

visitation grain, oatmeal, &c. continue most pleasant. It must indeed be a delightful tour in the warm season, affording a fine view of some of the grandest scenery in the United States, comprising the rivers Mississippi, Ohio, and the Hudson, the great Western Lakes, the Falls of Niagara, as well as the most stupendous artificial work of modern times. The day is not distant when this will become the fashionable route between the north and the south, the canal forming an important link in the golden chain of commerce and intercourse, to bind together remote parts of the union.

And the worst of all is, that the evil is not one to which we can foresee a termination. The people of this country cannot be expected to come forward every year as they did in 1822."

From German papers received in London July 6

Some Turkish ships of war had entered the harbor of Volo. The inhabitants were under arms determined to oppose their landing. Diamanto commands the Greeks in that quarter. The Turkish fleet was last off the island of Seledoni. A Greek corps of observation had arrived near the island Skyso and seemed resolved to take the first opportunity to attack the Turkish ships. The Vice Admiral of the Turkish fleet has the chief command in those seas, and has with him about a third part of the ships that have come from Dardanelles. With the remaining two thirds the Captain Pacha remained near Mytilene expecting the Egyptian squadron and the Asiatic corps that was collected about Smyrna and was to embark there. This corps had committed great excess in Smyrna and the neighborhood. It appears that the plan of the Greeks is to destroy that part of the Turkish fleet which is at the entrance of the harbor of Salonichi before the other large divisions shall join it. In Macedonia all was quiet, and the communications between the Archipelago and Salonichi entirely free.

A corps of Turkish Troops has landed near Orco, on the north point of Negropont, whence it had advanced into the interior of the country with the intention of uniting with the Turks in the fortresses of the island. The plan failed. A corps of Greeks compelled them to make a hasty retreat, and re-embark—but it was believed that when reinforced they would make a landing on another part of the island, particularly as they had been joined by some troops from Macedonia.

North About.—Several gentlemen have arrived in New York, says the Statesman this week from New Orleans, Mobile and Blakely by the way of Pittsburgh and Lake Erie. Those from the first mentioned place ascended the Mississippi; and those from Alabama travelled by land to Nashville, Tennessee; thence descended the Cumberland river, and proceeded up the Ohio to Pittsburgh by steam boats. From the latter place, they passed in stages to Detroit, where they embarked in the elegant steam boat Superior, Captain Bunker, for Buffalo; thence by the Erie canal to Albany, and down the Hudson to New York. They mention the interesting fact that one third of the passengers in the steam boat Superior were from the Gulf of Mexico, preferring this new route from the South to the North, as being the cheapest, the most comfortable, and by far the

ITEMS.

Cheries, called "Fraziers's Black Tartarian," growing at Newark, N. J. have been exhibited, which measured three inches in circumference, their weight being about four to the ounce.

A New Orleans paper of the 11th ult. states the interesting fact, that a fl. boat from the head waters of Pearl River, in the state of Mississippi, had arrived in that city by way of Lake Ponchartrain. It is said that this successful experiment in the internal commerce of the country will lead to events of incalculable benefit to New Orleans.

A patent has been taken out in England, for a machine, for making all kinds of shoes, gloves, caps and hats, cartouch boxes, scabbards and sword sheaths, of one piece of leather without any seam or sewing whatever.—*Supporter*

Whoever will apply an ointment made of gunpowder, brimstone and common grease, behind the necks of their Lambs, will be sure of having them preserved from all kinds of vermin. The quantity necessary to be used is so small, that a sixpenny worth is sufficient to dress upwards of 200 lambs.

Fall of Earth.—A letter from Addison, Me. dated July 1st says, "we have had two instances, about ten days since, of a large body of earth sliding from the banks into the river. In one instance, about an acre of woodland, trees and all slid into the water, carrying with it a large quantity of mud to the opposite side and blocking up the whole passage of the stream. There are large trees now standing in the middle of the river. Similar instances have not happened before for thirty years. The next day the fresh water made a passage, so that the boats and rafts can now pass through, though no doubt it will be years before the whole body of earth that tumbled in will be washed entirely away."

Boston Paper

A sure cure for the Bilious or Crampy Cholic.—Take a small quantity of brimstone—dissolve it in brandy; temper it with water, and drink it as often as you can until the pain is removed, which will be after the second or third drinking.—Should the third not effect the removal of the pain, continue the dose. Experience has taught me this, who sends it to the press for the good of the community at large.

Emigration.—Nineteen families comprising 119 individuals, from Switzerland, chiefly mechanics and farmers, have arrived at Boston. They are destined to a settlement of their countrymen in Ohio.

A new kind of wheat has lately been brought from Arabia called the Heshbern wheat. The ears are twice as large as those of the common kinds of wheat, more tapering and bearded. The number of grains in one ear is 84 and the length of the stalk, five feet one inch.

Captain James Barron, has been appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, to the command of the Navy-Yard, and station at Philadelphia.

Eleven men nearly lost their lives on the 12th ult. in Watertown, New York, in consequence of drinking butter milk, contained in an earthen vessel.

A distressing disease of the eyes is said to prevail in Paris, Oneida county, N. Y. which has entirely deprived several worthy inhabitants of their eye sight. The disease is reported to be contagious.

Ingenious Orthography.—A gentleman of the Temple received his laundress's weekly account the other day, made out in the style of spelling and hand-writing peculiar to the sisters of the suds; but there was one charge of 1s. 6d. for "sewing the stair" which defied even his practised comprehension. After wondering for some time how such a work could ever have been performed, and still more, why it should have been executed particularly at his expence; the debtor sent for Mrs. Pearlash, when the reading turned out to be, for scouring the stairs."

Musical Accuracy.—A gentleman name Matthison, who in the year 1750 Secretary of Legation at Hamburg, was a great dilettante, and (as he imagined) a composer of no mean talents. This artist's favourite maxim was, that the music should always be an echo to the sense of the poetry; and he carried his anxiety to preserve that intimate connexion so far, that, having once to set a song in which the word "rainbow" occurred, he spent two days in making the notes in his score form an arch at that particular point.

State of Indiana GREEN COUNTY

September 23, A. D. 1824.

NOTICE is hereby given to those whom it may concern, that I shall apply to the Circuit court, to be holden in and for the said county of Green and state aforesaid, on Thursday next after the third Monday of November next to have Commissioners appointed to divide the real estate of Edmund Gillam decd. and to give to the widow her right of dower, according to the statute in such cases made and provided.

THOMAS WARNOCK.

Sept 24 1824.

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Ruble & Brokaw,

At their old established stand on MARKET STREET, still carry on the Tailoring Business.

They have recently received the newest fashions and will thankfully receive work to be executed fashionably and well, at the lowest prices and on the shortest notice.

The charges are regulated by the quality of the cloth and the work required.

Dress coat,	from \$250 to 625
Frock do.	3 to 575
Coats or great coats,	450 to 575
Pantaloon and Vest,	125 to 2
Ladies Habits,	350 to 550

And every kind of work not here mentioned, in proportion.

R & B will receive in payment for work done at their shop all kinds of country produce, such as is necessary for family use.