

ger, be the foe of liberty and his country. There are but a few of us left who witnessed the first efforts for freedom, and we are more than repaid by seeing our country under the blessing of Providence, free and happy. Let us not suppose any man who drew his sword in the first and second war for liberty, could deserve the character which his enemies give him.—I give you the ticket of the old republican party, and I offer it with additional pleasure, because it is the ticket friendly to General Jackson."

Baltimore Rail Road—The Rail Road Company have issued proposals for materials for the construction of this magnificent work. If we derived pleasure from the announcement of the prospect, if our most sanguine hopes were exulted by the unparalleled subscription to the stock, may we not be indulged in exultation at this actual commencement of the work, and in looking forward to its final completion as a new era in the history of Baltimore and Maryland. This act of the company must dissipate all doubt, if any exists, as to the practicability of the work, for they have too much at stake to risk a doubtful issue. We therefore congratulate the citizens of Baltimore on the prospect before them —*Balt. Pat.*

It is stated in a paper from the Western part of New-York that some doubt has been stated as to the identity of Morgan's body. Four religious tracts printed in London were found in the pockets, and a scrap of paper on which was written in an unknown hand "September 24th, 1828—Mr. Websa." These particulars had given confirmation to a report that previous to the last examination, the body had been identified by a woman from Canada recently from Ireland, as her husband, who had been drowned with several others about five weeks before.

Hill, who had confessed the murder, is suspected of being an imposter. There is one circumstance in his statement which could scarcely deceive. He makes out that in the attempt to throw Morgan's body into the Niagara, he was assisted by three other persons, one of whom Alonzo Keith, was caught in the ropes fastened to the body and drawn into the river and drowned. Now has such a man as A. Keith been missing? According to his account he cut Morgan's throat, and his body severed quite in two before it was thrown into the Niagara. If so, the lately found corpse cannot be Morgan's. The whole is still a mystery.

Richmond Compiler.

[BY REQUEST]
From the Baptist Record, printed at
Bloomfield, Ky.

THE TWO SEEDS.—A correspondent in Palestine, some time since requested our opinion on a pamphlet published by elder Daniel Parker, of Crawford county, Illinois, entitled the "Two Seeds." To this request we should have attended at an earlier period. We now briefly state, that we believe the pamphlet is fraught with erroneous sentiments, and subversive of the faith of the gospel. If we understand elder Parker, he believes that the non-elect are the children of the Devil, and that God never created them either directly or indirectly; that they were not created in Adam, nor in him fell, and of course, as they are not the workmanship of God, for them the Saviour made no propitiation. He says—"When Adam stood with his wife and seed in him, I cannot believe that there stood any in him but the church of Christ; therefore all that fell in Adam, were the elect of God, chosen in Christ, before the world began. Some of my reasons are these, (weigh them well;) there are two settled points with me—1st. That God never created a set of beings, neither directly, nor indirectly, that he suffered to be taken from him, and made the subject of his eternal wrath and indignation; (think how could this be consistent with the divine Creator.)—2d. That God, as God, in no case possesses more love and mercy, than power and wisdom. If he does, Oh think, the pain and distress the great I Am, must feel and bear, to see the objects of his love and mercy sink to woe and misery, for the want of power and wisdom in himself to save; where would be the glory now?) As there is a third point equally settled in my mind; which is, that the Universalian doctrine is false, and that the unbeliever, dying in his sins, will sink to eternal woe; it now devolves on me to show from what source the non-elect sprung—so at it we go.

"The Serpent's seed (here spoken of.) I believe to be the non-elect, which were not created in Adam, the original stock, but were brought into the world as the product of sin, was made susceptible of the seed of the serpent.

"I am apprized that the unbelieving critic will try to believe, (notwithstanding

what I have said on that subject,) that agreeable to my view, the Devil has created a great set of beings: this is not my view; for if the Devil had the power of creating, he would be Almighty. There is a great difference between creating, & begetting. A man may beget, but he cannot create.

"Another point of inquiry arises, did the Serpent's seed, or non-elect, stand or fall in Adam? I say no.—The elect of God only was created, stood, and fell in Adam, partook of the Serpent's nature, and were, by nature, the children of wrath even as others; and therefore the original sin is in, or entailed on them."

Such is the doctrine advanced by elder Parker. We might multiply quotations in which his views are illustrated and explained, but the above are deemed sufficient. Were we to give further quotations, modesty would be put to the blush; even those we have given are equally remote from truth and modesty. Strange and unscriptural as these doctrines are, yet we are informed that a few persons in Indiana and Illinois, have imbibed them. And stranger still, that any church should permit a man to preach such things, and call them the gospel—the gospel of the Saviour. We are very certain that no one who reads, understands, and believes the Bible, can believe and relish such fulsome, heterogenous, indecent, unscriptural, and unreasonable trash as abounds in elder Parker's pamphlet. It merits oblivion, and but for the request of our correspondent, we should not have brought it this far into notice.

In conclusion, we would just inform our readers, that the above is the same elder Parker, who for the last ten or twelve years, has been troubling the churches in Indiana, by opposing missions. He has been very fruitful in pamphlet making, especially in opposition to missions, and promising something as a substitute for converting the heathen, if his brethren would abandon the mission enterprise, and lo! we have it, "Two Seeds," and both of them rotten. We have been told, that in printing the ebullitions of this "troubler of Jerusalem," a printing office much resembled an Indian treaty, as it took spellers, interpreters, writers, transposers, and manufacturers, to make even plausible nonsense of them.

*All who know any thing about the hand writing of Mr. Parker, cannot but admit that he writes but a poor hand, yet justice to him, requires that I should state, that in all the work I have done for him, and I have done more than any other one, he has been his own proof reader.—But permit me to inquire, what has his spelling, or hand writing, to do with the merits of his pamphlet?—*Sun, Editor.*

NEW GOODS.

31 S. TOMLINSON.

(MARKET STREET, VINCENNES.)

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a new and very general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE.

CONSISTING OF

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

An extensive assortment of

Hardware, Cutlery, Glass, and
Queensware.

FRESH GROCERIES—of the latest importations, and of the first quality.

All at which are offered for sale at the lowest cash prices.

14-3m

May 10, 1827.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a general assortment of

British, French & American

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE & CUTLERY

Queens and Glassware,

A general assortment of

GROCERIES.

SHOES & BONNETS.

A large assortment of

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Three hundred barrels

Kenkwa Salt,

Together with an assortment of

IRON & PLOW PLATES,

All of which will be sold at the lowest rates for cash.

WM. BURTCH.

May 10, 1827.

14-3m

Rags! Rags! Rags!

CASH or WORK will be given for any quantity of clean Linnen or Cotton RAGS at the WESTERN SUN office.

NEW GOODS.

J. & S. SMITH

HAVE just received from Baltimore and Philadelphia, a general assortment of

Foreign and Domestic,
COTTON and WOOLLEN
13 GOODS;

Suited to the present and approaching seasons.—Also,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF
Ladies and childrens Leather and Morocco SHOES,

Ladies and gentlemen's Plaid and Camblet CLOAKS,

Queensware, Glassware, and
Hardware,

CASTINGS, NAILS, & STEEL,

Window Glass &c.

FRESH GROCERIES,

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

HATTERS TRIMMINGS,

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY

All of which they offer for sale, at prices suited to the times, for CASH—or any kind of TRADE and produce in hand, that can be disposed of.

32-tf

Vincennes, Sept. 1827.

FRESH MEDICINES.

DOCTOR McNAMEE respectfully informs the citizens of the Wabash country, and the public generally that he has just opened his

30 MEDICINE STORE

On Market street, next door to S. Tomlinson's store, in the room formerly occupied by F. Dickson—where he is now opening Medicines just received. During the month of June, he will receive from Philadelphia, several packages additional, to complete the assortment, and make it ample. In conducting this business, he has engaged the assistance of Dr. WOOLVERTON, which he hopes will enable him to accommodate those who purchase for family purposes to their entire satisfaction; the advantage of correct prescriptions to such, will be obvious.—Physicians purchasing, may be assured of every article necessary in practice, and of genuine quality; none other will be offered.—It will be made their interest to favor him with their custom.—Country merchants may find it to their interest to give him a call, or such medicines as they may want.

E. McNAMEE.

Vincennes, May 15, 1827.—15-tf

DR. WOOLVERTON respectfully informs the citizens of Vincennes, and vicinity, that he has so far recovered his health, as to be able to assist Doctor McNamee, in the above business, and to resume his Practice, which he will do in the employ of Dr. McNamee.

J. D. WOOLVERTON.

A Farm for Sale.

SITUATED five miles north of Vincennes, immediately upon the west bank of the Wabash, in Illinois; containing one hundred acres, sixty of which are improved, under good fence, and in cultivation, the remainder is principally timber. On the premises is one of the best ORCHARDS, in point of quality & bearing, in the western country—a very commodious two story Dwelling, a Kitchen, Smoke-House, Well, &c all in excellent repair. The situation of this farm is beautiful, the soil rich, and for the purpose of raising STOCK, no place can possess greater advantages, having an extensive range immediately adjoining, which there is no probability will be soon diminished.—The above will be sold on accommodating terms, for much less than the actual cost of the improvements. For particulars apply to

J. & S. SMITH.

Vincennes, Sept. 1827.

32-tf

LAFAYETTE HALL

THE subscriber has opened a PUBLIC HOUSE, in SALEM, Indiana, at the stand formerly occupied by Capt. Wm. Baird, on South Main street. The building has been enlarged, and is commodious.—He has attached to his house an extensive READING ROOM, furnished with Papers from each of the states.—Travellers who call at his house, will be furnished with Way-Bills giving the distance from Salem, to all the principal towns in the state, and the public houses kept in the same.

HENRY S. HANDY.

Salem, October, 1827.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, on replevy bond, to me directed, from the Clerk's office of the Knox county Circuit court, I will expose to public sale, at the court house door in Vincennes, on Monday, the seventeenth day of December next, between the hours of ten o'clock A.M. and five o'clock P.M. and agreeably to the third section of the law subjecting real and personal estate to execution, all the right, title, and interest, of Moses Rawlings, to the following property, to wit:—fifty acres of land, with twenty-five acres improved and under good fence, it being the place whereon Moses Rawlings now lives, lying and being in Knox county, state of Indiana, near White river, in township No. one, north, of range nine, west, bounded as follows, to wit:—on the north, by land of William Johnson, west, by land of Nathan Baker, deceased, and south by vacant lands—taken as the property of Moses Rawlings, at the suit of Adam Harness, against Charles F. White, Charles Mails, and Moses Rawlings.

S. ALMY, Sheriff K.C.

November 24, 1827. 42-4-82

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, on replevy bond, to me directed, from the Clerk's office of the Daviess county Circuit court, I will expose to public sale at the court house door in Vincennes, on Monday, the seventeenth day of December next, between the hours of ten o'clock A.M. and five o'clock P.M. and agreeably to the third section of the law subjecting real and personal estate to execution, the following tract of land, to wit:—two hundred acres of land, Additional Donation, forty five acres of which is under good fence, and fit for cultivation, with two good houses thereon, it being the place whereon William Gamble now lives, lying and being in Harrison township, Knox county, state of Indiana, bounded as follows, to wit:—by land of John Reel, on the south west, and north-west by land of John Thixton, south east by land owned by Jacob Pancake—given up as the property of William Gamble, at the suit of John Cummings against William Gamble, John Jordan, and William Junkin.

S. ALMY, Sheriff K.C.

November 24, 1827. 42-4-82

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a fieri facias, on replevy bond, and to me directed from the Clerk's office of the Knox county Circuit court, I will expose to public sale, at the court house door in Vincennes, on Monday the twenty-fourth instant, between the hours of ten o'clock, A.M. and five o'clock, P.M. and agreeably to the third section of the law subjecting real and personal estate to execution, the following tract of land, to wit:—all that certain tract or parcel of land, and its appurtenances thereunto belonging, containing one hundred acres, situate, lying and being in the county of Knox, and state of Indiana, in Washington township, it being the same tract and farm of land that Samuel Farris now lives upon, which was by deed, conveyed by Jesse Daviss, and Anna his wife, to Samuel Farris, and by Samuel Farris, and Anna his wife, to Alfred Farris, by deed dated the twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty five, as reference to the Recorder's office of Knox county will more fully appear—taken as the property of Alfred Farris, at the suit of Samuel Swayne against Samuel Farris and Alfred Farris.

S. ALMY, Sheriff K.C.

December 1, 1827. 43-4-8250

NOTICE

to purchasers of Public Lands,
RECEIVER'S OFFICE, AT VINCENNES,
October 22d, 1827.

IN pursuance of instructions from the honorable the Secretary of the Treasury, the purchasers of public lands, in the district of Vincennes, are hereby notified, that from and after the 31st of next December, the receipt of the notes of all local or State Banks will be discontinued at this office. Therefore, those persons who have payments to make into this office, will after that period, provide themselves with specie, or notes of the United State's Bank or its Branches.

J. C. S. HARRISON, Receiver.

October 25, 1827. 38-11t

TO TRAVELLERS,

THE subscriber has lately taken the
Tavern Stand,

Formerly occupied by Judge Rogers, situated near the corner of MARKET & WATER streets. His house and stable are well supplied, & he hopes by a strict and careful attention to business, to merit, and also receive a share of public patronage.

SOLOMON RATHBONE.

Vincennes, Feb. 26, 1827.—4-tf