

The Courier reposes confidence, however, in the personal character of the emperor Nicholas, as well as in the moral obligations of public justice, and insists that there is no reason to doubt the good faith of a power that has manifested no disposition to violate it. Russia, it thinks, would egregiously miscalculate her interests, in separating herself from her allies, and advancing pretensions foreign to the purposes of the treaty of London, as well as subversive of the tranquility of Europe.—These speculations imply at least the possibility in the Courier's opinion, of the Turkish affairs resulting in war, while the tone of them, however favourable, does not perhaps display the most perfect assurance as to the eventual procedure of Russia.

Warsaw, Dec. 11.—We have learnt from St Petersburg, that the preliminaries of peace were signed on the 26th of November, in a village near Tauris, by the Russian diplomatic agents, M. Obreskow, and a second plenipotentiary. The province of Erivan, on both sides the Araxes, from the fort of Mount Ararat to the Caspian sea, is by this treaty incorporated with the Russian empire. The Persians are at the same time, to indemnify the Russians for the expenses of the campaign, which are estimated at 18,000,000 rubles. Till this sum is paid, the Russian troops remain in possession of all the strong places, which they now hold, including Tauris.

Odessa, Dec. 14.—The peace of Persia is concluded on the most glorious terms for Russia. The whole province of Erivan, and all the defiles, which make the Persian empire dependant upon us, in a military point of view, are ceded to us. This is the price at which Abaz Mirza has secured for himself the recognition of his right to succeed to them.

Young Napoleon.—The young Napoleon is an interesting youth, beautifully formed, with the countenance and fine cut lips of his father, and the blue eyes of his mother. One cannot see this blooming youth, with his inexpressible tint of melancholy and thoughtfulness, without a deep emotion. He has not that marked, plain and familiar ease of the Austrian princes, who seem to be every where at home, but his demeanour is more dignified and noble in the extreme. He has an Arabian steed, which he strides with a nobleness which gives the promise of as good horsemanship as that for which his father was so celebrated. His *escadron* almost adore him; and he commands with a precision and a military eye, which prognosticate a future general. He is, by virtue of an imperial decree, proprietor of the eight domains of the grand duke of Toscana, in Bohemia, with an income of above twenty five thousand pounds sterling; a greater revenue than is enjoyed by any of the imperial princes, the Archduke Charles excepted. His title is duke of Reichstadt. He is addressed "Eur Durchlaucht," (Votre Altesse.) His rank is immediately after that of the princes of the reigning house, the Austrian family of Este and Toscana.—His court establishment is the same with the imperial princes; he has his obersthofmeister, his lord chamberlain, aids-de-camp, and a corresponding inferior household. In possession, as he is, of a large fortune, his destination will depend on his talents and on his inclination.—*Austria as it is.*

The recovery of Scio by the Greeks.—We have been very anxious to learn the result of the daring enterprise recently undertaken by the Greeks under colonel Fabvier, for the recapture of this important and delightful island. As yet however we have obtained nothing further than the general report, that they had obtained possession of it all except the fortress, in which they were closely pressing the Turkish troops. The more recent report of the destruction of a number of Greek vessels in the vicinity, still remains uncertain; and we can only hope that the fact, whatever it may be, will not interfere with the success of this bold enterprise. Scio is one of the most valuable of the Greek islands, & one which we should naturally feel most desirous of seeing returned to the hands of the rightful owners. The atrocities which attended its devastation can never be forgotten.

The following particulars of the landing of the Greek expedition at Scio, and their successful operations for a few subsequent days, we obtain from a Paris paper. They came by the way of Trieste and Smyrna.

Translated for the N. York Daily Advertiser. On the 28th of October, ten Greek vessels, with a few muzzles and boats, approached the island in the direction of the village of Kalimathia. The pacha sent reinforcements to sekis-emi, to prevent their landing, which however was effected that evening, and the Turks retired. On the 29th, the Greeks took up their march; and on the 30th the inhabitants took refuge in the different consulates.—At 2 o'clock lord Cochrane made his appearance in the channel, with the frigate Hellas, and the corvette previously captured from the Turks. He approached the castle, which fired on him, but he answered with only two guns, and anchored in the road. He then hoisted the British flag at the main-top-mast, the French at the fore, the Russian at the mizen, and according to custom the Greek ensign above the Turkish, at the same time firing twenty guns.

On the 31st, the inhabitants of Scio learned that the Greek troops amounted to two thou-

sand men; of whom seven hundred were tacticians, [regulars.] commanded by col. Fabvier. On the 2d of November, the Greeks began to work at a battery in Psomi, and exchanged a few cannon shots with the fort. In the evening the Hellas and corvette made sail & left the channel. On the 3d the Greek troops occupied the houses of the city; and on the 4th, 5th and 6th, the inhabitants fled to the country. On the 7th the Greeks had completed a battery; and on the 8th placed in it eight mortars and four cannon, and began to fire at five in the evening, continuing it for an hour and a half. The fort replied; and a fire of musketry was kept up between them.—Two houses were burnt in the city.

From the 9th till the 11th the Greeks fired regularly upon the fort twice a day, and received shot for shot in return. The pacha sent two schooners and two muzzles which composed his flotilla, and sent their crews into the fort. On the 11th the Greeks had taken one hundred and twenty prisoners, and among them the sekis-emi Kambew Aga and ninety Albanians, who were unable to get into the fort, threw themselves into the tower of Armolia, where they defended themselves. The Greeks are discontented, (this is a Turkish account,) because it is stated that there are provisions and ammunition in abundance in the fort, & that it cannot be taken by storm. On the 12th, the frigate Pomone, which had come to make representations to colonel Fabvier concerning his expedition against Scio, set sail, her commandant, M. de Reverseau, having had a conference with the Greek commissioners and the French colonel. The fire still continued against the fort on the 16th, & that is our latest date. An English brig arrived at Scio on that day, and one of the officers landed to confer with the British consul.—The Austrian vice consul has declared that he will remain at his post.

From the Constitutional of Friday.
(Private correspondence.)

Warsaw, Dec. 20.—The Polish army, forty thousand men strong, well disciplined, and composed partly of veterans, is upon the point of marching, for the purpose of joining the grand Russian army which is to enter Turkey. The staff of the quartermaster general, Travenstrach, has already departed, with the vanguard, consisting of four regiments of lancers, under the orders of prince Adam, of Wirtemberg, grandson of prince Czartoriski, and of the brigade of general count Krakowicki. The division of gen. count Stanislaus Potocki, will immediately follow, as also a division of cavalry commanded by lieutenant gen. de Weissenhoff. The body of reserve is under the orders of lieutenant gen. count de Krasinski, with a considerable portion of artillery.—Although, according to the constitution, the Polish troops cannot be employed beyond the frontiers of the kingdom, they have solicited the favour of participating in the glorious struggle against the oppressors of Christianity, and they have the more insisted upon it, that it is upon the success of this struggle, that will probably depend the future fate of our unhappy country. The opportunity now presents itself of realizing the hopes held out to us by the emperor Alexander. I speak of the re-establishment of the independence of Poland, a condition on which the future repose of Europe, and the general peace, depends, because this re-establishment will dissipate the fears of all the other great powers, & the apparent necessity of keeping up large standing armies; that re-establishment will only repair the wrong done our nation, & restore the balance, without the interest of any state being in the least encroached upon.—When the enfranchisement of Greece is the question, that of the restoration and reintegration of the noble Sarmatic nation deserves seriously to be raised, and taken into the grave consideration of all the cabinets.

Administrator's Notice.

THE subscribers have taken out letters of administration upon the estate of James Landres, (late of Sullivan county, Ia.) deceased, therefore all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate are requested to present them legally authenticated for settlement within one year from the 17th of November, 1827—the estate is supposed to be solvent.

JOHN WALLACE, } Admrstr.
ANTHONY BENNETT, }
MARGARET LANDRES, Admrstr.
February 17, 1828 6-31

Stray Colt.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, living in Vincennes, about the beginning of January last, a bay colt, hind feet white, small star, without any perceptible artificial marks, and it is supposed will be two years old this spring—the owner will please apply for his property.
DAVID BROWN.
March 6, 1828. 6-31

Blacksmithing.

THE subscriber has engaged Mr B. Welman, to superintend, and carry on his Blacksmiths' Shop, at the old stand, formerly of Smith & Thomson—the well known qualifications of Mr. Welman as a good workman, will insure a liberal share of public patronage.—All kinds of Edged tools made and warranted.
N. SMITH.
February 14, 1827. 2-1f

PARKER'S VEGETABLE RENOVATING PANACEA;

Equal to Swaim's, or any other, AND ONE DOLLAR CHEAPER. FOR THE CURE OF

RHEUMATISM, LIVER COMPLAINT, —ULCERS, MERCURIAL, and SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

Likewise, complaints arising from an impure state of the blood, Putrid Sore Throat, and the early stages of Consumption, &c.

MANY cases of Jaundice have been radically cured by using only a few bottles. Dyspepsia or Indigestion is removed by its powerful virtues, and where children are concerned, it is known to be a remarkable salutary operative, and for that purpose should be kept in families to be given in complaints incident to the change of seasons.

Purchasers are requested to observe, that the *Genuine Medicine* has the proprietor's name, in his own hand writing, on the label of each bottle, with the words, *Parker's Panacea*, on the seal of the cork. The label represents the Hydra subdued by Hercules, with a Mosaic emblem above.

This *PANACEA* is equal to any in use; it is pleasant to the taste, and requires no alteration in the diet—spiritous liquors to be avoided.

The proprietor is aware that for want of proper and certain information, his medicine may by some persons be ranked amongst numerous empirics, of the day; but he has the satisfaction of knowing that upon trial, these opinions will vanish, and give place to conviction of its superior merits. To pretend that all and every disease to which the human constitution is liable, will be cured by this medicine, would be false and absurd in the extreme; but it possesses uncommon efficacy in the relief and cure of certain obstinate and violent complaints, and those in many instances of the most alarming and distressing nature, can and has been fully substantiated.

Certificates and directions printed in pamphlet form, accompany each bottle—price, \$2, or \$20 per dozen.

REMEMBER!—PARKER'S PANACEA; equal to Swaim's, or any other—and one dollar cheaper.

LIST OF AGENTS

For the sale of Parker's Vegetable Renovating Panacea.

John Hart & Son, No 18 South Second st.
Edward B. Garrigues, cor. of 6th & Market.
Thos. Oliver, s. e. cor. of Front & Catharins.
P. W. Brimmon, s. e. cor. of 2d and Almond.
S. C. Shafford, No 167 s. st. below Walnut.
Wm. Kewand, s. w. cor. of 4th and Wood.
H. Garretson, s. w. cor. of 5th and Race.
Wm. Scattergood, cor. of 2d and Green.
Samuel Paxson & Sons, Trenton, N. Jersey.
Dr. J. B. Loring, cor. of Fulton & Gold sts. N. Y.
P. Dickey, cor. Lispenard st. & Broadway, N. Y.
Samuel Clement, Greenwich & Murray sts. N. Y.
J. P. Morton, Louisville, Kentucky.
Ebenezer Wright, Milk street, Boston, Mass.
C. S. Carter, Providence, Rhode Island.
Dr. M. Monseratt, Baltimore.
Thomas Lumpkin, v. st. King & Queen ch. Va.
Hotchiss, Grisham & Clark, New Orleans.
Wm. Grisham, & Co. Natchez, Mississippi.
E. P. Langdon, Cincinnati, Ohio.
J. Harton, Wilmington, Delaware.
Wm. H. Taylor, Providence, Rhode Island.
T. Taylor, New Port, Rhode Island.
David Hulton, Londongrove, Pennsylvania.
Ezra Eves, Fishing creek, Columbia co. Pa.
Abijah Abbott, Syracuse, New York.
Pricelius & Tannehill, Nashville, Tennessee.
John Williams, Utica, New York.
Gift Hutchcock, Rochester, New York.
Pettigrew & Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Jos. G. Oliver, Milford, Delaware.
David Schaffer, Reading, Pennsylvania.
C. W. Portenau & Co. Richmond, Virginia.
Dr. H. L. Hoffman, St. Louis, Missouri.
Wm. T. Williams, Savannah, Georgia.
S. Custin, New Haven, Connecticut.
Er. Wildstuck, Washington City, D. C.
Dr. Burgoyne, Charleston, South Carolina.
Dr. McRen, Wilmington, North Carolina.
John D. Moore, Columbia, South Carolina.
Edwin C. Estes, Athens, Alabama.
D. J. Vickroy, Miamisburg, Ohio.
Joseph Bringham, Wilmington, Delaware.
F. W. Leopold, Harrisburgh, Pennsylvania.
S. Babcock, New Haven, Connecticut.
R. Steel, Druggist, Auburn, New York.
Southward & Boardman, Middletown, Conn.
Mr. Hutchings, New Brunswick, New Jersey.
S. Carter, New Haven, Connecticut.
M. A. Santos, Norfolk, Virginia.
R. & G. Moore, Lancaster, Pennsylvania.
George Cannon, Nantucket.
Byers & Butler, Louisville, Kentucky.

Orders from any part of the United States, addressed to *JOHN A. PARKER*, No. 209, North Eighth, four doors above Wood street, or *ATKINSON & ALEXANDER*, Printers, Philadelphia, will be attended to.

The benefits of the above medicine are daily becoming more generally known, and the proprietor, *J. A. Parker*, to facilitate this desirable object, requests Editors who may be disposed to second his endeavours, to copy this advertisement, for the insertion of which any number of times less than twenty, a proportionate quantity of the medicine will be placed to their credit, which they may have directed to their order, by addressing a line to that effect, to Atkinson & Alexander, Philadelphia.
January 12—1-19

Rags! Rags! Rags!

CASH, or WORK, will be given for any quantity of clean Linnen or Cotton RAGS at the WESTERN SUN office.

FRESH MEDICINES.

DOCTOR McNAMEE respectfully informs the citizens of the Wabash country, and the public generally that he has just opened his

MEDICINE STORE

On Market street, next door to S. Tomlinson's store, in the room formerly occupied by F. Dickson—where he is now opening Medicines just received. During the month of June, he will receive from Philadelphia, several packages additional, to complete the assortment, and make it ample. In conducting this business, he has engaged the assistance of *Dr. Woolverton*, which he hopes will enable him to accommodate those who purchase for family purposes to their entire satisfaction; the advantage of correct prescriptions to such, will be obvious.—Physicians purchasing, may be assured of every article necessary in practice, and of genuine quality; none other will be offered.—It will be made their interest to favor him with their custom.—Country merchants may find it to their interest to give him a call, for such medicines as they may want.

E. McNAMEE.

Vincennes, May 15, 1827. 15-1f

DR. WOOLVERTON, respectfully informs the citizens of Vincennes, and vicinity, that he has so far recovered his health, as to be able to assist *Doctor McNamee*, in the above business, & to resume his Practice, which he will do in the employ of Dr. McNamee.
J. D. WOOLVERTON.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

PURSUANT to an Act of the Legislature of the state of Indiana, the undersigned will, on the

First Monday of April next, offer for sale at *PUBLIC VENDOR*, in the town of Merom, in the county of Sullivan, the following valuable tracts of land situated in the aforesaid county, viz.
S. W. Qr. of Sec. No. 1, in Town. No 8 N. of Range No. 11 West.
S. E. Qr. of Sec. No. 2, in Town. No. 8, North of Range No. 11 West.
West half of Sec. No. 26, in Town. No. 9, North of Range No. 11 West.
East half of Sec. No. 17, in Town. No. 7, North of Range No. 10 West.
S. W. Qr. of Sec. No. 8, in Town. No. 7, North of Range No. 10 West.
East half of Sec. No. 24, in Town. No. 8, North of Range No. 11 West.

Those lands were purchased at the public land sales in the year 1816, and was at that time considered the first choice in the country. Persons who may wish to receive information as to the quality and situation of these lands, are referred to Mr. Samuel Colman, of Merom—the tracts will be offered in quarter sections.

Also, will be offered in the town of Terre-Haute, on the

Second Monday of April, (being court day) the following lots in, and adjoining to said town, viz—Out Lots,

Nos 67, 72, 33, 34, 55, & 47.
In Lots Nos 53, 70, 188, 200 & 201. By reference to the Map of the town, it will be seen that the Inn Lots are well situated as to business, & the Out Lots present some of the most desirable situations for private residences adjacent to the town.

From one third, to one half of the purchase money will be expected in hand, and the balance in twelve months, to be secured by lien upon the property.—For information as to the Lots in Terre Haute, inquire of James Farrington, Esqr.

DIANA M. BULLITT, Admrstr.
of Thomas Bullitt, decd.
SAML. GWATHMEY, Agent for
Henry Atkinson, & Mary A. Atkinson.
Febru. 17, 1828. 2-2f

Commission & Storage.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends, and the public in general, that he has lately completed a large and commodious *WARE HOUSE*, on his wharf in Vincennes, on the Wabash river, where he will receive Goods on Storage, or Sell on Commission—and hopes by a strict attention to business, to share a part of the public patronage.
WM. MIEURE.
Vincennes, Feb. 7, 1828. 1-1f

REFERENCES.
MATHEW F. MAHER, } New Orleans.
N. EMESON, & Co. }
JOHN MARSHALL, } Shawneetown.
SAML. MARSHALL, }
LEWIS MILLER, Natchez.
W. & J. LEWIS, Evansville.
DAVID S. CHAMBERS, } Louisville.
T. B. TILLAY, }

N. B.—In addition to his former assortment, he has just received from N. Orleans, *COFFEE, MOLASSES, SUGAR, MACKEREL, &c.* Which are offered very low for cash.
WM. MIEURE.

I HAVE formed the determination of removing from this state in the spring, and will dispose of the *REAL and PERSONAL PROPERTY* I possess in this place at private sale.
MOSES TABBS.
Vincennes, January 25, 1828—52-1f

INDENTURES of Apprentices for sale at this office.