the snow-white 'campanero.'" The bird is about the size of a jay, and from its head arises a conical tube about three inches long, a brilliant black, spotted with small white feathers, which communicates with the palate, and which when inflated with air, resembles an ear of corn.

The Indian Agent at Risley telegraphs from Fort Laramie, on the 13th, stating that on Friday evening last, four miles from the Red Cloud Agency, John Richards killed Yellow Bear and was in turn killed by Yellow Bear's friends. The excitement over the affair is intense, and there were threats of destruction to the Agency, and against the whites and half-breeds. A company of cavalry has camped near the Agency. Richards had the agency of the official mail which was destroyed.

Yesterday afternoon, a young man, a stranger, jumped from the Cincinnati and Newport suspension bridge into the Ohio River and was drowned. His descent was nearly a hundred feet. After reaching the water he rose to the surface, seemed to struggle for life, and sank just as a yawl appeared at his side. His name is not known, and his body has not been recovered.

E. B. Taylor, a member of the National Republican Committee for Nebraska, and formerly a prominent journalist of that State, died yesterday afternoon.