

Horrors of War.—In the hospitals of Wilna, there were above 17,000 dead and dying, frozen and freezing. The bodies of the former, broken up, served to stop the cavities in the windows, floors and walls; but in some of the passages of the great convent, above 1,500 bodies were piled up transversely like pigs of lead or iron. When those were finally removed on sledges to be buried, the most extraordinary figures were presented by the variety of their attitudes, for none seemed to have been frozen in a composed state; each was fixed in the last action of his life—in the last direction given to his limbs; even his eyes retained the last expression either of anger, pain, or entreaty. In the roads, men were gathered around the burning ruins of cottages which a mad spirit of destruction had fired, picking and eating the burnt bodies of their fellow men—while thousands of horses were moaning in agony, with their flesh mangled and hacked, to satisfy the cravings of a hunger that knew no pity. Such were some of the calamities which followed the retreat of the French army from Moscow.

Five substantial Pennsylvania farmers, belonging to the town of Somerset, on the 22d ult. went to hunt squirrels. In the evening they returned with 214 which they had killed and secured. A good day's work.

A friend has kindly favored us with the following interesting paragraph.

People who are not in the habit of looking into statistics are not aware of the vast disproportion in the density of the population between the different sections of the United States. New England is far more densely settled than any other section of the country. In fact the population of Massachusetts which in this respect far exceeds that of the other New England States, presents a greater number to the square mile than many of the countries in Europe, even including of those which for centuries have been considered populous Kingdoms. Spain for instance, has an average of but 73 individuals to the square mile; Scotland but 71; Denmark but 76; while Massachusetts has 75. We subjoin a list of the several States of the Union, with the number of inhabitants to the square mile in each respectively, viz:

Massachusetts has 78 to the square mile; Connecticut 63; Rhode Island 62; New York 44; New Jersey 38; Delaware 83; Maryland 32; Pennsylvania 29; New Hampshire 28; Vermont 28; Ohio 25; South Carolina 18; Virginia 17; Tennessee 17; Kentucky 17; North Carolina 15; Maine 12; Indiana 11; Georgia 9; Alabama 6; Louisiana 5; Illinois 3; Mississippi 2; Missouri 2; *Boston Atlas.*

Mr. Lucas Knapp of the town of Austerlitz, has a team of dogs, with which he is in the habit of riding out daily. The dogs are about fourteen months old, and the last December, when the roads were bad, they travelled from the residence of Mr. Knapp (who is a cripple) to Winchester, Connecticut, a distance of 60 miles, in one day, drawing him in a small wagon which he has for that purpose. He returned by the same novel conveyance in the same space of time. — *Columbia N. Y. Centinel.*

Different Ways of doing the same thing. "Pray excuse me," said a well dressed young man to a young lady in the second tier of boxes at the theatre: "I wish to go up stairs and get some refreshment—don't leave your seat." A sailor seated in the box near his sweet heart, and disposed to do the same thing, rose and said, "Harkee, Mall. I'm going aloft to wet my whistle; don't fall overboard while I'm gone."

Distressing case.—Saturday's report of the season "down east," is confirmed to-day by a letter from Thomastown, Me., in which the writer says:—"It has rained almost incessantly for six weeks. I am afraid we shall not raise a single radish,—that troubles me very much." [*Boston Mer. Journal.*]

A writer in the N. Y. Evening Post states, "that navigators, in steering north, seldom enter the Arctic circle before the month of June, when instead of the rising and setting of the sun, they behold the king of day coursing his flaming steeds at midnight."

Anagrams.—The letters in the word "warranted," will spell one hundred and sixty-seven good English words, besides many others in different languages.

Noise of the Anvil.—A blacksmith of Milan has, to the comfort of his neighbors, especially the rich, successfully practised a very simple contrivance to diminish, in a remarkable degree, the loud noise caused by the percussion of the hammer on the anvil. It is merely to suspend a piece of iron chain to one of horns of the anvil, which carries off a great portion of the acute sound usually produced.

One of the Mormons has become dissatisfied with his new faith and brethren, and has denounced them all in a Western field, N. Y. paper in the following words:—"And now I testify to you before God and these witnesses, that I never had a ny impressions or exercises different from other times, since I joined the Mormons; and the tongues spoken by me are of my own invention, and that, as far as my own knowledge extends, the whole is a farce, and may my fate be like that of Ananias and Sapphira, if I do not speak the truth, honestly before God."

Thomas Tyrrel, of Missouri, advertises that a Cancer upon his nose, which had been treated without success by Dr. Smith of New Haven, and the ablest surgeons in the Western country, had been cured in the following manner: He was recommended to use strong potash made of the lye of the ashes of red oak bark, boiled down to the consistency of molasses, to cover the Cancer with it and in about an hour afterwards, cover this with a plaster of tar, which must be removed after a few days; and if protuberances appear in the wound, apply more potash to them, and then the plaster again, until they all disappear, after which heal the wound with any common salve. Cantery and the knife had previously been used in vain—this treatment effected a speedy and perfect cure.



WEEKLY MESSENGER

PRINTER'S REFRAT, INDIANA.

SATURDAY, AUG. 10, 1833.

We stop the press to give the following official returns just received, viz:

	TEST.	LANE.
Switzerland county,	445	533
Dearborn county,	790	1,350
Ripley county,	433	497
Decatur co. majority,	104	
Whole number	1,772	2,380
Lane's present majority		608

ELECTION RETURN, Switzerland County, OFFICIAL.

Congress, 4th District,

Amos Lane,	533
Enoch McCarty,	107
John Test,	445

Whole number of votes for congress, 1085

Lane's majority over Test, 88

In the several townships, the votes stood thus, for

LANE, in Jefferson 231—Posey 129—

Cotton 84—York 51—Pleasant 13—and

Craig 25. In the whole 533.

TEST, in Jefferson 216—Posey 87—

Cotton 69—York 14—Pleasant 54—and

Craig 5. In the whole 445.

We have been informed that Amos

Lane has received considerable majorities

in Dearborn and Ripley counties—that his

majority in those three counties is 678.

In our next, we will be enabled to give

the entire return of the whole district.

Legislative Representative,

Wilson B. Benefiel, 78

Samuel Fallis, 220

Daniel Kelso, 261

Charles F. Krutz, 190

John P. Lillard, 172

Solomon Washer, 132

Whole number of votes for represent. 1053

Sheriff of Switzerland county,

Ralph B. Cotton, 303

Pruett Harvey, 119

Bela Hearick, 143

William Keith, 104

George E. Pleasants, 293

Israel R. Whitehead, 103

Whole number of votes for sheriff, 1075

Coroner of Switzerland county,

Philip Bettens, jr. 20

George Brown, 42

Cosby M. Lewis, 339

John Stepleton, 486

Stephen G. Peabody, 151

Whole number of votes for coroner, 1018

School Commissioner of Switzerland co.

Thomas Cole, 871

John Hicks, 85

John Shaddy, 75

County Commissioner,

Moses Bronson, 422

Colin McNutt, Jun. 403

William Scudder, 509

Com. WILLIAM BAINBRIDGE, of the United States navy, died at Philadelphia, on the 27th ult. aged about 60 years.

JOEL CLOUGH, the murderer of m Hamilton, was hung at Mount Holly, N. J. on the 25th ult.

The death of doctor Felix Pascallis, of the city of New York, has been announced in the papers of that city. He was a man of great talents and extensive information.

Upwards of four hundred Potawatami Indians, says the Cass county Times, took up their line of march, on the 27th ult. for their country west of the Mississippi river.

In Kentucky, judge Todd having resigned his office of circuit judge, David White, of Shelby county, has been appointed by the governor to fill the vacancy. The salaries of the public officers in that state, are so much reduced by the depreciation of the commonwealth's paper, which they are paid in, that it is difficult to keep the offices filled.

The Sangamo, Illinois, Journal, computes the population of Springfield county in that state, at 25,000 souls—and that they will raise, during the present season, nine hundred thousand bushels of Wheat.

We understand, says a Philadelphia paper, that such is the scarcity of the best kind of bark used by tanners, called Spanish oak, will that it readily commands from \$20 to \$21 a cord.

A proclamation has lately been issued by the governor of South Carolina, offering a reward of \$200, for the apprehension of William Frampton, of Beaufort district, against whom a bill of indictment has been found by the grand jury, for the murder of his slave.

The Providence, R. I. city Gazette says that a colossal statue, of the rev. Ephraim K. Avery, of cast iron, mounted on a granite pedestal, is to be erected at Fall River, near the scene of the murder of Miss Connelly, in the course of a few weeks.

The legislature of Georgia have passed a law, forbidding the employment of any slave or free person of color, as a compositor (type setter) in any printing office in that state, under a penalty of \$10, for every day, during any part of which the said negro should be thus unlawfully employed.

The bones of a large animal, probably the mammoth, have been discovered near the river Don, in Upper Canada—they were embedded six feet deep in clay. The weight of a single tooth is three and a half pounds, and the other relics are of a size to correspond.

We have been informed, that on the estate of gen. Wade Hampton, on the Mississippi, a little above New Orleans, out of fifteen hundred slaves, more than seven hundred have been destroyed by cholera.

The following toast was given at Mullinsburg, Union county

By George Driesbach—Judge Cooper, of South Carolina—Fit for nothing else than to be stuck on a bed post for bugs to bark at, or to be clerk over a frog pond, and there to be nibbled to death by gaily-nippers.

The court of appeals in Kentucky have decided, first, that the act abolishing survivorship, in the case of joint tenants does not embrace the conveyance of an estate to husband and wife; but when a deed of real estate is executed to husband and wife jointly, they do not hold as joint tenants, in the strict technical sense of that term, but have a peculiar estate denominated "a tenancy by enturies," and that upon the death of either party, the whole estate passes to and vests in the survivor—secondly, that the appropriate remedy for the wife, as survivor, to regain possession of the estate, when it has been sold by the husband during the coverture, is by an action at law and not by bill in chancery.

Matthew T. Scott has been appointed cashier of the United States branch bank, at Lexington, in the place of Joseph Fower, deceased.

Accounts from Cincinnati represent that the cholera is abating there—so too, at Lebanon and Dayton.

The rail road between Albany and Saratoga is completed—distance 30 miles—it travelled in less than two hours.

Eighteen deaths by cholera, occurred at Frankfort, K. between the 23d and 31st ult. mostly colored persons.

A grand bull fight was given at Havana, on the 24th of June last, for the benefit of the orphans who lost their parents by the cholera.

A son of the notorious counterfeiter S. Burrows, has lately been elected a member of the provincial parliament of Canada.—His father is now living at 3 rivers, in a state of poverty.

A loyal justice of the peace of St. Catharines, Upper Canada, on the 4th of July last, mustered the court of sessions, called out the constables and a corps of volunteers and dispersed a company of rebels and yankees who were celebrating the day.

The sales of public lands in Michigan territory, during the quarter ending on the last day of June last, amounted to \$305,000.

The following sum has been appropriated by the corporation of New York, to pay the expenses of the city, for the year commencing on the 12th of May last, viz:—\$1,515,757 56.

A case of civil. con. was tried about ten days ago, before chief justice Jones, in the city of New York. The parties were Frs. Geurin, confectioner, plaintiff, and William A. Strozzi, professor of languages, defendant—the jury gave a verdict of \$10,000, damages in favor of the plaintiff.

CAMP MEETING.

The Methodists will hold a camp meeting, on the ground near Mr. Lee's, on the 16th of August next.

After mature deliberation, we have concluded to suggest to those who manage those things, that the Camp Meetings proposed to be held as above, be postponed for the present, because cases of Cholera, have existed recently, within 3 or 4 miles of each encampment. It will be remembered, that last year, the Cholera broke out at a camp meeting in Pennsylvania, when no cases had existed within thirty miles of the ground, and five persons died—the camp broke up, but the contagion spread in every direction.

A FARM, FOR SALE

A elegant small farm, for sale, situated in Cotton township, Switzerland county, cornering on the road leading from John Dickson's to the Rising Sun, six miles from North's ferry, ten from the Rising Sun and a little more than one mile from Dick's n's—the road leading from the widow Shydam's to the Bark works runs through it, containing SIXTY acres of land, well watered and timbered—30 acres under good improvement, with a good orchard of bearing apple trees, a good portion of meadow. There is a good two storied hewed log house, with two rooms on a floor. It is well calculated for a tanner. It will be sold on reasonable terms. Any one wishing to purchase will please call and examine for themselves. Enquire on the premises.

JAMES DUNLAP.

Cotton township, August 8.

Avery's Trial.

RUSSELL ODIORNE, & co. of Boston, have in press a report of AVERY'S TRIAL, which will be published as early as possible. The reporter is a gentleman of the Boston bar, who has no interest, either personal or political to bias him, in the case, and whose reputation is an ample pledge that the report will be full, correct and impartial. It will include the arguments and pleadings of counsel; charge to the jury and be accompanied with a map. Orders from the country dealers and others, will be attended to promptly on reasonable terms. Boston, July 27.

Administrator's Sale.

Will be sold, at public vendue, at the house of the subscriber in Posey township, the personal property belonging to the estate of William Coy. sen. dec. On Saturday, August 31, 1833. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.—Terms made known at sale. Due attention given by JOSEPH S. LILLARD, adm'r Posey township, August 9.

FRESH GOODS

THE subscriber has just received a fresh supply of

NEW GOODS,

Which will be sold at very reduced prices, as he is anxious to sell out his summer goods, in order to prepare for fall business. He offers every thing for summer wear at nearly cost and carriage.

A part of the new goods are as follows: Spun cotton, 5, 6 and 7 hundred, Bleached Domestic, 3-4 and 4-4ths, Brown Domestic, 3-4 and 4-4ths. Barege handkerchiefs, German and London pins and needles, Combs, slippers, shoes, hooks and eyes, Sea grass bed cords, Gilt edged and hot pressed letter paper, Marseilles counterpanes, Brass kettles, Sad irons, Gilt looking glasses, Hoop iron, palmetto leaf hats, Irish linen, silk handkerchiefs, Cambric and jaconet muslin, Calicoes, at different prices, Bombazine stocks, Fans, razor straps, Buttons, lining silks, copy books, Spool cottons, pumps, brushes, Paint stiffs, sugar, coffee, tea, nails, &c. JAMES S. BRANDER. Vevay, July 31.

WHEAT.

10,000 BUSHELS WANTED

For which the highest market price will be paid in cash, at the store of

JAMES S. BRANDER.

Vevay, July 4.

Doctor S. R. Eaton,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public,

that he has located himself near the town of

ALLENSVILLE,

in Cotton township, Switzerland county, Indiana.—

His residence is at Joseph

Cult's, where he may be consulted, at all

times, except when absent professionally.

Alleensville, August 3.

BOOK OF NATURE, NO. III.

WILL BE PUBLISHED, on the first of August, containing ten elegant plates, viz:

- Plate 21. Quadrupeds—Lion, lioness, &c.
- 22. Ornithology—Parrots, 7 species
- 23. do. Partridges, 7 species
- 24. Mammalia—Whales, &c. 5 do.
- 25. Amphibia—Chameleons &c.
- 26. Mammalia—Bats, 5 species.
- 27. Conchology—9 figures of shells.
- 28. Botany—12 classes of Linneus,
- 29. Entomology—White ants,
- 30. Vermenology—Genus Ascarides.

By an inspection of this No. it will be found the work is advancing in beauty and interest. After the first of August the price to all new subscribers will be \$3 a year; \$25 for five copies for one year; \$2 for 3 numbers—75 cents for one number.

S. C. ATKINSON, No. 12 Hudson's Alley, Philadelphia July 20.

GEO CRAIG'S ESTATE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the 26th day of June, 1833, GEORGE CRAIG, late of the county of Switzerland Indiana, departed this life; and on the 13th day of July, 1833 administration of his estate was granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the estate, are requested to make immediate payment. The estate is supposed to be solvent.

S. C. STEVENS, Vevay, July 16. administrator

N. Y. CONSOLIDATED

LOTTERY

EXTRA CLASS NO. 21, FOR 1833.

To be drawn, Aug. 28,

66 No. Lottery—10 drawn ballots,

SCHEME.

1 of \$20,000 is \$20,000	1 of 10,000 is 10,000
1 of 5,000 is 5,000	1 of 4,000 is 4,000
2 of 3,000 is 3,000	1 of 2,000 is 2,000
7 of 1,000 is 7,000	7 of 500 is 3,500
10 of 400 is 4,000	10 of 300 is 3,000
20 of 200 is 4,000	20 of 150 is 3,000
40 of 100 is 4,000	168 of 50 is 8,500
112 of 20 is 2,240	2240 of 10 is 22,500
15400 of 5 is 77,000	

18040 prizes, amounting to \$183,049 Tickets FIVE DOLLARS—shares in proportion.

S. J. SYLVESTER.

Pittsburg, June 29.

BLANK DEEDS,

CAN at all times, hereafter, be had at 121 cents per single copy, at The Clerk's office, in Vevay, Samuel Beal, Esq. Mount Sterling, Joseph Short's, in Craig township, Long's fulling mill, Craig do Elias Littlefield, Cotton do Alfrey's mill, in Pleasant do William C. Mitchell's, do Arbert Gazlay's in Posey do Samuel Hicks' in Cotton do Amas A. Brown's in York do The Messenger office, Jefferson

The Springfield Armory.—

We understand that the difficulties which have for some time prevailed in this establishment, have been at length happily, and we hope permanently, adjusted. The number of workmen in the armory is from 230 to 250. Some time since, they petitioned for an increase of their wages, of nearly 25 per cent. per day. The government ordered a board of officers to inquire into the justice and expediency of the claim; who instead of assenting to the proposed increase, reduced the wages of the workmen 15 per cent.; making a difference of 40 per cent in their estimate of the value of their services. The consequence was a high excitement, and a degree of feeling which was not easily allayed. under these circumstances, Inspector General Wool was instructed by the Secretary of War to investigate the matter, and to quiet the claims of the workmen, so far as it could be done with reason and propriety. Fortunately, after a patient and difficult examination of several weeks, General Wool has accomplished the desired object, and the workmen have resumed their labour with the best feelings towards the government. The last Springfield Whig thus alludes to the subject.

"We understand that Gen. John E. Wool, inspector general of the U. S. Army, has been engaged for the last two or three weeks at the U. S. armory in this town, in arranging and equalizing the wages of the workmen. It is said to have been a tedious and intricate business, but we are happy to learn that the well known industry and perseverance of this excellent officer has surmounted every obstacle, and that he has presented the intelligent mechanics employed in the armory with a tariff of prices that gives general satisfaction. We also understand that the workmen have made known to him, in a very complimentary manner, their gratification at the result, and the high respect and esteem they entertain for his character, both public and private.