

THE WESTERN SUN.

VINCENNES, SEPTEMBER 5, 1829.

The Lawrenceburgh, Indiana Palladium of the 22d August, says:—"The most violent storm of wind and hail, accompanied by thunder and lightning, experienced for some years past, passed through this county on Friday evening, the 14th inst. It struck the county about the north west corner, and passed, in a southern direction, through Manchester, Wilmington, to Rising Sun, on the Ohio, laying waste in its progress whole fields of corn, uprooting the timber, destroying the fruit trees, unroofing houses, barns, &c.—throwing over stacks of hay and grain, and in short, ruining vegetation of almost every kind in its course, for the breadth of a mile and more. Such was the violence of the wind and hail, that it tore the corn up by the roots, and cut it literally to pieces. We understand one man has offered a reward to any person who will find one sound ear of corn in a field of his of fifty acres. We have not heard of any lives lost."

The Louisville Public Advertiser of the 29th ult. says: "We learn by one of the passengers on the Walter Scott, arrived on Thursday from New Orleans, that intelligence was received at New Orleans, on the 12th inst. of the assassination of Mr. Poinsett, the American Minister at Mexico. He could not detail the particulars of the transaction, or state why the deed was perpetrated.

The yellow fever was raging with great violence at New Orleans when the Walter Scott left that port. The city papers of the 11th admit the fact, and we understand that, 40 to 50 interments took place daily."

We glean from the London papers brought by the William Bynes, a few additional items of news.—*N. Y. Commercial Adv.*

Riots in Ireland.—The papers bring many accounts from Ireland, of riots & murders. The ill-blood between the Orangemen and Catholics has not become cool, and the fairs are fruitful of brawls. At the fair of Borrisokane, a house was attacked by previous arrangement. Several armed men were assembled within, for its defence. They fired, and three of the rioters were killed, and two mortally wounded. At Miltown Malbay, a man was shot by the police. There had been a "desperate riot" at Manorhamilton, which the military were called from Sligo to quell. Four men were killed, & many wounded. Individual instances of robbery, outrage and murder, are too numerous to be recounted. Great alarm begins to prevail, particularly in the northern counties; Sligo, Leitrim, Cavan and Monaghan; but from Fermanagh, according to the concurrent reports which are received from that county, the parties are actually organizing for a battle. A district meeting of the Masters of the Orange lodges was held in that county on the 1st ult. when it was resolved unanimously, that the Orangemen of Fermanagh should continue to assemble as usual for the purpose of protecting themselves against the "innovations of Popery." It was further unanimously resolved, to place no further confidence in government, by which they had been betrayed.

A letter from Enniskillen says:—"Orangemen are busy in preparing flags, &c and making very extensive preparations to walk in procession on the 12th of July. It behoves the government to turn its attention to this country in good time, for it is said the Catholics, irritated to the highest pitch possible, mean to try their strength with the Orangemen, and are equally busy on their side in preparing the means of resistance. The next fair day is on the 10th, when it is supposed the first trial will be made; but the great fight, it is expected, will be on the 12th.—The physical force of both parties is expected to be greater than was ever seen in this quarter before, and if the government do not timely interfere, the consequences will be dreadful.

"In the county of Monaghan similar agitation prevails. There is no sort of intercourse whatever in this country between Catholics and Protestants, and not even any between protestants of a different way of political thinking. I know it to be a fact, that a protestant clergyman in this country is constantly in the habit of preaching the most sedicious, nay, the most treasonable sermons. On a recent occasion he solemnly declared from the pulpit, that all ties between his sovereign and himself were dissolved; that he owed him no further allegiance, and that no protestant was bound to pay him any; that the time was coming when it might be found necessary to vindicate their rights, and so on."

From the N. Y. Courier & Enquirer, Aug. 17.
LATEST FROM EUROPE.

At a late hour last night, we received Paris papers to the 7th July, brought by the ship Antioch, capt. Rich, from Havre, from which we had only time to give the following summary:—A new Bulletin of the Russian army, under Gen. Count Diebitsch, is published at Berlin on the 27th of June, by which it appears that the battle on the 11th had been followed by some further successes on the part of the Russians, whose attention had been directed to prevent the Grand Vizier's forces from entering Shoumla, for which purpose Count Pahlen had been detached for the pursuit. The Turks took the direction of Janow, to the right, by a route assailable only

to infantry. Gen. Roth advanced upon Maras, and discovered on the road to the village of Basepla, a small body of Turkish cavalry, whom he attacked and dispersed.

Speaking of the victory of the 11th June, the Constitutional says, "the triumphs of the Muscovite soldiers in the neighborhood of Schumla, are greater than had previously been conjectured, and more decisive than could have been imagined. It is difficult to predict what effect will be produced upon the Cabinet of St. James by the news from Schumla. It is presumable that the views of the British Ministry will not be rendered more favorable to Russia by this intelligence.

Russia has contracted a loan of 42 millions florins at Amsterdam, 18 of which were taken up at the commencement of the campaign, & the balance had been recently called for. The Russian Minister of Finance considered this loan all important as the resistance of the Turks required more extensive and efficacious measures to augment the means of attack.

Accounts from Vienna to the 25th June, state that the official news of the victory obtained by the Russians near Schumla had occasioned strange movements at that place.—Prince Metternich, not prepared for such intelligence, was astounded, and forthwith dispatched several couriers for England and the frontiers of Transylvania; and, as the plague had for a long time been a pretext for the march of troops, so on this occasion it was used for sending troops towards the theatre of war, to reinforce the *cordon sanitaire*.

Leghorn June 21—An Austrian vessel arrived here has confirmed the report that a steamboat which was in the Russian service in the Black Sea had fallen into the hands of Turks. It is said that the Captain Pacha will soon go out from the Bosphorus to fight the Russian fleet blockading the Dardanelles.—

The Russian Admiral, who knows this, has collected around him a great number of vessels of war.

From the Baltimore Gazette.

More Counterfeits.—We have to caution the public against receiving notes of the United States Bank, payable at the Branch at Lexington, to the order of Joseph Fowler, letter C. of the denomination of \$20. The signature of W. McIlvaine Cashier, is badly executed—the character being stiff and not so heavy as in the genuine—the signature of N. Biddle, President, is well done. The names of the Engravers, Murray, Draper, Fairman & Co. are clumsily done; having a slurred appearance. The general appearance of the Note is well calculated to deceive—and the Counterfeit unless closely inspected would be received by the most wary.

WANT.—Printers and Editors want every man to do what is right, and to give them their dues.—Will you gratify one of them?

COMMUNICATED.

DIED.—On Tuesday the 25th of August, Mrs. AGNES HUNTER, wife of the Rev. Mr. A. Hunter, after an illness twelve days, and in the 31st year of her age.

During her illness she manifested a very great resignation to the will of God; and a willingness to meet death with Christian fortitude, viewing it (as she said) the door through which she would pass to rest with Jesus.

COLUMBIAN STEAM MILL, VINCENNES.

THE subscribers have just received, direct from New-York, a general assortment of Fall and Winter

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Blue, Black, Grey & Olive BROAD CLOTHS, Super Blue, Black, Mixed and Ribbed, double milled CASSIMBRE, Common ditto.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Blue and Steel mixed SATTINETTS, Ladies Blue PELISSE CLOTH, Extra super London printed CAMBRIC and CALICOES.

Super Black, Blue, Dove, Orange, Yellow, Pink and Crimson CRAPE ROBES, Extra Crapé SHAWLS and SCARFS, Plain and Figured SILKS,

Ladies & Gent's. White & Black Silk GLOVES

Plain & Figured BOOK MUSLINS & LENO, Worked and tamboured muslin CAPES, Super plain and Figured BOMB AZETTS,

Circassian PLAIDS, suitable for ladies Cloaks, Batisee and Berege DRESSES,

Brazilian, Gingham and Cambric ROBES, Ladies Kid and Beaver GLOVES,

ALSO A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Ladies and gentlemen's SHOES, SHOETEES, and PUMPS,

WITH A WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF Hardware, Cutlery, Castings and Groceries,

Which we will sell at the most reduced prices for Cash, or in trade for Rye, Corn, Wheat, and country Produce generally

SAM N. MARRON, & Co.

September 4, 1829. 30-1f

Public Sale.

WILL be offered for sale at the dwelling house of the subscriber, on Saturday the 12th day of September, HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE—Also, some CATTLE, on a credit of 12 months for all sums over three dollars.

JOHN PITCHER.

Vincennes, September 4, 1829.—30-2

Cow and Calf.

WANTED to purchase a good Milch Cow, with a young calf, for which the highest price in cash, will be given—enquire of the PAINTER

Vincennes, September 1829

Vincennes Jockey Club.

A meeting of the Club is requested at Clark's Hotel, on Tuesday, the 8th inst. at early candle lighting, to make the necessary arrangements for the fall races.

September 3, 1829

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING discovered that the personal and real estate together, belonging to Thomas Newman, deceased, will probably be insufficient to discharge the debts and demands against it, the same is hereby declared insolvent, and a settlement thereof will be made as such.

JONATHAN DOUGLASS, Adm.

August 22, 1829. 39-3t

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING taken out letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Harbison, (late of Dubois county, Indiana,) deceased, notice is hereby given, that said estate is probably insolvent—All indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement—and those having claims against the same, to present them properly authenticated for adjustment.

WM EDMONSTON, Adm.

August 1, 1829. 30-3t-JM's-1p

CUMBERLAND ROAD.

RECEIVED proposals for contracts for opening the CUMBERLAND ROAD located through the state of Indiana, will be received by the Superintendents, at the following places and times, to wit:

At the Post Office in Centreville, Wayne county, until the 17th day of September, ensuing, for all that part of the Road lying between the line dividing the states of Ohio and Indiana, and the 25 mile tree.

At the Post Office in West Liberty, Henry county, until the 21st day of September, ensuing, for all that part of the Road lying between the 25th and 53d mile trees.

At the Post Office in Indianapolis, until the 24th day of September, ensuing, for all that part of the Road lying between the said 53d mile tree East, and the 16 mile tree West, from Indianapolis.

At Mr. Stiles', on Mile creek, until the 28th day of September, ensuing, for all that part of the Road lying between the said 16 mile tree, and the 40th mile tree West.

And at Terre Haute, Vigo county, until the 1st day of October, for all that part of the Road lying between said 40th mile tree, and the line between Indiana and Illinois.

The Superintendents will attend at Centreville, from the 17th until the 21st day of September, in order to enter into articles of a agreement with contractors; leave Centreville on the 21st, and arrive at West Liberty the same evening, remain there until the 24th—then leave, and arrive at Indianapolis same day, remain there until the 28th September; then leave, and arrive at Mr. Stiles' same day, remain there until the 1st day of October; then leave, and arrive at Terre Haute on the 2d, remain there until the 5th day of October, to enter into contracts.

The Superintendents have taken this method of receiving proposals and entering into articles, believing it to be the best and most expeditious, and making the least travel and expense to persons wishing to contract. It is expected that persons laying in proposals will attend punctually at the places and times before mentioned, as no other notice will be given, and no delay made.

THE WORK IS TO BE DONE IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER:

The Road is to be opened eighty feet wide, the timber on that width cut down and removed. The central part of thirty feet to be cut in the following manner, to wit:—All the trees of one foot in diameter (at one foot from the ground,) and under, to be cut level with the surface; all from one foot, up to eighteen inches, to be cut not exceeding nine inches; and all over eighteen inches diameter to be cut not exceeding fifteen inches from the surface; and all stumps within the said centre of thirty feet, must be rounded and trimmed in such a manner as to present no serious obstructions to carriages. On the remaining fifty feet, all the stumps must be left not exceeding one and a half feet in height. The work must be commenced immediately, and completed by the first of February next. No advances of money will be made, but monthly payments to contractors, equal to three fourths of the value of the work actually performed. Should any person offer for more than one section, he will specify distinctly and separately each section; and not more than ten miles will be given to any one contractor.

Commencing at Indianapolis, the Road will be divided both Eastwardly and Westwardly, into sections of one mile each, in the following manner, viz:—Eastwardly, from the 71 mile tree to the 70, to be the first section Eastwardly; from the 70 to the 69, the second section, and so on to the Ohio state line. And Westwardly, beginning at Indianapolis, from thence to the one mile tree to be the first section; from the one to the two mile

tree the second section, and so on to the Illinois state line.

Persons (who are strangers to the Superintendents) will forward, or produce testimonials of character and capacity to perform the work. Letters sent by mail, must be post paid, and directed to the Superintendents of the Cumberland Road, and endorsed, *Proposals*.

FORM OF PROPOSALS.

I will contract for the section of the Cumberland Road, between Indianapolis, and the (Illinois or Ohio state line, as the case may be) and will complete it by the time, and as required by the Superintendents, on the following terms, to wit:—For cutting down and removing the timber, rounding and trimming the stumps on the centre thirty feet, as required, at dollars per mile.

As a considerable number who hold land over which the road passes have not as yet relinquished their claims to the United States to the width of said road, it is to be distinctly understood, that not a tree is to be cut down on such parts of the road; and in order that persons may not lay in proposals for such non-relinquishments, we give the following list of names and situation of the land over which the United States have no control, having obtained no relinquishments, to wit:

James Pegg, n w qr sec. 6, town 13 north, range 1 east, Wayne county.

John Meek, part of sec. 1, town 13, north, range 2 east, Wayne county.

Isaac Hicks, s w qr sec. 7, town 16 north, range 13 east, Wayne county.

John Sutherland, part of sec. 12, town 13 north, range 2 east, Wayne county.

Montgomery McCall east half n w qr sec. 32, town 16 north, range 9 east, Henry county.

Ferguson, west half s e qr sec. 1, town 15 north, range 4 east, Marion county.

Widow Pogue, west half s w qr sec. 6, town 15 north, range 4 east, Marion county.

James Givans, east half s w qr sec. 6, town 15 north, range 4 east, Marion county.

James Smith, s w qr sec. 21, township 16 north, range 14 east, Wayne county.

Greely Coriolus, s w qr sec. 24, township 17 north, range 13 east, Wayne county.

Abram Hunt, part w qr sec. 26, township 16 north, range 13 east, Wayne county.

Jesse Shortridge, east half s w qr sec. 28, town 16 north, range 11 east, Henry county.

Charles Waddle, east half s e qr sec. 27, town 16 north, range 11 east, Henry county.

Lancelot Bell, east half s w qr sec. 27, town 16 north, range 11 east, Henry county.

George Garrett, east half s w qr sec. 30, town 16 north, range 11 east, Henry county.

John Charles', heirs, s w qr sec. 25, township 16 north, range 10 east, Henry county.

Larkin Hall, west half s w qr sec. 28, town 16 north, range 10 east, Henry county.

William Houghman, west half s e qr sec. 29, town 16 north, range 10 east, Henry county.

Bond, west half n w qr sec. 31, township 16 north, range 10 east, Henry county.

Joshua Wilburn, east half n w qr sec. 36, town 16 north, range 9 east, Henry county.

William Berry, west half n e qr sec. 36, town 16 north, range 9 east, Henry county.

Hale, north half of sec. 35, town 16 north, range 9 east, Henry county.

Daniel Heaton, e half s w qr sec. 33, town 16 north, range 7 east, Hancock county.

N. B. Griffith, west half s w qr sec. 34, town 16 north, range 7 east, Hancock county.

Almond Moore, west half n w qr sec. 6, town 15 north, range 7 east, Hancock county.

W. B. Chamberlane, e half n w qr sec. 6, town 15 north, range 7 east, Hancock county.

Leonard W. Bartlett, e half n e qr sec. 1, town 15 north, range 6 east, Hancock county.

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