

have acknowledged error when proven to be so—while futile attempts to cover it can only add to the original guilt. Your dastardly notice of my remarks upon the barefaced attempt to displace me at a moment when if you had succeeded it must have delayed the payment of the militia and rangers probably 12 months longer, it is unworthy of any notice from me—To shew the people however one of your contemptible perversions of obvious facts, I will refer them to my former letter where “your conduct, situation and circumstances,” are alluded to—the remark can only be applied to your conduct as a public officer and your situation as a merchant.—With regard to my own pecuniary matters I said nothing—not could I with you, bear any comparison, for quite unlike you I have served without profit I have sowed without reaping. After abusing me in the most unjustifiable manner you tell me near the close of the 3rd number, not to abuse you—quite superfluous. You first insidiously attempted to destroy my reputation—I openly charge you with the fact and reply with calmness and moderation—You then attempt throughout 3 long epistles, to misstate facts, falsely criminate me and cloak your own infamy—and modestly close the whole by telling me not to abuse you—I cannot abuse you sir, your writer has degraded you, and situated as he leaves you, it would require a disposition that I do not possess to abuse. The man who betrays his own trust and confidence and who employs a writer whom he serves and who resembles him, to stick up his feigned character & conduct to the world, tinsel over with the most unjust and unmanly abuse of a man who has now become grey in the service of his country, shall never be abused by me in return—No I will merely show him as he is, and thus pay the disgraceful undermining machinations of himself and the great men who now compose his host of counsellors—They only require to be properly known, and I ask nothing more for myself.

Weak and silly mortal, your writer would make you pass me on the nation for that which I am well known not to be, in order that himself and you may appear different from what you are—tis a base and fruitless task. Whatever opinion, or clamor, you may be able to produce around you the voice of truth cannot be effectually drowned—all your endeavours to injure me, or show yourself different from what you are, must therefore prove unavailing. I have been attacked one way or another by every reptile of corruption within my district. They have assailed me from the crawling worm of infamy, up to the poisonous adder that has wriggled into loathsome elevation. To this I have sometimes become reconciled—They have thought it necessary for their salvation and I have individually experienced but little harm or inconvenience from all such endeavours—but labouring in the service of my country, I have unfortunately felt its effects. With none but you have ever I contended, because none but yourself has dared *publicly* to assail me. Whether you and your friends have now any just cause to rejoice at, or real cause to regret, the unprincipled attempt the public are left to judge. It only remains for me to declare, that until I can avail of your testimony under oath, with those who are knowing to some facts present to hear what you may say, nothing that hereafter comes from you can merit or receive any public notice from me.

A. WHITLOCK.

N. B. The editor of the “Missouri Gazette” will please insert the above in his paper.

## 10 LAW PARTNERSHIP.

D. FLOYD & H. H. MOORE

W<sup>E</sup>LL practise law in conjunction in future in the western and middle circuits, and occasionally in the eastern circuit; and also in the supreme & Federal courts. Those who may wish to employ them may depend upon the united exertions of both; one or the other may be found at their law office in Corydon—letters on business must be directed to both.

—33—tf Corydon, May 17.

## WANTED.

Two Good Bricklayers.

TO WHOM \$2 PER DAY WILL BE GIVEN, and Boarding found. Enquire of the Printer.

40—tf Vincennes, Sept. 4, 1817.

## CHEAP GOODS,

WASSON'S & SAYRE.

### ARE NOW OPENING,

(AT THE STORE LATELY OCCUPIED, BY N. B. BAILEY) a handsome assortment of

## DRY GOODS

principally bought at Auction in New-York, which they will dispose of at a moderate advance.

W. & S.—Are also opening at CARLISLE, a general assortment of

### DRY-GOODS, &

### HARD-WARE.

which they will dispose of on liberal terms.

Vincennes, 30th July 1817. 35—tf

## LAW NOTICE.

JAMES B. BENNETT, —

AND

NATHANIEL HUNTINGTON.

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law

WILL practice, in the first Circuit, in the Supreme Court, and occasionally in other parts of the state.—They reside on MAIN STREET.

40—tf Vincennes, Sept. 4, 1817.

## BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

THE subscribers offer for sale at very low prices for Cash, a general assortment of

Dry-Goods, Hardware, Queensware,

### CONSISTING IN PART OF

9	roadcloths,	Vices,
	Cassimeres,	Scythes,
	Vestings,	Cutting Knives,
	Hosiery,	Curriers, do
	Stripes,	Handsaws,
	Plaids,	German & Crawley Steel,
	Muslins,	Iron Wire,
	Nankeens,	Shovels,
	Calicoes,	Spades,
	Gingham,	Sheep Shears,
	Flannels,	Locks of every kind,
	Checks,	Files,
	Shawls,	Hammers.
	Handkerchiefs,	Knives & Forks,
	Bedticks,	Teutania Spoons,
	Cotton Yarns, &c.	Blue printed Bowls
	Edged Plates,	—Dishes,
	C. C. — do.	C. C. Bowls and
	C. C. Cups & Sau-	Dishes,
	fers.	C. C. Dishes,
	Blue Printed do.	Salts, Peppers,
	Painted — do.	Creams, &c.
	Hanolloed — do.	Coffee & Sugar,
	Pitchers,	Brimstone,
	Bowls,	Salt Petre,
	Madeira	Copperas,
	Teneriffe	Salts,
	Port	Ginger & Allspice,
	Malaga	Pepper & Madder,
	Antigua Rum,	Young Hyson
	Jamaica — do	Old do
	Cogniac Brandy,	Chulan and
	Whiskey.	Imperial.
	Iron Castings	Tea
	Anvils	

These Goods were purchased remarkably low in Baltimore, and will be sold at a small profit.

SAMUEL HILL, & Co.

Nearly opposite Greeter's Tavern. Vincennes, July 24, 1817, 34—tf

## 11 GOOD BARGAINS,

I WISH to dispose of Lot No. 40 in the old donation containing 400 acres there is on this tract a handsome prairie, and the greatest part of the tract first rate and all good farming land—ALSO 204 acres adjoining the Commons of Vincennes, which I will sell entire, or in small tracts to suit purchasers, presuming no person will wish to purchase without first seeing the land, it will be shown, and the terms made known on application to

F. VIGO.

May 15, 1817. 24—tfv

## 12 LOOK HERE!

AN APPRENTICE TO THE Shoe & Boot Making Business, Between the age of 14 and 16, who can come well recommend, will be taken by the subscriber,

ABIJAH BROWN.

On Second Street.

Vincennes, June 19, 1817. 29—tf

## LIVERY STABLE.

ON SECOND STREET, Vincennes.



J. C. SMITH,

R<sup>E</sup>SPECTFULLY informs his friends & the public generally, that he has just erected

AN Elegant Brick STABLE for the purpose of keeping Horses at Livery. He pledges himself to pay the most strict attention to all Horses entrusted to his care; he has a steady and attentive Ostler, & will at all times keep the best forage that can be procured.—

He will also keep

### HORSES & GIGS

for hire.—His terms for keeping Horses, are as follows :

	D. C.
FOR ONE YEAR,	120 00
FOR ONE MONTH	12
FOR ONE WEEK	3
FOR 24 HOURS,	75
July 11.	34—tf

To the Editor of the Western Sun. Claims for Property lost, &c.

During the late War.

MILITARY AND GENERAL AGENCY, Washington City, 10th March, 1817.

SIR—For the information of your readers, should you think proper to publish it, I take the liberty to apprise you that the act passed on the 9th day of April, 1816 entitled “an act to authorize the payment for property lost, captured or destroyed while in the military service of the United States and for other purposes,” has been amended by an act of the late Congress, so as that he

1st Section limits the provisions of the 9th section of the former act, to buildings occupied *by order*, as a place of deposit for military and naval stores, or as barracks for the military forces. Claims under this, and the 9th section aforesaid, to be investigated by the Commissioner and reported to congress.

2d Section provides for the appointment of special Commissioners as formerly who are requested to take an oath of office. Commissioners authorised to appoint an agent in behalf of the United States, to join with the special Commissioners, when he may deem it expedient

3d Sec provides for payment of any horse, mule, ox, wagon, cart, sleigh or harness *lost in service*, except when the risk was to have been incurred by the owner.

4th Section extends the provisions of this and the former act to cases of property lost, captured or destroyed in the wars with the Indian tribes subsequent to the 18th February, and prior to the first day of September, 1815—and the 5th and last section, provides, that all claims of 200 dollars or upwards, shall be reviewed by the secretary of War, and may be confirmed or rejected by him.

I am sir, most respectfully,

JOSEPH WATSON.

This agency will undertake to collect claims of the above description, and all others on government.

## NOTICE,

LOOK THIS WAY,

And Pay your Debts.

THE subscriber wishing to set out for PHILADELPHIA about the first day of October next, wishes all those who are indebted to him, by note or book account, to call and pay the same on or before the above time—he also wishes to inform his friends and customers in general that he has on hand a quantity of the

### BEST QUALITY

### KENHAWA SALT.

which he will sell low for cash—ALSO a quantity of

### MERCHANDIZE,

which he is determined to sell as low for cash in hand as ever was sold in the place *EITHER BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL*.—Your compliance with the above will confer a singular favor on your humble servt.

WILSON LAGOW.

Vincennes, Aug. 27, 1817—39—tf

## MR. BENNETT,

27  
Attorney & Counsellor at Law, KEEPS his OFFICE in a room ad-

joining the office of the Indiana Centinel.

16—tf Vincennes, March 1817.

NOTICE—The sale of LOTS in the town of Vincennes, is POSTPONED UNTIL THE 4th MONDAY of this Inst—Sale to continue from day to day until all is sold, to open at 10 o'clock A. M. and close at 3 P. M.

JAS. NABB, COL.

Sept. 12th, 1817. 41—3w

## KENHAWA SALT

35  
Of the first quality, for sale by

JOHN DULY

IN Busseron prairie, one mile from Carlisle, which will be sold low for Cash, Furs and skins, or for produce such as Corn and Wheat.

8—tf January 23 1817,

## NOTICE.

To the citizens of the counties of Knox, Sullivan, and Davis, is hereby given,

By authority vested in me by the 4th section of the act laying duties on the sales at auction, passed July 24th 1813,

and as amended March 24th 1814—I have appointed G. W. Johnston, of Vincennes, auctioneer for the above mentioned counties. “Sec. 2d, and b”

it further enacted—That no person shall exercise the trade or business of an auctioneer, by the selling of any goods, wares and merchandize whatsoever by,

auction, or any other mode of sales whereby the best or highest bidder is deemed to be the purchaser, unless such person shall have a licence or other special authority, continuing in force pursuant to the directions of this act, or

pain of forfeiting for every such sale a

auction, the sum of four hundred dollars, together with the sums or duties payable by this act upon the goods, wares and merchandize so sold: *Provided however*, that nothing herein contained, shall be construed to require a

license for the sale at auction of any estate, goods, chattels, or other thing, which by this act are not made liable to duty or exempted from duty.”

DAVID M. HALE,

Collector of the Revenue for the collection district of Indiana.

July, 24, 1817. 34—tf

## SCHEME OF A LOTTERY

### FOR BUILDING A MASONIC LODGE,