

AN ORDINANCE

Respecting Sheep, Dogs, and Stone Horses.

Sec. 1. **W**HEREAS, the infant State of our Agriculture and paucity of population require that every practicable encouragement should be given to the raising of Sheep. And whereas the Dogs in and about this Borough are very injurious to the Sheep which a few enterprising citizens of Vincennes are endeavouring to raise, by frequently running after & killing them, Wherefore :

Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Borough of Vincennes in common council assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority aforesaid That it shall and may be lawful for any person, either the owner of Sheep or other person who may discover any Dog or Bitch running after Sheep in the Streets or on the Commons of this Borough, to shoot or otherwise kill the said Dog or Bitch and he in so doing shall be holden guiltless and harmless of any offence or damage in consequence thereof.

§ 2 AND WHEREAS, certain owners or keepers of Stone or Stud Horses are in the daily habit of suffering their said horses to cover Mares sometimes in the Street and at other times in the open Lots in this Borough within the unavoidable view of the Female part of our population, which we view not only obscene but outrageous in a civilized community; to remedy which evil.

Be it further ordained by the authority aforesaid, That any person or persons whatever, either the owner or keeper of any Stone or Stud Horse as also the owner or holder of any mare or mares, who shall hereafter cause or suffer a covering or cohabitation of the Male or Female horse species, in any Street or on any open Lot within the inhabited parts of this Borough, shall pay a fine of TEN DOLLARS for each & every offence, which shall and may be recovered by action of debt before any Justice of the Peace of Vincennes Township in the name of any person who may give information, verbally to said Justice, thereof, the one half whereof shall be to and for the use of the said Informer (who is hereby made and shall be taken as a competent and credible witness) and the other half to and for the use of this Borough and shall be by the said Justice, when he receives the same, paid over to the Borough Treasurer.

This Ordinance shall take effect & be in force from and after its legal promulgation.

R BUNTIN, *Chm.*

C. H. TILLINGHAST, *Clk.*

Sale of Lots in WASHINGTON. (Indiana.)

THIS SITE being lately chosen by the Commissioners appointed by the legislature to fix the permanent seat of justice for Daviss county, is situated in the Forks of White River, on the Main state road, leading from Cincinnati and Louisville to Vincennes & is about 20 miles from the latter. It is also within four miles of that beautiful and navigable stream the West Fork of White River, at which place the road crosses said river, at the falls.

This town is situated in a rich and fertile country surrounded on all sides by rich and wealthy farmers. It adjoins Liverpool on the north, a flourishing little village containing 15 or 20 families and in which there are two or three never failing springs which afford a sufficiency of stock water throughout the year, and there is also within six miles of Washington, six Grist and two Saw-Mills.

Together with all the above advantages, it has one which few towns can boast of, an advantage too which should interest every person wishing to purchase lots in the western country, this advantage is *health*.—Liverpool adjoining the town of Washington, has been settled about 7 years, 3 years of which it was occupied as a fort, and it appears almost incredible to say that there has not during that time been a single death in it and such is the fact that during a settlement of 7 years there is not even the death of an infant recorded.—In short WASHINGTON in point of *Health* is the garden spot of Indiana.—The sale of lots will commence on the second Monday in June next.

Terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale by

JOHN ALLEN,
Agent for Daviss county.
April 3, 1817. 19—9w

NOTICE.

AL persons having claims against the Trustees for the Borough of Vincennes are requested to present the same to the Subscriber, by or before the 30th inst. that they may be laid before the Board at their next meeting.—And all those citizens who may not have paid their Borough tax to James Nabb, Collector, by or before the 30th inst. are hereby notified that from and after that time the same must be paid with costs, agreeably to the Ordinance in that case made and provided.

By ORDER.

C. H. TILLINGHAST,

Clk. B. T. B. V.

Borough of Vincennes, }
May 17, 1817. } 25—2t ewj

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all persons holding claims against the estate of William T. Codd, decd. that I will settle with the Gallatin county court at the next June term of said court to be held at Shawnee-Town, on the first Monday of June next, at which time all the creditors of said estate are required to bring in their claims properly authenticated.

GEORGE CODD,

Administrator of the estate of
Wm. T. CODD decd.

April 1, 1817 19—8w

SCHEME OF A

LOTTERY,

FOR BUILDING A
MASONIC LODGE.

IN THE TOWN OF ST. LOUIS.

PRIZE	of \$5000	is \$5000
1	do	1,000
2	do	600
10	do	200
20	do	100
25	do	50
200	do	20
310	do	10
900	do	6
2,550		15,300

4,018. Less than two blanks to a prize.

Part of the prizes to be determined as follows. viz The first drawn 2000 blanks to be entitled to 6 dollars each.—First drawn number on the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, and 10th days drawing, each to be entitled to one of the above 600 dollar prizes, payable in part by 100 tickets beginning with No. 7001 to No. 8000 inclusive. The first 100 tickets for the first drawn No. on the first day and so on in regular succession for the rest.

All other prizes floating.

Prizes subject to a deduction of 15 per cent, payable in 60 days after the drawing is completed.

To be drawn three times a week, 500 tickets each day.

JOSHUA PILCHER,
THOMAS BRADY,
T. DOUGLASS, } *Comrs.*
D. V. WALER,
THOMAS HANLY,

St. Louis, Feb. 1817. 15—7t

Tickets may be had in the above lottery either at the Store of John Ewing, or of Bradley and Badollet, in Vincennes.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE

WISH to dispose of a number of BUILDING LOTS in the town of BUSSERON—also three lots with two good buildings thereon, now occupied as a store & tavern—also 40 or 50 acres of first rate land, adjoining the same—A great bargain will be given in the above property for a part paid in hand, and a reasonable credit for the balance.

JAMES DUNKIN.

April 21, 1817. 21—tf

AWORD to the ECONOMIST!

ABJAH HULL has left in my hands his accounts &c. for collection—Those who KNOW and those who THINK they owe him, would *Oblige* him, and may be *benefit* themselves, by calling on the undersigned, at his office in Vincennes, between now and the 15th June next in Order to settle their accounts—Friendly admonitions, of the present kind, have become so common that they have lost much of their effect! Be it as it may I have now "done as I would be done by."

G. W. JOHNSTON.

May 14, 1817. 24—5w hu

Blank Note Books,
LETTER PAPER.

THE WESTERN SUN.

VINCENNES:

SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1817.

State Bank.

The Directors of the State Bank have determined to establish two additional Branches; one at Corydon, in Harrison county, and one at Charleston, Clark county, so soon as the requisite funds are raised.

Doct. Jacob Kuykendall.

Has just received from Baltimore a fresh supply of VACCINE MATTER.

Baltimore, May 2.

Last evening arrived at this port the schooner Patriot, Captain Thompson, in 50 days from Buenos Ayres. By this arrival we have received, from our attentive correspondent at that place, Buenos Ayres Gazettes to the 2d of March, containing the official account of the capture of Chili, by the republican force, and other particulars relative to the progress of the patriot armies. We have been favored, by a commercial friend, with the following translations from our files, for which we returned him our thanks.

[Translated for the Baltimore Patriot.]

Buenos Ayres Gazette Extraordinary, 27th February.

Yesterday, at 3 P. M. Don Manuel Escalada arrived in this capital, bringing the Royal Standard, which was captured at Chacabuco. It was presented to his excellency the Supreme Director in the presence of many civil and military officers. At 6 it was deposited in the Citadel, serving as a trophy to the national colors. Salutes were fired on the occasion, accompanied with military music and the joyful acclamations of an immense concourse of people. The public gratitude rendered the homage of its admiration to the meritorious province of Cuyo, and to the illustrious heroes of the Andes. To them belongs immortal glory! SAN MARTIN—fame will publish the encomium of your virtues: perhaps it may seem to exaggerate them; yet it can never cause them to be sufficiently appreciated.

Despatch from Gen San Martin to the Supreme Director.

Most Excellent Sir—A division of 1800 men of the army of Chili has just been destroyed in the plains of Chacabuco, this afternoon, (12th February,) by the army under my command. Six hundred prisoners, including 30 officers, 450 killed, and a standard, which I have the honor to transmit to you, are the result of this happy day, with more than 1000 stand of arms and 2 field pieces.

The pressure of time does not allow of my entering into details, which I will give you as soon as possible: in the mean while, I cannot find expressions strong enough to do justice to the bravery of the troops: our loss does not amount to 100 men. Brigadier Generals Don Miguel Soler and Don Bernardo O'Higgins eminently distinguished themselves.

Head-Quarters, Chacabuco 12th Feb. 1817.

JOSE DE SAN MARTIN.

To His Excellency

The Supreme Director of the State.

General San Martin to the Supreme Director.

Most Excellent Sir.

The glorious day of Chacabuco has restored to Chili the enjoyment of its liberty. The remains of the enemy's army dispersed, are either joining ours in great numbers, or falling into our hands as prisoners. The fugitive ex-governor Marco, not finding any vessels at Valparaiso, is endeavoring to escape to the south but he will be captured by the parties that are in pursuit of him. To day our army made its entry into this capital amidst the acclamations of the people; we have found in it an immense park of artillery.

Jose De San Martin.

February 14th. 1817.

Buenos Ayres March 1st.
CHILI.

On the 6th February the free-men of the government of Chili assembled to choose a government, and elected Brigadier Gen Don Bernardo O'Higgins, with the title of Supreme Director.—He has announced to the supreme director of these Provinces his appointment, and the apprehension of his predecessor, the tyrant Marco del Pont. Nothing more was wanting to crown the glory of the Chilians and of the heroes of Chacabuco, than the capture of an insolent general who boasted that he governed by the affections of the people whom he oppressed. Tyrants! such is the destiny that awaits you.

The Supreme Director of the State of Chili in the Supreme Director of the Provinces of La Plata.

Most excellent Sir—I have the honor to enclose to your excellency the acts of this free people, in virtue of which I have been elected to the chair of state, under the honorable, delicate & unmerited title of supreme Director.

My wishes are all for the general good and the happiness of America; if they prove fruitless it shall not be for the want of labor and vigilance on my part. I have determined to devote myself entirely to that object and the pattern of your excellency presents me a great example for imitation. May God preserve you many years.

BERNARDO O'HIGGINS

Santiago de Chili, 20th Feb. 1817

On the 2d of March, the supreme director at Buenos Ayres, issued a proclamation in reply to an edict of Gen. Le Cor, commander of the Portuguese army, on the eastern side of the river, dated 13th February. The director insists that the Portuguese shall evacuate the territory they have invaded, and that in order to effect it Buenos Ayres will exert all its means and exercise full retaliation for any offences they may commit. The extraordinary mission which had been preparing for Rio Janeiro, was suspended. The Portuguese officers and vessels of war at Buenos Ayres were ordered away.