

ishing supplies, crews and extra hands, give employment during that portion of the year when the river is open to 17,500. Further, that the navigation of the western waters sustains 90,000 of the population of the west.

From the Indiana Palladium.

**FIRE!** We understand that a fire occurred a few evenings since, in the most business part of Brookville, which destroyed all the buildings on one square fronting on Main street, a short distance northwest of the court house. The block contained 6 or 8 frame houses, which were principally occupied by shops and groceries. The greater part of the property was saved. We have not learned whether any part was insured, nor in what way the fire originated.

#### ERUPTION OF MOUNT ETNA.

We have, for several weeks past, had vague rumours of an awful eruption of Mount Etna in Sicily, but have had nothing authentic on the subject. The following extract, from a letter from Messina, received by a respectable commercial house in this city, may be relied on as far as it goes; we wish that the writer had entered more into the details of this phenomenon. It would be almost worth the trouble of a voyage across the Atlantic, to see such a volcano as Etna in full blast.

"I have to advise you, that one of the most awful eruptions of Mount Etna, for many years, is at this moment taking place; three new craters have been formed, one of which vomits lava, the second stones, the third only smoke; the stream of lava is at this moment over one mile in breadth, and about eighteen miles in extent; the loss of property is immense, as many fine valleys have been filled and thousands of fruit trees destroyed, together with the almost incessant earthquakes which attend it, have destroyed many villages. As the progress of the lava is very slow, (one and a half miles in 24 hours,) it has enabled all the inhabitants to escape, and the country is filled around for miles, with the inhabitants, and about ten thousand strangers, who have come to visit the mountain, living under tents, which, at this inclement season, rendered more so by this eruption, which always causes very bad weather, creates a great deal of suffering, added to which, the naturally poor condition of the inhabitants, and scarcity of food, is really distressing. Should it not soon cease, the fine village of Bronte, (celebrated for its good white wine, as being the estate with a good title, conferred on Lord Nelson, after one of his great naval victories, by the King of Naples,) must fall a prey to it, the lava being now only a few miles from it. It is seventy miles from this place to the mountain, but all who have witnessed the eruption, represent it to be a most magnificent yet awful spectacle. The stream had collected about sixty feet high at the last dates, and it was momentarily expected to launch forward. It is in this way, that it descends, not as a stream of water, but it continues to form an immense precipice, till the top overbalances the bottom, when it slides forward for a mile or perhaps more, and then does not again move forward till another precipice is formed."—*Boston Centinel.*

The Marion (Geo.) Telegraph of the 27th ult. says—the number of emigrants daily passing through this state, mostly from South Carolina, is without parallel in our recollection. It is estimated that not less than 50,000 souls left South Carolina within the last six months; and judging from what have passed through this place, we should think that number not above the mark.

#### PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing between S. Rathbone & H. Van Vleet, under the firm of S. Rathbone & Co. is this day dissolved. It therefore becomes necessary that the books be immediately closed by settlement, and all those indebted to the late firm are requested to call on the undersigned and settle their accounts without delay.

S. RATHBONE.  
Vincennes, March 21, 1833.—9-3w

#### LAST NOTICE.

Unless it has a better effect than heretofore, ALL those indebted to me, either by note or book account, would do well to attend to the same before the first day of April next.

Also, those that have open accounts on my books for smithwork done by B. Wellman, will please call on me and settle the same without delay, as further indulgence cannot be given.

WM. MIEURE.  
Vincennes, March 16, 1833.—7-1f

#### PUBLIC NOTICE.

IN the spring of 1829, or 1830, the following articles were left in Vincennes and have not since been called for, viz: one small sack of COFFEE, a TRUNK, lashed round with an old sternfast, and a bag, containing sundry articles. The owner can get them by applying at the Western Sun office, paying for this advertisement, and proving his property.

Nov. 30, 1832. 43-1f

**Rags! Rags! Rags!**  
CASH, or WORK, will be given for any quantity of clean Linnen or Cotton Rags at the WESTERN SUN office.

#### NOTICE!

ALL persons indebted to me by note or book account, are hereby informed that I have, and by these presents, do appoint and confirm John D. Woolverton my true and lawful agent, to receive pay and settle by note or otherwise for me and in my name, and he is fully authorized to sign receipts and to give releases accordingly. My books and notes are now in his possession, and he is instructed to sue in all cases where this notice is not promptly attended to—the state of my health requires this course, and I trust my old friends will not neglect this call.—E. McNAMEE.  
Vincennes, March 23, 1833.—8-4f

STATE OF INDIANA,  
Knox County.

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT,  
March Term, 1833.

Isaac Blackford, vs. Heirs of Martin Riley, decd.

AND now at this time comes the complaint, by Samuel Judah his counsel, and on the suggestion of the sheriff's return. It is ordered by the Court now here, that publication of this suit be made unto Joseph Rily, John C. Rily, James Gad, Maryann Gad, Margaret Rily, David Marry, and Polly Marry, in the Western Sun, a paper printed at Vincennes, for three weeks successively, that they be and appear at the next term of this court to answer complainant's bill, or the same will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered accordingly.

Copy—Attest.  
A. D. SCOTT, Clerk.  
March 25, 1833.—9-3f

STATE OF INDIANA,  
Knox County.

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT,  
March Term, 1833.

Martin Robinson, vs. John Morford and the unknown heirs of James S. Brown, deceased.

AND now at this time comes the complaint, by Ellis his attorney, and filed his certain bill in writing; and the court being fully advised and satisfied that the said defendants are not residents of this state, it is therefore ordered and decreed by this Court, that notice of the pendency of this suit be given in the Western Sun, a paper printed in Vincennes, for three weeks in succession, that they be and appear at the next term of this court, to be holden on the first Monday of September next, and then and there answer said complainant's bill, or the same will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered accordingly.

Copy—Attest.  
A. D. SCOTT, Clerk.  
March 25, 1833.—9-3f

#### LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following tracts of Land, viz:

200	acres of Donation Lot No.	143
185	do do do	182
129	do do do	181
199	do do do	189
400	do do do	146
190	do do do	211
70	do do do	189
95	do do do	175
350	do do do	51
100	do do do	90
50	do do do	86
100	do do do	92
130	do do do	167
200	S. E. half do	190

—ALSO—  
The following Tract in Sullivan County:—W. 1/2 S. W. fractional 4 S. frac. 3, in T. S. N. of R. 11 W.; containing 77 and 62 hdths. acres. The above tract has a comfortable hewn log house on it with other out buildings, and about twenty or thirty acres cleared land, with good fences and other improvements.

Any person wishing to purchase any of the above described tracts during the absence of the subscriber, will please call on John Law, Esq. who is authorized to sell and transfer the same.

BENJAMIN OLNEY.  
Vincennes, 23d Jan. 1832.—5-1f

**DR. JOSEPH BROWNE**  
OFFERS to the people of Vincennes and vicinity, his services in the practice of MEDICINE, SURGERY, and OBSTETRIC'S. He resides in the house formerly occupied by the late C. Graeter, where he may be found at all times, save when out on professional business.

Vincennes, Jan. 1833 1-1f

STATE OF INDIANA,  
Pike County.

PROBATE COURT,  
February Term, 1833.

IN the matter of the estate of David Kinman, deceased, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that an appointment of the estate real, has been made, and upon suggestion of the administrator, that there is not a sufficiency of assets in his hands to satisfy the debts due from said estate, it is ordered by the Court, that notice be given to the heirs of the said David Kinman, that they be and appear at the next term of this Court, and show cause why the real estate of the said decedent should not be sold, and its proceeds made assets in the hands of the administrator.

A copy—Attest  
JOHN MCINTIRE, C. P. C. P. C.  
March 9, 1833.—6-4f

#### FOR SALE.

WILL sell my Tavern Stand, now occupied by Col. Alexis LeRoy, situated on Market street, in the borough of Vincennes;—also the Brick House And Two Lots

formerly owned by D. C. Johnson; situated at the east end of Market street, in the borough aforesaid.

The Tavern Stand is in a healthy and pleasant part of the borough; and the other house is well calculated for a private family, and likewise in a pleasant and healthy situation.

For further particulars, inquire of A. T. Ellis, Esq. and Zachariah Pulliam, both living in Vincennes.

H. JOHNSON.

Vincennes, Ind. March 15, 1833.—7-1f

**A Good Bargain Offered!**

THE subscriber has 340 ACRES OF LAND lying in the Old Donation (a part of the tract formerly owned by the heirs of Simpson) nine miles east of Vincennes, and near the state road, which he offers low for cash; and for which an indisputable title can be given.

WAL. MIEURE.

Vincennes, March 7, 1833.—7-1f

#### INCITATUS

WILL stand the ensuing season at Jas. Gibson's, on the Wabash opposite Vincennes, on Mondays and Tuesdays every week, commencing the first of April, and the balance of the time at my stable, one and a quarter miles east of Lawrenceville, Ill. He will be let to mares at six dollars, paid by the first of July, or eight dollars, paid by the 25th of December, in merchantable produce at the market prices, such as wheat, rye, oats, corn, pork, beeswax, or young cattle. All care will be taken to prevent accidents, but not accountable for any.

INCITATUS is a beautiful dark bay colour, fifteen hands three inches high, five years old 29th of May next—he was raised by Joseph Miller, Madison county, Kentucky. Incitatus was sired by Kosciusko, he by Sir Archy, and came out of the imported mare Castanira. The dam of Kosciusko was Lottery, she was got by the imported Bedford, and came out of the imported Apollo. The dam of Incitatus was got by Blackhorse's Whip, granddam by the imported Diomed.

Any person having any doubt of the stock of my horse, can easily inform themselves by writing to Joseph Miller; for the respectability of Mr. Miller, they can inquire of Mr. Mattingly, who is working in the Western Sun office.

JAMES NABB.

March 9th, 1833.—6-10f

#### Partnership Junior.

WILL stand the ensuing season at my stable, one and a quarter miles east of Lawrenceville Ill. and will be let to mares at the reduced price of four dollars, if paid by the 1st of July, or six by the 25th of December, in merchantable wheat, rye, oats, corn, pork, beeswax, or young cattle, at the market price. All care will be taken to prevent accidents, but not accountable for any. The season will end on the first of July.

PARTNERSHIP JUNIOR is a beautiful dark bay horse, rising sixteen hands high, six years old next April, was got by old Partnership, and he by Volunteer. Volunteer by Gallatin, Gallatin by the imported Bedford, out of the imported mare Membrino, Bedford by Dunganon, one of the best sons of the celebrated English Eclipse.

JAMES NABB.

March 9, 1833.—6-10f

#### NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

I HAVE established a BLACK SMITH SHOP on Second Street, near Gen. Lasselle's Tavern, where I shall be glad to receive the patronage of the public in the above business. I have, and at all times will keep, the best of workmen, and none but the best of iron shall be kept on hand. It will be to the interest of all persons getting work done to give a call, as I have a large stock of IRON AND STEEL of all sorts, suitable for all kinds of work, on hand, and having made an arrangement at Louisville to keep up a regular supply. There is on hand

A great variety of Ploughs; And I shall keep at all times all articles usually made use of by our farming population. Will be kept on hand at all times, by the dozen or single one, the best of CAST STEEL AXES, and many other articles. Farmers will find it to their interest to get their work done at my shop, as I am satisfied they can pay for their work easier and have it done cheaper than at any other shop in the place. I will give work for coal at all times, and receive in payment where there is no money, all kinds of grain, &c.

I want two boys as apprentices to the above business: boys of from 12 to 16 will be taken.

JOHN C. CLARK.

February 2, 1833 1 f

#### NEW AND

#### VALUABLE INVENTION!

THE undersigned, a resident of Vincennes, Indiana, has invented and perfected a new and valuable improvement in the application of wind, for the purpose of propelling machinery;—for which he has received letters patent from the president of the United States, designated J. L. COLMAN'S SELF-REGULATING HORIZONTAL WINDMILL

Occular demonstration is always the most satisfactory—and two mills are now erected in the borough of Vincennes upon the plan of the undersigned, one of which has been in operation near two years.—The perfect safety and entire simplicity of these mills, may be conceived from a brief outline.

A horizontal wheel is placed on a vertical shaft above the house, with four or more wings or sails standing in an inclined position from the way the windwheel is calculated to run, which throws a gradual weight of the wings on a given scope of wind, and the wings bearing on the wind propel the wheel: it illustrates a combinational power of weight and wind, with the principle of gravity acting on wind.—Each wing performs one revolution on its pivot, to one of the main windwheel.—Each wing has a bearing of seven-eighths of its circumference upon the wind, and the one-eighth occasions little or no resistance.

The power is in proportion to the weight given, and a very light weight is sufficient to drive the simple machinery of a run of millstones. More or less power, if desired, can be given when the mill is in operation by the lower pivots of each wing being placed on a sliding block, to which a rope is attached extending to main shaft passing under a collar on shaft at the roof of building, to a windless on shaft inside the house. There is nothing conjectural or complicated in the improvement mentioned;—it is founded on a principle of nature, and amply tested by practical experience. The use and benefit to accrue cannot long remain limited; it will be found to recommend itself for utility, cheapness, certainty, safety, and convenience, to the citizens of every quarter of the United States.

To those who reside on the western and southern plains, and to those near the Atlantic or northern lake shores, it will afford durable benefit and great accommodation. No person acquainted with mills, who has seen the mill of the undersigned in operation, has withheld an expression of entire approval; and a strong recommendation, after actual examination of the mill at work, could now be procured, signed by hundreds of intelligent citizens.—The expense of the running gearing of a grist mill, whether the main shaft be vertical or horizontal, is well known to all mill-rights; and the chief difference arises from the driving power. The expense of a windwheel depends upon the size; one to carry one hundred yards of sail will not exceed one hundred dollars, and one carrying six hundred yards, may not exceed five hundred dollars. The first mentioned size will drive a run of four feet millstones with a very moderate wind; and the last mentioned size will, with the same wind, drive six run of the same size stones with equal safety at all times.

The undersigned, as a matter of choice at the present time, would prefer to recommend a windwheel to carry about three hundred yards, say sixty feet in diameter, and to remove any possible doubt, the following assurances are here made. That with the least possible wind it will drive one run of four feet millstones;—with a moderate breeze it will drive two or three, and with a strong wind five run of the same size, each doing good business.—That it will make flour equal to any other mill, and requires much less attention to keep it in repair. That a boy of ten years of age may have entire and perfect command of it at all times without difficulty. That with garners to hold sufficient grain, and lend a supply to the hoppers, it may be left in perfect safety for twenty-four hours at a time. The wind may blow from a moderate breeze to a storm, (both inclusive) and change its direction as often and as quick as may be, and little if any difference will be perceived in the movement of the mill. That in proportion to cost, it will do a better business than any steam engine, (expense of fuel and engineering saved). And that for sawing and grist mills it will be found equally effective, and less expensive.

Persons desirous of farther information in relation to this important discovery, will please visit the mill of the undersigned, or address him by mail, post paid, to Vincennes, Ind., which will receive due attention.

Any person or persons, who will build a good and substantial mill on the above principle, such as the undersigned will designate to him or them in writing, in the most prominent place in any of the states, and attend to the same personally, shall be entitled to half the proceeds arising from a patent in the state he or they may select.

J. L. COLMAN.

Vincennes, March 20, 1833.—8-3m

Since the above was handed to the Editor, a respectable and intelligent citizen of this place, Willis Fellows, Esq. well acquainted with machinery, and with the different principles of windmills, gave it as his opinion, that the above principle is at least five hundred per cent. preferable to any heretofore used. —[En. Soc.]

STATE OF INDIANA,  
Knox County.

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT,  
March Term, A. D. 1833.

August Chappard, guardian for Antoine Chappard,

vs. August Tongas et al.

ON motion of complainant, by G. W. Johnston, his counsel, Ordered that Alexander D. Scott, be, and he is hereby appointed guardian ad litem unto Ambrose Flaget Mallet, Ernie Gin Mallet, Mary Mallet, and Angeline Mallet, infant heirs of Ambrose Mallet, deceased. And on further motion, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that publication, as entered at the last term of this court, had not been complied with, it is now ordered by the court, and it appearing to their satisfaction, that August Tongas and Angeline his wife, are nonresidents of this state. It is ordered that the pendency of this suit be published in the Western Sun, a paper printed in Vincennes, for four weeks successively, that said defendants appear here at the next term of this court and answer the complainant's bill, or the same will be taken as confessed.

Copy—Attest.

A. D. SCOTT, Clerk.

March 21, 1833.—8-4f

#### Notice is hereby Given,

THAT six weeks after date, application will be made to the Register of the Land Office at Vincennes, in the state of Indiana, for a certificate of FORFEITED LAND STOCK, for the amount paid on the East half of the South East quarter, of section thirty, township five south, of Range Eight West, in the Vincennes District, entered on the nineteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and forfeited for non payment agreeably to law; now claimed by the subscriber under the act of congress passed July ninth, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act for the relief of the purchasers of the public lands that have reverted for the non payment of the purchase money,' passed twenty-third May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, the original certificate of the purchase having been lost or destroyed.

Given under my hand this tenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three.

JOSEPH DUFUREST.

March 16, 1833.—7-6f

#### STATE OF INDIANA,

Knox County.

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT,

March Term, 1833.

Joshua Beall, vs. Elijah Hurd.

AND now at this time came the complaint, by Carman his counsel, and it appearing that the Subpoena ad respondendum was returned non est. It is therefore ordered by the Court now here, that publication of the pendency of this cause be given in the Western Sun, a paper printed at Vincennes, for three weeks in succession, that unless the said Elijah Hurd does appear at the next term of this court, and answer complainant's bill, the same will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered thereon.

Copy—Attest.

A. D. SCOTT, Clerk.

March 25, 1833.—9-3f

#### STATE OF INDIANA,

Knox County.

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT,

March Term, 1833.

Daniel C. Johnson, vs. His Creditors.

Petition for benefit of Insolvent Act.

AND now at this time came the petition, by Ellis his solicitor, and filed the petition and list of debts due by said petitioner to his creditors, praying that the court would grant unto him the benefit of an act entitled "An act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," approved Feb. 9th, 1831; It is therefore on motion, considered by the Court now here, that the Clerk give notice of the pendency of said petition in the Western Sun, a paper printed at Vincennes, at least three weeks successively, sixty days previous to the day set for trial; and on further motion, it is considered that the court will act on said petition on the third day of next term.

Copy—Attest.

A. D. SCOTT, Clerk.

March 25, 1833.—9-3f

#### STATE OF INDIANA,

Knox County.

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT,

March Term, 1833.

His Creditors, vs. Daniel C. Johnson.

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Copy—Attest.

A. D. SCOTT, Clerk.

March 25, 1833.—9-3f

#### Commissioners' Sale.

Pierre Compagnoni, vs. Antoine Marchal and Pierre Laplante.

In Partition

BY virtue of an order of the Knox Circuit Court, made at the March term now past, in this cause, the undersigned commissioners will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, at the court house door in Vincennes, on Monday the 22d day of April next, at 12 o'clock, m. all that parcel of ground fronting on Water Street, Vincennes, and running back to the Wabash, bounded on one side by Bussaron Street, and on the other by the lot now or late of Thos. Jones' heirs, and being parcel of Lot Number 19, Johnson and Emison's Survey. Terms are one half at six and one half at twelve months, to be secured by bond and mortgage on premises.

THOS. C. BAILY  
SAM'L. HILL,  
WM. J. HEBARD,

March 25, 1833.—9-4f