

WEEKLY MESSENGER.

Prompt Arrest.—The partner of a Scotch banking house, charged with the commission of several forgeries, took passage in the Wm. Bynes, under a fictitious name, for this port, which vessel sailed on Nov. 17. The necessary documents proving the facts were transmitted by the George Washington, which sailed on the 24th, and arrived before the Wm. Bynes. The consequence was that the delinquent, before landing, was arrested by a sheriff's officer, and carried to prison. This event should admonish persons who commit crimes in the old country that fleeing to the new world does not afford a secure refuge from justice.—*N. Y. Courier.*



WEEKLY MESSENGER.

PRINTER'S RETREAT, INDIANA.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1833.

Probate Court.—O. Switzerland county will not sit until Monday, February 11—and not on the 4th as advertised in anticipation of the receipt of the new law.

Being Crowded.—We neglected to mention, that another family has removed into our flourishing neighborhood—we have now five families residing on section 24, T. 3, R. 3, west (one square mile.)

Daniel Webster.—He has been re-elected to the United States' senate, from Massachusetts, to serve for six years from the 4th of March next.

Caleb P. Bennet.—He has been elected Governor of the state of Delaware.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS.—The following persons are spoken of as candidates for Congress, in the sixth congressional district:

Robert Hanna George L. Kinnard
Gen. Low A. F. Morrison
Philip Sweetser Wm. W. Wick.

James B. Ray, has been, is, and shall continue to be a candidate.

The N. Y. Courier & Enquirer says.—The whole quantity consumed of wine, brandy, spirits, ale, porter, &c., &c. in the city of New York, does not cost much more than the single item of water. Females pay from \$15 to \$250 a year, for drinking water alone.

A military convention held at Columbus, O.—a short time since, passed a resolution approbatory of the President's proclamation, in which they promise to sustain him in the position he has assumed, with their personal services, if ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.

CONSTABLES FOR JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.—We are authorised to announce John R. Cotton, James B. Lewis, Henry McMakin, and Nathaniel Mix, are candidates for the office of Constable.

In Harrisburg, Penn.—The borough corporation have established a regular nightly watch to guard the place during the sitting of the legislature. On a recent occasion, a motion was made to continue the watch until after the rising season; the person moving for the amendment, observing that the rascals were almost as great an annoyance to the place as the members of the assembly.

OUTRAGE.—About Christmas, near Easton, Pa. a lad about ten years old, on his way to school, was met by two young men, who forced him into the woods and maimed and altered him in a most shocking manner.

An attempt was made to rob the bank of the Metropolis, (Washington city) on the night of the 16th ult. The villains had succeeded, by means of false keys, in unlocking the outer door. No loss has been sustained.

On the 17th ult. gen. Tipton, of the U. S. senate, presented a resolution, directing the committee on the public lands to enquire into the expediency of dividing one quarter section of land to each of the widows and orphans of those citizens who fell in the late war with the Indian tribes of the north western frontier.

Oak Woods, Jan. 28, 1833.—Messrs. Keen & Child.—the following is a solution of the mathematical question contained in your last Messenger

18	24	7	63	—112
3	3	3	1-3d	
21	21	21	21	

M. & H. C.

Arnold Naudain has been re-elected to the United States' senate from the state of Delaware, for six years from the 4th day of March next.

Senator Bell, of New Hampshire, has been requested to resign his seat in the U. S. senate, by the house of representatives of said state—the vote stood ayes 113, the nays 59.

Gen. William H. Harrison, who was the governor of the Indiana territory for several years, on a recent visit to Indianapolis, presented to the Indiana Historical society "the original correspondence of the territorial executive with the government of the U. S. and that of the individual states, together with other interesting and valuable papers," relative to the territorial history of Indiana.

The war with Black Hawk cost the U. States one million of dollars.

Deborah Richardson, of Augusta, Me. was convicted of beating her husband; she was fined and had to give security for her good behavior for two years.

U. S. FLAG.—That part of the American flag called the Union, is that quarter in the blue, in which the STARS are set—this occupies the highest place on the staff.

The Doylestown, Pa. Intelligencer says they have in that town, "a BANK and an academy, in which competent individuals are employed to

"Teach the young idea how to shoot."

This (Bank) we believe, is the only one of the kind in the union, where banking is taught as a science. Quere—was said institution in operation previous to the year 1812—if yea, did the officers of that great litter of forty banks in Pennsylvania, and the five hundred other swindling institutions in Ohio, Kentucky, &c. receive their instructions at it? And have they got a sufficient number of graduates in readiness to take charge of the one hundred banks about to go into operation.

Immoral Practices.—There is a bill before the legislature of Ohio, to amend the act entitled "an act for the PRESERVATION of certain immoral practices."

PUBLIC LAND.

At the end of the third quarter of 1831, there was in the hands of Israel T. Caudy (recently removed by the president) receiver of monies at the Crawfordsville land office, \$24,967 40.

The quantity of land sold at the several land offices in the U. S. during the year 1831, was 2,757,856 88 acres—yielding \$3,557,023 76. The quantity in Indiana, sold in the same year, was 554,437 acres, for \$894,862 32.

During the first three quarters of 1832, there were sold in the several land offices, 1,509,801 73 acres of land—yielding the sum of \$1,904,467 52. During the same period, 331,778 65 acres were sold in Indiana for \$418,486 61.

By which it appears, that in one year and nine months, one million, one hundred and three thousand, three hundred and forty-nine dollars and ninety-six cents (\$1,103,349 96) was paid for public lands in the state of Indiana alone.

ALABAMA.—The legislature of Alabama has passed a resolution calling for a GENERAL CONVENTION of the U. States, to be held at Washington city on the first of March 1834.

MARYLAND.—A convention is now in session in Baltimore, to amend the constitution of Maryland. One hundred members.

In New England, the first duel fought, was by two servants—they were afterwards punished by the civil law—suspended to a gallows head downwards.

The joint committee of the two houses of the Maryland legislature have reported unanimously a series of strong resolutions against nullification.

Sheriff of Switzerland co.—We are authorised to say, that the following gentlemen are candidates for the office of Sheriff of Switzerland county

Ralph B. Cotton,
George E. Pleasants,
Morton Craig,
Pruett Harvey,
Bela Hearick,

** There are other candidates for the same office we are told—we have not been requested to insert their names. Subscribers' names are inserted gratis—non subscribers are charged one dollar.

MARRIED.
On Thursday, the 24th of January last, by Samuel Bedell, Esq. AQUILLAS OGLE, and MISS CHARLOTTE BAKES, all of this co.

Indiana Legislature.

IN SENATE.
FRIDAY, Jan. 18.

Adjournment.—Mr. Logan submitted for adoption the following resolution:

Resolved. That the Senate will adjourn sine die on Saturday the 26th inst. the House of Representatives concurring.

After several unsuccessful motions to amend, the question was taken and adopted.

YEAS.—Messrs. Chambers, Dumont,

Ewing, Farrington, Feeny, Givens, Hillis,

Hoover, Lemon, Livingston, Logan, Long,

M'Carty, Morgan, Pennington, Pollock,

Robb, Wallace, and Whiting—19.

NAYS.—Messrs. Beard, Blair, Clark,

Frisbie, Graham, Hanna, Hendricks,

Herod, Jessup, and Orr—10.

Mr. Hillis, after giving his reasons for the motion he was about to make in a

short speech, moved to reconsider the vote taken this morning relative to an adjournment on Saturday the 26th inst., which motion prevailed.

The question then recurred on the adoption of the resolution—aye 10, nays 20. So the resolution was not adopted.

HOUSE OF REP.

STATE BANK.—The bill for the establishment of a state bank was read the third time. Mr. Profit moved to recommit the bill to a select committee with instructions to make various amendments. After considerable debate, the question was taken on Mr. Profit's motion to commit the bill, and was determined in the negative—yeas 26, nays 42.

The question was then taken on the passage of the bill, and was determined in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS.—Messrs. Bell, Bradley, Bryant, Buell, Carter of C., Carter of O., Cox, Cravens, Cristler, Culley, Daniel, Davenport, Davis of S., Dunn, English, Ferguson, Huntington, Livingston, Martin, M'Innken, M'Nary, Moore, Osborn, Palmer, Pruitt, Roop, Ruddick, Sands, Schoonover, Shortridge, Skeen, Slaughter, Stanford, Vawter, Wallace, Watt, Wooden, and Davis, Speaker—42.

NAYS.—Messrs. Brown, Bradbury, Clark, Claypool, Crawford, Crume, Edwards, Ferguson of U., Hamilton, Hanna, Hargrove, Henley, Howell, Lane, Lavenworth, Lewis, Lowe, Mitchell, Parker, Parks, Payne, Peyton, Profit, Rariden, Reid, Ribble, Smith, Steele, and Wilson, —29.

IN SENATE.

Saturday, Jan. 19.

BANK BILL OF THE HOUSE.

The bill of the house for the establishment of a state bank, was received and twice read.

Mr. Lemon moved to refer said bill to the same committee of the whole to which had been referred the two bills of the Senate, and sundry petitions on the same subject.

Mr. Hillis moved that said bill lie on the table till Monday next; which, after some further discussion, was agreed to.

IN SENATE.

MONDAY, Jan. 21.

Special Sessions of the Circuit Courts.

Mr. Fletcher, from the judiciary committee, to which was referred a resolution instructing them to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for the holding called sessions of the circuit court, for the trial of persons charged with criminal offences, whenever such person or persons shall, by petition, satisfy the president judge of the proper circuit, that justice can be fully administered, have had the same under consideration, and the committee have directed me to report, that from the numerous applications to the legislature for the passage of special acts for the trial of persons confined in jail for offences, in the vacation of circuit courts, the committee have no doubt but that the subject under their examination deserves legislative enactment at this session. But to provide for the trial of those persons confined in jail, whilst the presiding judge is engaged in his regular circuit duties, or to direct which of two criminals should first receive a trial, who may be confined in different counties and make an application at the same time to the presiding judge, or to determine what peculiar circumstances must exist to entitle the person thus confined to the benefit of a special trial, are all questions of no little perplexity, and a majority of the committee believe, deserve more consideration than they can well receive at this late period of our session; and therefore they have directed me to ask to be discharged from the further consideration of the resolution; which was read and the committee discharged.

The president laid before the Senate a communication from the governor, covering two resolutions of the legislature of Georgia, one which recommends the call of a convention and proposes sundry amendments to the constitution; the other responds to the Tennessee resolutions in denying that the general government has the power, under the constitution, to enter into a system of internal improvements. The president laid before the Senate a communication from the governor, covering two resolutions of the legislature of Georgia, one which recommends the call of a convention and proposes sundry amendments to the constitution; the other responds to the Tennessee resolutions in denying that the general government has the power, under the constitution, to enter into a system of internal improvements. The president laid before the Senate a communication from the governor, covering two resolutions of the legislature of Georgia, one which recommends the call of a convention and proposes sundry amendments to the constitution; the other responds to the Tennessee resolutions in denying that the general government has the power, under the constitution, to enter into a system of internal improvements.

Which were read and laid on the table.

BANK.—This has been the all absorbing subject for a few days past in the Senate. An able and elaborate discussion has been had on the constitutionality and expediency of that part of the bill, first introduced into the Senate, which relates to the connexion between the State Bank and Branches. It has been determined by a small majority to connect the bank and branches so as to make each responsible for the issues of the other. It is now committed to a select committee for the purpose of adapting the various parts of the bill to the main principle thus adopted. What will be the fate of the bill cannot now be predicted with certainty.—*Journal.*

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 26.

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GAZETTEER OF INDIANA.

The materials for this work are nearly completed, and it is intended to put it to press in a short time. It will be ready for delivery in the summer. We have been at considerable expense and trouble in collecting the materials, and we hope to present a work that shall be worthy of public patronage.

As it may not be generally known, may be proper again to state, that we have a copy right for the work, and therefore any person undertaking to publish any work of the kind, no matter by what name it may be called, will be dealt with as the law provides in such cases.

DOUGLASS & MAGUIRE.

WEST POINT.—We have heard recently, that a court martial has been detailed to sit for the trial of sundry delinquents at West Point. The following proceedings, however, from the south, afford the first intimation we have had of the nature of the offences that are supposed to have been committed. We should deeply regret to find that many

branches offices of discount for the mother bank, and making them all responsible for each other. And a third is the bill sent up from the house. Some parts of the bill first named underwent an able discussion yesterday; and from present appearance, it is quite probable that it will be several days before the final action of the senate on the subject will be known.

It is believed that a majority of the members are in favor of a bank, but whether a majority can agree upon the details is not altogether certain, tho' it is hoped such may be the case.

Journal.

IN SENATE.

TUESDAY, Jan. 22.

On motion of Mr. Dumont,

Resolved. That the committee on education be instructed to inquire into the expediency of memorializing congress for a donation of land for a county library, in such of the old counties of this state as which public provision has not been made for such institutions.

HOUSE OF REP.

The bill providing that all the elections by the General Assembly, not otherwise provided for in the constitution, shall be conducted on the *pro rata* mode, was read a second time. Mr. Cox moved to postpone indefinitely the further consideration of the bill, which motion prevailed by the following vote:

YEAS.—Messrs. Bell, Bonner, Bradbury, Buell, Claypool, Cox, Cristler, Daniel, Davenport, Davis, Edwards, Ferguson of C., Ferguson of U., Finch, Fowler, Goode, Hamilton, Hanna, Heustis, Lane, Lowe, Martin, M'Nary, Osborn, Parker, Parks, Profit, Ribble, Shortridge, Skeen, Slaughter, Stanford, Wallace and Woodruff—37.

NAYS.—Messrs. Bryant, Carter of C., Clark, Cravens, Crawford, Culley, Dunn, English, Hargrove, Hanley, Howell, Huntington, Leavenworth, Lewis, Livingston, M'Junkin, Mitchell, Palmer, Payne, Rariden, Sands, Schoonover, Smith, Steele, Vawter, Watt, Wooden, and Davis, Speaker—29.

IN SENATE.