[illegible] — The Columbus (Geo.) [illegible] Jan. 18th, states that Jim Henry, the noted hostile Creek Indian Chief, [illegible] One hundred and [illegible] warriors were taken with him. [illegible] a paper in which the following information is given respecting the party of [illegible] Creeks who had crossed the Chattahoochee on their way to Florida.

POSTSCRIPT.

[illegible] Ferrier.—The party of Indians [illegible] in Florida were followed by col. Bell's 1st Regiment of Georgia mounted vol[illegible] [illegible] over taken in the Chickasahatchee swamp, in Baker county, and routed, [illegible] Indians being killed and 20 wounded. [illegible] Bell's men, 7 were wounded, 2 mortally. The Indians fled in every direction, but the swamps were so thick that our men could not follow. Colonel Bell writes that the Indians are still in the same swamp and intend remaining there. The Columbus guards, [illegible] and artillery will leave today for Baker county.

According to a calculation made by the [illegible] there are still a sufficient number of hostile Creeks at large to [illegible] to return to their plan[illegible]

[illegible] 3,000 gone [illegible] 100. [illegible] in all, that [illegible] The balance of [illegible] woods and [illegible] parties, and as [illegible] opportuni[illegible] friendly [illegible] so, the only inter[illegible] is that they are justified.—This view of the subject then presents us with [illegible] formidable party of hostiles yet in the field. In [illegible] we find an army of 6000, consisting of Georgians and Mobilians, yet such is the extent of the country which these savages may roam, that 1500 well armed and equipped may perpetrate a vast deal of mischief, and continue their depredations for some length of time—under all the circumstances therefore, it would appear that something yet remains to be done—*the war is not ended*. Our troops are in the field, on the alert—scouring the whole Indian country—and we know full well that the foe cannot escape, he must be surrounded, vanquished and slain.

TEXAS.—The following is an extract of a letter to gentleman in New Orleans, dated

Natchitoches, June 20, 1836.

Dear Sir: I detain the steamer Caspian to drop you a few lines to say, an express has this moment reached here, per maj. Smith of the Texian army. He was despatched with letters to this place, the purport of which is, that maj. Miller, capt. Teal, capt. Kearns, and three others, were ordered to Metamoras to receive our prisoners, according to treaty made with gen. Filasola. They were furnished by gen. Filasola with passports, and a solemn promise not to be molested, and to return in safety with the prisoners to the Texian camp. Immediately on their arrival, they were taken and imprisoned, their passports taken from them and destroyed, and it is fully believed, that all the Texian prisoners are murdered that were at Metamoras. Gen. Urrea has joined Filasola, with 1000 soldiers, which with 3000 with gen. Filasola, makes 7000 in all now on their march into Texas. The Texians to a man are turning out, shouldering their rifles, mounting their horses, and will defend their country to the last. There can be no calculation in this account; about 3000 Texians in all will be in the field.

TEXAS.—There are divers reports from Texas and Mexico; one is, that the American consul at Tampico has been imprisoned by the Mexican authorities, and that commodore Dallas's squadron had sailed from that port, with a view of demanding his release. Another account says, that the consul has only been threatened with violence, and that the probability came from the mob, and not from the civil authorities—as the operations of the Mexicans against Texas, we know nothing definitely except that a force of from 12 to 15,000 has proceeded against that country.

[*Louisville Journal.*

The Boston Atlas says—"Meanwhile gen. Jackson's term draws to a close; he has to settle an account with himself. There is a court in his own breast, in which he must be a party. The questions to be here settled, are those from which no man can escape. "What have I done in the high and honorable trust which my countrymen confided to me?" "What good, what evil, do they say I have done?" "Where are the men, the high minded, honorable men, who took part with me, and commended me to the whole country, and what do they think?" "What will they say, who have been my cabinet, and who, one after another have been given out in disgrace?" "What is the secret history which they have to tell?"—Have not I been deluded, deceived, cheated?" "How came such men as Blair, Kendall, Whitney and Hemshaw in my councils?" "Have not I been robbed of the fame which I brought to the Presidency?" "And will not impartial history speak of me, as having attempted to make a monarch of myself?"

New Jersey Iron Ore.—A lecture on the geology of New Jersey, in the last New Brunswick paper, mentions that the ore in the Schooley's mountain mine is so highly magnetic, that the tools by continued use, become so strongly magnetized, that in boring the rock, the workman often is unable, after striking the augur with his hammer, to separate them in the usual mode of wielding the hammer; but is compelled to twist it with considerable force; and crow bar has been known to hold in suspension all the other tools in the mine, weighing 100 pounds. Mr. Dickerson, (secretary of the navy,) says, that the magnetic attraction of the tools adds much to the fatigue of the workmen, and that it often happens that the hammer lifts the augur from the hole during the process of boring.

GIGANTIC SKELETON.—Extract of a letter dated Pittsburgh, June 13th, 1836, published in the Susquehanna Register;

To the Corresponding Secretary of the Pennsylvania Legislature:

"John Feret, who resides about a mile from Wilkesbarre, in digging a well lately, about 15 feet below the surface of the earth, came across a skeleton of prodigious size. Doctors Sturgis and Patterson both pronounced it a human skeleton of gigantic proportions, and necessarily of a genus long since extinct, and corresponding with the mastodon or mammoth in the brute order. The thigh bone is two feet and three inches in length, and the skull is frightful. One of the teeth, a grinder, is enormous, and is in a perfect state of preservation. It is as large as the cork of a porter bottle, with two prongs, and indented exactly like a human tooth. The workmen have not yet completed the extraction of all the bones, and great excitement prevails. Two medical men from New York, have offered the owner of the farm 100 dollars for the skeleton, which our doctors have advised him to refuse."

WEEKLY MESSENGER.

Printer's Retreat, Indiana.

Saturday, July 30, 1836.

SWITZERLAND PROBATE COURT.

THIS court will sit at the court house in Vevay, on Monday August 8th, 1836.

ECONOMY.—The cost of paper alone, during the past session of Congress, for the use of the members of the house of representatives, amounted to *one hundred and twenty five dollars* PER MEMBER.

SLAVERY.—In France, an interesting debate has been had in the chamber of deputies, on the abolition of slavery, in the French colonies. The opposition was weak, and the evils of slavery generally admitted. France will imitate the philanthropic example of England. Thus, slavery will before long be extinct in every country, except America, where we boast "that every man is born free and equal."

Gen. Scott and his friend maj. Gates, late of the United States army, arrived at Baltimore on the 20th inst. on their way to the seat of government.

There will be a two days meeting at Zion's chapel, commencing on Friday the 5th of August next.

Wealth of Manchester, England.—President Humphrey says, in one of his letters from England: "Manchester is next to London, the largest town in Great Britain, and rapidly increasing both in wealth and population. A distinguished banker in Liverpool assured me, that the clear profits of business in Manchester could not be less than *twelve millions sterling*, (about sixty millions of dollars) per annum. As the town is continually extending, it bids fair in a few years to swallow up all the manufacturing villages in the vicinity. Great fortunes have been made, and are making there; and no where out of the metropolis is solid capital supposed to be so large, as in Manchester. She is wont to say of her rival sister upon the Mersey, that she is able to buy out the whole town of Liverpool, and keep it on hand."

There is a lottery scheme in Tennessee, which enumerates, among the prizes, to be drawn, for "a brick house, steam boat, negro girl Rebecca, sorrel mare, and yellow girl Matilda. The Memphis Inquirer says, that a package of the tickets has been purchased by col. Johnson. We have no doubt of it. Who knows but Rebecca, and Matilda are destined to be the mothers of the future slayers of future Tecumsehs? *Lou. Jour.*

The aggregate amount of appropriations made by the acts passed during the late session of Congress, is about 35 millions of dollars. Of this amount it objects connected with our Indian relations. For carrying into effect treaties or suppressing hostilities with the Indian tribes, (exclusive of the expenses of the army proper.) the amount appropriated, is more than 13 millions and a half of dollars. The appropriations for the army amount to 4 millions of dollars; for the navy, to 6 millions and a quarter; for fortifications to nearly 3 millions; for harbors, to over one million: for the Cumberland road, 600,000 dollars, besides 3 millions of dollars for the civil list.

Notwithstanding this enormous amount of appropriations, there is no doubt that the surplus in the treasury on the first of January next, subject to distribution under the act of Congress, will exceed 20 millions of dollars.

[*National Intelligencer.*

The life of Santa Anna and two or three of his officers, hangs, we have reason to believe, on a thread. The President of Texas is, we are informed, anxious to save his life; but who can say what may happen among men, who are hourly receiving accounts of the butchery of their relations and friends by the Mexicans?

[*New York Courier.*

For the Weekly Messenger.

MR. KEEN,—Permit me through the columns of your paper, to give the public a short history of the life and conduct of Daniel Kelso, the champion that attacked me in your last paper, he was elected clerk of York township, during his reign and at the time of holding an election he jumped out of the house and quit his official duties, to fight his brother or some other person, and at the next election he was dropped, he then embarked as a co-partner with an old Dutchman, in the business of legerdemain, as a clown or fiddler and continued with him until the old man was reduced to poverty and became a county charge. He says I cannot make a tale, I'll give him one that I have understood he made himself, viz: "that all the votes of York township could be bought with whiskey"—though that is not so strange as he is so very fond of it himself; for he is often seen swaggering about the grog shops with two black eyes. This man says I have been his "friend over his left shoulder," which is the only truth he has told and I hope to remain so, to him and to every other contemptible being like him. And as for the tale he spoke of, old or new, I never heard of it, until a few days ago, when it was related to me by Daniel Cole, and is as he certifies as follows:

"I Daniel Cole, of Cotton township, hereby certify, that I told Newton H. Tapp about three weeks ago, that I understood that Daniel Kelso in the Rising Sun, did say that the Jackson men might kiss his ——and be——d, "that there was Clay men and Rowdies enough to elect him," July 27 day 1836.!"

[Signed,] DANIEL COLE.

I do certify that I was present and heard the above conversation, given under my hand this 27th day of July 1836.

[Signed,] WILLIAM SEDAM.

O, Dan, repent and quit lying, and your abominable practices before you say any thing about moral depravity, for you are as much of a blackguard and ruffian as there is in the county, when I first saw your piece in the paper, I felt something like the man that was kicked by the Jack-ass, till I saw who it came from, now Dan, you may say or write as you please, I will not notice you any farther unt'l you can get some gentleman to say that you are reformed, and quit your drunkenness, lying and the business of legerdemain, I will remain your friend over the left shoulder as you call it.

NEWTON H. TAPP.

Jefferson, township July 28, 1836.

TWO OCEANS WITHIN FOURTEEN HOURS SAIL!

The Atlantic and the Pacific is likely to be united by Yankee enterprise. The congress of New Grenada has granted to mr. Charles Biddle and others, the exclusive privilege for 50 years, under the name of transportation company of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, to navigate the river Chagress with steam.—A further exclusive privilege for the same period is granted mr. Biddle, for the transportation of goods and passengers, by the rail-way, mackadimized road from the head of navigation of the Chagress to the city of Panama, reserving to the public a transportation road for horses and mules.

Extensive cessions of land are made to mr. Biddle in the same decree, in which colonies of natives and foreigners may be settled, and be exempted from certain contributions for twenty years.

One of the last provisions of the decree, ordains, that if two steamboats at least are not kept in operation, and that the communications are not kept constantly in such a state, (excepting accidents,) as to admit of the *transportation between the Atlantic and Pacific being effected in fourteen hours*, the exclusive privilege is to be forfeited.

DIED—On the 4th of June last, of the measles, near Burlington, Des Moines county, (Wisconsin, territory,) HARRIET CHAMBERLIN, infant daughter of Jared and Eliza Chamberlin, late of this county.

Fair blossom of the early spring,
Wafted to heaven on angel's wing.
This world of pain was not for thee,
For God hath set thy spirit free!
Unto the realms of endless day,
Seraph's have taken thy soul away—
And there eternally shall prove
The mercies of a Saviour's love!

5000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT.

WANTED immediately five thousand bushels of WHEAT, delivered at our ware house in Vevay; for which the highest market price, will be given.

F. G. SHEETS, & Co.

Vevay, July 27.

CASH.

THE subscriber has a sum to expend in improving the roads within his district and will attend at Pernet's in Mountsterling, on Saturday, August 6th at noon, to receive proposals. The cash to be paid when the work is done.

NATHAN WALDEN,
July, 27· overseer of roads—district No 5

SHOES.

100 pair kip brogans for sale by

F. G. SHEETS & Co.

Vevay May 26.

TO MECHANICS.

SEALED proposals will be received, if delivered at the shop of G. G. Knox in Vevay, until the 15th day of August next, at 2 o'clock p. m. for building a Meeting house, for the *Methodist Episcopal* connexion, in the town of Vevay. The brick work of said building to be as follows forty-five feet in length by thirty-five in breadth—fifteen feet six inches high and thirteen inches thick. The first three feet of stone, (which will be given gratis by Francis S. Lindley,) one foot and six inches under ground, the ballance above, of good, sound bricks. The mason to find every thing in his line. Also. The carpenter's work, as follows: to put up four wall plates of good sound timber, a good shingle roof—two sets of joists, the upper ones to be so framed and prepared as to receive an eliptic ceiling, two large folding doors, with lock, key, hinges, bolts &c complete—frames &c for the windows of 24 lights, ten by twelve inches square, all glazed complete. The carpenter to find all materials, and the whole to be completed in a good, substantial and workmanlike manner, on or by the 1st day of December next.

SAMUEL PROTSMAN.
JAMES B. LEWIS,
GEORGE G. KNOX,
FRANCIS S. LINDLY,
JAMES W. COLE. } Trustees.

Vevay, July 23.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

WE wish to purchase a quantity of Wheat, Rye and Barley, for which the highest price will be given in cash, on delivery to

SHAW & ROUS.

Vevay, July 30, 1836.

NEW GOODS,

WE feel thankful to our friends and the public generally, for the liberal patronage heretofore received, and hope by strict attention to business and fair dealing, to still merit a share of public favor.

We wish to inform our customers that we have just received direct from Baltimore, a large assortment of

Domestic Goods.

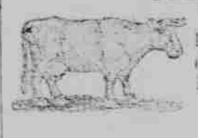
Consisting in part of the following articles:

3-4, 7-8, 4-4, and 6-4, brown sheetings and shirtings; a fine assortment of Merrimack prints; two trunks lady's fine kid seal, morocco, calf and prunella shoes and slippers; two cases men's heavy pegged boots two cases men's fine calf boots, good articles; three cases men's brogans; a few pieces fine 4-4 apron checks; and a few pieces fine satinet checks. Together with a variety of other articles, lately purchased at Cincinnati and Louisville, added to our former stock, makes our assortment complete; and we invite purchasers to call and examine our stock before they purchase elsewhere, as we are satisfied we can sell goods as low as any other house in the county.

SHAW & ROUS.

Vevay, July 30, 1836.

NOTICE.



FOR sale if applied for immediately a first rate fresh MILCH COW and CALF.

Enquire at this office.

Printers Retreat, July 30

STATE OF INDIANA, }
Switzerland county, ss.
Switzerland Circuit Court.

EDWARD PATTON,
vs.
FRANCIS BARNES,
HENRIETTA BARNES,
and
JOHN S. CHAPMAN. } Original bill in chancery.

BE it remembered that on this the 18th day of July 1836, the said complainant Edward Patton by Stevens his solicitor filed in the said circuit court of said county, his original bill in chancery against the said Francis Barnes, Henrietta Barnes and John S. Chapman, and also filed the affidavit required to said bill of a disinterested person by which it satisfactorily appeared that the said defendants are all non residents, that is to say, that neither of them reside in the state of Indiana. Therefore notice is hereby given to the said defendants, and each of them that if they dont appear in the said circuit court, on the first day of the next term thereof to be holden in the court house in the town of Vevay, in said county on the third monday in September next, and defend by pleading, demurring or answering to said bill that it will be taken for confessed, against them, & the matters and things therein decided accordingly.

EDWARD PATTON Clerk.

July 18th 1836, by P. M. KENT deputy.

Whiskey.

WE have a few barrels rectified whiskey which we offer to sell low for cash.

CLARKSON & DUFOUR.

Vevay, June 23d, 1836.

PHINEAS M. KENT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law

WILL be found at the Clerk's Office in Vevay.

May 9.

Ladies Look Here.

A fine selection of Ladies Bonnets, just received and for sale by

CLARKSON & DUFOUR

Vevay, April 23

BOOTS.

6 Cases thick *BOOTS* for sale by

F. G. SHEETS & co.

Vevay, May 26

BLANK DEEDS
for sale at this office,

AUGUST ELECTION.

For Representative.
JOSEPH C. EGGLESTON,
DANIEL KELSO,

School Commissioner.
THOMAS COLE.

County Commissioner,
WILLIAM CUTTER,
MOSES ROBINSON,
JOSIAH WILKINS,
COLIN MUNCY, jun.
THOMAS REEDS,

For Probate Judge,
WILLIAM C. KEEN.

Section 2—AN ACT to organize probate courts, &c—is as follows:

"That no person shall be either elected, commissioned or appointed such judges of the probate court as aforesaid, until he shall first have obtained a certificate from some one of the judges of the supreme court of this state, or from some one of the president judges of the circuit courts, that he is *qualified* to discharge the duties appertaining to the said office."

Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned is desirous of disposing of his farm, containing 123 ACRES, and being a part of section No. 2, T. 3, R. 3 W., and situated on the state road running from New York, on the Ohio river to Indianapolis. Forty-five acres are under good fence and some [illegible] more partially cleared. A bearing ORCHARD of about 200 trees of good fruit.—The buildings are a comfortable log cabin, a log barn and other out houses, with a well of good water, and never failing springs.—The road from Wilmington via. James' mill to Vevay, also passes through it making it a desirable point for public business.

For further particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

EMUEL WILEY.

Cotton township, July 15th 1836.

PROCLAMATION.

THE qualified voters of Switzerland county, state of Indiana, are hereby notified to assemble at the usual places designated for holding elections, in said county,

on Monday, November 7, 1836,

And proceed to elect a number of electors of president and vice president of the United States, equal to the number of senators and representatives to which Indiana may be entitled, by law, in the congress of the United States; which, at this time, is nine. The said election shall commence at and close at the same hours and be conducted in the same manner and by the same officers as is directed by law, for electing members of the general assembly of the state. Given under my hand and seal at my office, this 18th day of June A. D. 1836, and after the 4th of July next, the sixty first of American Independence.

RALPH R. COTTON, sheriff.

Pleasant Township.

Rye. We are authorised to say, that JOHN G. ANDERSON, is a candidate for Justice of the Peace, in said township, in the place of Henry Rogers, whose term has expired.

BUSINESS,

PUBLISHED BY E. LITTELL. Subscriptions received at No. 11 Philadelphia, back of 74 Chestnut st.

Contents of the June Number.

The Tin Trumpet, of Heads and Tales; Winter Shuttles, by Delta; Bloom and Blight; The Snow Fall; Light in Darkness; The Backwoods of Canada; Tocqueville's Democracy in America; The Pope of the Sixteen and Seventeenth Centuries; Fanny Fairfield continued; William Pitt; The Captive, a Tragic Scene by M. G. Lewis; Sparkes's Chapters, VI., VII., VIII., by Captain Marryatt; Liberty and Slavery in America; Scene in Columbia; Mildred Pemberton; Literary Studies of Austria; Discovery of an Englishman at Port Philip; Irish Varieties, Ironsmitry of British Naval Officers; Florence O'Brien, continued. The Charity Sister; Sparkes's Chapter IX, Fanny Fairfield, part III.; Pronunciation in different Nations of Europe; Sabbath Morning.

MOLASSES.

1 TIERCE first rate molasses, just received and for sale by

CLARKSON & DUFOUR.

Vevay, June 25 th.

SALT.

2000 Barrels first quality Kanawha salt just received and for sale by

CLARKSON & DUFOUR.

Vevay, June 25. th.

CHEST CHEESE CHEESE!!

A quantity of good Chest Cheese, just received, and for sale by

CLARKSON & DUFOUR.

Vevay, April 23.