

WESTERN SUN

VOL. I.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1807.

NO. 14.

THE WESTERN SUN,
IS printed weekly at Two DOLLARS, paid in advance, or an attested NOTE, payable at the end of the year for Two DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS.

No Subscription will be received for a less term than one year—and will not be discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

Advertisements of no more length than breadth will be published at FIFTY CENTS for the first insertion, and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS for every after insertion.

To avoid unpleasant disputes, it is requested of advertising customers, that they particularly specify the time their advertisements are to be continued.—Those sent without such directions will be continued till forbid, and must be paid for accordingly.

All letters addressed to the Editors must be post paid or they will not be taken out of the office.

(BY AUTHORITY.)

AN ACT to extend the power of granting writs of injunction to the judges of the district courts of the United States.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passing of this act, the judges of the district court of the United States shall have as full power to grant writs of injunction to operate within their respective districts, in all cases which may come before the circuit courts within their respective districts, as is now exercised by any of the judges of the supreme court of the United States, under the same rules, regulations and restrictions as are prescribed by the several acts of congress, establishing the judiciary of the United States any law to the contrary notwithstanding: provided, That the same shall not, unless so ordered by the circuit court, continue longer than to the circuit court next ensuing, nor shall any injunction be issued by a district judge, in any case where a party has had a reasonable time to apply to the circuit court for the writ.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
GEO. CLINTON,
Vice-President of the United States, and
President of the Senate.
March 3, 1807.

APPROVED,

TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT

For the relief of Oliver Pollock.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury, be and they are hereby authorized to liquidate and settle the account of Oliver Pollock, formerly commercial agent for the United States at New-Orleans, and that they allow him for his expenses of detention at the Havana; for the sum paid Thomas Patterson, as his hostage, for gun powder furnished; for commission on the sum paid for gun powder, and for commission on the sum of seventy four thousand eighty seven dollars, at the rate of two and one half percent with interest until paid, out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: Provided, the said Pollock, shall upon the receipt of the sums directed to be paid by this act, execute in consideration thereof, a discharge to the United States of all demands whatsoever,

and lodge the same with the register of the treasury.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
S. SMITH,
President of the Senate pro-tempore,
March 3, 1807.

APPROVED.

TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT allowing an additional compensation to the judges of the Mississippi, Indiana, Michigan, and Louisiana territories.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That each of the judges of the Mississippi, Indiana, Michigan, and Louisiana territories, appointed under the authority of the United States, be entitled to the annual sum of twelve hundred dollars, in lieu of his present compensation, to commence on the first day of January last.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
S. SMITH,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
March 3, 1807.

APPROVED.

TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT in addition to an act, entitled 'an act supplementary to an act providing for the naval peace establishment and for other purposes.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized, in addition to the present naval peace establishment, to employ a number of able seamen, ordinary seamen and boys, not exceeding five hundred, should the exigency of the public service require the same.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
S. SMITH,
President of the Senate pro tempore.
March 3, 1807.

APPROVED,

TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT making appropriation for carrying into effect certain treaties with the Cherokee and Piankeshaw tribes of Indians.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for carrying into effect a convention between the United States and the Cherokee nation of Indians, the following sums to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be and the same hereby are appropriated; that is to say—to the said Cherokee nation, two thousand dollars, and the further annual sum of two thousand dollars for four years successively; and to the Cherokee chief called the Black Fox, the annual sum of one hundred dollars during his natural life.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That for carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the Piankeshaw tribe of Indians, concluded at Vincennes, on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred five, there shall be, and hereby are appropriated, in addition to appropriations for carrying into effect former treaties, a sum of one thousand dollars, and a further annual sum of three

hundred dollars, to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
S. SMITH,
President of the Senate pro-tempore.
March 3, 1807.

APPROVED.

TH: JEFFERSON.

An ACT authorizing the discharge of Gilbert Drake from his imprisonment.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the marshal of the district of New-York, be authorized and directed to discharge Gilbert Drake, late collector of the direct tax, in said district from his imprisonment, upon a warrant of distress issued against him by the supervisor of the said district: Provided, That he take before any judge of the United States, or any judge of the supreme court of the state of New-York, or court of common pleas of the county in which he is imprisoned, so much of an oath imposed upon persons imprisoned for debt, by the second section of the act entitled 'an act for the relief of persons imprisoned for debt,' as relates to his not having transferred his property with intent to defraud the United States: provided also, that he shall assign, all the estate real and personal, which he may own or be entitled to, to some person, for the use and benefit of the United States under the direction of the secretary of the treasury: Provided also, That any estate real or personal, that the said Gilbert Drake may hereafter acquire, shall be liable to be taken and sold in the same manner as if he had never been imprisoned and discharged as aforesaid.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
S. SMITH,
President of the Senate pro-tempore.
March 3, 1807.

APPROVED.

TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT to annex certain shores and waters to the district of Mississippi; and to authorize the building a custom house at New-Orleans.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the thirtieth day of June next, all the shores and waters of the river Ohio, and of the several rivers and creeks emptying into the same, and also, all the shores and waters of the rivers which empty into the river Mississippi, or any of its branches, be, and the same are hereby annexed to, and shall make part of the district of Mississippi.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That a surveyor shall be appointed for each of the following towns or places, that is to say; Pittsburgh, Charleston, Marietta, Cincinnati, Limestone, Louisville, Massac, and Natchez, who shall be authorized to grant temporary registers to vessels of the United States, in the same manner and on the same terms and conditions as may be done by the collectors of the several districts of the United States; and each of the said surveyors, besides the fees paid in relation to the admeasurement, and registering of vessels, shall receive an annual salary of one hundred and fifty dollars.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the collector of the district of Mississippi, shall, on the surrender of any temporary register, granted to a vessel of the United States as aforesaid, issue a permanent register for such vessel: Provided, That the master of such vessel shall take the usual oath, and perform all the other conditions

required by the registering act, except that he shall not be obliged to give any new bond to the said collector.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of any act or acts as erects any of the shores or waters, annexed by this act to the Mississippi district, into separate districts, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is authorized and directed to cause to be built upon some convenient site, belonging to the United States, in the city of New Orleans, a good and sufficient house, to serve as an office and place of deposit for the collector of the customs at that place. And the sum of twenty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to defray the expense of erecting the same, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
GEO. CLINTON,
Vice-President of the United States, and
President of the Senate.
February 13, 1807.

APPROVED,

TH: JEFFERSON.

THE FLORIDAS.

It has been reported for some days past, and we think with great probability of correctness, that both the Floridas have been ceded to the United States. We sincerely hope the information may be true as great advantages must result to us from the cession. The colonial depredations committing by England, may have hastened an event, that must have ultimately taken place, though otherwise it might have been retarded to our disadvantage.

(Aurora.)

THE CANADAS.

Should a war result, from the present differences with England, we ought to lose no time to possess ourselves of her American possessions—we care little about the territory, or the advantages of its situation, for a valuable trade, though both are of consideration; we value the Canadas, from the use that might be made of them by an European power, in a contest with us. If England were at peace in Europe, she might engage some other nation with her in the business of warfare against us, from the hopes of plunder: having a disposable force she might do us much mischief on our frontiers, by exciting the Indians. We ought also to calculate the consequences of a cession of Canada to France, its ancient possessor, and a nation the most beloved of any by the Indians.

ibid.

BRITISH OUTRAGE,

NEW-YORK, August 22.

Captain Reeding, arrived at Portsmouth, from Point Petre, Guadeloupe, informs, that on the 29th June, off Deserade, he was brought too by the English armed brig, Dominique, from Dominique, and ordered on board with his papers, &c. that during his way to, and while on board, as well as on his return, (after a detention of two hours) they continued firing small arms at his schooner; several shot went through her sails, entered her spars, and other parts of the vessel. Upon complaining, captain R. was told he might think himself well off they did not sink his vessel.

BLANK WARRANTS

For sale at this Office.