The Weekly News.

CHARLES C. SCOTT, Editor.

RISING SUN:

FRIDAY, ... JULY 28, 1854.

Agents for the News.

☞The following gentlemen are duly authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions, advertisements &c.

Rody Layman, Vevay, Ind.;
Charles E. Hosier, Florence, Ind.;
Joseph G. Barvin, Patriot, Ind.

Jos. L. Darvin, Esq. General Newspaper Agent, No. 5 Court street, between Walnut and Vine, Cincinnati, Ohio, is our only authorized agent in Cincinnati to receive advertisements and subscriptions for us.

☞ Jos. L. Darvin is our only authorized agent in Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to receive advertisements and subscriptions for us.

To Advertisers.

The circulation of the "Weekly News" is now double that of any paper ever before published in this place, and rapidly increasing. Advertisers will consult their own interest by choosing the "News" as a medium through which to reach the people. Our terms of advertising are very low, and will be found at the head of the first column of the first page.

Citizens' Notices.

Rev. F. C. Holliday will preach in the M. E. Church at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. Also, on Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at early candle-lighting.

There will be preaching in the Second Street Presbyterian Church next Sunday at half past 10 o'clock.

Rev. B. F. Morris will preach in the Main Street Presbyterian Church at 10½ o'clock on Sabbath morning.

Rev. John Brazelton, will preach in the Christian Church on to-morrow at 10 o'clock A. M. and also at 10½ o'clock on Sunday morning.

Our Trip.

On last Tuesday morning, in company with the Ohio County Delegation to the Democratic Congressional Convention, we made a trip to Greensburgh, in Decatur county, at which place the Convention met, for the pupose of nominating a candidate for Congress. The trip was a delightful one. Previous to our departure in the cars from Lawrenceburgh a heavy rain cooled the air and laid the dust, which without it would have been insufferable. We reached Greensburgh at 10 o'clock, and found that the town, which by the way is fast improving, was filled with Delegates and others who came to attend the Convention. We found our old friend and late fellow-citizen, Daniel Moss, at the Depot, who conducted us to his house, which we made our stopping place for the day. Mr. Moss keeps a public house, and we had the satisfaction of setting down to a magnificent dinner with a large number of other guests. After dinner we went to the Town Hall, where the Convention met to decide who should be the fortunate man to run the race for Congress in the next October election.

Some little doubt was entertained as to the harmony in this Convention, and it was thought by some that much time would be required to settle the controversies which may spring up, but in this all present were agreeably disappointed.

Col. A. C. Pepper was called to the Chair, and after making a few and very appropriate remarks, the Delegates of the different counties proceeded to vote for the candidate for Congress. As we stated before, it was expected that a number of ballots would be had before a choice could be made, but to the astonishment of all present, the Hon. Wm. S. Holman was declared the chosen candidate on the first ballot—receiving 111 votes out o 177.

The Democracy of this District can congratulate itself for having for its Standard Bearer such a man as W. S. Holman. Mr. H. was not present at the Convention.

After appropriate remarks by General Foley and Dr. Beary, the Hon. John L. Robinson entertained the Assembly with one of his able and eloquent speeches of an hour and a half in length. Resolutions were offered and adopted and at about 4 o'clock the meeting adjourned, all present well pleased with the proceedings of the day.

At Greensburgh we had the pleasure of meeting our old friend and late partner, Hon. O. H. Tuckt, of the State Sentinel; Col. Conley, of the Brookville Democrat, and Mr. Bowman, of the Lawrenceburgh Democrat. They were delighted with the trip made, and are very sanguine of his election.

We left Greensburgh about ten o'clock at night, and arrived in Lawrenceburgh at half past twelve—put up at the McCormick House, (one of the best in the State, and conducted by the most gentlemanly proprietors) and had a pleasant sleep, uninterrupted by mosquitoes or other little *animals* often found in beds—got breakfast next morning and took passage on cars for Cincinnati; from which place we safely arrived home on board the City of Wheeling—a very good boat—of which Dr. Dunning is clerk.

☞ We have been absent the most of this week—consequently our readers will not find much original matter. If we edited(?) a paper like some that we know of, who depend on other people's brains for articles, it would make no difference when we went or how long we stayed; but such is not the case.

We do our own writing, such as it is, and we alone are responsible for anything appearing under our name. No *would-be* great men scribble for us.

☞ We are in receipt of a new paper published at Indianapolis, by the name of "Democratic Platform." It is a campaign paper, edited by Nathaniel Bolton, and is well printed. It is gotten up for the purpose of keeping the Democracy together, and we have no doubt but it will do good service. Terms—25 cents for three months, provided 50 subscribers be had.

☞Some of our merchants have gone East after their fall and winter stock of goods.—Several others will start in a few days.

☞Mr. John B. Hall, editor of the Evansville Enquirer, passed through our city on Tuesday last, on his way to the East.

☞By the last Mt. Sterling Whig, we see that Jas. W. Howard is acting as editor *pro tem.* The paper was unusually interesting.

☞The David White got off of the bar, at our place, where she has been aground for a week, on yesterday morning. She is now laid up at the foot of the bar.

☞The new School house is progressing finely. We will expect to see it finished this fall, if the hands continue to work on it as they have for the last week.

☞A Portsmouth lady having said that she would make but a very poor sailor, a nautical bystander replied. "You would make an excellent mate."

☞Applegate & Co., of Cincinnati, are now publishing the best editions of Plutarch's Lives, Rollin's Ancient History, the Spectator, Gathered Treasures &c., ever gotten up for libraries. They can all be had cheap.

☞Somebody says there *was* a fight on Sunday last, but no person was hurt. It would have looked better if the boys had got their "danders riz" some other day, and not broken the Sabbath.

☞The Brookville American has fallen away half of its usual amount of reading, and has dispensed with editorial entirely; at least, we find none in the last number.—What's the matter, Bro. Goodwin?

☞A deck hand on board the David White was so badly injured on Friday morning last, by one of the spars falling on him, which some boat had ran against and broken, that he died in a few hours.

☞Messrs. Church, O'Neal and Kipptron, who left this place for California last April, have arrived there safe. We wish each of them a pocket "full of rocks," perfect health and plenty of the necessaries of life.

☞An effort is being made to get up a Musical Convention of three days to be held at Aurora on the 14th, 15th and 16th of August, under the direction of Prof. I. B. Woodbury, of New York, and to close with a grand concert.

☞The Texas Debt Bill, so called, has passed the Senate by a vote 27 to 20. It provided for the payment of Eight million five hundred thousand dollars to the creditors of the Texas debt incurred before it came into the Union as a State.

☞Nimrod Lancaster, Esq., formerly editor of the Aurora "Republican," but now of Chicago, called upon us on Monday last. He appears to be in better spirits than when he was "one of us," and seems perfectly satisfied to live a quiet life by being free from the Press.

☞Going by W. G. Caldwell's the other day, while the thermometer was 98° in the shade, that benevolently disposed individual would have us come in and *wet* a saucer of ice cream, and you'd better believe it didn't go bad. Wake always keeps a supply on hand.

☞Mr. D. A. Tatum, No. 60, West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, has about the best establishment for music and musical instruments in the city. His supply of Pianos and Guitars, are from the best manufacturers. His sheet music embraces every variety, from the pieces of olden times, to the new, popular, and fashionable music of the present day.

See advertisement in another column.

Obituary.

The New Mail Line after a short illness, and short life, ceased to exist on last Tuesday evening. It had been complaining ever since it was born, of a weakness in the *back-(pay)*; and, no doubt, that was the principal cause of its death. We do not like to exult over its demise; for it is against our principles to rejoice at the misfortunes of others—yet we cannot help thinking that its place will be just as well filled—and a *little* better—by some other line.

We would like to see the old Mail Line—the line that has been to such an enormous expense in fitting up boats for the accommodation of the public, and carrying of the mail—reinstated. Another line was ever so punctual.

☞At the late term of the Superior Court of Lowndes county Georgia, a man by the name of Graham was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to the penitentiary at the age of 19 years. The Wakulla (Fla.) Times gives a few incidents in the life of this young man, which are well calculated to excite in his misfortunes:

"At the age of thirteen he was attacked by a tiger, who after tearing him badly, and crushing both his jaws, left him for dead under a covering of leaves, which he had piled on him. Subsequently he was caught in a sugar mill, and lost one arm; was bitten twice by rattlesnakes, and was struck senseless by a flash of lightning. His greatest calamity occurred a few months ago, when he killed one of his neighbors in a drunken frolic by stabbing. We doubt very much whether any other man living ever encountered similar perils. This is said to be a true record, without the least fancy or invention."

Railroad Accident Occasioned by the Hot Weather.—The Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, of Tuesday evening is responsible for the following:

The express train on the Central Railroad, due here on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock and some minutes, met with an accident near Oriskany, caused by the expansion and spreading of the rail with the heat. The engine was thrown from the track and the tender broken. No person was injured but the train was detained about three hours.

Difficulty between Russia and the United States.—The following is from the Paris Correspondent of the London Weekly Chronicle. It is news in this country:

Does the war-speck in the Far West, "scarcely bigger than the size of man's hand," mean anything of consequence? America and Russia on the eve of a mortal dispute on a fishery question. In this matter, Russia it appears has been *secondum ordem*, encroaching for some time past, and endeavoring to prevent the right of the citizens of the United States or Russia—a right which had been previously exercised time immemorial; and at last the Russian Governor of Kamschatka, acting on Powers given to him by the Government of St. Petersburg, concedes to a public company the exclusive right to fish along the entire coast upon which the Russians have establishments.

"This concession," according to the *Moniteur de Paris*, "embraces a considerable zone, and several points upon which Russia has no kind of right whatever. In the meantime, the Governor of Kamschatka makes proclamation of the treaty just passed, and declares that such vessels as do not think proper to respect the rights of the concessionals, shall be captured and their proprietors mulcted to the amount of three thousand dollars. This measure produced a profound sensation, and was furthermore followed by an energetic protest on the part of the Consul of the United States. The Russian authorities, so far from paying attention to this protest, proceeded to seize by force a United States Vessel in the bay of Sitka, under the pretext that it was *preparing to contravene the new treaty*. This was the position of affairs when the last accounts were dispatched to Washington.

Annexation of the Sandwich Islands.—As our readers will perceive by a special telegraphic dispatch in another column, a treaty for the annexation of the Sandwich Islands to the United States is nearly concluded at Honoululu, between Mr. David L. Gregg, the Commissioner of the United States, and King Kamehameha and the principal chiefs of his Government. At the date of our correspondents advice the matter was kept a profound secret at the Islands, and was revealed only to those official persons directly concerned in arranging the term of the treaty. The King and Nobles, it seems, are led to the step by fear of filibusters, from the United States on one hand, or attacks from European powers on the other. Animated by dread of this sort, and also by the notion that they may hereafter be able to get at much money for the sovereignity of the islands as at present; they have decided to sell out now and deliver their merchandise and pocket the pay with all convenient dispatch. The constitution of the islands it seems gives them full power to do this without consulting the nation at all, and accordingly the masses of the Kanaka people will wake up some fine morning and find that their allegiance has been transferred to the United States, while they were sound asleep, not even dreaming of such a change. To them, however, doomed as they are to perpetual inferiority and ultimate extinction all political events are of little immediate consequence. Their condition and prospects must in all cases remain about the same.

It seems that only one point remains unsettled in the treaty. The authorities at the Sandwich Islands desire to be received at once as a State, while Mr. Gregg, acting no doubt under instructions from the administration at Washington, insists on their annexation as a territory.—*New York Tribune.*

Wouldn't be Liberated.—The Zanesville Aurora contains the particulars of a *habeas corpus* slave case, which occurred in that place a few days since.

Mr. Wm. Cloman, a citizen of Carroll parish, Louisiana, accompanied by his lady, a child about six months old, and Vina, a colored girl, about nineteen years of age, acting in the capacity of nurse, arrived in this city on Saturday evening last, and took rooms at the Winslow House. Some of the colored population were soon on the *qui vive*, and supposing that Miss Vina was held in bondage contrary to the Statutes in such case made and provided, against her own will and wishes as it was against theirs, obtained a writ of *habeas corpus*, for the purpose of trying the issue, and setting Miss Vina free.

The case came off yesterday (Sunday) morning at eight o'clock, before his Honor Judge Stilwell.

By this time the news of the arrest had been spread over the city, and the crowd at the Court House was large, and all anxious to hear what passed. Miss Vina was led into the Court-house by Sheriff, and by order of the Court the writ was read to her presence, when, to the utter discomfiture of the colored individuals who officiated in having it issued against her knowledge and consent, declared that it was her desire and wish to remain with her master. Judge Stilwell *quashed* the proceedings, and the colored society no longer held the body in durance vile. She returned to the hotel with her master, apparently much to her delight.

☞Under the head of "Went away to catch a fish, and came back to catch a man," the New York Evening Post relates the following:

A man named Kennedy, of Harlem, left home on Sunday last to go to Jersey City on a fishing excursion, or some other business, expecting to return very late at night or the next day. He got back, however, earlier than he anticipated, and was surprised to find his house dark and the doors fastened. He entered a window, and making his way to his lodging room found better cause than Othello had to doubt his wife's fidelity.—A mutual acquaintance about that time withdrew from the apartment with a velocity seldom eclipsed on the race course, leaving behind more of his apparel than the virtuous Joseph left in his determined retreat from Mrs. Potiphar—indeed leaving behind a full suit, minus a couple dollars' worth of linen. The injured husband ran to get a a gun to shoot his wife and her paramour.—While he was absent the intruder returned and got his clothes, and the wife—if wife she can be called—fled to the police station, where she was sheltered and protected.

The Weather in New York.—The Herald of the 22nd says:

This is truly weather without a parallel.—For years past we cannot remember a period in summer when the heat was so oppressive than it has been for the last few days. The thermometer points to a higher figure, and appears decided to remain there, notwithstanding the prayers and wishes of thousands that it may fall if it be ever so little.—Every breath of air that is stirring, and that is not much, appears as if it poured out of an oven, and brings to the system more of the heated, sickening load, than a cool, refreshing, revivifying balm.

☞Mrs. Hollyhock thinks it "rather queer" that the rising of a little quick-silver in a glass tube should make the weather so awful hot.

Another Murder in Ashtabula County.—A letter from Jefferson, dated July 20 gives an account of another awful murder just brought to light, in Ashtabula county, on the afternoon of that day. It says.

As some little boys were out gathering berries, they discovered a body very much decomposed, which appeared to have been partly injured by the hogs. They immediately fled, came to town and gave the alarm. A company of men at once proceeded to the spot, and recognised the body as one Wurtzel, who mysteriously disappeared a short time ago. It was evident that he had had a severe struggle with his murderer. The town is in great excitement. Just a few weeks ago a murder was committed in Dorset, the first town east, and the supposed murderer (Haines) is now in jail in this place.

The writer adds that he can hear of no one who is suspected of the crime.

☞The Paris correspondent of the New York Tribune writes as follows:

The two American Bonapartes have been well received by their Imperial relatives, and attracted a good deal of attention. The remarkable likeness of the father to the first Emperor—more striking is it thought, than that of any other member of the family—has created a vast amount of curiosity in the capital to see him. The consequence is that every day at the usual hour of promenade, a crowd is gathered at the Palais Royal, the residence of Prince Jerome Bonaparte, their father and grandfather, to see them come out and enter their carriages.—The two have thus created a good impression—the father by his resemblance to his uncle, and the son by his personal good looks.

The California Tragedy.—The following are the particulars of the recent rencounter between two editors in Stockton California:

Joseph Mansfield one of the publishers of the San Joaquin Republican was shot in the street, on the morning of the 22nd of June, by John Tabor, editor of the Stockton Journal. Mr. Mansfield met Tabor on the street unarmed; a few words passed, when Tabor drew a pistol and shot, the ball striking Mansfield about two inches below the left nipple. The wound was mortal. Tabor was immediately arrested and lodged in the city prison. Great excitement prevailed, and a disposition by the citizens to break down the prison doors was manifested.

Mr. Mansfield was a native of Boston, and was 29 years old.

Murder and Lynch Law in Texas.—Dr. Linton, formerly surgeon in the United States Navy, shot two men at Laredo, Texas, recently. He was subsequently seized by a mob of United States soldiers, and hung on a gallows erected upon the public plaza. Linton it is said was on the brig Somers when young Spencer was hung by commander McKenzie. The two men who were killed were Achilles Castro, an Italian, and bandmaster of the fifth regiment of Infantry, and Don Pedro Carera, a Mexican. It is alleged that the difficulty grew out of an insult by Linton to the wife of the band-master. Linton, in attempting to shoot Castro, killed Carera, who was endeavoring to quiet the parties. Castro was killed at the second fire.

The Canadian Treaty.—The Detroit (Michigan) Tribune, speaking of the Canadian treaty, says:

But by far the most important provision of the treaty, to the lake country, is that permitting the free navigation of the St. Lawrence. Under it a large direct trade must spring up with foreign ports. No obstruction will exist to vessels sailing from Detroit to Liverpool, Havre, Shanghai, Yedo, and every where else. The time may not be far distant when the flags of all nations will be flying at our docks.

Red River Telegraph.—The Caddo Gazette says:

The Telegraph wire between Marshfield and Natchitoches has been down for over a month, and there is no money in the treasury to pay for repairs. According to the Gazette the sum of $75 or $100 dollars would suffice, and the editor proposes to loan the company $25 of the amount. We are inclined to believe that a considerable larger sum will be found necessary, as we learn from a private source that a large portion of of the wire has been taken and manufactured into pot-hooks, trace-chains, and put to various other uses, by persons residing along the line.

The Pacific Railroad.—Public attention has been much excited for a year past to the great Pacific railroad, through the United States, and its Territories. This work if ever accomplished, can never be adapted for the transportation of merchandise. Railroads cannot compete with navigable waters in the carrying of bulky articles. Hence the transportation of cargoes to California via Honduras or Panama, must ever be made at a slight cost compared with that upon a railroad of several thousand miles in length.—The Isthmus will it seems to us, remain the great thoroughfare between the Pacific and the Atlantic; and the railroad must be relied on as the most rapid means of communication.

The Bridge.—We observed on Friday evening that the workmen at the suspension bridge, who have been engaged since Tuesday in hanging the cross timbers on which the floor is to rest, were about to join hands, having worked from both sides of the river towards each other. We presume a crossing was effected that night. It will take but a short time to lay the flooring. Capt. McComas deserves great credit for the rapidity with which he has pushed the work forward.—*Wheeling Intelligencer.*

Female Revenge.—An exciting scene occurred in a room in the Census Bureau at Washington on Friday last, in consequence of a young lady attempting to shoot one of the Clerks, Mr Keyser, of Kelsey. He escaped unhurt from the room; but the lady expressed her determination to consummate the redress of her grievance, and waited near the building until all the clerks had left.—She alleges that matters connected with her honor caused the attack.

A Healthy Location.—The Mount Vernon (O.) Tree Whig, in an article on the health of that place, says:

Not a single child has died in our city in the months of May, June, and July, and but four adults. Is there a population of 7,000 in the United States that can present so healthy a record?

Fences.—The Hartford (Md) Times mentions a farmer who took up a fence after it had been standing fourteen years; and found some of the posts nearly sound, and others rotted off at the bottom. Looking for the cause, he discovered that the posts that had been inverted from the way they grew, were solid, and those which had been set as they grew, were rotted off

By Telegraph.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Washington, July 22.

Senate.—Mr. Foote made an unsuccessful attempt to recorsider the vote by which the Texas Debt Bill was passed yesterday, for the purpose of having the amount reduced to six million dollars.

The House bill, for the relief of the widow of Maj. Jacob Brown, passed.

The Civil and Diplomatic Bill was then taken up as reported from the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Hunter then offered numerous amendments reported by the Finance Committee, which, with the bill, made eighty pages; they were all agreed to and the bill was then laid aside.

Mr. Chase introduced a resolution to print the votes and proceedings in the passage of the Nebraska Bill. Laid over.

The President transmitted a message informing the Senate that he had approved of the bill making appropriations for removing obstructions at Cape Fear river; but that he had done so on the ground that Government had placed the obstructions there.

House.—Mr. May, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported against the New York Temperance Alliance, asking that the municipal authorities of Washington City be authorized to abolish the traffic in intoxicating liquors, and at the same time made an earnest appeal in favor of temperance. The report was laid on the table.

The House then went into Committee on the private calendar, and eight private bills passed. Adjourned.

Washington, July 25.

Senate.—Mr. Stewart, from the Committee on Commerce, reported the River and Harbor Bill with amendments, as it passed the House. He said he would ask for its consideration as soon as the General Appropriation Bill would be disposed of.

Mr. Mallory offered a resolution setting forth that, whereas the Hon. J. W. Williams had been appointed by the Governor of New Hampshire to fill the vacancy in the Senate caused by the death of Mr. Atherton, and Legislature of New Hampshire having since met and adjourned without electing a Senator, he moved that the subject be therefore referred to the Judiciary Committee, to decide whether Mr. Williams is entitled to hold a seat.

The consideration of the General Appropriation Bill was then resumed.

An appropriation of $25,000 for Water Works at Washington was passed.

An amendment, giving Edward Riddle $26,000 for fitting up the American department at the World's Fair at London, was adopted, and the bill as amended, was then passed.

House.—Mr. Corwin moved to recorsider the vote, by which the Fortification Bill passed, yesterday.

Mr. Houston moved to lay that motion on the table, which was agreed to.

The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the bill making provision for postal service in California and Oregon.

On motion of Mr. Wentworth, of Mass., the Committee on Commerce was directed to inquire what legislation was necessary to prohibit the introduction of foreign paupers, including the insane, lame and blind, into the ports of the United States.

The House then went into Committee on the Appropriation Bill.

Mr. Bocock urged the necessity of reforming the navy.

Four Days Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE PACIFIC.

New York, July 24.

The steamer Pacific, with advices from Liverpool to Wednesday, the 12th inst., has arrived at this port.

The advices in regard to the war contain nothing decisive or satisfactory. No battle had taken place in the Baltic, and the fleet had been temporarily withdrawn from Cronstadt to Baro.

Prussia has sent a special envoy to Austria, urging the latter to refrain from taking any further steps in the war question in concert with France and England, but pressing her to join with the former power in fresh negotiations for peace.

Suspicions of Austria's good faith to the allies were becoming strong at London and Paris, inasmuch as Austria had countermanded the advance of her army into Wallachia, and the Russians were not hurrying to evacuate the Principalities.

In the Czar's letter to the Emperor of Austria, he insists on holding Moldavia, for diplomatic reasons. In short, the whole question is again enveloped in diplomatic fog, and it is supposed that fully two weeks more will elapse before anything is known in regard to what is going on beyond the above. The news by this steamer possess but little interest.

The Pacific arrived this morning at 6 o'clock. The Arabia arrived out on Sunday the 16th inst.

The only thing of interest we have from the East is a battle which took place at Guirgevo, on the Danube, on the 5th inst., between the Turks and Russians. The Turks crossed the river in force, and meeting with the Russians, a battle ensued, in which the latter lost nearly five hundred in killed and wounded.

The Russians still occupy the left bank of the Danube, from the mouth of the river Alata downward.

Boston, July 22.

Sullivan, *alias* Huxford, arrested in New Orleans, on the requisition of Governor Washburn, charged with the murderous assault on Richard H. Dana, was brought before the Police Court to-day. He waived his examination, and bail was fixed at $10,000, in default of which he was committed.

Buffalo, N. Y. July 21.

In consequence of the rumors of a large number of deaths by cholera in the poor house in this city, a party of physicians and citizens visited the house to-day. The condition of affairs was horrible. Within fifteen hours fifteen insane persons and seven paupers had died of the cholera, and four others were in a collapsed state.

The house was found so foul and filthy, as to be almost impossible to enter it, and the inmates in an awful condition. On inquiring it was found that they were kept on insufficient food and that of the worst quality. For breakfast they were given bread with coffee made from barley, and salt pork.—Dinner same as breakfast. Supper, bread and tea. This was all the food the poor inmates had.

The scurvy was also found to be raging in the building, as well as the cholera. There had also been several deaths from absolute starvation, particularly among the children. These disclosures have caused the most intense excitement. The health of the city is otherwise good.

Washington, July 22.

A resolution will be introduced in the Senate this week, fixing the time of the meeting at the first of December, instead of the usual time in that month. This, it is thought, will meet the wishes of the members of the House, who feel disposed to prolong the session after the 4th of August.—The Diplomatic Bill proper will be the *stick*, and unless the House prove tractable, the Senate will be inclined to recede from the resolution of adjournment in order to secure their views in the bill. The resolution which is to be introduced, it is thought, will avoid the difficulty. The River and Harbor Bill passed by the House, and now, with the Committee of the Senate, will be reported without amendment, and be passed.—Some are sanguine that the bill will pass even the President's veto. Members are working hard to close up in season and get everything in good order.

Buffalo, July 25.

Several deaths occurred at Niagara yesterday in the neighborhood of the suspension bridge. Every person is leaving as fast as they can, as high as three to four dollars a day is offered for laborers.

This afternoon it was noticed that a most offensive smell proceeded from a shanty near the bridge and upon investigation, it was found two dead bodies were withinside, in an advanced stage of decomposition. They it seems, had taken sick, and died there alone without any assistance. No person could be induced to remove the bodies, and the shanty was burned and the bodies with it. There were ten deaths by cholera yesterday.

Albany, N. Y., July 22.

The examination of the students charged with setting fire to Richmondville Seminary in Schoharie county, resulted in the commitment of five of them for trial, charged with arson. All of them are under sixteen years of age.

Albany, July 22.

The great cricket match between the New York and Canadian clubs at Toronto, this week, resulted in the defeat of the New Yorkers.

Another Cowardly Murder.—Saturday night, about 11 o'clock, a terrible scene of blood and murder was enacted in the coffee-house of Abram McBride, corner Sixth and Market streets, resulting in the death of Charles Laughlin, and the probable death of Thos. Kelly, both of whom were cut to pieces with knives in a sudden affray with another party unknown. Both of these unfortunate men were laborers, and were stabbed in the back in the most cowardly and assassin-like manner.

From the statement of the keeper of the coffee-house it appears that four or five men, strangers to him, entered the house, called for liquors, and without one word of provocation, hit him on the head with a tumbler, threw shots in the face of the murdered man, and then beset him and the other one who was out with their knives, and cut them in the back. Laughlin fell to the floor in a gore of blood, and expired in a few minutes. Kelly ran out of the house crying at the top of his voice, "A fight—murder!" and was traced by his blood a distance of two squares.

The perpetrators of the brutal outrage were not known or traced until yesterday afternoon, when three or four men, supposed to be the perpetrators, were arrested and lodged in jail.—*Lou. Courier, 24th.*

Mexico News.—Private letters from Mexico by the last packet indicate that Santa Anna is likely very soon to place himself at the head of the Liberals, and to wage opposition to the Church party. The money he obtains under the Gadsden Treaty enables him to dispense with the Church as financial agent, for the present, and to try the experiment of establishing his government on something of the liberal principles which have worked wonders in other countries.

The Ward Judgment.—The Danville Tribune has been permitted to make an extract from a letter dated Elizabethtown, July 11th:

This week has been the Chancery term of our court: The Grand Jury have found a true bill for perjury, and they are held to bail in $1,000 each to appear at the next Circuit Court. They would have got several others it is said, but they could not get the Sheriff to bring up the witnesses. This may lead to a discovery of the whole affair.

Hurricane in Iowa.—The Davenport correspondent of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, under date of July 20, says:

"Tremendous gale at 4 o'clock, P. M.—Six buildings blown down, five men, one woman and one child taken from the ruins badly injured. One man missing, supposed to be under the ruins.

Cabin of the steamer Golden Era blown off. Not known as to whether any lives are lost, or not."

☞We learn by our exchanges that the French Empress is about bless her husband and the French people with one of those costly favors which have made glad the hearts of the English people annually since the importation of Prince Albert.

A Singular Coincidence.—The Cleveland Leader says that it is a fact worthy of notice, that the piece about to be performed at the National Theater in Philadelphia, when it took fire, was the same that was performed in the Richmond Theater the night of its destruction by fire, in December 1811. The piece was "Raymond and Agnes," alias "The Bleeding Nun." This is the third theater destroyed on the night of the performance of this play, to which a strange fatality thus seems to belong.—*Cin. Enq.*

October Election.

Mr. Editor: You will please announce Alexander S. Sage as a candidate for State Senator, to represent Ohio and Switzerland counties.

☞We are authorized to announce that John I. Woods will be an independent candidate for the office of Sheriff of Ohio county.

☞Washington H. Hall is a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Ohio county, at the approaching October election.

New Advertisements.

Keep it before the people that advertising
Has enlarged many a small business,
Has revived many a dull business,
Has saved many a failed business,
Has preserved many a large business.

RISING SUN, AURORA, AND LAWRENCEBURG.

TELEGRAPH LINE!

Connects with the National Line.

Operators sent to any part of United States.

Messages sent to and from the following places, viz. below:

Aurora,	20	Madison,	25
Lawrenceburg,	20	Louisville,	25
Cincinnati,	25	Evansville,	35
Indianapolis,	60	Fairmount,	85
Hamilton, Ohio	20	Vincennes,	1.00
Cleveland,	70	Memphis,	1.50
New York,	1.05	New Orleans,	1.50

A message is ten words or less.
Office in S. Hathaway's Drug Store, Sts.
jun 16 R. S. HATHAWAY, Lessee.

No Exaggeration! No Humbug!!

Black Lustre, the great substitute for Blacking, from the celebrated manufactory of Barrett, Davis & Co., London and Boston & Boyce, New York. Sold at the sign of the spread eagle and very low prices.

Purchasing agents and others, in the city and the interior, I have prepared to sell at very low figures, and on very reasonable terms. My low discounts are sure to meet the wants of all desiring to purchase a good article of Blacking.

DAVID A. TUCKAN,
No. 60 West Fourth street,
jy21 1y Cincinnati, O.

THE BEST STOCK
Of Second-Hand Pianos
IN THE WEST,

For sale at No. 87 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio, by

D. A. TUCKAN.

jy22 Prices Very Low!

School Books for Indiana.

Recommended, in compliance with the requisitions of Law, by the State Board of Education, consisting of the Governor, Auditor of State Treasurer of State, Secretary of State, and the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

See School Laws, Sec. 77.

Office of Superintendent of Pub. Instr'n,
Indianapolis, November 1st, 1853.

At a meeting of the State Board of Education, held at this capital, November 1st, 1853, each member of the Board being present, then by the document and adopted:

Indianapolis, November 1st, 1853.

The State Board of Education approve the following lists of textbooks for common schools:

McGuffey's Eclectic Spelling Book,
The Indiana First Reader,
The Indiana Second Reader,
The Indiana Third Reader,
The Indiana Fourth Reader,
Parker's English Grammar,
Mitchell's Primary Geography,
Mitchell's Geography and Atlas,
Ray's Arithmetic, Part First,
Ray's Arithmetic, Part Second,
Ray's Arithmetic, Part Third,
Webster's Dictionary.

The examination of Books for our Common Schools has involved great labor, but the Board has endeavored to perform the responsible duty impartially and to the best of their ability. Intrinsic merit for instruction has been considered of paramount importance, and exclusively so by many in the State.

The School Trustees, whose duty it is to know what books are used and can be purchased, will find the State Board in obtaining what the School Law contemplates and economy to the people demands, uniformity in school books throughout the State.

W. C. LARRABEE,
Superintendent of Public Instruction,
and President of the Board of Education.

N. B. A large number of School Officers and Teachers in Indiana have already written to place books recommended by the Board in their schools.

I am pleased with the New School Laws, this showing a determination of the legislature to continue to so improve with the Board, from time to time, the school law of the State, the numerous advocates will do well and respect and cry in the school system, benefit the learner, and relieve parents of a great and unnecessary expense.

Indiana Merchants are respectfully requested to obtain supplies of the books recommended for adoption in the entire State. Their generous and PATRIOTIC INDUSTRIES, will relieve the Merchant of the annoyance and loss arising from the too frequent change of school books.

The above books are published and for sale by the trade generally throughout Indiana by Morton & Greenleaf, Louisville; W. B. Smith & Co., Cincinnati; Thomas Cowperthwait & Co., Philadelphia; Peck, Willard & Co., and Clark, Austin & Smith, New York, and others.

J. B. CRAFT & CO.,
Eastern Sole Ind.

jy21 3m

American Artists' Union!

The subscribers to the "Works of the Artists' Union" are respectfully informed that from the unprecedented favor with which they have received the Society has enabled to continue that the whole number of Engravings goes out will be disposed of within a few months, of which time, though the prices will be very Agents are requested to run clubs and send in their subscriptions without delay.

J. W. HOLLOWAY, Secretary,
jy21 3m 360 Broadway, New York.

W. CULLEN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Main Street, Rising Sun, Ind.

Wishes to inform all lovers of well and fashionably made clothing that he may be found in the old Odd Fellows building, fully prepared to do up in a neat and durable manner anything in the shape of coats, pants and vests, other articles of gentlemen's wear may also be found here. 1y7dy

FARLOW HOUSE,
Corner of Sixth and Plum Streets,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

This large and commodious new House is situated in the center of the city, and on the site of the old Central Hotel. It has just been completed at an immense cost, and furnished up with entire new furniture of the latest styles. It is now open for the reception of guests.

jy14 1y D. FARLOW, Proprietor.

J. F. WRIGHT,
Barber and Hair Dresser,
Main Street, Rising Sun, Ind.

Respectfully informs his old customers and the public in general that he may be found at the old stand with an entire new outfit, ready to do up in the quickest and neatest manner possible all the shaving, hair cutting, &c., that the public may wish. jun10 1y

J. B. CRAFT & CO.,
Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, School Books, Stationery, Pen and Pocket Cutlery, &c., &c.,
NO. 4, MAIN STREET, [illegible]