

## By the President of the U States.

WHEREAS, by the first section of an Act of Congress, passed on the 31st day of March 1808, entitled "An act concerning the sale of the lands of the U States and for other purposes" the President of the U States is authorized to cause certain public lands to be offered for sale;

WHEREFORE, I JAMES MONROE, President of the U States, in conformity with the said act, and other acts of Congress, providing for the sale and disposal of the Lands of the U States south of Tennessee do hereby declare and make known that public sales for the disposal agreeably to law, of the public Lands, in the district of Pearl river, bounded on the west by the Chickasaw bay river on the south by the parallel of the 31 of north latitude, on the east by the Mobile and Tombigby rivers, and on the north by the Creeks, Santa Bogue and Bogue, Homo (the one falling into the Tombigby and the other into the Chickasawhay rivers) which have been surveyed and returned to the Register of the Land office at St. Stephens and which have not been disposed of or excepted from sale by law, shall be held at St. Stephens on the River Tombigby, on the first Monday of July next and continue till the said lands have been offered for sale.

Given under my hand the eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and seventeen

JAMES MONROE.

By the President,  
JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner  
of the General Land Office.

March 20—20-7 wth June.

## EVANSVILLE

Lots in the town of Evansville will be exposed to sale at public auction on the TWENTIETH AND TWENTY-FIRST Days of June next.

at a credit of six and twelve months; purchasers disposed to make prompt payment will receive a discount of six per centum on the purchase money; to those who make prompt payment or give bond and approved security, General Warrantee Deeds will be immediately made.

EVANSVILLE is situated on the northern bank of the Ohio river, in the state of Indiana at the most northwardly bend of the Ohio river about 12 miles above the Red Banks, 28 from Princeton, 52 from Vincennes, and 30 from Harmony. This town is laid out on a liberal and convenient plan, with a handsome public square about 20 rods from the river, Water Street, on the bank of the river is laid out 100 feet wide, Main Cross street passing the public square is 76 feet wide, all other streets are 60 feet wide throughout with an alley of 12 feet through the centre of each square or block and at the rear of each lot.

The situation of this town is acknowledged by all travellers to be the most beautiful of any on the Ohio from Pittsburgh to the Mississippi; it certainly possesses more natural and local advantages than any other on the northern bank of the Ohio. The bank at this place, and for a considerable distance above and below the town is high, level, and dry and from 10 to 20 feet above high water mark, with a commanding & beautiful view of the river for several miles each way; it is the established and only convenient landing, and place of deposit for all manner of Merchandise and Groceries imported to the western part of the state, so much so that merchants from Vincennes and other parts of the western part of the state, find it their advantage to land their merchandise at this place, and transport them in waggons to the place of destination at almost all seasons of the year, in preference to the circuitous, difficult & sometimes impassable rout of the Wabash; this place also is, and ever will be the most suitable & convenient place of deposit for the produce of the greater part of Warrick Gibson, and part of Posey counties; it is in fact, to the western part of the state of Indiana, what Limestone is to Kentucky the principal place of deposit. It is situated immediately above the mouth of big Pigeon creek which affords one of the best harbors on the Ohio river. On this stream there are several valuable mills in the vicinity of Evansville, at one of which and within three miles of the town, there is an excellent grist and saw mill, now in complete operation. The country back from the river, is generally high and dry, of a good soil, well ad-

apted to the culture of CORN, HEMP, WHEAT and TOBACCO, particularly the two latter, with plenty of never failing springs of excellent water; the country in the vicinity of Evansville, has a very healthy appearance, and ten years experience has proven it to be one of the most healthy neighborhoods on, or near the Ohio river, and inferior to none in point of health in the western parts of Kentucky, or state of Indiana; merchants mechanics, and men of enterprise and industry will do well to come and judge for themselves.

JAMES W. JONES,  
ROBERT M. EVANS,  
HUGH McGARY,  
Proprietors.

March 1, 1817. 19-3t

## JOHN Mc.GIFFIN, & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the Citizens of Vincennes and the public in general, that they have commenced the Mercantile Business

ON MAIN STREET, at the stand lately occupied by HARLOW & TRIMBLE, where they have on hand

A General Assortment of DRY-GOODS & GROCERIES, HARD, QUEENS & } WARES assorted, TIN

Also a Large Quantity of

KENHAWA SALT,

Which they will dispose of at the most reduced prices for CASH.

March 28. 17-1f

Try all things and hold fast to that which is best."

THE undersigned having sold out his stock of Merchandise, and wishing to close his store accounts, requests those who are indebted to him to call at his office and discharge their arrearages by the first of April ensuing.

He now advertises (for the first time!) that he acts as a

## CONVEYANCER,

and that he intends

## PRACTISING LAW

in Gibson, Knox, and the two adjoining counties—and if made worth his while, will attend occasionally, in any other county in the First Circuit. His practice as a LAWYER shall be fair, liberal and correct. He resides on Main street, in Vincennes and may be easily found by a sign board over the door, inscribed.

GENL W. JOHNSTON.

February 27, 1817. 13-1f

## DEPARTMENT OF WAR, Additional Accountant's Office

September 27, 1816.

"It having been made the duty of this office by law, to adjust and settle all accounts in the War Department, which remained unsettled at the conclusion of the late war and are now unsettled—it is hereby made known to the officers of the late army, who have public accounts to settle, and to such non-commissioned officers and privates discharged who have arrearages of pay due them that by forwarding their papers to this office by mail, their accounts will be settled and the balances remitted, without incurring any expence by the appointment of an agent to transact their business for them. The heirs and representatives of deceased officers and soldiers of the late army are also informed that by forwarding their papers to this office for any arrears of pay due the deceased, the accounts will be adjusted, and the balances be remitted free of expense."

The duties heretofore confided to the additional Accountant having been assigned to this office applications relative to the above notification will be addressed accordingly.

## Treasury Department.

### Third Auditor's Office

PETER HAGNER, Auditor.

23-6t

## WANTED TO HIRE.

TWO good BRICK LAYERS, and two COMMON LABOURERS, to whom constant employment and liberal wages will be given, apply to

BENJAMIN HANES.

Vincennes March 20. 1817. 16-1f

Executions & Sureties, &c.

Bank Note Books.

For Sale at this office,

## CASH STORE!

I expect to have here by the first May next a handsome assortment of

## MERCHANDIZE,

Purchased in Philadelphia & Baltimore, when goods were low.

The above goods are of the latest importations and newest patrons, which I will sell low for CASH—or to those customers on 60 or 90 days that will be punctual.

OWEN REILLEY.

Vincennes, April 14, 1817. 20-1f

Those who has old unsettled accounts with me will please call and settle them as soon as convenient. O. R.

## NOTICE.

THE subscriber being duly authorized to adjust, and finally close the business of the late firm of N. Breading jun. & Co. hereby requests all persons indebted to the same, to come forward and discharge their debts—if it is not convenient for any of those against whom there are book accounts, to discharge the same immediately, a reasonable time for payment will be given, provided they embrace the present opportunity of calling upon me, and giving their notes for the amounts due.

SAAC BLACKFORD.

Vincennes, Feb. 7, 1817. 10-10

## New & Cheap Goods.

THE subscriber has now open a large and general assortment of

### DRY GOODS,

### GROCERIES,

### HARD WARE,

### CUTLERY,

### QUEENS WARE,

### TIN WARE,

### HATS,

### SHOES,

### BOOKS, &c. &c. &c.

suitable for the present and approaching seasons—Those goods were selected by himself with care at Baltimore and Philadelphia and he believes he is enabled as he certainly is disposed to sell them in a way that should be pleasing, at prices the most reduced.—Payment will be received in CORN, FURS, SKINS, BEESWAX or any articles of country produce that may suit for exportation at a fair price.

JOHN EWING

Vincennes, Jan. 3 1817. 5-1f

JOHN EWING has an agency for selling articles manufactured at the Pittsburgh Iron and Nail Factory—any of which he will dispose of at trifling advance on the Pittsburgh prices, and carriage—CUT NAILS made there of every description he has now open on retail, at 25 cents per pound.

COTTON in the bale. SPUN COTTON assorted and FACTORY COTTON with a variety of other DOMESTIC GOODS, will be open for sale in a few days.

## J. CALL.

WILL practice Law in the Circuit Courts of Knox, and the adjacent counties—he resides at the "Vincennes Hotel."

Vincennes, 14, Feb. 1817. 11-1f

## Important—If True.

The following extract of a letter gives us a report of a most interesting character. Apodaca, we believe, has been a long time in America, having passed to Mexico from the Island of Cuba of which he had for some time been Governor. This report again awakens a gleam of hope, that Mexico will still achieve her independence. The last intelligence indeed, represented it as hopeless. Apodaca was then said to have extinguished the last spark of insurrection by taking the Patriot officers into his service. But may not this have been an ingenious finesse to execute the object disclosed in the following extract? We shall wait for news from that quarter of the world with great anxiety.

Richmond Enquirer.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in New-Orleans to his friend in Richmond, dated

NEW-ORLEANS, 7th APRIL. 1817.

"The news of the day here is, that the Viceroy of Mexico Apodaca has declared himself Independent, and has an

immense force arrayed to sustain his declaration. I have not been able to learn satisfactorily the source whence this intelligence is derived. The policy pursued by Apodaca, since his elevation to the Viceroyalty, has been so opposite to the general policy of the Mother Kingdom, in relation to her Colonies, that we may readily suppose in him an ambition superior to subserviency to Spain, and a patriotism above the mere tranquilizing or subduing of a revolutionary spirit, to sink it again into the gloom of despotism without security for the past, or hope for the future.

"If this news be true, the fate of New Spain is decided, and Old Spain will not shortly again, I conceive, hold a tone of insolence, and ambiguity towards us, such as she has lately manifested. A few days will, I suppose, decide upon the truth or falsehood of this intelligence.

Extract of a letter from the Indian agent at Natchitoches, to the commanding officer on that frontier, dated

INDIAN AGENCY,

NATCHITOCHES, 25th March, 1817

Sir—Enclosed exhibits the names the number of warriors, and the geographical position of the several Indian tribes connected with this agency, taken from the best source of information I am able to obtain.—These marked thus\* are supposed to be under the influence of Tooing and the Caddo chief.

On his (the Caddo chief's) return from St. Antonio not long since, he delivered a speech to the aines and Natchitoches, to the following effect:

"You recollect when our old friend tooling told us not to permit the Americans and their Indians to come into this country, they would kill all our game.—We were fools and would not believe him; now you see his words were true; the Americans and their Indians have killed all our deer and buffalo and it is difficult to get meat for our families: I am just returning from St. Antonio, and my advice is, that you have your bows and arrows ready."

"Our old father (the king of Spain) will soon be here and drive all the Americans to their own country; and when any of their traders come among you, if you cannot get goods at your own prices sieze and carry them to St. Antonio."

Similar talks have been given on Red river, and some of our traders have been mal-treated: their licences have been torn, and they were threatened to be driven out of the country: the Indians said it was Tooing's & the Caddo chief's orders to do so.

I have also seen a letter signed MORPHY, who is said to be the Spanish consul at New-Orleans, to the chief of the Appaches inviting him to Havanah without a moment's delay.

These simultaneous circumstances induce a belief that the Spaniards are attempting to engage the attention of the Indians for some future operations in this quarter.

NEW-YORK, May 13.

Earthquake—We learn from Mr. Ritchie, a passenger on board the Islington that there had been a severe Earthquake between Tobasco and the South Seas, 60 miles distant from the former place, which had sunk land 30 leagues in extent; the whole face of the country had been torn up, and the rivers Tobasco & St. Francis were rendered impassable by the thousand floating trees upon its surface. An Indian village had been swallowed up, with all its inhabitants.

## MASONIC.

THE members of the Vincennes Lodge No. 15 of A. Y. are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the Lodge Room on Tuesday the 24th inst. at 8 o'clock A. M. to celebrate the anniversary of St. John the Baptist—an oration will be delivered by one of the brothers at the Court House at 1 o'clock, P. M.—Transient brethren are invited to attend.

By order of worshipful master,  
VAL. I. BRADLEY, secretary.

June 12, 1817.