

pleasure comply. No man venerates the name of Washington more than I do—and I consider it my incumbent duty, to do every thing that my feeble abilities permit, that will in the least tend to cherish the remembrance of his many virtues, and heroic achievements—virtues and achievements which have justly entitled him to the pre-eminently distinguished appellation of "the Father of his country." Under ordinary circumstances, I should unhesitatingly decline the part you have assigned me on the 23d inst.—but called, and waited upon, as I have been, by so respectable a portion of the inhabitants of this Borough, I do not consider myself at liberty to refuse to act as your orator upon that occasion. Be pleased to accept, gentlemen, for yourselves individually and collectively, the sentiments of my most sincere respect.

HENRY MOORE SHAW.

Messrs. John Ewing,
E. Stout,
Sam'l. Smith,
Wm. Burtch,
Sam'l. Hill.

The oration will commence at the hour of 12 o'clock.

Several communications are unavoidably postponed.—Want of paper compels me to issue but half a sheet this week—a supply has been at Evansville for me, upwards of six weeks, which high water, ice, and bad roads have detained—I fear it may not arrive in time for my next—the deficiency of matter shall, however, be made up hereafter.

[FROM NILE'S WEEKLY REGISTER.]

FOREIGN NEWS. Much speculation still exists as to the probable conduct of England in respect to the South American states. To give all the reports and things said, would occupy a large part of our sheet, without leading to the establishment of any fact, except that the apprehended interference of the *holy* and allied powers seemingly occupies much of the attention of the government and people.

The British funds continue to rise—and this is the best evidence of a probable pacific state. The 'Courier,' however, says that, by the appointment of consuls and agents, Great Britain has, *de facto*, acknowledged the independence of the late American colonies of Spain, who, it is said, is making immense preparations to conquer the new world—but, of herself, she can do nothing.

A very general persecution of the printers is going on in France.

The bishop of Mauz interfered, some time since, to prevent M. Manuel from standing as god-father for a child, when about to be christened!

The cry in Spain is, "live the holy inquisition and the absolute!" All regular opposition has ceased, but some of the provinces do not appear to be quiet.

It is stated that the Spanish refugees have been ordered to quit Gibraltar.

A letter from an American at Gibraltar observes—"The Russian minister at Madrid, is said to talk loud of the United States as the source of all the revolution ary principles which trouble so much the crowned heads of Europe."

When it was known that MINA had landed at Plymouth, Eng and was proceeding to his lodgings, the people took the horses from the carriage and drew it to the hotel, with the most lively acclamations.

St Ubes contains 15,000 inhabitants, and has neither printing press nor book store, and its inhabitants will shout for either the king or constitution, without any inquiry which is the best.

The items of news that we have from Greece are favourable to the cause of liberty.

A young and beautiful Ronelioite female, aged about twenty-one years, attired in the Albanian costume, was at Athens in the 9th October, with a band of 1000 soldiers, whom she raised, and with whom she was about to march against the enemy. The island of *Ægina* is defended by two ships, which are commanded by women!

It cost the Turks four millions of piastres to defend Negropont, Boëzia and Attica, which do not yield a million and a half.

The text of the treaty between Turkey and Persia is given in the French papers of the third December. In the preamble, it is alleged that the interest of *religion of Islam* commanded a reconciliation between the two countries.—The treaty was brought about by the agency of England! The sovereign of Persia is styled—"the king of kings, the sultan, the son of a sultan, the conqueror, the ruler of Persia &c.—and the Turkish monarch—"the protector of the faith, ruler by sea and land, the sultan, the son of a sultan, the conqueror, the emperor of

the Ottomans," &c.

It is estimated that 106,000 slaves have been transported, mostly in French vessels, from the bay of Biafra, during the last eighteen months.

Brazil is in a very unsettled state. The natives appear to have lost confidence in the emperor, who relies chiefly on the Europeans for the support of his power.

When Canterac retreated from Lima he carried off 5,000,000 dollars, taken from the people and the churches. A decisive battle was expected between him and Bolivar

The congress of Colombia has authorized a loan of thirty millions, of dollars, to adjust the pecuniary affairs of the republic. They appear to have granted monopolies of the salt works and concerning steam boat navigation. There is rather an unfriendly disposition prevailing against the United States, through the misrepresentations of foreigners. But the extra duty of five per cent, that was laid on goods imported from the United States has been repealed.

A schooner was lately fitted out at St. Domingo, by the merchants at that place, and sanctioned by the government, and, indeed commanded by the colonel of that port, which, after a cruise of 12 days, returned with twenty two pirates and a considerable quantity of articles which they had plundered.

President. By particular request, we insert the following resolutions of the Legislature of Alabama.

We, the senators and representatives of the people of the state of Alabama, feeling a deep interest in the election of the chief magistrate of the United States, and believing that a large majority of the freemen of our infant state, regard it as an event involving their dearest interests, and conceiving that we understand, correctly, what their feelings and opinions are, on this all-important subject, presume to give to the people of the *Union* a faithful exposition of those feelings and opinions.

"It is a source of deep regret, that those heroes and sages of the revolution, who have occupied the largest space and most conspicuous station in the page of American history have been swept away by the hand of time; they live now, only in the hearts of their countrymen—their fame is embossed in the affections of a grateful people. Thus deprived of nearly all those, who had rendered themselves so dear to us, by their long and faithful services, we view, with much concern, the arrival of that important crisis, when another must be chosen to guard and direct, for a time, the destinies of the nation. Several distinguished individuals have been proposed for this important trust, who are acknowledged to possess virtue and talents, which would adorn any age or nation; and have rendered services to their country, which have excited the strongest feelings of gratitude in the hearts of the people of the union; but it is in the person of general Andrew Jackson, that, we believe, the people of Alabama behold the man whom they prefer to preside over the destinies, and protect the rights and liberties of these United States. He has served his country in many capacities, civil and military—in each he has been distinguished by the superiority of his talents. In our revolutionary struggle he united himself with the friends of liberty and independence—he has passed through the vicissitudes of life with a reputation as unsullied as his career has been glorious—his deeds of valor, in the second war of independence, has given to him a renown which time cannot efface. He is the man of the people, because he has gloriously defended and protected their rights and liberties. His strength of intellect—his unyielding virtue, his stern integrity and well tried patriotism, give him, with our constituents, stronger claims than any other individual to the highest office in the gift of a free people.

"Be it, therefore, resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the state of Alabama in general assembly convened, that we believe it is the ardent wish of a large majority of our constituents, that general Andrew Jackson should succeed Mr Monroe as president of the United States of America, and we have no doubt he will receive the undivided support of the state of Alabama. Wherefore, it is further resolved, that the governor of this state be, and he is hereby, requested to transmit to the governors of each of our sister states, copies of the foregoing preamble and resolution."

Revolutionary Heroes—Twelve persons are now living in Bristol, R. I. who were engaged in Gen. Sullivan's expedition in 1778, 6 of them were attached to one company, & the other 6 composed one mess. were drafted at the same time, marched together, & joined the army the same day.

HYMENIAL.

MARRIED—On the 5th inst. by the Rev. Sam'l. T. Scott, Mr. George Knox, to Miss. Polly McClure.

Also, on the same day, by the same, Mr. John McClure, to Miss. Eliza Armstrong.

Also, by the same, on the 16th instant, Mr. John Wise, to Miss. Hannah Mc Call.

Also, on the 13th inst. by F. Graeter, Esq. Mr. William Cloud, to Miss. Nancy Jerald—all of this county.

Theatrical.

(FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SEMINARY)

THE Managers of the "VINCENNES THEATRICAL SOCIETY," have, at the particular request of a number of their fellow citizens, determined to perform a second time, on

SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 21.

The much admired comedy in three acts, called the

POINT OF HONOR.

After which the Comic Farce of

HOW TO DIE FOR LOVE

An interlude between the Play and Farce,

Tickets, price fifty cents, can be had at the office of the Western Sun.

* * * Doors will open at 5 o'clock, and curtain rise at 6 o'clock, P. M.

LIBRARY NOTICE.

THOSE shareholders who are in arrears to the Vincennes Library, are hereby informed, that, unless they come forward and settle the same, on, or before the first day of the ensuing month, their respective accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

By order,

J. C. S. HARRISON, Librarian.

February 12, 1824. 3-31

An adjourned meeting of the shareholders, will be held at the Library Room, on Monday, the first day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

J. C. S. H. Lib.

Taken up by John

G. Mc Donald, of Knox county, and Palmyra township, one brown horse, 15 hands and one inch high, no marks or brands perceptible, 14 years old, appraised to \$18, before me,

J. Mc. CLURE, J. P. C.

January 27, 1824. 3-31

State of Indiana,
SUPREME COURT—November Term
Tuesday, November 4, 1823.

Robert Buntin & Henry Dubois, Exors. of the last will and testament of Lawrence Bazadon, deceased.

In Error
from the
Knox Cir-
cum court:

Robert Mc Coy, surviving exor of the last will and testament of Joseph Mitchell, deceased.

At this time came the plaintiff, by his counsel, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant, Robert Mc Coy, is not an inhabitant of this state—it is ordered that the said defendant be, and appear before the Supreme court, at the court house in Corydon, on the first day of the next May term, of said court, then and there to answer the plaintiff's errors filed herein—and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in the Western Sun, printed at Vincennes, for three weeks, successively.

A true copy—Test.

H. P. C. BURN, c.s.c.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an alias fi. fa. to me directed, from the office of the Knox Circuit court, and by the direction of G. R. C. Sullivan, the plaintiff's attorney, I have levied on, and will expose to public sale, on Friday, the 27th inst. at the court house in Vincennes, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M. and three o'clock, P. M. on a credit, payable on the 24th day of September next, the purchaser entering into replevin bond, with approved security, one lot in the Borough of Vincennes, containing twenty five toises French measure, on St. Louis street, and running back to the river Wabash, the same width, now forming lots No. 13 & 14, by Emerson & Johnson's survey, conveyed to William Mc Intosh, on the 24th day of June, 1801, sold as the property of Paul Gamlin, reference to the record being had will more fully show—also four hundred acres of land, granted to widow Butteau, designated by the No. 209, on the donation plat, and by William Prince, Sheriff of Knox county, conveyed to William Mc Intosh, by deed dated the 15th

of March, 1804, sold as the property of Antoine Marie, heir at law of said widow Butteau—also four hundred acres of land granted to Pierre Vachette, designated on the plat of the donation by No. 231, and whose estate therein was by William Prince, as Sheriff, conveyed to William Mc Intosh, by deed dated March 15th, 1804—also two arpents in front, on the river Wabash, and running back the same width, forty arpents in depth, situate in the Lower Prairie, below Vincennes, and bounded on the southward by lands once or now, of the said William Mc Intosh, and on the eastward, by lands once or now of Francois Languado, and which the administrators of the late John Francis Hamtramick, by deed, conveyed to William Mc Intosh, dated the 14th of March, 1808, as the property of William Mc Intosh, at the suit of Albert B. dollet.

JOHN DECKER, Shf. K. C.
February 14, 1824. 3-83-2t

BY virtue of an alias fi. fa. to me directed from the Clerk's office of the Knox Circuit court, and by the direction of the plaintiff, I have levied on, and will expose to public sale, on Friday, the 27th instant, at the court house in Vincennes, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M. and three o'clock, P. M. on a credit, payable on the 4th day of July next, the purchaser entering into replevin bond, with approved security, one lot on the river Wabash, in the Borough of Vincennes, and running to St. Louis or Water street, now forming Nos. 2, 7, and 10, on the plat of the Borough, as surveyed by Messrs Emerson and Johnson, conveyed to him by the Sheriff of Knox county, by deed dated the 25th day of October, A. D. 1803, as the property of Pierre Coronoyer, deed—also three other lots by the same title, lying between Perry and Seminary streets, and between Third and Fourth streets, now forming Nos. 136, 141, and 142, as per Emerson and Johnson's survey—and also lots No. 5, and 12, as per Emerson and Johnson's survey, purchased by William Mc Intosh, of an Indian chief, and confirmed to him by governor St. Clair, on the first day of April, 1800—also that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in the prairie, adjoining Vincennes, of three arpents in front, on the W. bash river, and running back forty arpents, French measure, it being the same conveyed to William Mc Intosh, by William Prince, Sheriff of Knox county, the third of October, 1803, reference to the records being had, will more fully show—also all that certain tract of land, situated in the forks, at a place called "Claypoole's Hill," containing two hundred & seventy two acres more or less, which Parmentus Beckes, Sheriff of Knox county, and Palmyra township, one brown horse, 15 hands and one inch high, no marks or brands perceptible, 14 years old, appraised to \$18, before me,

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JOHN DECKER, Shf. K. C.

February 14, 1824. 3-82-2t