

**Letters.**—From the 1st to the 15th April, no less than 20,000 letters were received by the differed vessels, and distributed from the post office in New York. The fact, if not surprising, is at least, creditable to the industry of the office.

**Census of the Cherokees.**—A census of the Cherokees was taken in November, of the last year—the total population was 15,160; increase since 1809, 1,841. The number of negro slaves included in the census, was 1,377.

**British cannon.**—Fourteen pieces of ordnance—9 and 12 pounders—captured on board the British fleet, at the memorable victory on lake Erie—have recently been brought to this city, and are piled up at the south end of Mr. McClurg's foundry, in Fifth street. We understand these pieces were sold by order of the government, and that our founders are about to melt them down, & mould them into pots, and grates, and stoves, and other useful and peaceful implements—sad destiny for the "loud mouth'd dogs of war," of the most warlike nation upon earth! But is this the best use we can make of them? Converted into the articles we have named, they will be useful indeed, but will immediately pass into oblivion, which our enemies in war would desire. Can the ingenuity and liberal patriotism of our townsmen devise and adopt no plan by which to preserve these trophies of the first meeting between an American and a British fleet. Pittsburgh Gaz.

**An ancient Schoolmaster.**—A correspondent informs us, that a man now resides in North Brookfield, (Mass.) who has taught school so long, that some of his scholars are the grand children of some of his former ones.—Massachusetts Spy.

**Origin of Franking letters.**—In the 23d volume of the parliamentary history, is the following very curious anecdote concerning this privilege. It occurred in the debate on the post-office bill, in the year 1660; col. Titus reported the bill for the settlement of the post-office, with the amendments. Sir Walter Earl delivered a proviso, for the letters of all members of parliament to go free, during their sitting. Sir Heneage Finch, said "it was a poor mendicant proviso, and below the honor of the house." Mr. Pym spoke also against the proviso: Mr. Bunckley, Mr. Boscowen, sir G. Downing, and Serjeant Carlton for it; the latter saying, the council's letters went free. The question being called for, the speaker sir Harbottle Grimstone, was unwilling to put it, saying, he was ashamed of it: nevertheless the proviso was carried, & made part of the bill, which was ordered to be engrossed." The lords subsequently disagreed to this proviso, and it was ultimately thrown out. At a subsequent period, however, both houses did not feel it to be "below their honor" to secure for themselves this exemption from postage.

**Domestic life.**—The earl of Orrery well observes, that whenever we step out of domestic life in search of felicity, we come back again disappointed, tired, and chagrined. One day passed under our own roof, with our friends and our family, is worth a thousand in another place.

**Buenos Ayres.**—Advices from this city to the 15th February have been received in Baltimore. The republican squadron, commanded by com. Brown, had had a battle with the imperial blockading squadron under admiral Lobo. The commodore was not well supported by some of his vessels, and much weaker than the admiral, yet the latter appears to have been driven from his position, with considerable loss and damage.

Senor Rivadavia has been elected president of the Buenos Ayrean republic.

**Chili.**—On the 14th January, the expedition under the command of don Simon Freire, supreme director of Chili, succeeded in establishing the independence of the island of Chiloe. The loss of the Chilians was 16 killed, and 76 wounded—the loss of the royalists not ascertained. On the 16th, the royalist general, Quintanilla capitulated, delivering to the patriots the batteries, cannon, arms, &c.—the official account is received.

[With the reduction of Chiloe passes away even the semblance of the authority of Spain over any spot in that vast region of country which extends from Louisiana to cape Horn—the work of revolution is complete, so far as respects the dominion of Ferdinand.]

**Remarkable Eruption.**—In Calais, a town adjoining Montpellier, (Vt.) an eruption took place about ten days ago, by which a large quantity of earth was thrown from the side of the hill, and near its base, leaving a cavity which measures twelve feet in depth, on the upper side, six rods in length, & forty feet wide. Large trees were growing upon the spot, which were removed with such force, as to cause them to fall with their tops up the hill, although while standing, they leaned down the hill nearly 30 degrees from a perpendicular

point. The ground was frozen nearly two feet deep, and was broken in a perpendicular manner. Large stones weighing from three to four hundred pounds, were thrown thirty rods, and one, which our informant thinks will weigh between five and ten hundred, was thrown about eight rods. The force must have been great, as the explosion was heard at considerable distance. The fissures in the rocks, at the bottom, and on the sides of the cavity, are barely large enough to admit a man's hand. The cause of this explosion is unknown. Some suppose it to have been effected by water—but this is not very probable, although there was, undoubtedly, a considerable quantity of water. Yet the explosion being instantaneous, there must have been some invisible cause of eruption. It furnishes a subject for the investigation of the philosopher, and cannot fail to excite the attention of the curious. Vermont Pat.

## NEW GOODS.

S. TOMLINSON.

MARKET STREET, VINCENNES, IA.)

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a handsome and very general assortment of

## MERCHANDIZE

of every description—consisting of

## Spring and Summer DRY GOODS,

A complete assortment of

Hardware and Cutlery, Queensware and Glassware, FRESH GROCERIES.

All of which are offered for sale at his usual low prices for cash. 10-tf April, 1826.

## FRESH ARRIVAL.

THE subscriber has now open and for sale a large and splendid assortment of

## Spring and Summer GOODS,

consisting of British, India, French and Domestic

An extensive assortment of

Saddlery—Groceries—Hardware—Cutlery—Glass and Queensware.

All of which will be sold at his usual low rates, for cash.

WM BURTCH, Market Street, Vincennes. 10-tf April, 1826.

## Cheaper & Cheaper Still.

## CH. GRAETER.

ON MARKET, between 2d & 3d STREETS

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and now for sale, an elegant assortment of

RICH & FASHIONABLE

## DRY GOODS,

Comprising nearly every article needed by the Farmer, or the Mechanic.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

## HARDWARE & CUTLERY

ALSO

## QUEENS & GLASSWARE

In very great variety.

LADIES, GENTLEMEN, & } BOOTS & CHILDRENS } SHOES.

A very complete assortment of

## GROCERIES.

All of which will be sold on the most accommodating terms, for cash

16-tf Vincennes, June 1825.

## JOHN WISE,

INFORMS the public that he continues to carry on the

## Saddlery & Harness

making business, at his shop on (WATER STREET VINCENNES.)

He also, will keep on hand a regular supply of

## LEATHER.

of every description, which will be sold on reasonable terms.

He also manufactures, and will sell at the lowest prices,

## Boots & Shoes,

of every description and quality.

February 19, 1825. 1-tf

## Seasonable Goods

## REYNOLDS & BONNER,

(Market Street, Vincennes.)

HAVE just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a large and general assortment of

## MERCHANDIZE

embracing almost every article usually called for—which they will sell at the lowest prices for cash.

12-tf

April 26, 1826.



## 2 GOODS.

Pig Lead, Shot,

Writing Paper,

Logwood,

Orleans Sugar,

Coffee,

Spanish, and half

Spanish Segars,

Juniata Iron as'd.

Pittsburgh Porter,

Ohio super. Flour.

Waggon Boxes,

Also, 150 barrels Kenhawa SALT.

Which they offer for sale, wholesale & retail, low for cash

J & S. SMITH,

Market Street, Vincennes.

May, 1826.

13-tf



## Vincennes Hotel,

Sign of the

## 3 Green Tree



HAVE taken the house of the late Mrs. Jones and am ready to accommodate travellers—I think, to their entire satisfaction.

The Eastern and Western Mail Stages arrive and depart twice a week, and the Northern and Southern, once a week, to and from this house.

JOHN C. CLARK.

May, 1826.

12-tf

## 12 YOE'S HOTEL.

Sign of WASHINGTON,

No. 6 & 8, North Fourth Street, near

Market Street, PHILADELPHIA.



## MRS. YOE

Respectfully informs her friends and the public in general, that she has reduced the price of boarding to seven dollars per week. The house is situated in the most central part of the city for business, the rooms are numerous and commodious, the beds and mattresses are of the best, the table, as heretofore, shall be furnished with every thing the extensive market affords—the waiters are attentive and obliging. In offering the above she hopes to continue to receive the public patronage.

8-39

March, 1826.

## Etna Fire Insurance Company

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

Established by charter in 1819—Capital 200,000 Dollars.



For Insuring HOUSES, BUILDINGS, GOODS, &c. &c. from loss or damage by FIRE.

All payments for losses or damage by fire, are made by this Corporation without any deduction.

Losses by fire occasioned by lightning will be made good.

All letters addressed to the agent on the subject of Insurance, must be post paid.

JAMES SMITH, Agent,

Market Street, Vincennes.

March 1826.

3-tf



## The Steam Boat

2 AMERICAN.

THE proprietors of the Steam Boat American, now in successful operation, plying between Louisville & Terre-Haute, offer her for sale on advantageous terms.—She is of light draught of water, with an excellent Engine, and only two years old in June next. For terms apply to Messrs. Mieur & Ormsby, Louisville; W. C. Rogers, Cincinnati; W. C. Linton, Terre-Haute; or to

Jas. L. WILSON, Master S.B.A.

May 9, 1826.

13-tf

## To the Public.

HAVE this day purchased of a young man now confined in the jail of Knox county, Indiana, who calls himself Finley Snyder, a sorrel mare, branded S, on the near side, flank and shoulder, about 15 hands high, and between 7 and 8 years old, by supposition.

JOHN McCLURE.

May 11, 1826.

13-3

Magistrates & Clerks Blanks for sale at this office.

## Worthy of Attention!!

THE "Auxiliary Bible Society of Knox County, Indiana," met agreeably to the constitution, on the first Monday in April, but the Agents of the several Districts in the county, not making the necessary reports, by reason whereof, the auxiliary branch was prevented from making the requisite annual report to the parent society, to remedy which, the society adjourned, to meet at the court house in Vincennes on the second Monday in June next, at 12 o'clock, H. M.

By order.

G. W. JOHNSTON, S.A.B.S.K.C.I.

April 3, 1826. 9-9

## For \$3 50 Cents per acre.

## In Horses, and a good two horse Waggon,

I WILL sell 126 acres of Land, situated in Widner township, Knox county, (la.)—one third of which is first rate prairie, the balance well timbered; 45 acres are in cultivation, a large log barn with a shingle roof, together with other necessary buildings, a small APPLE ORCHARD (75 trees) of first rate fruit, principally winter fruit, some PEACH and CHERRY TREES, a good Well, walled with stone, the situation insured as healthy as the country affords, and the citizens of the neighborhood being noted for their worth and merit.

Any person wishing to purchase a comfortable situation on good terms, will do well to avail himself of the present opportunity immediately, as it will not be offered but two months on as good terms.

ANDREW BURNSIDE.

Bruceville. April 29 1826. 11-6

## New Series of the Museum of Foreign Literature & Science.

E. LITTELL.

88, CHESNUT STREET PHILADELPHIA, Has just commenced a

NEW SERIES

OF THE

## MUSEUM

OF

## Foreign Literature & Science.

THIS work has now been published more than three years. Its plan embraced every thing valuable in the Journals of Europe—but while it yet remained to be proved that this plan would be acceptable to the public—it was not that expedient to incur the great expense necessary to execute it fully—or to encounter the disadvantage of copying from Journals to which our readers might perhaps be subscribers. On these accounts we have, with one or two exceptions, avoided the Edinburgh and Quarterly Reviews.

All doubts of the success of a work on the plan of the Museum, have been entirely removed by the experiment, and the best proof of gratitude for the public favour will be found in increased efforts to deserve it.

The new series contains double the quantity of matter that was in the first—and when it is considered that that was already the cheapest periodical work in the country, it will be evident that we offer very considerable inducements to subscribers. There will be twelve numbers a year, each containing nearly as much as one of the Reviews. This increase of space enables us to reprint every thing worth reprinting, in the Edinburgh & Quarterly Reviews: In addition to the following works, from which we have regularly drawn our supplies heretofore:

Blackwood's Magazine,	New Monthly Magazine,
London Magazine,	zine,
Edinburgh Magazine,	Monthly Magazine
Westminster Review,	British Critic,
Retrospective Review,	British Review,
Literary Gazette,	Monthly Review,
London Journal of Science,	Ackerman's Repository,
Literature, and the Arts,	La Belle Assemblee
Brewster's Edinburgh	Electric Review,
Philosophical Journal	Christian Observer
European Magazine,	Ladies Magazine,
	Pocket Magazine,

And all new Journals of merit, for which we have standing orders abroad.

The Editor of a Journal consisting entirely of selections from foreign Journals, may perhaps be allowed, without the imputation of vanity, to speak of the quality, as well as the quantity, of the matter contained in his work. It is very evident that an abundance is offered to his choice, and as the Journals of G. Britain are supported by writers of great talent and high reputation, to whom large salaries are paid, much must be of a very superior order. It would seem then to be easy to compile from all these Journals, one which shall be superior to any one of them.

January 1826.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The price is \$6 a year, payable in advance—but if not paid in advance \$7 50 cents

No subscription to be discontinued until all arrearages shall be paid—and the publisher to be at liberty to retain the numbers as collateral security, until they shall have been paid for.

The work will be sent to any part of the United States by mail, on receipt of \$5 on account, by the publisher.

Subscriptions for the above work received at the office of the Western Sun.