

now overcome every other sound. The door and the civic carriage, to meet the recorder at noon, a way, of course, made for fast sail. Pottstown, about a mile from the city. There they are, she now does pause at a rate he leaves his own carriage, and enters the fast way almost impetuous. See him! more giddy one of the morn. Our present mayor is a reformer, & might have been very popular, but since he entered an office, he has kept himself entirely aloof. He was surrounded by a crowd of little more than a thousand persons, who, on the approach of the recorder, set up a most discordant noise of grunts and hisses. Sir Charles appeared very pale, and his hand was by no means firm as he placed it on the panel of the coach to assist him in. He immediately shrank into a corner of the coach, and was very little seen by the crowd.

*Largest cask in the world.*—A subscriber has sent us an extract from Knyser's travels, giving an account of a wine cask which that writer saw at Konigstein. The length of it is seventeen Dresden ell, (the Dresden ell is a fathom less than twenty-two inches and a quarter English,) and its hung diameter is twelve ell. It consists of a hundred and fifty staves, each eight inches thick; and forty-four boards for the heads, twenty-six in one end twenty-eight in the other. The cask was filled with "good Meissin wine," which cost about six thousand pounds sterling, reckoning the value at three pence half penny a quart. It holds three thousand seven hundred and nine hogsheads Dresden measure. Till this was made, the tun at Heidelberg was considered the largest in the world; but this cask contains six hundred and forty-nine hogsheads more. The top of it is raised in, and affords room for fifteen or twenty persons to regale themselves. On one head is a Latin inscription, of which the following is a translation:

"Welcome traveller, and admire this monument, dedicated to festivity, in order to exhilarate the mind with a cheerful glass, in the year 1725, by Frederick Augustus, king of Poland and elector of Saxony, the father of his country, the Tufts of his age, the delight of mankind. Therefore drink to the health of the sovereign, the country, the electoral family, and baron Kyaw, governor of Königsberg; and if thou art able, according to the dignity of this cask, drink to the prosperity of the whole universe. Farewell.—Boston Transcript."

Schuylkill county has sent upwards of 80,000 tons of coal to market. This quantity would require to be conveyed on a turnpike 40,000 wagons, 40,000 men, and 160,000 horses, and would load two hundred and sixty ships of 300 tons burthen. All this coal was mined within a circuit of eight miles round Pottsville. The coal is worth in the ground, on the average, about 30 cents per ton, and was purchased by the consumer at about 6 dollars per ton, which would amount to 480,000 dollars.

Some of the Jersey folks declare that, on Saturday, they saw the Sea Serpent in the Delaware, between Arch street wharf and the opposite ferry house. He appeared some thirty feet long, splashing like a steam boat, with his head and tail alternately three feet out of the water.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

*Courier & Enquirer Office, New York.* Thursday, Oct. 15. 9 o'clock, P. M.

We have again the news in advance of all the other daily papers in this city.

The most important intelligence by this arrival is, that disturbances of a most appalling nature, have occurred at Bristol in England.

In these disturbances, it does not appear there is any thing which threatens the general tranquility of England. The army, yeomanry cavalry, and influential persons, of all political opinions, have rallied round the government and magistrates, exerting themselves to prevent disorder and confusion.

We predicted that commotions of this nature, would follow the rejection of the reform bill.

In France the government have resolved to create a sufficient number of peers, to carry through the upper chamber the bill which has passed the chamber of deputies, abolishing all hereditary peerage.

One chamber of the Belgian legislature has accepted the terms laid down by the conference in London; there was no doubt that the senate would accede to them. The king of Holland having hesitated on his part, a British fleet had been ordered to the Dutch coast, but timely concessions rendered hostile operations by them unnecessary.

Count Capo d'Istria has been assassinated.

In Poland, the authority of Russia was gradually re-establishing.

BRISTOL, Nov. 1.—*Deadly riots.*—Sunday morning, Oct. 30, 11 o'clock. Our recorder has at length fatal proof that there is no reaction in the city of Bristol. We are in a state of excitement that is really dreadful to contemplate; the lower order of people are marching by thousands towards college green, whilst the more respectable classes in groups of from six to twenty, are examining the fatal events that are passing around them. At this moment two persons are being carried past my window, the one a lifeless lad of about fifteen, shot in the thorax, only just alive; the other apparently a sailor, the blood streaming from him on the persons who are carrying him with a look of agony. They are taking these to the infirmary. This is the state of things at the present moment. I will now give you in detail of the proceedings of yesterday.

It is usual for the mayor and the sheriffs

## PHILADELPHIA SOUVENIR.

Published every Wednesday, embellished with 20 copperplate engravings, of remarkable views, celebrated persons, and quarterly plates of the fashions.

THE publisher deems it advisable at the commencement of the new year, to return his thanks to his patrons for the favors already bestowed, and inform them and the public that he enters upon his duties with renewed prospect of rendering it still more interesting than at any former period—he has completed his arrangements, and is now in the receipt by every packet which arrives here or at N. York from England, of most interesting periodicals from which he will be able to furnish his readers with the latest literary productions of merit, instead of receiving them second hand from publications in this country—for those who attach an importance to the present changes of fashion, he has induced to add La Belle Assemblee, which is believed by the gay world to hold the mirror up to nature, and which will enable him to present them with the earliest notice of all changes in taste and fashion which are constantly taking place, and from it to select the elegant engraving with which it adorned to grace the pages of the Souvenir quarterly—in short, no expense has been spared that will be likely to add to the value of our publication, but whilst our attention is thus directed to what transpires in Europe, it shall not permit us to neglect native merit; and we shall freely select from American publications what seems adapted to our purpose, and last, but not least, we have succeeded in enlisting in our interest many valuable correspondents, both in this country and Europe, whose productions

would do credit to any publication, and were we at liberty to give their names to the public, would add lustre to any work to which they were attached—in short, no exertion will be spared to render the Souvenir in all respects worthy the patronage of the public. Both as a cheap and elegant emporium of useful and interesting information, and valuable repository of specimens of miscellaneous literature, strict attention will be bestowed on its moral tendency, and a constant watchfulness preserved over the cause and interests of virtue. A portion of the contents will be as follows:

1. Tales, original and selected essays, moral, humorous and scientific; poetry, original and selected from the best American and foreign literary publications; biographical sketches of distinguished persons, male and female; anecdotes, bon mots, &c. The original matter necessary for this department of our paper, will be furnished by individuals who are advantageously known to the public through the medium of their literary productions.

2. The Toilet. In addition to the usual literary matter contained in similar publications, the proprietor has completed an arrangement by which he will be enabled to furnish correct descriptions on the prevailing fashions; both foreign and domestic, illustrated with elegant engravings, besides the regular series, once in each quarter; plates of fashionable resources, sketches of life, manners, &c. &c. at the earliest possible period, and from the most authentic sources.

3. Miscellany. Interesting items of intelligence, foreign and domestic occurrences, deaths, marriages, &c.

4. Engravings. In each quarter the Souvenir will be embellished with four quarto copperplate engravings of remarkable American and European scenery, or portraits of distinguished characters; also one plate of the latest fashions, which will be sent colored, free of charge, to those who comply with the terms of subscription, of payment in advance.

Each subscriber will thus be furnished yearly with 20 superior copperplate engravings, the price of more than double the annual cost of the entire work.

5. Editor's Department. Notice of passing events, the drama, new publications, criticisms.

6. Tenus.—The Souvenir will be published every Wednesday, and forwarded to subscribers out of the city by mail or otherwise, as may be directed, each No. will contain eighty closely printed pages, and decorated with appropriate embellishments in addition to the above engravings.

Price of subscription, three dollars per annum, payable in advance; for 4 copies \$11, for 10 copies \$25, and at the same rate for a larger number, in all cases in advance, which entitles them to colored plates of fashions.

Subscriptions to commence and end in January or July in each year; a few copies may be had from the commencement of the work if applied for soon.

PHILIP PRICE, Jun.

In a paragraph on the exportation of specie, the New York Commercial Advertiser of Wednesday says:—About 1,200,000 dollars of the precious metals left this port in the vessel packages this morning, Europe. A single vessel—the new and splendid ship *Samson*—alone takes out 600,000 dollars in silver.

ON A TALKATIVE OLD MAID.

Beneath this silent stone is laid

A noisy antiquated maid;

Who from her cradle talked till death,

And never before was out of breath.

## 1st. session, 22d. Dec.

From *Big Green's Telegraph*, Washington City.

Washington City, December 14.

In the senate, yesterday, petitions were presented by Messrs. Gilbet, Tyler, Noland, Pendleton, King, Moore, Seymour, Robinson, Wilkins, and Bush. The resolution submitted by Mr. Marcy, authorizing a subscription to the Register of debates, published by Giles & Weston, and as amended, to the debate, in convention on the adoption of the constitution, published by Jonathan Elliot, was considered and agreed to. Mr. Poinsett, on leave, introduced a bill authorizing appeals, writs of error and supersedesas to the supreme court in certain cases, which was twice read and referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

In the house of representatives, yesterday, petitions and memorials were continued to be presented. Upon one of them, a memorial presented by Mr. Ellsworth, a long discussion took place. It was on the subject of the French aggression on American commerce prior 1810:—Mr. Ellsworth moved its reference to a select committee; but it was ultimately disposed of by a reference to the Committee on foreign affairs. The house proceeded to the election of a chaplain, and on the first ballot, the Rev. Reuben Post was elected, (there being four candidates) having received 87 out of 153 votes. Some discussion arose upon a resolution proposed by Mr. Mercer for the appointment hereafter, at the commencement of every session, of a standing committee of roads and canals. The proposition was opposed by Mr. Mitchell, of S. C.; but before it was decided on, the house, at 6 o'clock, adjourned.

December 15.

In the senate, yesterday, two messages were received from the President of the United States by Mr. Donelson, his Secretary: the one conveying the information called for by the resolutions of the 8th instant, relative to the capture, abduction, and imprisonment of American citizens by the British authorities of New Brunswick; the other recommending that compensation and indemnity be made to the master and crew of a Spanish brig for their risk and losses in humanely rescuing the crew of an American vessel from fire and shipwreck. Several petitions and memorials were presented, and the resolutions offered on Tuesday by Messrs. King, Moore, and Grundy, were considered and adopted. The senate adjourned at an early hour.

In the house of representatives, Mr. McDermott, from the committee of ways and means, reported bills for the relief of Henry R. Tucker; of Robertson and Barnwell; and of William J. Quincy, and Charles K. Quincy. They were severally read twice, committed to a committee of the whole house, and made the order of the day for to-day. The consideration of Mr. Mercer's resolution for the appointment of a standing committee on roads and canals was resumed and the subject was discussed until the close of the hour allotted to resolutions. Mr. Speight, Mr. Doubleday, and Mr. Mitchell, of South Carolina, opposed the proposition which was supported by Mr. Mercer. A message was received from the President recommending to the consideration of congress the captain and crew of the Spanish brig, by whose generous and heroic conduct upwards of sixty American citizens were recently rescued from the ship *Minerva*, when that vessel was destroyed by fire at sea. The communication and accompanying documents on the subject were read, and, on motion of Mr. Cambreleng, referred to the committee of commerce. The speaker presented a communication from Peter Dupont, Esq. of Philadelphia, on the subject of the culture of silk, together with various specimens of silk of American growth. They were referred to the committee on agriculture; and the house, at 2 o'clock, adjourned.

December 16.

In senate yesterday, but little legislative business was transacted. The credentials of the hon. Geo. M. Dallas, elected a Senator by the legislature of the State of Pennsylvania, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the hon. Isaac D. Barnard, were communicated by the chair and read. Mr. Chambers gave notice that he would, to-morrow, ask leave to bring in a bill to provide for the payment to certain of the States, of interest or advances made by them to the United States during the late war; and Mr. Wilkins gave notice that he would, on the same day, ask leave to bring in a bill providing indemnity to American citizens for epoliations on their commerce, committed by the French prior to the year 1800. After a short time spent in the consideration of Executive business, the senate adjourned over to Monday next. Mr. Webster was present and took his seat.

In the house of representatives yesterday, the usual time was taken up in the presentation of petitions and memorials; after which a more than ordinary number of resolutions were introduced. Mr. Drayton, from the committee on military affairs, reported a bill for the adjustment and settlement of the claims of South Carolina upon the government of the United States, which was read twice and committed to a committee of the whole; and at Mr. Drayton's instance, made the special order of the day for Wednesday the 26th December. The house has again took up Mr. Mercer's resolution for the appointment of a standing committee on roads and canals. Mr. Mitchell concluded his

## WEEKLY MESSENGER.

### PRINTER'S RETREAT, INDIANA.

THEATRE, J. NUNERY, 3, 1832.

Saturday Evening. To-morrow, and the *NEW YORKER*, will be down upon the world. No period of time, can be better selected for reflection—as we cast a retrospective glance upon the "faded hours" "vessels of pleasure or pain rise up in mingled confusion, as we find ourselves, better or worse, in mind morsels or fortune—we digress. We intended, to tender to our readers, our cordial good wishes and congratulations. A happy new year, may it be to them all—and may it again return, and find them still

January 8, at 11 o'clock.

John!! What a name—At Buffalo, N. Y. on the 12th inst. the beautiful Miss 20 Gances was married to Mr. Williams. What comfortable bed fellow.

DEATHS.—Since our last, in Philadelphia, 118—19 New York, 181—in Baltimore, 29.

The president's message was carried to Baltimore in one hour and twenty minutes— to New York in 14 and 16.

James Easton, of Saratoga, co. N. Y. into be hung or be 25th of January next, for murdering his wife.

Miss Freeman, of Monot Holly, N. J. is committed to prison for murdering her husband.

\$380,078 have been paid, this year, for public lands in Michigan territory.

U. S. SENATE.—George M. Dallas, of Penn has been elected in place of Barnard, resigned—Mr. Clayton, of Delaware, has resigned his seat.

It is said, a lady resides in Petersburgh, in 120 years old. She came from Scotland in 1727.

TAR is an effectual remedy for frosted limbs.

WO YES are said to be getting numerous in our county. A few sheep have already been killed.

CHILICOTHE, O.—Land is selling at from \$30 to \$60 per acre—a mark t' house 270 feet long has been recently built.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Contracts have already been made to build three large houses, the next season.

ELECTORS.—George Boon, of Sullivan county; James Blake, of Marion; Arthur Patterson, of Parke; Nathan B. Palmer, of Jefferson; Marks Crume, of Fayette, as certain—and Thomas Givans, of Fayette; Alex. Burnett, of Floyd; Walter Armstrong, of Dearborn; and John Ketchum, of Monroe; as contingent, electors friendly to the present administration.

President—Henry Clay, of Kentucky, was nominated unanimously, by the Baltimore—Isaac Hawk and John J. Neely attended as delegates from Indiana.

John Bright, of Penn, was nominated for Vice Pres.

OLD FOLKS.—The census of 1830, shows 954 persons, living in the U. S. 100 years old and upwards.

Thirteen persons who served in the late Virginia convention, have since died.

APPOINTMENTS BY GOV. NOBLE.

Jacob Ladd, of Indianapolis; Adjutant General.

James L. T. Farand, of Marion county; Quarter Master General.

David S. Gager, of Greenastle,

Eliza S. Huntington, of Parke County; Adj't.

Steam-wood Choppers

### WANTED.

The subscriber will give constant employment to any number of STEAM-WOOD CHOPPERS at fifty cents per cord.

The WOOD will be measured and paid for in CASH every Saturday afternoon.

ROBERT T. TAYLOR.

Woodward, Sugar Creek road, Indiana.

N. B. Further information can be had by applying at this office.

### Stray Sheep.

Strayed from Printer's Retreat farm, two large sheep—one a weather, marked with a crop off of the right and an undercut out of each ear, long tail and is a remarkable large sheep; I purchased him from Benj. Cole. The other is a ewe, marked with a crop off of each ear and an undercut out of the right ear, she has two short ears in the stump of the right ear which are always crooked up.

A live reward will be given to the person who will bring them home, and any information respecting will be fully received.

WILLIAM C. KEEN.

Dec. 18.