

# WEEKLY MESSENGER.



THE MESSENGER.  
Printer's Retreat, Indiana.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1833.

## VOLUME III.

This number commences our third volume of the Weekly Messenger; and we conceive this to be a proper occasion to tender our unfeigned acknowledgments to our patrons for the very liberal encouragement extended to us. We intend, within the first quarter, of this volume, to enlarge our sheet to an IMPERIAL, which we will deliver to our subscribers at the present subscription price.

The increase in the size of our paper will necessarily create considerable expense, we hope that all those who are indebted to us, who conveniently can, will pay, at least, a part of what they owe.

### COUNTY SEMINARY.

On Monday next, we are informed, the trustees of the seminary are to meet in Vevay, to locate the site of the seminary of Switzerland county. We know of no place in the county more suitable for its location, than Jacksonsville; as that place presents every thing desirable for such an institution—central locality—health, wholesome water—pleasant scene, good society, and in the heart of agricultural population. As the trustees alone, are to determine the question, we do not deem it necessary to say more on the subject, as they are well acquainted with all the acknowledged advantages of that place.

Horton Howard the great champion of the steam system, died a few days ago, in Chillicothe, Ohio, of the cholera.

The following is the official returns of the votes given in the 4th Congressional district, at the late general election:

Counties,	Line.	Test.	McCarty.
Dearborn	1311	705	62
Decatur	471	533	43
Franklin	603	603	204
Ripley	421	359	71
Rush	825	669	189
Switzerland	533	445	107
	4254	3455	676

Amos Lane's maj. over John Test, 799; Lane's majority over McCarty, 3,578; Lane's maj. over Test and McCarty, 123.

### KENTUCKY CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.

The following persons are ascertained to be elected to Congress from the State of Kentucky:

First District—Chittenden Lyon, 2d. Albert G. Hawes, 3d Christopher Tompkins, 4th Martin Beatty, 5th Robert E. Letcher, 6th Thomas Chilton, 7th, Benjamin Hardin, 8th, Patrick H. Pope, 9th, James Love, 10th, Chilton Allen, 11th, Amos Davis, 12th, Thomas A. Marshall, 13th, Col. Richard M. Johnson.

North Carolina.—The following gentlemen have been elected to Congress from the State of North Carolina: Messrs. Jesse Speight, Thomas H. Hall, M. T. Hawkins, Abraham Rencher, J. M'Kay, D. L. Barringer, Edmund Deberry, L. H. Williams, W. B. Shepard, A. H. Shepherd, Henry Conner, and Jesse A. Bynum.\* The district last represented by S. P. Carson, is the only one yet to be heard from. New members are marked thus \*

Methodist College.—The Pittsburgh Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, have resolved upon re-opening the Allegany College, at Meadville, Pennsylvania. The first of November is appointed for the reception of students; the following gentlemen have been selected professors under the new arrangements: Rev. Martin Ruter, D. D. President of the Faculty, and Professor of Moral Science; Rev. Homer J. Clarke, A. M. Vice President, and Professor of Mathematics, and Augustus W. Ruter, A. B.

The Miners' Journal, a paper published in Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, gives an account of a man in that neighbourhood, who was bitten by a rattle snake, and by the heroic interposition of a friend, saved from a death otherwise inevitable. One of the assistants, Mr. Henry Hopkins, of Massachusetts, immediately hastened to the spot, and applied his lips to the wound, sucking it for some time, and as long as it appeared to him, the treatment could be of any service; both recovered.

The people adjacent to Buffalo, State of New York, have formed a "Society for the detection of thieves, and trespassers on orchards, gardens," &c. The depredators are described as "men, boys apprentices, Swiss, Dutch, clerks, and frequently individuals having the appearance of gentlemen."

An Old Sinner.—A woman aged 103 years, was lately taken up drunk in one of the streets of New York, by a watchman. Her ladyship has been accommodated with an apartment in the almshouse, for six months, a sentence at which she demurred, but without effect.

SENATORIAL ELECTION.—We understand (says the Indiana Journal,) that on a re-examination of the votes at one of the townships in Hamilton county, it was ascertained that Austin W. Morris had received one vote more than was given him by the return. The mistake, however, was not discovered till it was too late to have it rectified, before the official return was made, and consequently Mr. Morrison having a majority of one vote according to the official return, obtained the certificate.

### Very late from Europe.

By the packet ship Canada, Captain Britton, arrived at New York, London papers to July 31st has been received.

The discussion on the details of the Slavery Abolition bill was going forward with every prospect that it would pass without material alteration.

In the house of Commons, July 26th, the East India company's charter bill was read a third time and passed.

The first of the "Three Days," passed off in Paris without any disturbance.

There is nothing further from Portugal, of an authentic character, except by way of Madrid. These accounts represent the Pedroite army to have reached Stotubal, on the left bank of the Tagus, opposite Lisbon. A rumor, indeed prevails, that Lisbon had been captured—but this appears to have been without foundation.

A superior officer, despatched for Portugal by the French government, reached Brest from Paris on the 17th inst. He is said to be the bearer of the formal recognition of Donna Maria by his government, to be published the moment her majesty's troops shall have become masters of Lisbon.

### Death of William Wilberforce.

LONDON, July 29.—It is this day our melancholy duty to announce the death of William Wilberforce, a name with which there is probably associated more of love and veneration than ever fell to the lot of any single individual throughout the civilized globe.

At one period the sad event would have been felt as a grievous national calamity, and even now the tidings of his departure will be heard with the deepest sorrow through every part of the empire. But he worked while it was called to-day, remembering the night was coming wherein no man may work. And he was not permitted to leave the scene of his labors till he beheld the great cause to which he had dedicated all the energies of his soul triumphant, and the fetters of the negro about to be struck off for ever.

The sad event took place last night at the house of Mr. Smith, in Cadogan place. Mr. Wilberforce was in the 74th year of his age. We understand that Mr. Wilberforce has directed in his will that his funeral should be conducted without the smallest pomp, and that his body should be interred in the family vault of his brother-in-law, in the churchyard of Stote Newington, pursuant to promise made to the late Mr. Stephen.

LONDON, July 31st.—Yesterday in the

house of lords, earl Grey moved the 3d

reading of the Church Temporalities

(Ireland) bill. This led to considerable debate. Lord Winsford, the duke of Wellington, &c. opposed the bill.

Lord Bexley opposed the bill, and deprecated the principle of vesting in commissioners the whole landed property of the church of Ireland. He could not help thinking that if they adopted this bill they would be sanctioning an open

violation of the act of Union with Ireland.

He considered that the reduction proposed by this bill to be made in the revenues of two of the Irish bishoprics, on the ground that these revenues were at present too large, went very far to establish the principle of Agrarian law, and to such a principle, he, for one, could never give his assent. For these reasons, he felt bound to vote against the third reading of the bill—(cries of "question, question.")

The house then divided upon the motion that this bill be read a third time, when there appeared—

Contents present, 70  
Proxies, 65—135  
Non-contents present, 50  
Proxies, 31—81

Majority in favor of the third reading, 54

On our re-admission to the gallery we found Earl Grey moving a clause, by way of a rider to the bill.

At the suggestion of some Noble duke, (the duke of Cumberland, we believe,) the clause was agreed to. The ministers have been defeated.

### FRANCE.

PARIS, July, 23.—The first of the gloomy anniversary days were set apart as a public mourning, at sunrise, at noon, and at evening, guns were fired at the hotel de Ville, on board a vessel from the Quai d'Orsay, and at the Invalids; and every quarter of an hour throughout the day a gun was fired from the Hotel de Ville, and answered by the other batteries.

A monument was constructed in the Place de la Bastile, in honor of the victims of the three days, bearing inscriptions, and decorated with tri-colored flags covered with crape. At the sever-

al places where the victims were buried—at the Marche des Innocents, the Champ de Mars, the Rue de Foldman, and the Place des Innocents—black hangings were raised with the inscription, in white letters, of "Morte pour la patrie. Guards of honor, consisting of the National Guards and regiment of the garrison, were stationed in these places the whole of the day, and the bands of the different corps played from time to time funeral pieces. At the Louvre a funeral column was erected, bearing the dates of three days. In the evening colored fires were lighted on the tripodes.

On the platform of the Point Neuf 3 large Royal standards were hoisted on masts nearly a hundred feet high, and ornamented at the base with funeral devices, at sunrise, each bearing in letters of gold, the date of one of three days.—Tri-colored flags were also floating from the tower Notre Dame, St. Gervais, and St. Germans l'Auxerrois.

The Point d'Arcole was also decorated with great taste. All the iron chains were decorated with foliage, above which were a number of small tri-colored flags, with one of large dimensions rising above them.

Funeral services were performed in all the parishes, and attended by the municipal authorities, the staff of the legion and a number of officers, national guard, &c.

NAPOLEON, (Indiana,) August 28.

### HORRID BUI CUDERY.

Two men were mortally wounded on the 22d instant, one mile and a half north of Napoleon, on the State road leading to Indianapolis. A man named John Bassel, was indicted for perjury, and a writ handed to the officer to apprehend him. The officer summoned three citizens of the neighborhood to assist in taking said Bassel, and after he was taken, he requested to be permitted to go into his son in law's house, to make some arrangements, and then go with them. When he got into the house, he immediately seized his gun and butcher knife and gave battle. Daniel Booker, a stout, able-bodied man, laid hold of the gun and a scuffle ensued, when Bassel let loose the gun and made at Jacob Hudson, and stabbed him in the breast, the point of the knife ranging downwards, giving a deep wound, supposed to be four inches deep—then turning round gave Booker a mortal wound immediately under the shoulder blade, the one he supposed to be three inches in length—then leaving him, put at the head man, who gave him a blow on the head, which broke his club, and then retreated. Bassel took to the woods and has not been taken. Booker cannot survive—Hudson may recover.

Bassel is a man of swarthy complexion; of a small size, about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, 50 years of, and a scar over one of his eyes, rather a downlook. It is reported that he left Kentucky for killing a man in that State.

Col. Bon has beaten his most prominent opponent, 2849 votes; and received a majority of the whole number of votes given in the first district in Indiana.

### ITEMS OF NEWS.

A Murderer Caught!—Cader Heron, the murderer of John Comer, lately advertised as having escaped from the jail of Bartholomew county, Indiana, has been arrested in the State of Illinois.

Exemplary Punishment.—Among the sentences lately given by the New York Special Sessions, five men were sentenced to six months imprisonment at hard labour for beating their wives.

A Golden Rock—A Savannah paper mentions the finding in the Georgian gold territory, of a rock which weighed 28 pounds, with particles of gold so richly interspersed with it, as to command an offer of 100 dollars from a person present at the time of its discovery, which offer was refused by the finder.

A puppy named Spencer was lately sentenced to 30 days imprisonment in New York, at the last term of the Special Sessions, for assaulting a respectable lady in one of the streets, at night.

It is a curious fact, in the act of vegetable poisons, that a plant may be killed by the poison which it has itself secreted, as a viper may be stung to death by his own venom.

Baltimore, it is said, is flourishing beyond example. About 1,500 new houses are building there this season.

On the first of August last, the species in the vaults of the United States Bank amounted to \$10,098,816 06. The species in the vaults of all the State Banks in the Union, is said to be \$10,953,950.

Poverty in England.—Mr. Rush, in his lately published work on England, says, that many services of plate cost from 30,000 to 80,000 pounds sterling, and that one dress sword cost 4,000 guineas.

The Natchez Journal estimates that the number of slaves in the State of Mississippi who have died of Cholera, is not over 1,000, and in the State of Louisiana at 10,000, or about 8 per cent. of the entire slave population. Gen. Wade Hampton is said to have lost 700 slaves.

The enormous quantity of 6,948,205 gallons of proof spirits were consumed in England, Scotland, and Ireland, during the quarter ending the 5th April, 1833.

Most Extraordinary!—An eastern paper has the following curious circumstance, not often to be noted: "A gentleman from Mount Bethel, called at our office, and paid for his paper six months in advance! We now look daily for another comet."

It will be perceived by the official returns transmitted to the office of the Secretary of State, that there is an even vote between Doctor Davis and Mr. Ewing, in the Vincennes District. As there is no provision in the law or Constitution governing Congressional elections, in case of a tie between two candidates, the public mind will be somewhat on the stretch to find out means to dispose of these would be Congress men. We see no other plan should all prove to be correct, than for the two champions again to take the field.—*Indiana Democrat.*

Mr. Albert C. Lester, of Quakertown, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, lately shot a bald eagle, in the vicinity of that place, which measured six feet from the tip of one wing to the tip of the other.

A fellow in London has been fined 60 shillings for cruelty, in pulling out the teeth of a squirrel; and a man in Boston was lately fined \$8, for beating his horse unmercifully.

The Lexington Observer mentions a report, that 30 convicts had died of Cholera in the Kentucky Penitentiary.

John Bouldin has been elected to Congress in Virginia, in place of the late John Randolph.

*American's Blush!*—We find the following paragraph in the Boston Transcript.

"England is by no means the only soil in Europe which gives liberty to the slave who's feet may touch it. Austria has carried her philanthropy to the utmost verge of her dominions. 'Every slave,' says the Austrian decree of the 5th August 1826, 'who steps upon the Austrian soil or even the deck of an Austrian vessel, becomes free.' The law of Prussia, no so far back as 1784, enacted, 'That so soon as any strangers who have slaves with them, or any of the subjects of the Prussian Crown, who may purchase slaves in foreign lands, and fix their abode with it, slavery instantly ceases.'

### Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Storey & Case*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having demands against them are requested to present them for settlement; and all persons indebted to them are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers *immediately*. The senior partner intending going to the South soon for the benefit of his health, it is absolutely necessary that the business should be settled *without delay*.

EDWIN S. STOREY.

JOHN H. CASE.

MOSES CHAMBERLIN.

Jacksonville, Aug. 31, 1833.

### NOTICE.

MOSES CHAMBERLIN having purchased from Mr. Storey his part of the Store, which was lately carried on under the firm of *STOREY & CASE*, business will still be continued as usual by the subscribers, under the firm of *CASE & CHAMBERLIN*.

JOHN H. CASE.

MOSES CHAMBERLIN.

Jacksonville, Aug. 31, 1833.

### A BARGAIN.

ONE of the best Quarter Sections of Land, with about thirty acres improved, and a good Frame House on the same, with improvements, lying in Cotton township, Switzerland county. On the premises there are several excellent springs, and the whole well watered; warranted United States title, safe property, and free from any incumbrance whatever.

This property will be sold low for CASH; one or two good horses will be taken in part pay. The owner wants money, or else he would not sell. Possession can be given at any time; apply to ROBERT N. COCHRAN.

Woodpark, Sept. 6, 1833.

### UNION HALL.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends, and the public generally, that he continues to keep a House of Entertainment at the old stand, formerly kept by Mr. Amos Gilbert, in the town of VEVAY, Indiana. He has fitted up the house in a superior manner, and hopes to please all who feel disposed to