

SHAME.

The subjoined report is from the Journal of Commerce:

"*Fear of the Newspapers.*—A laughable illustration of how much newspaper notoriety is dreaded, by the most dissolute characters, occurred at the police office on Saturday evening. A little grey-headed old woman, appa-
 ralled in the most wretched rags, and whose appearance was altogether the very personification of poverty and drunkenness, was brought up by one of the city marshals, for having committed some misdemeanor in the street. The magistrate having heard the officer's complaint, took up a commitment to send her to prison, and asked her her name in order to fill it up. For some time she made no answer, until after being asked her name several times, she at last, with much seeming reluctance, said that it was Mary Somers.

Magistrate—Is that your real name?
 Prisoner—No sir.
 Magistrate—What is it then?
 Prisoner—Ann Simmons, sir.
 Magistrate—Is this your real name?
 Prisoner—No sir.
 Magistrate—My good woman, do not be trifling with me; tell your real name?

Prisoner—Yes sir.
 Magistrate—What is it?
 Prisoner—Mary O'Connor.
 Magistrate—Is that your real name?
 Prisoner—No sir.
 Magistrate—Will you or will you not tell me your real name?

Prisoner—Yes sir.
 Magistrate—What is it?
 Prisoner—Judy Fitzsimmons.
 Magistrate—Well, I suppose I have your name at last?

Prisoner—No sir.
 Magistrate—What do you mean by such conduct?
 Prisoner—Why, sir, I am afraid that if I give my real name, it will be put into the news-
 paper.

As the magistrate could not get her to tell her real name, he was obliged to commit the as Mrs. —, and she went off to prison comparatively contented, as she knew her name could not be put into the newspapers."

[And let no one think lightly of the objections of Mrs. —; there is hope of her while one spark of shame, one remnant of regard for public estimation, one little grain of early feeling, not to say principle, is left there is hope. At affectionate attention, wholesome discipline, careful seclusion and religious aid, might save the woman who though smitten with drunkenness and consequent squalid poverty, yet has sensitive-
 ness enough to startle at the public registration of her name among the outcast dissolute. This is the ground of the hope, that though the root was old in the earth, and the stock die in the ground, at the scent of water it will bud. But where are they who, for the love of virtue and the soul of this almost abandoned one, will minister to her in prison, and fan within her bosom the last dimming spark that gleams in the ashes of her principles?—U. S. Gazette.

Painting on glass.—A Brussels paper mentions the discovery of a manuscript bearing the date of 1537, which explains the ancient method of extracting colors from metals, minerals, herbs, and flowers, for the purpose of painting on glass. It also shows the manner in which those colors are to be applied, and describes the way in which the glass, destined to receive the colors is to be prepared. The discovery of this process is of some interest; for, after all the modern discoveries in chemistry, there are colors to be found in ancient stained glass, which we cannot approach.

Inoculating Cheese.—What will the ingenuity of man contrive? A method has been discovered of inoculating cheese, or in other words, of transplanting the character of an old cheese into a new one. This rather curious scheme is brought forward as a communication to the Agricultural Journal for March, by John Robinson, Esq. Secretary of the Royal Society of Edinburgh. "If it be required," says he, "to communicate to a new cheese the flavor and appearance of an old, it may be done by the insertion in the new cheese of portions of the old one containing blue mold. The little scoop which is used in taking samples of cheese is a ready made means of performing the operation, by interchanging ten or a dozen rolls which it extracts, and placing them so as to disseminate the germ of the blue mould all over the cheese. A new Stilton cheese treated in this way, and well covered up from the air for a few weeks, will become thoroughly impregnated with the mould, and generally with a flavor hardly to be distinguished from the old. I have sometimes treated half a Lancashire cheese in this way, and have left the other half in its natural state, and have been much amused with the remarks of my friends on the striking superiority of the English over the Scotch one." If the ingenious plan be found really successful on repeated trials by others, Mr. Robinson will deserve our thanks for bringing it forward.

NEWPORT, (Indiana) 8th mo 1834.

Last evening between eight and nine o'clock, we were called upon to witness the most appalling scene that ever occurred within my knowledge. A stroke of lightning fell on the house occupied by Jehiel Hull (brick-maker) recently from Cincinnati, whose wife lay sick of a fever, and many of the citizens were there waiting to see her expire; and painful to relate, the electric fluid struck two of the number down to rise no more; and in something less than an hour, J. Hull's wife ex-

pired, making three persons in the same house corpses. The two women struck with lightning were sisters to J. Hull, one of them wife to Nelson Ball and mother of three children; the other a single woman 17 years of age. One of the women was sitting near the door in a chair, the other near the fire place; the one next the door (which stood open) was much bruised, her skull thought to be broken in several places, and the skin cut through in various places, perhaps done by the broken boards. The skin of the other not broken, but being struck lifeless.

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

Extract of a letter, dated Barbadoes, 20th August, 1834.

I have this instant heard that Jack Brigg's negroes have refused to work this morning, and that he has been obliged to send for Colonel Bush. There have been serious disturbances in Demarara, Trinidad, and I may say in every other Island. Gilbert arrived yesterday, and when he left on the 14th the negroes on the west coast of Essequibo were almost in a state of open rebellion, inasmuch that the Governor had been obliged to go down with a grenadier company of 60 men.

Melancholy death.—The dead body of a man was lately found about ten miles south of Fort Wayne, Indiana, which is supposed to have been in the same situation several weeks. It was in such a state of decomposition that it could not be recognised; but it appeared to have been that of a man about 30 years of age, and 5 feet 7 inches high. He had on a pair of jeans pantaloons, and striped awnsdown vest; no papers of any description nor any money found about him. One of the jurors, at the inquest held over him, recognized the pantaloons as a pair he had sold to a stranger some months ago. It is conjectured that the unfortunate man had fallen sick while travelling, and left the road in search of water, and had probably lingered in the place where he was found, for two or three days before death put an end to his sufferings; the bushes, in two or three places, were twisted and tied together, so as to form a screen or shelter, which it is probable he had done to shield himself from the rays of the sun.

NOTICE.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Hunn-will Haskell, deceased, late of Craig township, Switzerland county, state of Indiana, and to all other persons interested.

WHEREAS, heretofore, to wit, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1829, Hunn-will Haskell, of Craig township, Switzerland county, state of Indiana, executed and delivered to the undersigned, his bond or obligation in writing, under his hand and seal, and witnessed by P. Harvey and B. Lamson, for the conveyance of the following described piece, parcel or tract of land, in the township, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows:—"FORTY acres, more or less, being a part of the south-east corner, No. twenty-five, in township two, range four, east of the meridian line, in the district of lands offered for sale at Cincinnati, bound as follows, to wit:—beginning at the north-east corner of Haskell's garden, and running west, sixty rods, to the lands of George Walter—thence, a long Walter's line, west, to Peters' land—thence south, down the branch, to the land of Smith Gardner—thence east, up the branch, to the state road—thence north, to the garden or place of beginning;" so soon as the sum of \$250 were fully and finally paid, in partial sums and at times in said bond mentioned—all of which sum of \$250, has been fully and finally paid, to the administrator of said Haskell's estate, by the undersigned—And whereas, the said Hunn-will Haskell has, since the making of said title bond, departed this life, without having made the necessary provisions by will or otherwise for the conveyance of said land, therefore, notice is hereby given to the heirs and legal representatives of the said HUNN-WILL HASKELL, deceased, and all others in any way or manner interested, that the undersigned, will petition and move the judge of the Switzerland Probate Court, on the first day of the next November term of said court, (to be holden in the town of Vevay, county aforesaid, on Monday, the tenth day of November next,) to appoint a commissioner to convey said tract of land, by deed, in conformity to the conditions of said written obligation, and the statutes in such cases made and provided.

JAMES CRAIG.

Craig township, September 29.

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING at the post-office at Mount Sterling, Indiana, on the 30th day of September, 1834; which if not taken out before the 1st day of January next, will be sent to the general post-office, as dead letters.

Joseph Adkinson George W. Baldwin,
 James Cooper, Thomas Cole,
 Sarah Elston, Russell Lund,
 Henry H. Mitchell, Harvey Pease,
 Joseph Todd, Jacob Valentine.
 E. PERNET, post master.
 Mount Sterling, October 1.

TO FARMERS.

THE owner of a farm, one mile above Jackson-ville, wishes to employ some person to put in TWENTY ACRES OF WHEAT, for him immediately; for which he will pay CASH. The ground is an oat stubble, very mellow, and can be plowed easily now, notwithstanding the drought. Apply to Isaac Chamberlain, adjoining the land or at this office.
 September 25.

LETTERS remaining in the post-office at Printer's Retreat, Indiana, on the 30th of September, 1834.

Lewis A. Clark, 2—Samuel Butler—John De-graw—Mary Richards.
 WILLIAM C. KEEN, P. M.
 October 3.

The state of Indiana, Ripley county, SS.

RIPLEY CIRCUIT COURT,
 AUGUST TERM, 1834.

THOMAS JOHNSON,
 vs.
 SARAH JOHNSON, } Libel for Divorce

ON THIS DAY, to wit, the 4th day of the term aforesaid, came now here into court, the said Thomas Johnson, by his counsel, and files his bill to dissolve the bands of matrimony heretofore solemnized between him and the said Sarah Johnson, for reasons contained in said bill; and it appearing to the satisfaction of said court, that the said SARAH is not a resident of the state of Indiana, it is ordered by the court, that notice of the pendency of said bill be given by publication in the Weekly Messenger, a newspaper printed and published at Printer's Retreat, in the county of Switzerland, for three weeks successively, at least sixty days prior to the next term of this court, and that the defendant appear on the first day of the next term of this court and answer the said bill, or the matters and things will be determined in her absence, and this cause is continued. A copy—Test.

DAVID P. SHOOK, clerk R. C. C.
 CRAVENS & SULLIVAN, petitioners attorneys,
 Versailles, Sep. 22—October 3.

Estate of William B. Coy.

IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Switzerland county, Ia., entered at the August term, 1834, the creditors of said estate are hereby notified, that the undersigned, administrator of said estate, having discovered that the personal estate of said decedent was insufficient to pay the outstanding debts against the same, and that said decedent died seized of no real estate, out of which said debts could be satisfied—reported the same to the court, and filed an inventory of the debts aforesaid, so far as they have come to his knowledge; as also a statement of the assets belonging to said estate in his possession, out of which said debts are to be paid so far as the same will go, and prayed said court for relief in the premises. Now, if any of the creditors of said estate shall fail to notify said administrator of the existence and extent of their respective claims, by filing the same, or a statement of the nature, description and date of the contract or assumption, upon which the same may be founded, in the office of the clerk of said court, previous to the final distribution of the assets of the estate aforesaid, such claims will be postponed in favor of more diligent creditors. And the creditors of said estate are notified to appear at the Probate court, to be holden at the court house in Vevay, on the second Monday in May, A. D. 1835, at which time all claims filed as aforesaid, will be finally heard, acted upon, and determined by said court.
 JOHN LAMPTON, Adm'r.
 of the estate of William B. Coy, dec'd.
 August 11, 1834.

BEWARE OF FRAUD.

WHEREAS, on the 22d instant, I gave my promissory note to JAMES LEWIS, of Vevay, for the sum of \$40 00, payable one year after date, witnessed by A. Twineham, as I then thought, for a valuable consideration; but have since ascertained was false—therefore, all persons are cautioned against trading for said note, as I will not pay it.

HENRY GARARD,
 Jefferson township, September 24.

Estate of William Coy.

IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Switzerland county, Ia., entered at the August term, 1834, the creditors of said estate are hereby notified, that the undersigned, administrator of said estate, having discovered that the personal estate of said decedent was insufficient to pay the outstanding debts against the same, and that said decedent died seized of no real estate, out of which said debts could be satisfied—reported the same to the court, and filed an inventory of the debts aforesaid, so far as they have come to his knowledge; as also a statement of the assets belonging to said estate in his possession, out of which said debts are to be paid so far as the same will go, and prayed said court for relief in the premises. Now, if any of the creditors of said estate shall fail to notify said administrator of the existence and extent of their respective claims, by filing the same, or a statement of the nature, description and date of the contract or assumption, upon which the same may be founded, in the office of the clerk of said court, previous to the final distribution of the assets of the estate aforesaid, such claims will be postponed in favor of more diligent creditors. And the creditors of said estate are notified to appear at the Probate court, to be holden at the court house in Vevay, on Tuesday, the 11th day of November next, at which time all claims filed as aforesaid, will be finally heard, acted upon, and determined by said court.

JOSEPH S. LILLARD, Adm'r.
 of the estate of William Coy, dec'd.
 August 14, 1834.

ROBERT DRUMMOND,
 Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
 VEVAY, INDIANA.

KEEPS his office on Ferry street, immediately opposite the Post-Office. Business submitted to his care will be faithfully and punctually attended to.
 His Justices' Office is kept at the same place, where he also attends to all conveyancing business.
 Vevay, September 19.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, living in Posey township, Switzerland county, Ia., one mile east of the Barkworks, wishes to dispose of ONE PAIR OF MILL STONES, 3 feet and one inch across. Also, one set of Mill Irons, together with the Hopper and Curb, &c, which he will sell low for cash.

JONATHAN ROBINSON.
 September 5, 1834.

70,000 FEET OF 4" and 5" plank, principally clear stuff, for sale, on reasonable terms. Apply to
 THOMAS GILLILAND.

PROSPECTUS OF THE

REPUBLIC OF LETTERS.

THIS is the title of a new weekly paper, devoted to the republication of the standard works of the best writers.

It is well printed on paper of the finest quality made entirely of linen; each number contains sixteen 4to pages, making one volume of 832 pages per annum.

It will be sent by mail to any part of the United States or Canada, upon the proprietor receiving THREE DOLLARS per annum, post paid.

Nos. 1 and 2 contain the Man of Feeling, by Mackenzie, and The Vicar of Wakefield, by Goldsmith; Nos. 3 and 4, Tales of the Hall, by the Rev. George Crabbe; No. 5, commences the letters of Lady Mary Wortly Montague. There will be no abridgement of the work of any author.

WILLIAM PEARSON.

Proprietor, 115 Fulton street,

City of New-York

OPINIONS OF THE PEEES.

Republic of Letters.

Under this title, Mr. William Pearson of this city has commenced an enterprise which we really think deserving of great success. It is a publication which in the shape of a quarto newspaper or magazine, is intended to furnish the public with a copy of a great number of the most approved and elegant works of English literature. The publication contains 16 pages quarto, and is somewhat larger than the London Weekly Magazine. The paper on which it is printed is not merely beautiful to the eye, but is of the very best quality, and sized, so that one may write on it without blotting. The typography is at once neat and legible, and the whole style of the execution has far more the appearance of London than New York. To show the reader at what a cheap rate a library may be procured through the means of this publication, we may mention that the first number contains the whole of Mackenzie's Man of Feeling, a fourth part of Goldsmith's Vicar of Wakefield; for all of which the price is SIXPENCE. From what we know respecting this novel and laudable enterprise, we have the greatest confidence that the selection of works for the REPUBLIC OF LETTERS will always be submitted to the decision of gentlemen of such standing in literature, as to ensure that only the worthiest productions will find a place in it.—Evening Post.

"We have intended, as each successive number appeared, to notice this judicious publication. To those who are not apprised of the plan upon which it is conducted, it is merely necessary to observe, that it is a weekly issue of a beautifully printed quarto sheet at six cents a number, each number containing one or more octavo volumes. When it is added that 'The Man of Feeling,' and 'The Vicar of Wakefield,' two of the finest classics in our language, may thus be had for 124 cents, it will be seen, that both from the true taste and the liberality with which it is conducted, there can be no publication which promises better to diffuse abroad a knowledge of the models of polite literature than the Republic of Letters.—The last number published contains 'The Tales of the Hall,' by Crabbe, one of the most vigorous of modern writers. His style, indeed though strikingly original, is often overdone; and his subjects are of so coarse a character as frequently to leave a harsh and unpleasant impression upon the reader, but there is ever a truth to nature in her humblest guise, which renders his minute delineations and skillful dissections of character invaluable."—New York American.

"We have before us the first numbers of the Republic of Letters, a publication of the design and scope of which the reader may remember we took some notice several weeks ago. In these three numbers, each of sixteen small quarto pages, are contained the whole of Mackenzie's Man of Feeling, the whole of the Vicar of Wakefield, and more than half of Crabbe's best work, the Tales of the Hall. These works in the ordinary shape, occupy four or five duodecimo volumes, and could not be procured at from less than three to five dollars. In the Republic of Letters they occupy three numbers of a paper the size of this journal, as folded for delivery, and are sold at the prodigious low price of eighteen cents. This is making literature cheap indeed, and depriving poverty of all excuse for ignorance. And let it not be supposed that this extraordinary cheapness is attained by printing the work on poor materials. On the contrary, the typography is uncommonly beautiful, and the paper is of a quality much superior to what is commonly used in book printing, even the best Boston editions. It is as white as snow, is composed either wholly, or in great part, of linen and may be written upon as smoothly and fluently as the sheet on which we are inditing this article, which is on Giltin's best."—Evening Post.

"A weekly publication, bearing to the above titles, has been undertaken by Mr. Pearson.—The design of the work is to place in the hands of all the old standard works, which are now generally referred to as the acme of polite literature; a course of reading, particularly followed by those desirous of inculcating a correct taste. The undertaking is deserving, and should meet with a liberal patronage. Each number contains 16 pages of closely printed matter; the typographical execution of which is unsurpassed; the price is only sixpence—being by far the cheapest, as well as most useful publication that has yet appeared. The present number contains Mackenzie's Man of Feeling, and part of Goldsmith's Vicar of Wakefield."—Evening Star.

"Under this title, Mr. William Pearson has commenced a weekly Periodical, which is certainly the cheapest that ever came to our notice. It is intended to embrace only standard works.—The first number contains Mackenzie's Man of Feeling, and one fourth of the Vicar of Wakefield, the price of which is but six cents. The fifty-two numbers, or the years publication, will at this rate, contain some fifty or sixty of the best works in the English language, and cost but three dollars. The paper and typography are besides excellent."—Courier and Enquirer.

(C7) Subscriptions received at this office.

BLANKS

For sale at this office.

NEW STORE

IN VEVAY, INDIANA.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Would respectfully announce to the citizen of Switzerland county, Indiana, that he has just received from the east, and has opened in the store room, on the corner of Main and Ferry sts, and opposite Le Clerc's hotel, in the town of Vevay.

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

Suited to this and the approaching season.

As the subscriber intends transacting a general RETAIL BUSINESS, his establishment will be found to contain, at all times, a general assortment of

MERCHANDISE,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, Hardware,

QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.

Also—a large assortment of IRON and NAILS, SHOES and COTTON YARN.

Intending, as the subscriber does, to make his profits small, he feels confident in saying, that he will be enabled to sell Goods much lower than they have heretofore been offered in the town of Vevay—he hopes therefore, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

JOHN M. KING.

Vevay, September 11—24.

N. B. He is making arrangements, of which, when completed, he will give public notice, to receive various kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

The state of Indiana, Switzerland county, SS.

DANIEL DUFOUR,

vs.

GARRETT PERKINS, } CHANCERY

SWITZERLAND CIRCUIT COURT,

September Term, 1834.

COMES the complainant, by Sullivan, his counsel, and files his bill herein, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that said defendant is not a resident of the state of Indiana. It is therefore, considered by the court, that notice of the pendency of this suit be given by advertising the same for four weeks successively in some newspaper printed in the county of Switzerland, that unless said defendant shall appear at the first day of the next term of this court, to be holden at the court-house in Vevay, on the third Monday in March next, then and there to enter his appearance herein, and plead, answer or demur, the matters and things alleged in complainant's bill, will be taken as confessed and decree made thereon in his absence, and this cause stands continued until the next term of this court.

A true copy—Test.

EDWARD PATTON, clerk.

Clerk's office, September 24.

The Saturday Evening Visitor,

Published every Saturday

BY EPHRAIM LLOYD,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Is designed to be the repository of Literature, and the Fine Arts; and also, of Agricultural, Mechanical, Commercial, and Miscellaneous Intelligence; News, both Foreign and Domestic, together with political information, such as is calculated to enlighten its readers without distracting them, shall be liberally diffused through its columns. It is the largest paper in the West; contains more matter than any other, and consequently, as will be seen by the terms, is the cheapest. It is afforded at Two dollars in advance, or Two dollars and fifty cents, after three months. Those who shall remit the publisher \$15, exclusive of postage, for eight subscribers, shall be entitled to the ninth copy, he risking remittances by mail.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having sold out his STOCK OF GOODS, (lately in the possession of Mr. George McCulloch, of this place,) requests those indebted to him to make immediate payment. His notes, books and accounts are in the hands of PERRET DUFOUR, Esq. for collection. Those who are not prepared to make immediate payment, can, by calling on Mr. Dufour and securing the amount they owe obtain time for payment.

Debts payable in produce, may be discharged by delivery of the produce to Mr. William Brander, of Vevay, who is appointed to receive the same. Those debts it is expected will be punctually discharged.

JAMES S. BRANDER.

Vevay, September 19.

The state of Indiana, Switzerland county, SS.

HENRY WAITE, } CHANCERY

vs.

The heirs of John Cunningham, } Bill for Spec. Perf.

SWITZERLAND CIRCUIT COURT,

September Term, 1834.

NOW comes said complainant, by Eggleston, his solicitor, and it being proved to the satisfaction of the court, that process, in this case, had been duly served upon Jonathan and William Cunningham, two of the defendants herein, and they not appearing on the calling of this cause, to answer said plaintiff's bill, although thrice solemnly called, the said plaintiff's said bill as to him, is taken as confessed—and the said plaintiff proving to the satisfaction of the court, that the other defendants are not residents of the state, it is ordered by the court, that notice of the pendency of this bill of complaint be given said defendants, by publication for four weeks successively in some newspaper printed and published in Switzerland county Indiana, or if none be published therein, then in some newspaper published next nearest thereto, and this cause is continued until the next term of this court, &c.

A true copy—Test.

EDWARD PATTON, clerk.

Clerk's office, Vevay, September 24.