

THE WESTERN SUN.

VINCENNES,

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1817.

As there appears to have been some mistakes in the list published in our last of the persons elected as Magistrates in the different townships in this county, and not having received information at that time from all the townships, we will now give a correct list of the persons elected in each.

In Decker Township, James Purcell, and Isaac Decker.
Harrison Township, William Gamble and Etheldred T. Bass.
Palmyra Township, John McDonald.
Washington Township, T. McClure.
Widner Township, Saml. Chambers.
Vincennes Township, Frederick Graeter, and E. Stout.
Busseron Township, David Lillie.

ERATA.—In noticing a resolution of the Board of Trustees for the Borough of Vincennes, we observed, that "the citizens were invited to attend, and permitted to debate"—by their resolution, the citizens are only invited to attend, but not permitted to debate.

We have again to beg the indulgence of "Justice & Truth," his 4th number is unavoidably crowded out this week, he shall be attended to in our next.

Congress have at length decided against repealing at this time the internal taxes. The proposition on that subject was on the 20th ult. put to sleep for the present session, by a majority of 9 votes.

Dutch Redemptioners.—About fifty Dutch redemptioners passed through here on Wednesday last on their way towards Kentucky, to certain individuals of which state they are said to have indentured themselves for three years, in order to defray the expense of their transportation from Amsterdam to the United States.—Three hundred are said to have arrived at Annapolis in one vessel, for which the captain gets one hundred dollars a head; he must of course make a handsome sum by his freight, of about thirty thousand dollars.

W. C. Gazette.

An agent from our government to the provinces on the La Plata is about to take his departure to reside amongst our republican brethren there. Ib.

COMMODORE BARNEY.

About the year 1794 or '96 he recaptured his ship from the English prize crew, with a display of personal heroism never surpassed. Some of them were killed and wounded by him & he succeeded in bringing his ship, with ten or twelve prisoners, to Baltimore; his own force being only himself and two men in the hold when he began the engagement. In a future voyage he was again taken and carried to Jamaica, where he was put on his trial for murder and piracy. Great exertions had been made to collect evidence against him; but he, in the bar a stranger, told the attorney-general to his teeth, that he himself would furnish all the proof wanted. He said he had killed and fired at with an intention to kill, certain of his majesty's subjects—that he did retake his ship and carry the prize crew to Baltimore, &c. which it was so plainly his right to do, that he disdained to offer a remark to defend it. The judge sided with the commodore—force might al-

ways be resisted by force. No civil process had been had against the vessel, and the right of the British to it existed only in their power to keep the possession.—They entered and held her by force—and Barney was guilty neither of murder or piracy.

Bartgis' Gaz.

The armor of one of Napoleon's Curassiers, which was taken up after the battle of Waterloo is at the Boston Athenaeum. It consists of a steel helmet, a breast and back plate, which are covered with brass, and are adapted to resist the impression of a musket ball.

N. Y. Post

The Franklin Manuscripts it is stated are about to be published in London by the Doctors Grandson Wm. Temple Franklin, Esquire. They consist first of his life, written by himself to a late period, and continued to the time of his death, by his grandson; the whole of his correspondence, private and political and numerous literary and philosophical papers.—Much should be expected from the correspondence, when it is considered that among the friends of this great man were Doct's Priestly and Price, Burke, Fox, Sir Joseph Banks, Buffon, Hartley, &c.

Portsmouth (N. H.) paper

NEW-YORK, Feb. 17.

The brig Despatch, Babson of Boston, arrived at New London on Thursday morning in 35 days from Cadiz, with a cargo & fruit bound to New-York. Passengers, Lieut. Wm. Hindman and Lieut. Taylor, of the Navy.

Mr. Mead, who has been a long time imprisoned in Spain, was to be released on the 22d of December. Mr. Erving the American Minister, remained at Madrid.

There had been no late news from our squadron. It is understood that the frigate U. States, and sloop of war Ontario, were at Malaga, and the rest of the squadron at Port Mahon, &c. on their way up to Algiers.

The Spanish expedition for South America, so long talked of, had not yet sailed, nor was it known when it probably would depart.

BOSTON, Feb. 13.

Yesterday morning between the hours of four and 5, the alarm of fire was spread in this town. It proved not to be a false one: for in a few moments after, the extensive buildings on the Neck, occupied by Mr. George Jackson, and others, as a soap and candle manufactory, were found to be enveloped in flames; and to have gained such an ascendancy before the engines could reach the spot, as to baffle every exertion to extinguish the same. The loss is estimated at \$10,000 and Mr. Jackson, one of our most active and enterprising citizens, we are sorry to learn is the principal sufferer. Two of the workmen slept in the third story; and were not awakened, until the building was so far in flames, that their only escape was from the top of the building—one we understand was much hurt from his fall.

Tallow to the amount of 20,000 weight was consumed.

From a Newport, (R. I.) Paper of Jan. 8.

We have it in our power to state, on the most undoubted authority, that very liberal measures have been taken to bring corn from the Western into the Atlantic states by the way of New-Orleans, in such quantities as to leave us under no kind of apprehensions for the scarcity of that article by the middle of February next. The harvests have been very abundant, and heavy throughout all the vast country except on the extreme upper borders. Letters to the writer of this article state that corn at Chillicothe is 23 cents, at Cincinnati twenty five, and the large plantations on the Ohio but twenty cents a bushel on the ear.

A brig sailed several weeks ago from Rochester to New Orleans, which, although her true destination was studiously concealed, was to receive at the latter place 10 000 bushels of corn, for which a person was timely sent out to make the purchase and seasonable delivery of it. Seven thousand dollars in specie bills was, a few weeks ago, sent from a neighboring town into the modern Egypt, to effect, purchases for the same purpose. Three ships also sailed a few weeks ago from New-York to New-Orleans, destined to return laden with that valuable bread stuff. And we are happy to state that letters have been received from the agents who have gone out to purchase, which bring word that they are rapidly accomplishing the object of their missions. This is literally good news from a far country.

Domestic woollen cloths are advertised in New-York in the following style: "Superfine Orleans Mixtures and Eric Browns and Greens, equal to Bourbons, Bluechers or Wellingtons."

A resolution is before the legislature of Pennsylvania for abolishing the punishment of death in all cases.

A petition to the legislature of Maryland affirms that there are five hundred tippling houses constantly open in Baltimore.

The municipal government of Norfolk have ordained the erection of a monument, near fort Harbour, to be consecrated to the memory of the defenders of their country.

The Stephen Decatur packet, which plyed between Baltimore and Norfolk, was lost at Tangier Island on the 18th ult. having got clogged with ice.

Tere was a servere frost in W. Florida the 11th Nov. which, it was feared, would destroy the sugar cane crops in that country.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees for the Borough of Vincennes on Monday the 17th instant—Ordered, That the Clerk give notice through the medium of a public news-paper the adjournment of the Board until Monday the 24th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the court-house, and also announce the authority given by the Board to list and value the lots, & improvements thereon, within this Borough, with the names of

their present occupants or owners, as also a list of all males of 21 years old and over, who may not be subject to a Borough tax for real property, and that a return of the said list will be made at the meeting on Monday next and a tax levied thereon—and that the Clerk further announce to all citizens who feel interested that they should attend the said meeting.

A Copy—Test.

C. H. TILLINGHAST, Clk.

March 20, 1817.

JONATHAN JENNINGS,

Governor and Commander in Chief of the State of Indiana, to all and singular, to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS in pursuance of a resolution of the President and Directors of the Bank of Vincennes, of the 4th instant, the assent in writing of the Corporation aforesaid, has been officially received, accepting the modification proposed to the Charter of said Bank, by an act of the General Assembly, entitled "An act adopting the Bank of Vincennes, as the State Bank of Indiana, and for other purposes," & which, together with other official documents connected therewith, have been recorded in the office of State, in conformity to the provisions of the act aforesaid.

Now therefore be it known, that I, JONATHAN JENNINGS, Governor of the State of Indiana, having seen and inspected the said documents, have declared, and do by these presents declare, the said Bank of Vincennes, to be adopted as the State Bank of Indiana.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and private seal, this 8th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the first year of the State, and of the Independence of the United States the forty-first.

JONATHAN JENNINGS.

By the Governor,

R. A. NEW, Secy.

WANTED TO HIRE.

TWO good BRICK LAYERS, and two COMMON LABOURERS, to whom constant employment and liberal wages will be given, apply to,

BENJAMIN HANES.

Vincennes, March 20, 1817. 16-tf

DOCTOR L. S. SHULER.

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR; Late from New-York,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Vincennes, and its vicinity, that he has commenced practice in this place, and now occupies a room in the house of J. Bond, where he will at all times cheerfully attend to those who may call on him.—He hopes by unremitted attention, his knowledge and experience in the different branches of his profession, to merit a share of the public patronage. Those residing at a considerable distance, wishing to employ him, are assured that the best assistance will be afforded, on the most liberal terms.—Advice in all cases given gratis.

15-tf

March 14, 1817.

REMOVAL.

MR. BENNETT,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law, OFFERS his professional services to the public.—His office will be opened on or before the first day of April next in a room adjoining the office of the Indiana Sentinel, where he may be found at all reasonable hours.—His present residence is in Mr. Jones's house as heretofore.

16-tf Vincennes, March 19, 1817.

Mrs. Triplett, Fetter & Hughes, Henry Duncan, and Daniel S. Howell & Co.

Take Notice,

THAT the Circuit court for Gibson county will sit on the first Monday in May next, at the court house in Princeton, to hear what may be alleged for or against my enlargement from prison under an execution for debt, at the suit of John Wethrow, when and where you may attend if you think proper.

JAMES RUSSEL.

March 18, 1817.

4t-16

WRITING PAPER.

For Sale at the Office of the

WESTERN SUN.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.