

tracting parties the necessity of taking immediate measures for an approximation with the Greeks.

It is to be understood that this approximation shall be brought about by establishing commercial relations with the Greeks, by sending to them for that purpose, and receiving from them consular agents, so long as there shall exist among them authorities capable of maintaining such relations.

II. If within the said term of one month, the Porte does not accept the armistice proposed in the first article of the public treaty, or if the Greeks refuse to execute it, the high contracting powers shall declare to that one of the two contending parties which shall wish to continue hostilities, or to both if such become necessary, that the said high contracting powers intend to exert all the means which circumstances may suggest to their prudence to obtain the immediate effect of the armistice, the execution of which they desire, by preventing, in as far as may be in their power, all collision between the contending parties; and, in fact, immediately after the aforesaid declarations, the high contracting powers will conjointly employ all their means in the accomplishment of the object thereof, without, however, taking any part in the hostilities between the two contending parties.

In consequence, the high contracting powers will immediately after the signature of the present additional and secret article, transmit eventual instructions conformable to the provisions above set forth, to the admirals commanding their squadrons in the seas of the Levant.

III. Finally, if contrary to all expectation these measures do not yet suffice to induce the adoption by the Ottoman Porte of the propositions made by the high contracting parties, or if, on the other hand, the Greeks renounce the conditions stipulated in their favor in the treaty of this day, the high contracting powers will, nevertheless, continue to prosecute the work of pacification on the basis agreed upon between them; and, in consequence, they authorize from this time forward their representatives in London to discuss and determine the ulterior measures to which it may become necessary to resort. The present additional and secret article shall have the same force and value as if it had been inserted, word for word, in the treaty of this day. It shall be ratified, and the ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at the same as those of the said treaty. In faith whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed it, and have thereto affixed the seals of their arms.

Done at London, this 6th of July, in the year of Grace 1827.

DUDLEY,
POLIGNAC,
LIEVEN."

[From the New York Statesman]

The Bayard has brought us our regular files of French papers to the period of our sailing. Their contents have been chiefly anticipated by previous arrivals from Liverpool.

The accounts from Spain are of the same general revolutionary character, as heretofore announced. Great dissatisfaction prevails in the interior, and the insurgents, scattered about in various places, in predatory bands, are said to be increasing. There seems to be, however, little concert in their operations, and the exclusion of almost all the leaders of any talent or character from their country, will probably prevent their effecting much against the King, supported as he is by France, and enabled at any time to call in assistance sufficient to maintain his authority in Spain.

Troops have been sent to Catalonia, at the head of which Gen. O'Donnell has been placed; the situation of that province requiring prompt and energetic measures to suppress the insurrectionists amounting to 2500 in number, who have besieged the city of Igualada.

The Count de Espagne has been charged with a second mission to the army of observation. His instructions were communicated by the King in person. The object of his expedition is said to be to ascertain the numerous complaints of the soldiers and officers, and to learn their origin.

The new regiment destined for Havana, to be composed of 2300 men, to be "royalists without spot," are now organizing. The vessel to carry them is ready to sail—she is called the *Scourvain*. The little that this force will ever be able to effect against the new Republics, will alarm none of them. Our Boston papers of this morning furnish the following particulars from French papers to August 4:

A letter dated Syra, June 24, states that in pursuance of the capitulation of the Acropolis of Athens, 1900 men had been transported, with their arms and baggage, to the Island of Salamis, on board four French and two Austrian vessels. The

besieged were entirely destitute of provisions; all their animals had been devoured; nothing remained to them but water. A few hours after the capitulation, Kuty Pacha received information that a reinforcement of 8,000 men had arrived within 14 miles of his camp. He manifested the most lively chagrin, and declared that if the capitulation had not been already concluded, he would not have signed it. Kuty had marched with 8,000 men upon Corinth. Colonel Falvier was in command of 1000 men at Megara, where he was erecting some fortifications. The Turkish fleet had sailed from Constantinople to meet Lord Cochrane, who was in the Gulf of Patras. He had been 6 days, before near St. Angelo, with 28 sail of Greek vessels. Ibrahim Pacha had arrived at Tripolizza, and had given notice to the Greeks that they must provide lodgings for 12,000 men. The French brig Harlequin, which sailed from Marseilles July 4, for Bayonne, with a cargo of spirits and other articles, was captured off Alicante by two cruisers under the Turkish flag. The captain seeing a boat coming to board him, abandoned his vessel, and with his crew escaped, and landed at Adra. Letters from Turin announce that the Dey of Algiers was putting his forts, citadel, &c. into the best state of defence, and that it would be impossible to take the place without a force of at least 15,000 men. On the 13th of July, the French blockading squadron captured two Algerine boats.

A LIST of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Vincennes, the quarter ending the 30th September 1827, which if not taken out before the expiration of three months, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

A B C John Armstrong, W. M. Alexander, William Andrews, Tillinghurst Almy, C. & M. Alexander, John Austin, Dr. Austin 2, S. Almy, Robison Anderson, Isaac Blackford 2, B. V. Beckes 2, Susan Bailey, J. Brown, Joseph Beard, John Bidde 2, Eli Budd, 2, James Boner, Thomas Burres, Elizabeth Councilman, Thomas Case, Elizabeth Cunningham, Grand R. A. Chapter, Messrs. H. & A. Collins, Andrew Correll 2, Jonathan P. Cox, John L. Compton, David Collins, Mary A. Cuthberts, Mary Carr.

D E F Alexander Duchene, M. Durham, J. Douglass, J. Durell, Samuel Emerson, William Farris, James Foyles, Solomon Foy, Robert Frazer 2, Wilhs Fellowes.

G H I Peter Ginallo, T. Hall, An Hogue, James Harbin 2, Joseph Hollingsworth, Rufion Harbin, Jonathan Heraback, Samuel Juddah,

L M N Alexis Lodsoult, Daniel Loundsdale, William McCoy 2, James Mays, John Marney, William Miner, Asa McChord, John Myers, William Noy.

O R S Enoch Organ, Benjamin Olney, Harvey Roberts, Samuel Rogers, Simon Rook, John T. Simpson, John Shields, James Smith 3, S. T. Scott, Jacob Small 2, John Swaringer, G. W. Salter,

T V W Bernard Thompson, Samuel Thompson, Ira Thompson, Jas. Vermilion, Joseph Vankirk, David Vance, Joshua Vance, Thomas Withers, Philip Wease, Betty Madley, Levi H. Wokeman.

S A M U E L H I L L, P. M. October 1st, 1827. 35-31-180

Persons inquiring for the above letters will please say they are advertised, otherwise they may not get them.

PUBLIC NOTICE

I hereby give that I intend to apply to the court of Probate, Crawford county, state of Illinois, to make a final settlement of the estate of Martha Barbee, deceased, on the third Monday in November next, at which time, all persons interested may attend if they please.

WILLIAM BARBEE, ?
JOHN WRIGHT, ? Admrs.
September 26, 1827. 35-41-*

Collector's Sale for Taxes, To all whom it may concern,

TAKE NOTICE.

THAT I shall proceed to sell at the court house in Washington, Daviess county, Indiana, on the second Monday in Nov. next, all and singular the lands and town lots lying in said county of Daviess, on which the taxes due thereon for the years 1825, 1826 and 1827, are unpaid—Sale to continue from day to day until all are sold or offered.

GEO. A. WALLER, c.o.c.
October 1, 1827. 35-4-*

Tallow, wanted at this office.

Collector's Sale for Taxes.

All persons concerned will
TAKE NOTICE.

THAT I shall proceed to sell at the court house door in Vincennes, Knox county, Indiana, on the second Monday in November next, all and singular the lands and town lots lying in said county of Knox, on which taxes due thereon for the years 1824, 1825, 1826 and 1827, are unpaid. Sale to continue from day to day until all are sold or offered for sale.

THOMAS M'CLURE, Adm. K.G.
October 3, 1827. 35-1d

PUBLIC NOTICE

I hereby give, that administration upon the estate of John Lawson, late of Knox county, deceased, has been granted to the undersigned, and I have taken an inventory and caused an appraisement to be made of the personal property of the said deceased, which in all probability, will not be sufficient to pay his debts, and that a sale of the said estate consisting of

**Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Corn,
Farming Implements,
Household and Kitchen**

FURNITURE, &c.

Will be made at the dwelling house of the said deceased, in Palma township, on Thursday, 25th October, instant.

Sale commence at 10 o'clock A.M. and the terms will then be made known.

JOSEPH CHAMBERS, Adm.
October 7, 1827. 35-3t

NOTICE.

I make it known that my wife Rachel left my bed and board on the 28th September last, without any just cause—therefore I caution all people from crediting or harboring her, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

GEORGE LETTSON.
September 28, 1827. 35-3t

NEW GOODS.

JOHN R. M. LEROY

HAS lately received a new supply of **GOODS** suitable for the present and approaching season, which he will exchange (on delivery of the article) for

**Beef Cattle, Feathers,
Live Hogs, Dried Apples,
Oats & Corn, Dried Peaches,
Beans, Beeswax, Flax and Tow
Linen.**

And any article suitable for the New Orleans market, delivered before the 1st of December next.

Vincennes, October 6, 1827. 35-1t

Collector's Sale for Taxes.

All persons concerned will

TAKE NOTICE.

THAT I shall proceed to sell at the court house door in Princeton, Gibson county, Indiana, on the second Monday in November next, all and singular the lands and town lots lying in said county of Gibson, on which the taxes due thereon for the years 1826 and 1827 are unpaid—Sale to continue from 9 o'clock A.M. and 4 o'clock P.M.—from day to day until all are sold or offered for sale.

JAMES DEVIN, c.o.c.
October 5, 1827. 35-4t

A Saddle Lost.

ON Wednesday the 19th instant, my horse got loose at the Market house in Vincennes, and lost off of him a man's saddle; whoever may find the same, will confer a favor by leaving it at the Western Sun, office, or giving information where it may be had, for which they will receive the thanks of

SAMUEL ADAMS, Jr.
September 22, 1827. 34-3t

Public Notice

I hereby give, that administration upon the estate of James Junkin, (late of Knox county) deceased, has been granted in due form of law, to the undersigned, and that a sale of the personal estate of said deceased, consisting of

**Horses, Cattle,
Sheep,**

Waggon, Farming Implements

Also—**Household & Kitchen Furniture**, will be sold at the late dwelling house of James Junkin's, deceased, in Harrison township, on

Friday, the 19th day of October next, commencing at ten o'clock, a.m.—terms of sale made known on the day.

WILLIAM JUNKIN, Adm.
September 26, 1827. 34-3t

Magistrates **BLANKS** for Illinois, for sale at this office.

A Farm for Sale.

SITUATED five miles north of Vincennes, immediately upon the west bank of the Wabash, in Illinois; containing one hundred acres, sixty of which are improved, under good fence, and in cultivation, the remainder is principally timber. On the premises is one of the best **ORCHARDS**, in point of quality & bearing, in the western country—a very com-

modious two story **Dwelling**, a **Kitchen, Smoke-House, Well, &c.** all in excellent repair. The situation of this farm is beautiful, the soil rich, and for the purpose of raising **STOCK**, no place can possess greater advantages, having an extensive range immediately adjoining, which there is no probability will be soon diminished.—The above will be sold on accommodating terms, for much less than the actual cost of the improvements. For particulars apply to

J. & S. SMITH.
Vincennes, Sept. 1827. 32-1t

FALL RACES.

Sportmen Attend.
THE FALL RACES, upon the Vincennes track, will take place on **Friday and Saturday**, the 12th & 13th of October next, First day's race, two miles & repeat—second day, one mile & repeat—free for any horse, mare, or gelding. Entrance 85, and 50 cents for contingencies.

Subscribers are requested to be punctual in paying up their subscriptions to **John C. Clark** five days before the races—all horses must be entered the day before they run, or double entrance will be exacted. It is expected that the purse for each day, will be worth the attention of gentlemen who have good horses, and wish to see them try their speed.

J. C. CLARK, Sec'y r.g.c.
September 20, 1827. 33-1d

FRESH MEDICINES.

DOCTOR McNAMEE respectfully informs the citizens of the Wabash country, and the public generally that he has just opened his

MEDICINE STORE

On Market street, next door to S. Tomlinson's store, in the room formerly occupied by F. Dickson—where he is now opening Medicines just received. During the month of June, he will receive from Philadelphia, several packages additional, to complete the assortment, and make it ample. In conducting this business, he has engaged the assistance of **DR. WOOLVERTON**, which he hopes will enable him to accommodate those who purchase for family purposes to their entire satisfaction; the advantage of correct prescriptions to such, will be obvious.—Physicians purchasing, may be assured of every article necessary in practice, and of genuine quality; none other will be offered—it will be made their interest to favor him with their custom.—Country merchants may find it to their interest to give him a call, or such medicines as they may want.

E. McNAMEE.
Vincennes, May 15, 1827. 15-1f

DR. WOOLVERTON, respectfully informs the citizens of Vincennes, and vicinity, that he has so far recovered his health, as to be able to assist **Doctor McNamee**, in the above business, and to resume his Practice, which he will do in the employ of **Dr. McNamee**.

J. D. WOOLVERTON.

Blacksmithing.

THE subscriber has engaged **Mr. B. Welman**, to superintend, and carry on his Blacksmith shop, at the old stand, formerly of **Smith & Thomson**—the well known qualifications of **Mr. Welman** as a good workman, will insure a liberal share of public patronage—All kinds of Edged tools made and warranted.

N. SMITH.
February 14, 1827. 2-1f

WE will sell on **Liberal terms** for the purchasers—eight hundred, quarter, half, and full blooded

MERINO SHEEP,
at our folds in New Harmony
TAYLOR, FOUNTLEY, & Co.
New-Harmony, Aug. 1827.—30t

NOTICE.

S. Judah & A. G. Lagow,
WILL in future, practise LAW in
partnership.

20-3m Vincennes, June 1827.

Wheat, Flax-Seed and SAW LOGS.

WISH to purchase a quantity of good merchantable **Wheat, Flax-Seed and Saw Logs**—Delivered at the Vincennes Ox Mill.

J. L. COLMAN.