

tion. In 1816, a single minimum of 25 cents the square yard was established in favor of domestic cottons, which was increased, by the Tariff of 1824, to thirty cents. But one minimum exists with respect to cottons—the Woollen bill proposed to establish four in regard to woollens. When the cotton minimum was established, we had a sufficient supply of the raw material, not only for ourselves, but for the world: at this time, when every effort is used to establish four woollen minimums, our country does not produce any thing like a supply of wool for the manufactures already in existence. If the friends of the Woollen bill had been contented with a single minimum of 40 cents upon woollens, there would have been some resemblance between it and the cotton minimum; but even then the likeness would have been faint. As the Woollen bill stood at the last session, no parallel can be drawn between them.

I shall now state a second reason for my opposition to this bill. Had it become a law, its tendency would have been to give the woollen manufacturers of the eastern states a monopoly of the market of the whole Union. Pennsylvania would then have needed a Tariff against New-England, as much as the United States now need a Tariff against Old England.—It was said, in Congress, that \$40,000,000 had been invested in the woollen manufacture of this country. But a small portion of this capital, comparatively speaking, exists out of New-England. Even there, the greater part of it is confined within a narrow space. Much of the immense capital of Boston and Salem, has been diverted from commerce to the woollen manufacture. This branch of business is not conducted in New England, as it is in Pennsylvania, by individuals; but large masses of wealth are concentrated, and applied to that purpose, by incorporated companies. In this state of the manufacture prohibit, at once, the importation of a very large proportion of foreign woollens, as the Woollen bill would have done, and what would be the inevitable consequence? In the east, they are already in possession of the capital.—They already have large incorporated companies in operation. They could at once, have extended their machinery to meet the increased demand arising from prohibition; and in this manner they would have swallowed up most of the woollen manufactures throughout the rest of the Union. We are not yet prepared to contend against them. Our woollen manufactures could not contain such a competition. The skill and capital of individuals, in the middle states, if this bill had become a law, must, and would have been overwhelmed by the superior skill and capital of the eastern manufacturing companies. Is it not much better, then, to pursue our former policy, by gradually increasing the duties upon importation, for the purpose of protecting our manufactures, as they gradually arise, than to be hurried into a prohibitory system for which we are not prepared; a system, too, so unjust and so unequal in its operation, that whilst it would have levied an oppressive tax from the pockets of the poor, would have left the law as is now in regard to the rich.

(Concluded in our next.)

NEW GOODS.

S. TOMLINSON,

(MARKET STREET, VINCENNES.)
HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a new and very general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

An extensive assortment of
Hardware, Cutlery, Glass, and
Queensware.

FRESH GROCERIES—of the latest importations, and of the first quality. All of which are offered for sale at the lowest cash prices.

14-3m May 10, 1827

Apprentices Wanted.

THE subscriber will now take several apprentices to learn either of the following trades—SADDLING, TANNING, or BOOT & SHOE MAKING—boys of about 15 years of age, and well recommended for honesty, only need apply, as no others will be received.

JOHN WISE.

December 8, 1826 44-1f

NOTICE

S Judah & A. G. Lagow,
WILL in future, practise LAW in partnership.

20-3m Vincennes, June 1827.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a general assortment of
British, French & American
DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY
Queens and Glassware,
A general assortment of
GROCERIES.
SHOES & BONNETS.
A large assortment of
SCHOOL BOOKS.

Three hundred barrels

Kenarca Salt,

Together with an assortment of
IRON & PLOW PLATES.
All of which will be sold at the lowest rates for cash.

W.M. BURTCH.

May 10, 1827. 14-3m

8 LAW PARTNERSHIP.

DEWEY & R. H. McJUNKIN,
WILL practice LAW in conjunction
in the Daviess Circuit court—
Any business entrusted to E. H. McJunkin
at Washington, Indiana, (where he resides) will be attended to by both, with punctuality.

12-6m Washington, April 1827.
McJUNKIN will practice in the adjacent Circuit courts.

17 PROTECTION.

SAMUEL HILL,
Agent for the PROTECTION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Connecticut.

IS prepared to insure on Steam, Keel, and Flat Boats, and Cargoes. Also, on Stores, Houses, Mills, &c. and their contents, at the lowest rates of premium.

Satisfactory evidence of the liberality of the Protection Insurance Company in adjusting losses, and promptness in paying the same, can be had by applying as above.

12-6m Vincennes, April 1827.

26 Blacksmithing.

THE subscriber has engaged Mr. B. Weiman, to superintend, and carry on his Blacksmith shop, at the old stand, formerly of Smith & Thomson—the well known qualifications of Mr. Weiman as a good workman, will insure a liberal share of public patronage—All kinds of Edged tools made and warranted.

N. SMITH

February 14, 1827. 2-1f

WOOL CARDING.

THE subscriber informs the public that he has his

11 Wool Carding Machines

In complete operation, and he will endeavor to give satisfaction to all who may call; persons from a distance shall have their work done immediately. His prices will be as formerly—

Cents

For common Wool, 8 1-3
1/2 blooded Merino wool, 10
1/2 do. do do, 12
1/2 do. do do, 15

H. D. WHEELER

June 14, 1827. 19-1f

I have two sets of MILL IRONS for sale, which could be finished on short notice.

H. D. W.

NOTICE

I hereby give, that I shall apply to the next court of Probate, in and for the county of Sullivan, and state of Indiana, on the last Monday in August, 1827, to make a final settlement of the estate of George Kerby, deceased.

JOHN B. GRANT, Adm.

August 6, 1827. 27-3f

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, from the Clerk's office of Floyd county, state of Indiana, I will expose to public sale, at the court house door in Vincennes, on Monday, the 3d day of September next, between the hours of ten o'clock A.M. and five o'clock P.M. agreeably to the third section of the law subjecting real and personal estate to execution, the following tracts of land, to wit:—three hundred acres of land, laying and being in Knox county, state of Indiana, and adjoining Wilson's creek, with its appurtenances thereunto belonging.—Also, one hundred acres of land in the Lower Prairie, below Vincennes, laying and being in Knox county, state of Indiana, and its appurtenances thereunto belonging—all of which is taken as the property of John D. Hay, at the suit of John R. Porter, assignee

S. ALMY, Shf. &c.

August 11, 1827. 27-4f

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a general assortment of
British, French & American
DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY
Queens and Glassware,
A general assortment of
GROCERIES.

SHOES & BONNETS.
A large assortment of
SCHOOL BOOKS.

Three hundred barrels

Kenarca Salt,

Together with an assortment of
IRON & PLOW PLATES.

All of which will be sold at the lowest rates for cash.

W.M. BURTCH.

May 10, 1827. 14-3m

8 PORK!!

THE subscriber will exchange

MERCHANDIZE

at his store, for good

Merchantable Corn-fed Pork

at one dollar and fifty cents per hundred weight for hogs that will weigh two hundred weight and upwards, or he will give the market price which ever the seller may see proper to select at the time he engages the pork; any person that I am acquainted with, or who may come well recommended, can be accommodated with hams at any time, and pay the PORK by the first of December next.

WILSON LAGOW.

Vincennes, 24 July, 1827. 26-4f

TO TRAVELLERS,

THE subscriber has lately taken the

25 Tavern Stand,

Formerly occupied by Judge Rogers situated near the corner of MARKET & WATER streets. His house and stable are well supplied, & he hopes by a strict and careful attention to business, to merit, and also receive a share of public patronage.

SOLOMON RATHBONE

Vincennes, Feb. 26, 1827. 4-1f

ENTERTAINMENT.

THE subscriber has resumed his former business, in the house sometime ago occupied by Mr. F. Cunningham, as a TAVERN on Market street, in Vincennes.

He has built a new, large, and commodious stable; and has put the buildings in complete repair. His stable will be constantly supplied with Oats, Corn, fodder, and Timothy Hay, and attended by a good Oster.—His house shall at all times be furnished with such things for the comfort of Travellers, & others, as the country can afford.—He hopes by his attention to business, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

H. JOHNSON.

January 8, 1827. 5-1-1f

FRESH MEDICINES.

DOUGLASS McNAMEE respectfully informs the citizens of the Wabash country, and the public generally that he has just opened his

15 MEDICINE STORE

On Market street, next door to S. Tomlinson's store, in the room formerly occupied by F. Dickson—where he is now opening Medicines just received. During the month of June, he will receive from Philadelphia, several packages additional, to complete the assortment, and make it ample. In conducting this business, he has engaged the assistance of Dr. WOOLVERTON, which he hopes will enable him to accommodate those who purchase for family purposes to their entire satisfaction; the advantage of correct prescriptions to such, will be obvious.—Physicians purchasing, may be assured of every article necessary in practice, and of genuine quality; none other will be offered.—It will be made their interest to favor him with their custom.—Country merchants may find it to their interest to give him a call, or such medicines as they may want.

E. McNAMEE.

Vincennes, May 15, 1827. 15-1f

DR. WOOLVERTON, respectfully informs the citizens of Vincennes, and vicinity, that he has so far recovered his health, as to be able to assist Doctor McNamee, in the above business, and to resume his Practice, which he will do in the employ of Dr. McNamee.

J. D. WOOLVERTON.

6 SADDLERY

For TRADE.

I WILL give in exchange for the following articles of trade, delivered in Vincennes by the first day of December next, to wit.—PORK, BEEF, WHEAT, CORN, or OATS, any kind of SADDLERY.

S. ALMY, Shf. &c.

August 11, 1827. 27-4f

SAMUEL THORN.

Sale of Seminary Lands.

IN conformity with a law of the state of Indiana, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that on the first Monday of September next, and from day to day thereafter until the sale shall be completed,

The Seminary Township, in Gibson county, will be sold in Princeton, at Public Auction, in half-quarter sections: one fourth of the purchase money to be paid in hand, the balance at the option of the purchaser, to remain on interest for ten years, and thereafter at the option of the State Commissioners for that purpose, under the direction of the General Assembly. The interest to be paid annually in advance; and a failure for two years successively to pay such interest shall occasion a forfeiture of the land sold. Title in fee to be made when the payment is made in full. The above land was selected nearly twenty years since for the use of a State Seminary, and is recommended to purchasers by every advantage of fertility of soil and beauty of situation. It adjoins the flourishing town of Princeton, 28 miles from the Ohio, 6 from the Wabash, and the same distance from White river.

On the first Monday of Oct. next,

The Seminary Township, in Monroe county, will be sold at Bloomington, in the same manner and on the same terms. This tract of land joins Bloomington where the State Seminary is situated, and is inferior in quality to none in the state of Indiana. Both townships were selected prior to any sales in their vicinity, and have ever been considered the most advantageous that could be made. They have farms in every variety of improvement: the towns they adjoin contain six or eight hundred inhabitants each, and it may be safely stated, that for procuring desirable situations for permanent settlers nothing equal has been offered to the public for many years. The land is to be divided by the Commissioners, James Smith for the former ownership, and James Borland for the latter, into three rates: the first to be sold at no less than three dollars and fifty cents per acre, the second two dollars and twenty five cents, and the third one dollar and twenty five cents.

SAMUEL MERRILL,
Treasurer of State.
Indianapolis, June 10, 1827.

Editors of the papers at Vincennes, Bloomington, Salem, Madison, Charlestown, New Albany, of the National Republican Cincinnati, Reporter, Lexington, Louisville Public Advertiser, and of the National Journal at Washington, will publish the above for eight weeks, once each week, and send their bills to me.

Commissioners' Sale.
STATE OF INDIANA. 3
VANDERBURGH COUNTY. 3
James M. Cuday,
against Robert Armstrong,
In Chancery.

W. E. the undersigned, having been appointed Commissioners to sell the following described property of Robert Armstrong, to satisfy the claims of James McGilly Cuddy, against the said Robert Armstrong, viz:—A part of lot No. thirteen, (13) lying in the town of Evansville, Vanderburgh county, Is it being the lot on which the said Robert Armstrong last resided while at Evansville.—Also, the south half of lot No. twelve, (12) as designated by the town plat of said town of Evansville.—Likewise, seventy-seven (77) feet off of the end of lot No. forty five, (45,) as designated by said plat of said town of Evansville, which lies next the Ohio, being the part on which Porter Fuller erected a frame house.

Now public notice is hereby given, that we, or some two of us, will, on the seventh day of September next, between the hours of nine o'clock A.M. and six o'clock P.M. at the court house in the town of Evansville, offer the said property at public sale, to the highest and best bidder.

ALANSON WARNER,
J. W. SILLESTON,
J. V. ROBINSON,
August 4th, 1827.

Wheat, Flax Seed and
SAW LOGS.

I WISH to purchase a quantity of good merchantable Wheat, Flax-Seed and Saw Logs—Delivered at the Vincennes Ox Mill.

25-1f J. L. COLMAN.

Magistrates BLANKS for Illinois, for sale at this office.

Tallow, wanted at this office.