

Ricaforte, captain General of Cuba, has mentioned a remedy for Cholera, which, he says, has been applied by himself and others with great success. The body, particularly the stomach, is to be rubbed with a flesh brush dipped in brandy. 60 drops of ether taken in a cup of tea, then the whole body is to be covered to promote perspiration. Sometimes 120 drops of ether are required.

The remarkable exemption of Persia from the plague, as noticed by a great number of writers—remarkable, inasmuch as contiguous countries have been the greatest sufferers from pestilential visitations. For this exemption the Persians are obviously, in part at least, indebted to their peculiar habits; they are the most cleanly people in the world, many of them making it a great part of their religion to remove filthiness and nuisance of every kind from all places about their cities or dwellings.

THE CHOLERA SAFE!

The Cholera is now fully committed, in Sing Sing State Prison N. Y. We cannot in this instance respond with the Clerk to the prisoner at the bar, in "olden time"—"God grant a good deliverance."

Indian Hostilities.

The only additional news from Chicago or the Army, which has reached us, is found in the subjoined letter from Gen. Orr, dated

Camp at Hickory Creek,
August 2nd 1832.

Dear Sir:—The war at this time is confined to the Mississippi and west. Gen. Scott left Chicago for the army on the 29th, and will no doubt soon put an end to it. His troops are following: 403 marched yesterday, and the balance will follow—only about 30 (sick and invalids) remaining behind. The Cholera has nearly spent itself at Chicago, and the fears it occasioned is nearly forgotten amid the cheering news from the army, and the parade of troops, marching to its aid. The news of a battle being fought about the 25th, is confirmed. Generals Dodge and Henry overtook the Indians on the Wisconsin, instead of the Mississippi, defeated and routed them, with the loss as before stated, after a march of 40 miles in the same day. The Indians are retreating and our troops pursuing.

Having done all in our power to get into the advance, or some other situation that might have given our boys an opportunity to try themselves, and having failed, we have no ambition to remain inactive merely for soldiers pay, but hope we shall be released ere long.

In great haste, Yours,
JOSEPH ORR.

Maj J. B. Semans.

The Detroit Journal contains a letter from Dr. Houghton, dated La Pointe, Lake Superior, June 21st, which mentions that during the past winter a band of Mushkegons, or Mountaineers, speaking a dialect of the Chippewa language, fell upon a trading post situated on the Napagou river, belonging to the Hudson Bay Company, and murdered, indiscriminately, all the traders occupying the post. This induced the company to collect their forces from different posts, and to send them against the band of Indians. An action took place, in which twenty traders and forty Indians were killed. The difficulties still remain unsettled.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

The London packet ship Ontario, capt. Setor, arrived yesterday, from London, bringing us our files of papers from that city to the evening of the 30th June.

An interesting debate has taken place in the British house of commons on the subject of Poland, and to the credit of that body be it said, hardly one unqualified attempt to vindicate the conduct of Russia was made. It would appear that more than twelve months ago an urgent application was addressed by the French government to that of England, for their co-operation in an urgent remonstrance to the Emperor Nicholas, which then met with a decided negative. It is, however, consolatory, at this late hour, to find the British cabinet admitting the justice of the claims of Poland and asserting their right to interfere.

IRELAND, June 26.—New cases of cholera, 215; deaths 70; recoveries 167; remaining 712.

It is with deep regret we announce that cholera is still on the increase—the number of new cases yesterday (including St. George's) amounts to 110—deaths 41—recoveries 59. We lately mentioned that the malady had extended its ravages to the comfortable and affluent. Among its victims within the last few days have been Mr. Burchard, of the Hanover office, and Mr. John Mathews, a merchant.—*Dublin Register.*

Cholera in the country.—New cases 229—deaths 82, recovered 107, remaining 645. Total cases from the commencement of the disease 13,825, deaths 5,141.

Cholera in Ireland.—New cases 219, deaths 38, recoveries 134.

Elizabeth City, July 21.—We have had no rain of consequence for several weeks, and the earth is almost parched. The crops of Indian corn are suffering very much.

A medical confession frankly delivered by that eminent physician and wit, sir Samuel Garth, has been fortunately preserved; perhaps the truth it reveals is as conspicuous as its humor.

Dr. Garth (so he is called in the manuscript) who was one of the Kit-Kat club, coming there one night, declared he must soon be gone, having many patients to attend; but some good wine being produced he forgot them. When sir Richard Steele reminded him of his appointment, Garth immediately pulled out his list, which amounted to fifteen—and said, "It's no great matter whether I see them to night or not, for nine of them have such bad constitutions that all the physicians in the world can't save them, and the other six have so good constitutions that all the physicians in the world can't kill them."

Commerce of Baltimore.—Some idea of the commerce of this enterprising city may be formed from the following statement which we copy from the Baltimore American of yesterday: "There were lying in our harbor yesterday, sixty square rigged vessels, of which five are Bremen, 3 English, 2 Spanish, 1 French, and 1 Danish. The intercourse between this city and the various points in Chesapeake bay gives active employment to sixteen steamboats."

Trial of Roby.—This capital trial which has been pending in the Supreme Judicial court for the three last days, was terminated yesterday (Friday) afternoon by a verdict of guilty of the murder of Maria Leonard, a year ago. Roby is a black man, a mariner, and Maria Leonard was also a colored girl about 14 years old, to whom he was engaged to be married, and at the time of the murder, it was supposed the marriage was soon to take place. Roby murdered the girl in a paroxysm of jealousy, in consequence of her supposed attachment to another man.—*Continued.*

An odd sort of genius, having stepped into a mill, was looking with apparent astonishment at the movement of the machinery, when the miller thinking to quiz him, asked if he had heard the news. "Not a I know on," said he, "what is it?" "Why, replied the miller, they say the devil is dead." "By jings!" says Jonathan, "is he! who tends the mill then?"

A Hard Case.—A man lately had his pocket book stole, in which were eight or ten dollars, some valuable papers, and two or three counterfeit bills, which he had received and laid aside. He offered a reward for the same; the thief not finding so much money as was offered, returned the book with its contents, swore he found it, and then entered a complaint against the owner for having counterfeit money in his possession.

The Yankees are cute fellows for inventions. A "down easter" has invented a machine by which one hundred pins are made in a minute, straightened, heated and pointed; by a child's turning a crank. Guess it would be useful appendage to Infant Schools.

A Natural Mistake.—A black servant being examined in the church Catechism, by the minister of the parish, was asked, "What are you made of?" Cato answered, "Of mud, Massa." On being told he should say "of dust," he replied, "No, Massa, it no do—no stick together."

THE CROPS.

Harrisburg July 23.—Harvest.—Never within the memory of man has such an abundance been gathered in Pennsylvania as the present year, and "got in" so safely and in such fine order.

The grain crop, although it does not yield more than two thirds of what is considered a full crop, is excellent in quality. The growing crop of Indian corn, is short to view, owing to the drought, but possesses the important requisite of a good color, and will probably yield an abundant crop.

Corn in South Carolina.—The Beaufort Gazette, of 12th ult., says: "On the 9th we were favored with a fine rain, the first we have had since the 12th of May. It is not in time to save the earlier corn, but it will prove a great advantage to that which was planted late in April subsequent to that time, and will benefit the crops generally."

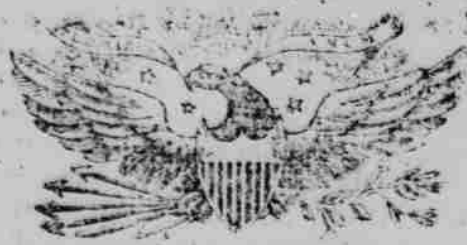
Wilkesbarre, Pa. July 25.

Our farmers in this vicinity are securing a plentiful harvest, the glad some fruits of their industry and toil. Crops seldom look better than at the present season. Grass is luxuriant, and grain of descriptions will be produced in abundance.

Extract of a letter to a gentleman of this place, dated Delaware, Ohio, July 20, 1832.

"We are suffering in this part of the world by want of rain. There has been none of any consequence since my return to this place. It is stated to day that the Cholera is now among the Indians north of us in the adjoining county. Many preparations are making in the surrounding country to guard against the dreadful disease. Our country is generally healthy."—*Edinburgh Sky.*

The Courthand (Alabama) Herald, of Aug. 10, says: "The season is yet favorable, and the prospect of a corn crop tolerably good. Cotton crops must be short."



WEEKLY MESSENGER.

PRINTER'S RETREAT, INDIANA.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1832.

RODERIGUS ALLEY, of Decatur county, has been appointed by gov Noble, marshal, to collect the presidential electoral votes, in the third district.

James Ridgdon, of Wayne county, is spoken of, for speaker of the house of representatives, at the next session—so has Nathan B Palmer, of Jefferson.

CAMP MEETING.

A camp meeting will be held by the members of the Methodist Episcopal connexion, near Mr Lee's, on the Ross township road, half a mile from Woodpark—to commence on Thursday, September 10.

PHILIP PENDLETON BARBOUR, of Virginia has consented to be a candidate for the office of Vice-President—he will be supported by the friends of the administration, in the south.

To Revolutionary Soldiers.

The secretary of war has decided that probate courts when made so by law, are considered as courts of record, within the meaning of the regulations adopted for carrying into effect the act of the 7th of June, 1832 relative to pensioners.

The Missouri Free Press, of July 12, says that the Cholera, was raging at St Louis.

CHOLERA—SINCE OUR LAST.

N. York, Aug. 6, 16, 37	Cases, Deaths
7 89 32	
8 81 21	
9 73 28	7 days, 509 169
10 98 26	
11 33 18	
13 32 9	
From commencement up to 10th,	4786 1882

Philadelphia—	
From July 27, to Aug 8,	979 386
Aug 8, 114 46	
9, 154 5	3 days, 410 143
10, 242 3	

Albany—Aug 8,	18 6
9, 13 8	
10, 19 6	
11, 15 8	7 days, 150 55
12, 22 13	
13, 14 7	
25, 16 6	

Norfolk, Aug. 10, 43 11	
11, 38 12	3 days, 112 87
12, 21 14	

Brooklyn, N. J.—Heretofore rep.	227 82
Aug 11, 10 5	2 days, 37 10
14 27 5	

Rochester, N. Y.—Up to Aug. 9,	185 44
10, 11	1

Cases have occurred in Newport, R. I. Bergen, N. J. Snodgrass, Newark Elizabethtown, Trenton Montgomery, Orange county, N. Y. Plattsburg, Palmyra, Troy, &c. &c.

KENTUCKY ELECTION.

The following exhibits the full returns and majorities, for Governor, at the August election, 1832, as far as received:

	Buckner.	Breathitt.
Allen,	184	478
Anderson, majority,		297
Barren & Edmonson,	1111	1110
Bracken,	445	305
Brackenridge,	551	297
Butler, maj.		175
Bourbon,	1104	534
Bath,	520	785
Boone,	629	557
Ballitt,	270	849
Caldwell, maj.		275
Callaway, maj.		504
Christian,	681	488
Clark,	849	521
Campbell,	475	859
Davies,	322	359
Fleming, maj.	509	
Fayette,	1426	681
Franklin,	837	406
Gallatin, maj.		89
Grayson, maj.	52	
Green, maj.		320
Greenup, maj.	446	
Garrard,	338	280
Grant,	137	232
Hancock, maj.		46
Harrison,	506	902
Hart, maj.		164
Henderson,	374	327
Hopkins, maj.		151
Hardin and Mead,	1105	892
Jefferson,	617	897
Jessamine,	668	527
Knox,	432	166
Lincoln,	775	323
Louis,	705	547
Louisville city,	1143	388
Muhlenburg, maj.	42	
Mercer,	819	1182
Madison,	1103	727
Mason,	1190	744
Montgomery,	743	535
Nelson, maj.	278	
Nicholas,	521	884
Ohio,	364	420
Oldham, maj.		340
Owen, maj.		312
Pendleton,	160	291
Simpson,	312	425
Shelby,	1163	733
Scott,	826	1017

Toll,	590	386
Trigg, maj.		439
Union,	160	366
Warren,	687	581
Whitley,	257	208
Woodford,	658	393
Washington,	820	1198

58 counties, 23,600 27,914
Majority for Buckner, 686.

Counties yet to be heard from:—Adair, Casey, Clay, Cumberland, Estill, Floyd, Graves, Henry, Hickman, Lawrence, Laurel, Lewis, Livingston, McCracken, Monroe, Morgan, Perry, Pike, Polaski, Rockcastle, Russell, Spencer & Wayne—23.

DIED.

On Tuesday last, at Mountsterling, WILLIAM, the son of Henry Cotton, aged about four years.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS will meet at court house in VEVAY, on Monday, the 3d day of September next.

EDWARD PATTON, clerk.

Clerk's office, Vevay, August 7.

PETITION FOR PARTITION.

To the heirs and legal representatives of A. N. DREW DILLMAN, deceased, late of Jefferson township, Switzerland county, State of Indiana.

TAKE NOTICE.

THAT application will be made to the Switzerland Circuit Court, at the next term thereof, to be holden at Vevay, on the third Monday in September next, for said court to appoint THREE COMMISSIONERS to make partition of the north half of section numbered twenty one, in township two, of range two, west, laying in Switzerland county aforesaid, according to law, among the several heirs, aforesaid.

CHARLES D. GULLION,
CHRISTIANA GULLION,
Late Christiana Dillman, daughter of Andrew Dillman, deceased.
August 9, 1832.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of alias fi fa, to me directed out of the Clerk's office of the Switzerland Circuit, on 31st day of July, 1832, commanded me to make the sum of Eighty-five dollars and forty-two cents, which James N. Taylor recovered against Rowlish Day, dec. in said court—I will expose and sell,

On Saturday the 15th day of September, at the court house in the town of Vevay, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M. on said day, the rents and profits, for seven years, of five lots of land, numbered on the original plat of the town of Vevay, out lot No. 28, and in-lots No's. 13, 28, 116, 139; and if said rents and profits will not bring the sum above named, I will then and there, and at the same place and same time, offer the fee simple of said lots of land, for what they will bring, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand.

HENRY BANTA, Sheriff, S. C.
August 10, 1832.

POCKET-BOOK FOUND.

FOUND, by my son James, in Vevay, a few days ago, A MOROCCO POCKET-BOOK containing two notes of land, and a final receipt from the register of the land office at Jeffersonville for a half quarter section of land in said district, of 88 acres. The owner, J. L. is requested to come, prove property, pay charges, &c.
Vevay, August 17.
WILLIAM BRADLEY.

State of Michigan.—The Legislative council of Michigan have passed an act requiring meetings to be held of the white male inhabitants who are 21 years of age, in the organized townships of said Territory, on the first Tuesday of October next, and that a vote shall be taken on the question whether it is expedient for the people of the Territory to form a State government.

Curiosity for Naturalists.—A two-headed snake, thirteen inches long of the size of a man's finger, active and doing well, is taming in Georgia. Each head and neck is about two inches long from the point of separation. When food is given to one, the other snatches it.

Very distressing if true.—A young girl in Albany, only just entering her forty first year, lately recovered \$500 from a venerable gentleman of twenty, for not marrying her, as he was bound to do, per contract.

Among the other instances of the valuable productions of North Carolina, may be mentioned, that a man by the name of Gordon, in Granville county, has had twenty seven sons, all of whom were living about twelve months since. These were all born of one woman. This aged and fruitful couple were remarkably healthy and active, and the father would readily walk 10 or 12 miles at any time, when business required it."

We learn from Trenton, that Judge Ewing, Chief Justice of the State of New Jersey, died of the Cholera in that city on Saturday.

The wife of a general in Poland who had been already separated from her husband, actually killed her infant children in the presence of some guards who had come to take them from her; she afterwards committed suicide.

The Harbor Bill has not been returned by the President, and is therefore lost. It was passed by both Houses. This bill appropriated a large sum of money for the improvement of several harbours.

The number of emigrants arrived at Quebec this season up to the 21st inst. is 40,470.