

We understand that the president has appointed Governor Cass, of the Michigan territory, and General M'Arthur of this neighborhood, commissioners to hold a treaty with those tribes of Indians who claim lands within the boundary of this state, for the purpose of procuring a relinquishment of their claims. The terms which these gentlemen are authorized to offer, are liberal. If it be found impracticable to obtain a cession of all the lands to which the Indian title is yet unextinguished, the commissioners are directed to endeavor to obtain a cession of the whole or a part of that tract of country which lies north and east of a line to be run directly from Fort Meigs, or some point higher up the Miami, to the present boundary line at the point where the road from Norton to Upper Sandusky intersects the same, or to the point where the present boundary line crosses the Sciota river.

The object of government in purchasing the above lands, is, to facilitate the intercourse between this state and the Michigan territory; to give further security to our northern frontier by promoting its speedy settlement; and to offer an additional incentive to industry and enterprise by laying before the public a large tract of the finest land in the world, which requires nothing but cultivation to enrich its proprietors.

Generals M'Arthur and Cass intend meeting the Indians at Fort Meigs as soon as practicable, in order to open the negotiation. Whether they will be able to effect their mission, is perhaps doubtful: but as the present welfare and future security of the state is intimately connected with their success we hope that the terms which they are authorized to offer the Indians will be readily accepted. *Sciota Gaz.*

#### Boundaries of the U. States.

*Boston, June 14.*

The commissioners under the fourth and fifth articles of the treaty of Ghent, for the purpose of settling the boundary line, between the north eastern frontier of the United States, and the British dominions and to determine whether the Islands in the Bay of Passamaquoddy and the Bay of Fundy are comprehended in the boundaries established by the treaty of 1783, assembled in this place on the third of May last.

The commissioners under the fourth article were employed for some days after their meeting in an examination of facts, documents, maps and plans, in order to be possessed of a state of the controversy on both sides. After which J. T. Austin, esq. a agent of the American commission, opened a written argument, in behalf of the U. States, which employed him a week.

W. Chipman, esq. the agent on behalf of the British government, then entered into his argument, in favour of the claims of that nation, which occupied him one full day. These respective arguments having been inter-

changed, the commissioners adjourned, to meet on the 25th of September next, at which time the parties will be heard in reply to each other.

The commissioners under the fifth article of the late treaty appointed two parties of explorers, consisting of thirty persons of each nation, and a suitable number of surveyors, to proceed from the monument upon the St. Croix and pursue the boundary line to the highlands, which divide the waters which empty into the St. Lawrence. The commissioners adjourned, to meet again on the 10th of May next, to receive the report of the exploring parties, and of the surveyors.

By the treaty of Ghent, it is provided, that in the event of a difference of opinion upon the subjects under consideration of the commissioners, his Britannic majesty and the government of the United States agree to refer the difficulty to some friendly sovereign or state, then to be named for that purpose—and in consequence of which expectation all the arguments are delivered in writing.

According to the construction of the British agent, the boundary line would cut off part of the river St. John's, and about 2 millions of acres of land from the District of Maine.

#### The Ladies.

A solitary philosopher would imagine ladies born with an exemption from care and sorrow, lulled in perpetual quiet, & feasted with unmingled pleasure: for what can interrupt the contentment of those, upon whom one age has labored after another to confer honors and accumulate immunities; those to whom rudeness is infamy, and insult cowardice; whose eye commands the brave, and whose smile softens the severe; whom the sailor travels to adorn, the soldier bleeds to defend and the poet wears out his life to celebrate; who claim tribute from every art and science, and for whom all who approach, endeavor to multiply delights without requiring any return but willingness to be pleased. *Johnson.*

#### POST OFFICES.

In looking over the list of post offices in the United States, one is irresistibly struck with the difficulty of sending the letters and papers correctly, arising from the number of post offices of the same name. For instance, there are among the established post offices:

- 8 Charlestowns,
- 10 Columbias—and 11, including Columbia C. H.
- 6 Jeffersons,
- 9 Lebanons,
- 7 Lexingtons,
- 10 Manchester,
- 13 Middletowns. (inclusive of Middletown Point.)
- 10 Newports,
- 12 Richmonds,
- 13 Salems,
- 11 Salisbury,
- 10 Springfields, &c.
- 9 Warrens,
- 14 Washingtons, &c. &c.

In all cases where the letter or paper is to pass to another state or territory, the name of such state or territory ought to be subjoined to that of the post office—or else there is a risk of sending it wrong, it seems also desirable that this multiplication of names should be prevented, in most cases, in christening the new towns.

*Compiler.*

#### INDIANA Set.

*Knox Circuit Court, to wit:*

May term 1817.

*Christiana Withers* { On libel and pe-  
vs. *William L. Withers.* { tition for Di-  
vorce.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the Libel has been filed and a Subpœna regularly issued from the Clerk's office and returned "non est" and it further appearing that the said William L. Withers is not an inhabitant of this state—Therefore on motion of petitioner's counsel it is considered that unless the said William L. Withers appear here at the next September term of this court, and answer the petition aforesaid, the same will be taken as confessed and decree accordingly—and that this order be inserted in the Western Sun for eight weeks successively.

Teste,  
R. BUNTING, Clerk c. c. k. c.  
28-3w

#### NEW GOODS.

The subscriber has just opened a general assortment of

#### MERCHANDIZE:

Suitable for the present and approaching season—consisting of—

DRY GOOD, CUTLERY,  
IRONMONGERY, SADDLERY  
QUEENS-WARE, GLASS-WARE,  
TIN-WARE, GROCERIES

Liquors, Iron and Castings.  
Which he will sell low for C A S H.

ARTHUR PATTERSON.

Vincennes, June 2, 1817.

Those who are indebted to the subscriber, which ought to be paid, will do well to avail themselves of this friendly tackle, and settle the same without trouble.

A. P.

#### TOWN LOTS FOR SALE

I WISH to dispose of a number of BUILDING LOTS in the town of Busselon—also three lots with two good buildings thereon, now occupied by a store & tavern—also 40 or 50 acres of first rate land, adjoining the same—A great bargain will be given in the above property, for a part paid in hand and a reasonable credit for the balance.

JAMES DUNKIN.

April 21, 1817. 21-1f

*KENHAWA SALT*  
Of the first quality for sale by

JOHN DULY

IN Busselon prairie, one mile from Carlisle, which will be sold low for Cash, Furs and skins, or for produce, such as Corn and Wheat.

8-4f January 23, 1817.

#### WANTED,

A good Hoster that will attend well to  
The Stable,

For which liberal wages will be given a

#### YOUNG MAN,

in whom confidence can be placed, who would occasionally attend the Bar would be preferred,

MARK BARNETT.  
Vincennes, June 5, 1817. 27-1f

*BANK OF VINCENNES,*  
The State Bank of Indiana.

26th June, 1817.

Those Stockholders who have not paid the second Instalment of five dollars on each of their shares, are hereby required to pay the same to the commissioners in the several counties of the State, under whose direction the said shares were sold, on or before the first day of September next.

By order of the Board  
ISAAC BLACKFORD, Cash'r.

#### WANTED TO HIRE.

Two good BRICK LAYERS, and two COMMON LABOURERS, to whom constant employment and liberal wages will be given, apply to

BENJAMIN HANES.

Vincennes, March 20, 1817. 16-1f

#### CASH STORE!

I expect to have here by the first May next a handsome assortment of

#### MERCHANDIZE.

Purchased in Philadelphia & Baltimore, when goods were low.

The above goods are of the latest importations and newest patrons, which I will sell low for CASH—or to those customers on 60 or 90 days that will be punctual.

OWEN REILLEY.

Vincennes April 14, 1817. 20-1f

Those who has old unsettled accounts with me will please call and settle them as soon as convenient. O. R.

#### THOMAS H. BLAKE, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFERS his professional services to the public, those who may wish to consult or employ him, will please apply at the VINCENTINES HOTEL,

33-1f July 16, 1816.

A new Daily and Thrice a Week paper at the Seat of Government.

The people of the United States are respectfully informed, that, in October next, there will be issued, at the City of Washington

A NEWSPAPER, ENTITLED  
The City of Washington Gazette  
to be published every afternoon at two o'clock.

Terms.—Price Daily, Ten Dollars per annum; Thrice a Week, (namely Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays,) Five Dollars per annum. Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.

Important public documents and state papers will be printed at full length; and a competent reporter for Congress is intended to be employed to report for the Gazette. All interesting articles of intelligence will be carefully selected and published.

State of Indiana, In the Knox circuit Court—May term, 1817.

Knox County, set. 1817.

Owen Riley Foreign At-

vs. Babbitt & Fairbanks, tachment.

This day came the plaintiff, by George R. C. Sullivan his attorney, and on motion of the plaintiff by his attorney aforesaid, ordered that public notice be given in the Western Sun, at least three times that a foreign attachment has been sued out by the plaintiff against the said defendants, and that unless they be and appear here in their proper persons, or by their attorney at the next ensuing term of this court to be holden on the last Monday in September next and file and put in special bail in this cause that in default thereof judgment by default will be entered up against them.

Copy from the Test,  
R. BUNTING, Clerk c. c. k. c.

31-3w.

Notice.

THE subscriber intends to set out for Baltimore & Philadelphia, about the 15th day of August, and will require all his funds—he earnestly begs of all persons who are indebted to him to call and make payment before that time.—His situation and arrangements can admit of no longer indulgence.

JOHN EWING.

Vincennes, 18, July 1817. 33-5t

Notice

ALL those indebted to the estate of William H. V. Dubois, deceased, or having any demands against said estate, are requested to apply to J. Call, Esq. who is authorized to settle the affairs of said estate.

THOS. HEMPSTEAD,  
Administrator of Wm. H. V. Dubois,  
Vincennes, 3, July 1817. 31-5w

ALEXANDER BUCKNER

Attorney & Counselor at Law.

He has established his permanent residence at Vincennes—He will attend the FEDERAL DISTRICT court, the SUPREME court, and the Circuit courts of KNOX, GIBSON, PINE, DAVIS & SULLIVAN, counties.—He may be found at the VINCENTINES HOTEL.

33-1f July 16, 1817.