

battle, where your years and meritorious services will be duly considered. There your commander knows, that your former services, presence and bravery, will be equal to a regiment of men.

Accept the thanks of the government, and your general to whom you so generously offered your services, with the sentiments of my grateful respect.

ANDREW JACKSON,
Maj. Gen. 2d Division.

But, we have not done. But a few weeks before the organization of this patriotic corps, and the publication, at Nashville, of his patriotic address and answer, general Jackson addressed the following letter to governor Claiborne of Louisiana, for the purpose of warning him against an apprehended movement upon New-Orleans by the conspirators.

Letter of general Andrew Jackson to his Excellency William Claiborne, warning him to be on the alert to detect the Burr conspiracy.

SIR—Although it is a long time since I wrote you, still that friendship that once existed remains bright on my part; and although I have had the pleasure of seeing you, I have waded through difficult and disagreeable scenes, still I have all that fondness for my old and former friends that I ever had, and their memory has been more endeared to me by the treachery I have experienced since I saw you, by some newly acquired ones. Indeed I fear treachery has become the order of the day. This induces me to write to you. Put your town in a state of defence. Organize your militia, and defend your city as well against internal enemies as external: my knowledge does not extend so far as to authorize me to go into detail; but I fear you will meet with an attack from quarters you do not at present expect. Be upon the alert; keep a watchful eye upon our general, and beware of an attack as well from our own country as Spain. I fear there is something rotten in the state of Denmark. You have enemies within your own city that may try to subvert your government, and try to separate it from the Union. You know I never hazard ideas without good grounds, & you will keep these hints to yourself. But I say again, be on the alert, your government I fear is in danger. I fear there are plans on foot inimical to the Union.

Whether they will be attempted to be carried into effect or not, I cannot say; but rest assured they are in operation or I calculate boldly. Beware of the month of December. I love my country and government: I hate the Dons; I would delight to see Mexico reduced, but I would die in the last ditch before I would yield a foot to the Dons, or see the Union disunited. This I write for your own eye, and for your own safety; profit by it, and the 1st of March remember.

With sincere respect I am, as usual, your sincere friend

ANDREW JACKSON.

Nov. 12, 1806.

After publishing these documents, which we recommend to the attention of every republican press in the Union, we hope this slander may not be repeated; for though we know the coalition would repeat it, if they thought it would deceive a single voter, we hope they will not so far compromise their reputation for common sense, as to venture upon a thrice refuted falsehood.

Republic of Central America—It will be seen that Mr. Rochester has returned from his mission to the republic of Central America. That unfortunate republic appears to be torn by internal factions and civil war; and the success of the parties arrayed against each other to be constantly varying. Indeed such is the unhappy state of things, that it cannot be said there is any existing government. We understand that Mr. Rochester was authorized to return if, on his arrival at Omoa, he should be satisfied that the presence of an American minister would be without benefit, or that any personal hazard might attend his traversing the almost desert and mountain region which lies between Omoa, the principal seaport, and Guatemala.

We believe that it is the intention of the government to discontinue this mission, or to wait until there is a more stable condition of things in Guatemala—*Nat. Jour.*

From the New England Farmer.

SEEDS

SIR.—In order to obtain genuine seed, the parent plants of the same tribe or family, should be set at some distance from each species; otherwise, the different kinds will be liable to be crossed or mixed. No plants, but the most perfect should be planted for seed, and no inferior plant of the same species should be allowed to flower near them.

Intermarriages are not confined to the animal creation—they are very frequent in the vegetable kingdom; and in such cases, the offspring is different from either of the parents. Thus the union between a *pumpkin* and a *squash* will produce a progeny resembling neither the one parent, nor the other; as is well known to every observing farmer.

—There can be no intermarriages between a cabbage and a beet; but cabbages of different species, and beets of different kinds, seem to have a strong inclination to the union in their respective families, and the same may be said of many other tribes of vegetables.

And after all the care and precaution, various kinds of plants are liable to be crossed more or less, in consequence of bees and other insects conveying the farina, or fertilizing dust, from plant to plant.

The soundness of seeds may be, generally, ascertained by putting a few of them into warm water. If they sink, there can be no doubt, as to their soundness, But as many kinds of seeds are very light, or covered with hairs or a light buoyant substance, or have light appendages attached to them, will not sink immediately; therefore, let a few remain in the water an hour, or until they are thoroughly wet, and if they then fall below the surface of the water, the presumption is that they are good. The unsoundness of seed is generally caused by unripeness, blight, mouldiness, or being improperly exposed to the air.

Seeds should be gathered when perfectly ripe in a fair day, and spread in a dry room; and after they are thoroughly dried, should be cleansed, and put into paper bags, and the bags into tight boxes, and the boxes kept in a dry place.

What is said in Cobbett's American Gardner, as to the durability of the vital principle of certain seeds contained in his list, we consider very incorrect. The durability of the vital principle depends, very much, on their ripeness when gathered, and the manner in which they are preserved.

The integument which surrounds the seeds of vegetables, is calculated from its durable nature to preserve their principle of vitality, and consequently their principle of germination a long time, when they are kept from the action of the air and moisture. How long the vital principle of seeds, and of course the power of germination may be preserved, under favorable circumstances, has not yet been accurately ascertained. Instances may be produced, where seeds have germinated after the lapse of thirty or forty years, and even a much longer time. Melon seeds found in the cabinet of lord Mortimer, evidently collected in 1660, were planted in 1762. [one hundred and two years afterwards] germinated and produced fine fruit. But in these cases it must be presumed, that the seeds were well preserved from the effects of the air and moisture.—The power of germination lay dormant, until it was brought into action by the combined powers of heat, air, and moisture; and, in some respects, like the torpid vital principle of toads, immured many hundred years, in the centre of solid rocks of granite, perfectly secluded from the common air; yet, notwithstanding this great length of time, on being exposed to atmospheric air, aided by the influence of the sun, resume their former, (perhaps antediluvian) vigor and activity.

After all that has, or can be said, generally speaking, seeds of the last year's growth are to be preferred; for they will germinate one or two years, should they not be very nicely preserved.

VERITAS.

Mansfield, March 27, 1828.

Candidates Department.

AUGUST ELECTION.

MONDAY, 4th, 1828.

For Governor

JAMES B. RAY. HARBIN H. MOORE.

For Lieutenant Governor

MILTON STAPP. ABEL C. PEPPER.

For Congress—First District

RATLIFF BOON. THOMAS H. BLAKE.

Representatives—Knox county.

SAMUEL JUDAH. JOHN C. RELLEY.

THOMAS McCLEURE. GENL. W. JOHNSTON,

Sheriff—Knox county.

JOHN MYERS. CHARLES POLKE.

20-3t

Electors for President & Vice-President.

Agreed upon by the Conventions at Indianapolis,

in January 1828.

Election on Monday, November 30, 1828.

For Andrew Jackson. For John Q. Adams.

BENJAMIN V. BECKES. JOSEPH ORR.

RATLIFF BOON. JOHN WATTS.

JESSE B. DURHAM. JOS. BARTHOLOMEW,

WILLIAM LOW. ISAAC MONTGOMERY.

ROSS SMILEY. AMAZIAH MORGAN.

20-3t

BURTCHE & HEBERD.

HAVE just received, and now opening, a large assortment of

British, French, and American

DRY GOODS,

HARD, QUEENS, & GLASSWARE,

IRON, NAILS, & CASTINGS,

Which are offered for sale, low

13-1t

Vincennes, April 1828.

FOMLINSON & ROSS.

HAVE just received from Philadelphia

and Baltimore, a large and general as-

sortment of

British, French & American

DRY GOODS,

GLASS, QUEENS, and HARDWARE,

NAILS, IRON, CASTINGS, &c. &c.

Which are offered low for cash.

13-3t

Vincennes, May 1828.

Carriage & Wagon Making.

The subscriber in-

firms his friends, and the public, that he has employed a first rate Carriage maker, and now carries on the CARRIAGE & WAGGON MAKING BUSINESS, in the house formerly occupied by G. W. Johnston, Esq; where Making and Repairing will be done in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.—Those wanting work in my line will please to call, and see if we can agree on terms of payment, and price.

D. ANDREWS.

Vincennes, April 1828.

12-1t

COLUMBIAN STEAM MILL,

(VINCENNES)

THE subscriber wishes to purchase wheat and Corn in quantity—and will take in Whiskey, Beeswax, Tallow, Linen, Flax-linen, Feathers and all articles of country produce delivered at his

3

Dry Good & Grocery Store,

At the Steam Mill—Application to be made to Alexis LeRoy, who is authorized to conduct the business.

WILLIAM H. NEILSON.

Vincennes, June 23, 1828.

21-1t

He that hath a Trade, hath an Estate."

Apprentices Wanted,

THE subscriber wishes to take four or five APPRENTICES to learn the COOPERS TRADE.—Boys from the country, between the age of 15 and 17, would be preferred. L. BROOKS.

Vincennes, May 27, 1828.

17-1t

GEO. W. PURLEY,

HAS now on hand, and intends

keeping for sale, an assortment of

HATS

made of the Best materials, in the Newest Fashions, and in the most workmanlike manner—He will sell low for Cash, Fur, and such other produce as may suit

17-1t

Vincennes, May, 1828.

20-1t

LIST of letters remaining in the Post-

Office, Washington, Daviess county,

Ia on the 30th day of June last, which if not

taken out within three months, will be sent

to the General Post Office as dead letters.

ABC

James Ashcroft, James Aikman, Peter Ammerman, Margaret Arther, John P. Agen, James Alford, John Aikman, Jacob Bod, James Bell, Jr. Andrew Berry, William Chapman, 2, John Coulman, 2, Thomas Case, James Calhoun, 2, Calhoun & Raper, Jas. Canehan, Jacob Crabb, Ann Ellis, Alexander English, Charles Enness, William Ellis.

GHJK

Samuel Gray, Elizabeth Green, James Grant, Casander Hayden, John Hammons, Charles R. Hardwick, L. Jones or Clark, Wm. Kearns, Philip Kearns.

LMNPR

Abrahm Lester, John Mouzy, F. McKinny, Dudley Norris, Richard Palmer, 2, John Palmer, Mary Quigly, Mary Read, Sarah Rodarrel.

STWZ

Rawley Scott, Samuel Smith, Benj. Small, Saml. Stephenson, John Sampson, Judge Thompson, Wm. Taylor, David Thomas, Alexander Walker, Wm. O. Wheeler, Henry Weaver, Jas. B. Wood, Wm. Zearley.

S. RODDICK, P.M.

July 1, 1828.

22-3t-158

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed from the Clerk's office of the Knox Circuit court, I will expose to public sale at the court house door in Vincennes, on Monday, the twenty-eighth July, instant, between the hours of ten o'clock, A.M., and five o'clock, P.M., and agreeably to the third section of the law subjecting real and personal estate to execution, the following tract of land, to wit: the north end of the SHAKER FARM, (commonly called, WEST UNION,) which is under fence, supposed to be one hundred acres, be the same more or less, with its appurtenances thereto belonging, lying and being in Busseron township, Knox county, state of Indiana, bounded as follows, to wit: beginning on the east side of Busseron creek, opposite the Shaker mill, and running east with the street, to the east side of the village to a small pond, thence, north to the upper string of fence on the north end of said one hundred acres, thence, west, until it strikes the east side of said creek, thence, down said creek to the place of beginning, including all the buildings and out houses thereon, as the property of George Leiger and James Hopkins, at the suit of Abraham F. Snapp, Colonel of the first Regiment of Indiana Militia.

S. ALMY. Sheriff.

July 5, 1828.

22-4t-8350

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, in damages, to me directed, from the Clerk's office of the Knox Circuit court, I will expose to public sale, at the court house door in Vincennes, on Monday, the twenty eighth day of July, instant, between the hours of ten o'clock, A.M., and five o'clock, P.M., and agreeably to the third section of the law subjecting real and personal estate to execution, the following property heretofore taken upon attachment in this case to wit: the following lots of land, numbers eighty five, ninety two, one hundred & eight, one hundred & twenty eight, one hundred & thirty one, one hundred and fifty four, and one hundred and fifty five, containing four hundred acres each, lying & being in the Donation, in Knox county, Indiana, and the appurtenances thereto belonging, taken as the property of William Henry, sole heir at law of Alexander Henry, at the suit of John Hays.

S. ALMY. Sheriff.

July 5, 1828.

22-4t-82

A LIST of letters remaining in the Post office at Vincennes, Ia the quarter ending the 30th day of June, 1828, which if not taken out within three months, will be sent to the General Post office as dead letters.

ABC Seneca Almy, R. F. Adkins, John Anthis, Samuel R. Alexander, Jno. Armstrong, Caroline Bishop, Col. Bell, James Burns, 2, Major Beckes, Joseph Bird, John Barricman, L. Beaman, Isaac Blackford, Martha Burnside, James Boner, Hannah Counselman, Philip Catt, Absalom Colens, John U. Collet, Miss Courtry, Isaac Cooms,

DEG Monroe Davidson, Elizabeth Dooling, Daniel Dollehon, sen. Robert Elliott, Strother French, Gabriel Furman, Robt. Frazer, Milton Garrison,

HJL David Hagar, Wm. Holmes, Josiah Holmes, L. Holmes, Jesse Hollingsworth, Wm. Johnson, Thos. C. Judd,