

# THE WESTERN SUN

VINCENNES, AUGUST 9, 1828

A statement of the polls of the election in Knox county, on Monday the 4th inst for Representatives to the State Legislature, and for a Sheriff and Coroner for the county.

Townships	Representatives		Shff.	Coron'r	
	S. Judah.	J. C. Riley.	G. W. Johnson.	A. Rhodarmel.	D. M. Weston.
Vincennes	280	264	156	190	373
Palmyra.	33	12	41	22	35
Washingt'n	65	31	60	42	56
Busseron.	11	13	18	16	11
Widner.	34	4	38	23	9
Johnson.	24	19	9	5	27
Harrison.	48	32	32	14	4
Decker.	25	31	9	18	38
Total	520	406	363	330	592
					266
					46
					252

Samuel Judah and John C. Riley, Esqrs are elected Representatives; John Myers, Sheriff, and Abraham Rhodarmel, Esq. Coroner—David S. Bonner, Hiriam Decker, Andrew Burnside, Andrew Armstrong, and John C. Holland, are elected Trustees to the Knox county Seminary.

Statement of the votes given for Governor, Lt. Governor—and for and against a Convention, at the annual election in 1828

Counties.	Governor.		Lt. Gov.		No. Conv'n.	
	L.	T.	H.	J. B.	M.	
Knox,	326	158	390	402	454	603
Orange,	570	335	41	627	183	318
Martin,	103	92	111	85	181	191
Aggregate.	1218	1485				

Statement of the votes in the first Congressional District of Indiana, at the annual election in 1828

Counties.	T.		R.
	H.	J.	
Knox,	-	-	433
Orange,	-	-	298
Martin,	-	-	86
Daviess,	-	-	40
Aggregate.	1218	1485	

The above statements exhibit a correct return of votes so far as they have come to hand—next week I hope to be able to give the entire vote of this Congressional District—if the reports which have been received of the votes as given in several counties should be verified col. Blake is re-elected.

David Robb, I have been informed has been elected to Represent Gibson county, in the place of Walter Wilson, Esq.—James G. Rad, has been re-elected in Daviess, over Mr. Wallace—and George Boon, has been re-elected in Sullivan, over Mr. Mann

At a meeting of the Members of the Bar, attending the Orange Circuit Court, held at the Courthouse in the town of Paoli, on Thursday evening, July 24, 1828,

On motion,

CHARLES DEWEY, Esq. was appointed Chairman, and JOHN LAW, Secretary.

On motion of J. H. Farnham, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted, viz:

*Resolved*, That the members of the Bar, practising in this Circuit, have learned with deep sensations of grief, the sudden and premature death of our late associate and friend, REUBEN W. NELSON, Esquire, a gentleman whose various and exemplary merits, high attainments, and unwearied industry, rendered him an ornament to his profession and the community.

*Resolved*, That as a testimony of our respect for the memory of our departed friend and professional brother, we will wear the usual badge of mourning for the period of thirty days.

*Resolved*, That these proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in the Cresset, and Indiana Journal.

CHAS. DEWEY, Chairman.

JNO. LAW, Secretary.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Havana to his correspondent in New York, dated July 3d, 1828.

"The conversation of the whole city is directed to one topic: it engrosses all our present thoughts and chills us with horror. Perhaps in atrocity the act is without a parallel. The French Packet, trading from Vera Cruz to Bordeaux, was attacked by pirates off the Colorado, about the beginning of May, and every soul on board, amounting to eighty three in all, put to death! They consisted entirely of old Spaniards, who had with them their whole wealth, which is estimated, in specie, plate, cochineal, indigo, &c at a million of dollars. After completing the robbery, they scuttled and sunk the packet.

"Humanity shudders at this barbarity; but she cannot furnish a better excuse for those who, from the business of their early

lives, or the force of continued bad example, strike such a blow at society, than the misjudging and bribed government who tolerate in quietness such acts—tolerate them so far, that the captain of the pirate stood, with the utmost effrontery, near me, a few days since, at the most public resort in the city.

"The circumstances have been learnt from a fisherman, seized by the pirates to serve as a pilot. He was landed upon an uninhabited key, and from thence taken by one of H. B. M. schooners. He mentions that there were several females and children on board, who, like the crew and males, were inhumanly butchered."

From the New York Gazette, of the 22d July,—**LATE FROM BRAZIL**—We learn from Capt. Bassett, arrived last evening from Rio Grande, that the frontier of the province Massains was in the possession of Don F. J. R. The whole of the Brazilian forces at that place, about 600 men, were taken, and afterwards more than half of them joined the invaders. This success of the patriots threatens the right wing of gen. Licoze's army, & opens to them the richest part of the province.

The situation and prospects of the Brazilian army are very discouraging. Brazil could have no prospect of making a successful war against the province of the river Plate, but through the aid and energy of the inhabitants of Rio Grande. They are universally opposed to the war, and when forced into the service, desert at every opportunity. The Brazilian army is principally composed of blacks and mulattoes of the lowest order—men born in warmer latitudes, and unable to sustain the severities of the winter, or fatigues of warfare. The patriots are robust men, generally animated by the best feelings for their cause, accustomed to privations and fatigue, & despising an enemy whom they have so often vanquished. Their army is principally composed of cavalry, in which the Brazilians are very deficient; this must render their movements difficult, slow, and even dangerous in an open country, where the enemy can surround them at pleasure; even a victory would do but little good, as they could not pursue the enemy; but a battle lost would most probably result in the disunion of the army, and the loss of Rio Grande.

Viewing impartially the respective situation of the belligerent armies, there appears no hope, that the Brazilians can ever be successful by land, and that she is running the risk of losing Rio Grande, which is becoming very valuable, should Buenos Ayres increase her forces for the next campaign. The head quarters of gen. Licoze is about thirty leagues from Rio Grande.

NEW YORK, July 21.

*Williams's Printing Machine*—Yesterday, at the Methodist Printing Office in Crosby street, twenty six tokens, equal to *55* two tokens on one side, were printed by Williams's small wooden press, well done, and finished at four o'clock in the afternoon. Eight, or say ten tokens, by hand, (on the ordinary press) is a day's work. The workman says he can do *forty* on this press, on both sides, equal to *80* in the common way; and by Williams's iron press nearly finished at the Sterling Works, he says he can do *eighty* on both sides, equal to twenty days' work on the old presses. Seeing is believing, and twenty, and twenty-six tokens on both sides in one day is an astonishing fact, not heretofore equalled or heard of in America. A few days will give further results of this important invention, equally indisputable and conclusive.

*Public Lands*.—Yesterday, according to previous notice, the sale of the public lands in this vicinity commenced. About 550 acres was sold during the day. The different lots went off quick and at an advance price. Several lots between this and Salina went at the rate of \$755 per acre.

*Syracuse Advertiser*

*SCRAPS*.—*A family of Great Men*.—In Denton, near Manchester, resides a family of the name of Howard, hatters by trade, of whom the father and two sons together weigh 1030 lbs.—the mother is only five feet two inches in height, and weighs not more than 140 lbs. The names, ages, height, and weight of the father and two sons are as follows:

Age. Height. Weight.  
John Howard 69 6 ft 3 in. 342 lb.  
Joseph Howard 50 5 9 1/2 358  
Thomas Howard 48 6 0 338

Together 167 81 0 1/2 1030

*Cobett and the Ministry*.—The following is Cobett's account of the cause of the late changes:—"The truth is that the concern is bad; it is in a bad state; it is full of difficulties. There is a necessity of raising *sixty millions of taxes in gold* every year, or of proclaiming the nation *a bankrupt*, or of coming to the equitable adjustment prayed for in the Norfolk petition, which Mr. Huskisson knows would swamp him for ever." But why should Lord Dudley and Lord Palmerston, and the rest retire also? Why, because they are, in all probability afraid to remain in without Huskisson. When the old rat gives a squeak of alarm and begins to scamper off, the younger ones stay not long behind. "Caw-caw!" cries the old rook and darts off the pea field. The rest do not stop to *caw*, but after him they go with every pinion on the stretch."

*Temperature of the Earth*.—M. L. Corder, in his essays read to the French Academy of Sciences, deduces, from his own observation and that of others, that the heat increases as we penetrate from the surface toward the centre of the earth, at about one degree Fahrenheit in 45 feet; that the heat of boiling water is found in our latitudes about a mile and a half below the surface; that, at the depth of sixty miles, the heat must be so intense as to keep such rocks as we see at the surface in a state of fusion; that the interior of the globe, in short, consists of a molten mass, encompassed by a cold crust or shell, about 60 miles in thickness.

*Extensive Failure*.—A failure to the extent of *three millions of dollars*, is reported to have taken place in New-York, within a few days. The loss it is said will fall upon the government.—*Buff. Rep.*

*The Spy unmasked*.—A new work, says the N. Y. Enquirer, said to be uncommonly interesting in its character, has been announced by the Messrs. Harper, as about issuing from their press. It is entitled "*The Spy Unmasked, or Memoirs of Knock Crosby, a-ha Harvey Birch, the real Spy of Mr. Cooper's Tale of the Neutral Ground*." The author is Capt. Barnum, of the U. S. Corps of Topographical Engineers, and the facts and anecdotes related in this work were all repeated to him by Mr. Crosby himself, and taken down in short-hand from the veteran's own lips.—Many of the incidents are said to bear a strong resemblance to those recorded in the novel of the Spy. The work is neatly printed and highly embellished with several elegant engravings.

FOR THE WESTERN SUN.

Recent occurrences have given rise to the following thoughts; which you will please to insert in your advertiser, as they may have a tendency to accomplish the design of awaking thought and serious reflection.

*Religion*.—From the daily conduct of some professors, particularly those in office, in the church, and who should lead the "Flock," and by their deportment "shew to those without and around," that they have "been with the Saviour," they adopt a contrary course, and by prolonging the Sabbath, and engrossing soul and body as it were, in electioneering plans and intrigues, prostrate this sacred subject to the vilest of purposes, and thus manifest sheer hypocrisy. God send down thy holy spirit and purge our church from those "wolves in sheep's clothing!!!"

*Masonry and Morality*.—Every day's experience teaches us the force and applicability of the expression—"how are the mighty fallen!" Instead of "loving and preferring one another," and having "no emulation but that of who can best agree," we see masons in our land who are the first and the foremost to vilify, traduce and prostrate each other, thus making that a curse, which was designed as a blessing.

*Elections*.—The right of suffrage that was designed to promote and secure our best political interests, has been prostituted to party feelings, prospective sordid gain, and ambitious longings. Purity and integrity are measurably banished from our polls; and we are left to deplore the departure in a great degree, from amongst us, of all those principles which should characterize an enlightened, a moral, and a free people. Men who intrigue themselves into office, upon other men's names, or enmities, or their own shielded calumnies, are very apt to dupe and sell their traffickers; indeed, thus only can they act consistent. May the genius of immortal Washington preside over our destinies hereafter, and protect us against the baneful, and direful effects of intrigue, and corruption.

At another time, I may enlarge upon the above topics.—*A Friend to Religion, Morality and Civil Rights*.

Vertical Grist Mill.

THE subscriber having purchased the patent right for Knox county, and state of Indiana, of the VERTICAL GRIST MILL, gives notice to the people of said county, that he will be in Vincennes about the first of September, for the purpose of vending the right to individuals—any person wishing to purchase, can procure a right for \$12.

There is now one in operation in each of the counties of Dubois, Daviess and Perry, that grind from 30 to 35 bushels in the course of the day with two horse power.

JAMES F. ALLEN.

August 5, 1828. 27-31

To all Household Manufacturers.

THE undersigned, with great difference, respectfully invites the attention of all sections of country engaged in the Domestic Manufactury, to the subjoined certificates.—But these it is said, are easily obtained. The tree however, is known by its fruit. It is confidently believed, divesting the mind of interest, if any labor saving machine is calculated to promote the ease, and increase the quantity of home stuff, the Family Spinner and Carder, here spoken of, is entitled to a rank with improvements for domestic purposes.—They are the fruits of two years labor. The Spinner is now patented, and the proprietor offers single rights at \$3, or will sell for a county or state entire; in all sales, a warranty will be given.

The Spinner is calculated to work from six to 12 spindles, or more if wanting; each spindle will run off from six to eight cuts in 12 hours, of wool or cotton, the working on it

is round about \$100 per wheel. The cost to build one is thus—10 spindles at 16 cts. wire and tacks, 12\$, four days work, at \$1 per day—making \$6 25.

A patent for the Carder will be issued in the course of two months. The cost of the same when complete will range from 20 to \$25, one being enough for five families. For the present, the undersigned will continue to make them. Any gentlemen from a distance wishing to use one or both of these machines, and informing me of it, a complete drawing will be sent them, with corresponding references, illustrating the whole to the most common capacity.

W. R. McCall.

August 5, 1828. 27-1

The Spinner can be seen at work in Vincennes, & both, at my house—W. R. Mc.

"We speak the things we know, and have seen"—We have witnessed with much pleasure and satisfaction, a newly constructed Cotton Carding machine, improved by W. R. McCall, which is certainly a very useful and valuable machine in families in the article of cotton; the machine is simple, and easily worked, dispatching the cotton rolls completely carded, as fast as a common wool carding machine. We have no hesitation in recommending this Carder to the farmers who find domestic manufacture advantageous.

H. Ruble, Joseph Roseman, Wm. Scott, James P. Badollet, H. Decker, Francis Thompson, John C. Riley, N. McGuffin, J. Wise, Henry P. Brokaw, Manassah Brown, John Shields. Vincennes, 28th July, 1828.

Being requested by Mr. McCall, to give my opinion of the *Family Spinner*, I can state, I have purchased one of him of ten spindles, and pronounce it a superb machine in families; it is an excellent thing for wool—cotton I have never seen it tried on, but have no doubt about it. When at work with an expert spinner, its appearance is such as to force conviction on the minds of the most incredulous. I cannot see any earthly reason why it should not supplant all others in families.

## NEW GOODS.

CHRISTIAN GRAETER  
AS just received a