

WESTERN SUN

VINCENNES, JUNE 1, 1833.

The corner stone of the monument to the 'mother of Washington,' was laid at Fredericksburg, on the 7th May, with Masonic ceremonies.—In another column of this day's paper will be found the address of the chairman of the Monumental committee to the President of the United States, and his reply. Both will be read with interest; that of the President, will be found especially worthy of commendation.

Public meetings have been held in various places on the subject of the late outrage committed upon the President.—I have not room to publish them in detail, they passed resolutions expressive of their feelings, and such as the occasion required. Some few persons, here, may be found who approve the outrage, but they are few, and no honorable man can envy their feelings.

The Wabash river is yet too low for safe navigation. We have had considerable rain, and the weather for several days has been cool for the season.

In a letter to the editor of the Democrat, the writer says—'No news on the Wabash, but loss to be sustained, in consequence of the failure of a rise in the river, and consequent failure of the arrival of steam boats. I trust this will induce the legislature to take measures for the removal of the obstructions to the navigation of this river.'

I have been authorised to say, that JAMES THORN, is a candidate for the Legislature, at the August election.

PARIS, April 5.

TURKEY AND EGYPT.
We have received by an extraordinary conveyance, news of the highest importance from Alexandria of the recent date of the 11th of March.—The news arrived at Toulon by the brig Le Cygne, which at the same time conveyed despatches to be forwarded with the greatest haste to government. The following are the particulars of this news.

The pacha of Egypt, Mchmed Ali, has refused to accept the propositions made by France on the subject of the war between Egypt and Turkey.

Admiral Roussin having despatched an express to Alexandria, to make known to our consul general the terms of the note which had been agreed on at Constantinople, to arrest the march of Ibrahim and remove every pretext for the intervention of Russia. M de Mivaut, the French consul general, demanded and immediately obtained a conference with Mchmed Ali. The pacha, who had also received despatches from Ibrahim, received our consul coolly, and flatly refused to transmit to his son, restrictions on his march to Constantinople. It appears that he was indignant at the part assigned him in the propositions of the powers, and particularly when he learned that conditions were made for him, without previously consulting him. Our consul immediately despatched the brig Le Cygne to carry this news.

It will be seen that this news is of the highest importance. It explains sufficiently the conduct of Ibrahim; and his military movements executed after the convention concluded between admiral Roussin and the pacha. It further augments the embarrassment in which our ambassador at Constantinople must find himself, and renders the intervention of Russia almost certain. The following is a letter from another quarter, from Odessa, of the 15th March, which does not give to affairs in the east a more favorable aspect.

A vessel arrived from Constantinople in sixty four hours has brought accounts that the Russian fleet was still tranquilly at anchor in Bosphorus. Meantime, government has freighted a great number of merchant vessels, which are destined to take on board and carry to Constantinople the Russian detachment of troops which is advancing by forced marches to this quarter, in case events in Turkey should render such a measure necessary. The departure of these troops will infallibly take place, if Ibrahim again advances further, particularly as the French ambassador guaranteed peace on condition that the Russian fleet should depart, and this condition, which was a sine quoniam, not having been complied with, France will not consider herself bound.

LATER FROM ENGLAND.

Our news schooner Eclipse has again arrived in town this morning, having boarded the ship William Byrnes, Capt. Sprague, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 5th April. Captain S. has kindly furnished our news collector with London Journals of the 3d, and Liverpool of the 4th April.

Our latest advices from London, direct, were to the 1st of April, and by the way of Havre to the 2d—the present are therefore one day later. In this short period nothing of importance in political affairs had transpired.

TURKEY AND EGYPT.

LONDON, April 3d.—Considering our relations with the Ottoman port, we conceive (and in this we are supported by the general feeling here) that our government cannot be too sufficiently alive to the passing events in the Mediterranean. The voracious and self-aggrandizing Russian eagle now hovers over the Turkish empire with a gloating desire to

pounce upon it with her talons, at the first fitting moment for her descent.—When we contemplate what may be the result of the proposed alterations in our Oriental empire, we must press upon the public attention the important necessity of preserving to ourselves the integral power of an overland communication with India. From information we have received, we have every reason to believe that the French and English consuls stand their flag at Smyrna immediately on the occupation of that place by Ibrahim Pacha. By the tenor of the accounts from Vienna, it has been supposed that some great political movement is anticipated, since they bring a decline in the funds of one per cent.

From the Baltimore Patriot, May 20.

VERY LATE FROM SMYRNA.

The fast sailing brig James Rawson, Capt. Gunby, arrived at this port on Saturday in the remarkably short run of only forty-one days from Smyrna, whence she sailed on the 7th April. Her passage from off Gibraltar to this port was made in 22 days. The accounts from Smyrna by this arrival are one month later than before received. The authority of the Turkish government, which, it will be recollect, was for a short time suspended in consequence of the presence of an Egyptian armed force, was now regularly maintained at Smyrna; and peace between the Porte and the Pacha of Egypt was confidently looked for, through the intervention of the allied powers.

This opinion is corroborated by the following extracts of letters from the best informed sources.

SMYRNA, April 6.—We are waiting with great anxiety for further advices from Constantinople.—Peace must be near at hand.—at least every thing conspires in inducing this belief.

Extract of another letter, same date.

Our last advices from Constantinople, to the 30th ult. give hope that the great exertions now making by the Ambassadors there will very soon result in a peace. When this desirable event takes place, we shall no doubt have a very animated business here.

Just previous to the sailing of the Jas Ramsay, it was reported that the Russians had entered Constantinople.

We have been shown a hundred dollar note, letter I, on the United States Bank, payable at the Branch at St. Louis, which is so well executed that the best judges may be deceived; the only perceptible difference is, that the counterfeiter is a quarter of an inch longer than the genuine note.—*Nash Rep.*

In the village of Amesbury, Massachusetts, containing a population of more than two thousand souls, and which has two public taverns and fourteen stores, there is not at this time a single gallon of ardent spirits of any description whatever.

A child, represented in the New York papers to be of Poughkeepsie, only six years and ten months old, weighs two hundred and seventy one pounds.

Niles' Register contains an account of a recently improved Knitting Machine, one foot square. It only weighs ten pounds, and costs but five dollars. It is worked by turning a crank—one girl of 12 might tend three machines, if arranged to work together; each machine making from one to two pair of men's long woolen stockings per day.

The trustees of the village of Oswego, N. Y. have resolved not to grant any license for retailing ardent spirits.

The St. Augustine Herald informs us that one planter in Florida made, with 12 hands, last season, fifty hogheads of sugar, seven thousand gallons of syrup and molasses, and two thousand bushels of corn—realizing more than six hundred dollars to the hand in one year.

The editor of the Wabash Courier addresses the following note to correspondents, as a guide to them in preparing matter for the press. It would be well enough if every editor would make a similar suggestion to writers, and in the publication of communications be particular that attention be paid to it.—*Pat.*

The subject must be interesting to the public; it must be written with at least tolerable ability; it must have the semblance of common sense; it must contain nothing personally offensive to any of our fellow citizens, and especially to persons in *private life*—and, lastly, it must not be written in a spirit which throws great doubts over the motives of the author.

MUTTON MACHINE.

A writer in a Western Journal, gives the following account of a mutton machine. 'The machine is described as occupying the upper and lower apartments of a two story mill. He says he first saw the sheep 'troted' into the upper room, where its head was decapitated and the body thrown into the hopper of the machine. He descended into the nether apartment, and lo! out of the lower end of the mill emerged a wool hat, leather apron, and four quarters of mutton cooked "wretched nice".

Well done Old Kentuck!

A YANKEE.

In a new play, termed 'The Green Mountain Boys,' in a dialogue, the Yan-

kee is asked tauntingly who his father was? He replies: 'Who was my father! My father was the first inventor of threshing machines. I am the first of his make and can be set in operation at a very little expense, and at the shortest notice! so look out.'

CINCINNATI, May 18.

Midnight Prowlers—Daring Robbery!

The store of one of our respectable merchants, on Main street, was recently entered, at what hour of the night we are not informed, and the money drawer pilfered of its contents. The owners of the store were thrown into consternation—clerks suspected—guards appointed—fire arms prepared—the printing press was called in requisition, but all in vain. Yesterday, we are informed, a discovery was made which led to the detection of the thieves. Upon removing some boxes in the store, a mouse nest was found made of twelve bank bills, which proved to be the same taken from the aforesaid drawer. A liberal reward will be given for the apprehension of the rascals. Will not the city police look to it?—*Gazette.*

Candidates' Department.

For Congress.

JOHN LAW, JOHN W. DAVIS,
GEORGE BOON, W. C. LINTON,
For Senator.

WILLIAM WALLACE, HENRY M. SHAW,
For Representative.

JOHN F. SNAPP, SAMUEL EMISON,
WILLIAM RAPER, SAMUEL JUDAH,
For Commissioner.

WILLIAM JUNKIN, JAMES S. MAYS,
School Commissioner for Knox county.
JOHN C. HOLLAND.

Obituary.

DIED—In this place, on the 24th of May, 1833, PHILIP R. infant son of Wm. Small.

In this place, on Monday the 27th of May, 1833, RICHARD, infant son of William Askew.

DIED, in this city, on Wednesday evening last, Col. WILLIAM M'REA, a distinguished officer of the late war, and but recently Surveyor General of Missouri and Illinois. His remains were interred in the Methodist Burying Ground,—whether they were accompanied by the several volunteer companies of this city.—*Missouri Republican*

NEW GOODS.

J. & W. HAYES

Have just received, and are now opening an entire New Stock of

MERCHANDIZE,

DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND BONNETS,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c. &c.

Selected with care in the Philadelphia market.

Our goods being all paid for, enables us to offer our customers, and such as wish to trade with us, as great facilities as any other house in town. Cash being scarce, we are disposed to sell at a very moderate price.

Vincennes, June 1, 1833—18-3t

BEWARE OF A VILLIAN!

JOSEPH FIELDS, formerly of Warren county, Indiana, deserted his wife, a fine amiable woman, and four children, on the 11th day of May, 1833, and took with him my wife and infant child.

In order to seduce the affections of my wife, I am satisfied he resorted to the basest, most disgraceful and criminal conduct—for ten years we had lived together in perfect amity, we have had seven children, and at no period since marriage have I had cause to complain, until the present occurrence. She left four children, the oldest eight years of age.—Field has tried to create much disturbance here, by giving out word that three or four other women were prepared to leave their husbands with him. He has before been guilty of the same conduct, and will be so again, unless the public are cautioned against him. Before this he left this county to escape a prosecution for marking his neighbours property, and here he is regarded as a rogue as well as a villain.—

No confidence can be placed in any thing he may say, and he will stop at nothing to attain his purposes. Field is a man about five feet ten inches high, heavy set; very hairy on back and breast; cannot straighten his right arm, owing to its being broken; in his manners, he is free, forward, jovial & talkative, uses profane language freely.—

Editors of newspapers friendly to the cause of virtue, will insert the above advertisement, and oblige.

RICHARD BERRY.
Boonville, May 22, 1833—18-3t

TAKEN UP

BY Stephen Stulcup, living in Green county, Stafford township, on the 3d of May, 1833, one SORREL MARE, supposed to be 6 or 7 years old, 114 hands high—both hind feet white, & a ball face, and white streak across her breast, and her right eye is affected, and some saddle marks; no other marks perceptible; appraised by Abraham Garret and Chilton Johnson, to be worth thirty dollars.

WM. F. WILLIAMS, J. P.

May 25, 1833—18-3t

NEW GOODS.

S. & W. J. WISE,

R EPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they still continue business on Market Street, in the house formerly occupied by Tomlinson & Ross, and have just received from Philadelphia, Baltimore and Pittsburgh, a well selected and general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, SADDLERY,

Hardware & Cutlery,

CHINA GLASS & QUEENSWARE,

Leghorn and Straw, Bebe and Dustable

BONNETS,

LADIES', GENTLEMEN & CHILDREN'S

BOOTS AND SHOES,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

This stock of goods has been purchased unusually low, and will be sold on the best terms for cash or approved barter.

May 25, 1833—18-3t

The Family Physician,

AND GAZETTE OF HUMAN LIFE:

Being a Library of Health and Hygiene,

and of Predispos and General Medical

Knowledge, rendered familiar to every individual

embracing every subject connected

with the Prevention, Treatment,

and Cure of Diseases—the Qualities of

Medicines—their good and ill effects on

Health—The Ingredients of Secret or Patent

Medicines—the true Principles of

Eating and Drinking, or Eating and

Drinking to Live—Domestic Cookery—

Chemistry—and a great variety of curios,

valuable, and interesting Knowledge,

of the highest importance to all, and hitherto hidden from the mass of mankind.

CONTRIBUTED TO BY A NUMBER OF PRACTISING PHYSICIANS.

The object of this work is to present every subject connected with diseases and its treatment, which, by its simplicity and the perspicuity of its details, shall enable all who wish, to be thoroughly informed in this most interesting and important of sciences.

The advantages of such a publication to all ranks of society need not be insisted upon, since they must suggest themselves to every reflecting mind. Under the influence of the diffusion of sound medical knowledge among all classes, empiricism must be disarmed of the dangerous weapons with which it wars so successfully against the life of man; the abusive employment of medicines so baneful to health, will give place to the rational administration, of remedial agents, and the scientific and experienced physician will be aided in his efforts to alleviate the sufferings of humanity. Nothing that can add to the interest and utility of the work shall be neglected. The principles of diet and regimen shall be explained, and their application enforced. The ingredients of secret remedies shall be given, and the whole subject of *materia medica* shall be discussed and explained in a lucid and simple style.

27 A premium of \$100 will be awarded to the writer of the best Essay (not exceeding 20 pages octavo) on the advantages to

the community of the general diffusion of medical knowledge. The essays are to be directed, post paid, to the Editor, in all of June next.

The award of the premium will depend upon the decision of several eminent physi-

cians.

28 Editors, postmasters, and others, are respectfully invited to act as agents. Any person who remits ten dollars will have ten copies forwarded him. Persons remitting one dollar will have eight numbers sent.

All distant communications to be addressed to the Editor, No. 6 Cortlandt-street, New York (and must be post paid). Yearly sub-

scribers to commence with No. 1.

The Editor has great pleasure in being able to announce the approbation of many eminent medical gentlemen to the plan of this publication.

Subscriptions to the above work received at this office.

The Journal of Women,