

# WABASH HERALD.

"True to his charge he comes, the Herald of a noisy World---News from all Nations lumbering at his back?"

VOL. I.

ROCKVILLE, PARKE COUNTY, INDIANA: SATURDAY, MARCH 31st, 1832.

NUMBER 50

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H. & R. W. CLARKE.

## TERMS.

The price of this paper will be \$2 00 per annum, if paid in advance: \$2 50 if paid within the year; and \$3 00 if payment is delayed until the expiration of the year.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted upon the usual terms viz: One dollar per square for three insertions, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. A liberal deduction will be made to those who would wish to contract for their advertising by the year. Job-work of all descriptions done in the neatest order on reasonable terms.

If payment is made within 30 days after the time of subscribing, it will be considered in advance.

## Atkinson's Casket,

Or Gems of Literature, Wit and Sentiment  
A MONTHLY PERIODICAL.

Each number containing 48 royal octavo pages of letter press, embellished with at least one copperplate, and several wood engravings, and one or more pieces of music. The work forms at the end of a year a volume of about 600 pages, to which an elegant engraved title page and a general index are added.

THE number of volumes of the Casket which have already been published and the faithfulness and punctuality of the publisher in fulfilling his contracts with his patrons, in respect to their contents, are sufficient, with those at all acquainted with the work, to show its true character.

The constantly increasing patronage bestowed on the Casket, has enabled the publisher to make considerable improvements in the work. Its typographical appearance is much changed for the better, and its contents are enriched. He believes that the volume now proposed, will not be exceeded in respect to typographical execution, the quantity and quality of the engravings, and the value of the contents, by any other periodical; and he safely asserts it to be the cheapest publication of the kind in the country.

The facilities for obtaining suitable articles for this work have of late, much increased. Some of the best literary publications of Europe are regularly received at the office of the Casket, as well as the prominent American periodicals. From both selections are made with much care. To secure a sufficient quantity of original matter, and to enable men of talents to prosecute their labors with success, and contribute to advance the literature and science of our own country the publisher gives a compensation to his correspondents, commensurate to the support he receives.

In respect to the Embellishments which will appear in the work, the publisher believes that no other periodical has such a profusion of elegant and expensive engravings. Executed in general by the first artists in the city they will suffer nothing by comparison. These form a considerable item in the expenses of the work, and in one year, exceed the whole cost of printing some periodicals for the same length of time, the subscription price of which is no lower than the Casket. The subject of the engravings will continue to be as heretofore. Portraits of distinguished characters; plates of the Newest Fashions, both of Europe and America; Views of American Scenery, particularly striking and interesting; Natural History; Embroidering; Foreign and Domestic Architecture; Botanical Plants, and whatever other objects may be deemed calculated to instruct, interest and amuse.

To inculcate sound and virtuous precepts & guard the thoughtless against the snares of vice; to lend the youthful mind to the contemplation of those sublime and all important subjects which deeply affect its prosperity; to give a taste for the rich, pleasing and beneficial enjoyments of literature and learning; and to hold out inducements for the young to cultivate their powers and enrich their understanding with substantial information, are matters which the publisher trusts he will ever keep in view. He is to gratified in looking over his past labors, find no language or sentiment recorded, calculated to detract from the beauty of virtue or to show vice in a less hideous aspect than really is. Due attention is also paid to Poetry, Anecdote, Light Reading, Amusing sketches, and those lectures which relieve the mind from the labor of close study, which refresh the understanding, and give a zest to graver and more important compositions.

Each number of the Casket contains at least one piece of Music, which is selected and arranged expressly for the work. The popular and newest are always at command to afford a judicious selection.

Orders free of postage, will meet prompt attention. Persons at a distance will find the mail a safe conveyance for ordering the work and enclosing remittances.

## LAW NOTICE.

WILLIAM P. BRYANT

Continues to practice Law in the County of Parke, and the adjoining Counties. His residence is in Rockville, where he will be found, except when absent on business. He will also act as Agent for non-residents.

April 15th, 1832.

## WHOLESALE STORE.

W. C. & D. LINTON

OF TERRE-HAUTE,

INTEND selling goods at wholesale exclusively, after February next. David Linton having spent the winter in New York and Philadelphia, and purchasing for that purpose. Terms will be in every respect as good as in

LOUISVILLE or CINCINNATI. And their assortment is equal to any in the United States. Their present business will be forthwith closed.

Jan. 28th, 1832.

43-Sw

## New Goods.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Rockville, and its vicinity, that he has just received a fresh supply of articles well suited for this market.

## DRY GOODS, HARD WARE,

Glass and Queen's Ware,

Groceries, Tin Ware,

Boots and Shoes,

Iron Castings,

Sugar kettles,

Nails assort.

## SALT,

By the Barrel or BUSHEL—and all other articles suitable for Town and Country Trade, which he pledges himself to sell at the lowest prices for Cash or Produce.

Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves as to prices and quality; and as I have permanently located in Rockville, shall spare no pains to keep up my assortment of the best articles.

I return my sincere thanks for past favors, and hope to receive a share of public patronage.

ALBERT G. SAUNDERS.

N. B. Any quantity of HOGS—BEEF CATTLE, FINE HORSES, FLOUR, CORN MEAL, Country SUGAR, &c. &c. will be taken in exchange for Goods.

A. G. S.

Rockville, Feb. 1832 45tf

## Grocery.

THE Subscriber has opened a grocery on the South side of the Public Square and has for sale.

Cherry Bounce, Peppermint Cordial, American Gin, Holland Gin, Cognac Brandy, Spanish Do. Rum, M. Whiskey, O. Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Pepper, Tea, Spice, Coppers, Indigo, Tobacco, Sigars, Fish, Cider, and many other articles too tedious to mention all which will be sold low for cash. He solicits a share of the public patronage.

J. SNOOK.

Feb. 25th 1832 46tf

THE SUBSCRIBERS Respectfully inform their friends, and the public in general, that he has just received from New York, and is now opening a full and complete assortment of

## Dry Goods,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.

Comprising in part of

Blue Drab and Olive Cloths,

Flannels,

And a large assortment of Satinets, and Prints, Domestic Plaid, Bevertens, Fancy Corda, blk Velvets, Cotton Flannels, Green Baize, Cashmere and Valentin Shawls, Dress Handkerchiefs and Bandanna's.

## Also,

A large quantity of Spun Cotton, Shirting and Sheetings. Crockery ware, common and China.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

A good assortment.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS & MEDICINES.

A great variety of other articles, too tedious to mention, all of which we intend selling low for CASH, or such trade as can be turned into cash.

RANDAL & GUEST.

N. B. I return my sincere thanks to my former customers, and hope they will still favor me with a share of their custom.

JONAS RANDAL.

Rockville, January 7th, 1832. 39-tf

## MACHINE CARDS.

W. C. & D. LINTON

EXPECT a large assortment of Machine Cards which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Terre-Haute, Feb. 12, 1832. —45-3

## New Hat MANUFACTORY.

THE SUBSCRIBER Respectfully informs the citizens of Rockville and the public in general, that he is establishing a

HAT MANUFACTORY in Rockville, on the South side of the Public Square;

where he intends keeping a general assortment of Hats. He has brought with him from the City of Cincinnati, the latest and most approved fashions of that place.

## ALSO,

AN assortment of very SUPERIOR FURS, AND

FANCY TRIMMINGS: Which from his extensive knowledge and practice in the best of Manufactories, he flatters himself that his Hats will be inferior to none offered for sale in this market.

## CASH PAID FOR FURS.

A higher price will be paid for prime Otter Skins than has heretofore been given.

Also, the highest market price for Furs of every description.

ELI COOK.

February 4, 1832. 43-tf

## Hat Manufactory

—O—O—O—

The subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has permanently located himself in ROCKVILLE, where he intends carrying on the above business. From his long experience in hat line, he flatters himself that he will be able to furnish those who may wish to favor him with their custom, with the neatest and most

FASHIONABLE HATS; Which will be sold low for CASH, or approved country produce.

His shop is South West of the Public Square.

JACOB MAY.

N. B. The highest price in CASH will be given for FURS

J. M.

Rockville Dec 1, 1831 34-tf

## SADDLES, BRIDLES,

AND HARNESS MANUFACTORY

—O—O—O—

THE SUBSCRIBERS having entered into a co-partnership under the firm of

HILL

AND

FREEMAN,

FOR the purpose of carrying on the above business in all its various branches, in Rockville, on the west side of

## THE PUBLIC SQUARE,

In the house lately occupied by Drs. Leonard and Tuley. Where they will be prepared to accommodate their friends and the public generally, with all articles in their line of business, in the neatest and most fashionable style, and at the shortest notice; they solicit business, and hope by unremitted attention and punctuality, to merit a portion of the public patronage.

DANIEL C. HILL.

EMSELY F. FREEMAN.

Rockville, Jan. 14, 1832. 40-tf

## BEEF.

THE citizens of Rockville and its vicinity are informed that I intend furnishing them during the coming season with the best Beef the country affords. I have already made arrangements for a large quantity of

## Beef Cattle

To be in good order for the earliest market, and intending to keep a sufficient and constant supply throughout the season.

J. ASHPAUGH.

Rockville, Febr. 22d, 1832—46

## THE FARMER.



## ASPARAGUS.

This delicious esculent vegetable, after due preparation of the ground, is easily cultivated. It requires a rich sandy loam, well manured to the depth of two and a half feet, and raised one foot above the alleys:—then, in addition, a good quantity of manure, well trenched in fifteen inches below the surface. A plantation of one square, rod is little enough for a family; and to plant this requires about one quart of seed. It should be sown in April or May, or three weeks before frosts in autumn, in rows nine inches distant. That which is sown in the fall, should be well littered to nearly a foot thick, to protect the tender plants through the first winter. Let the crop, the first and second year, and nearly all the third year, run up to seed. Water it occasionally till the third or fourth year—loosen the ground every spring before budding, with a proper fork, and keep it clean of weeds during the season. At the approach of winter, cover it with a layer of dung to the depth of an inch or more.

In the third or fourth year, according to the perfection of the plants, cut the shoots for use, three inches below the surface, as often as they spring up, till the twentieth of June then let them run up to seed. This method will afford good crops for ten or twelve years at least.

The seed is best preserved in the berry. In addition to the agreeable flavor, it is thought to be a good palliative, or remedy in the gravel.

## HABITS OF THE WOLF.

The smell of burning asafetida has a remarkable effect upon this animal. In a fire made in the woods, throw on a portion of this drug, so as to saturate the atmosphere with the odor, the wolves if any are within reach of the scent, immediately assemble round, howling in the most mournful manner, and such is the remarkable fascination under which they seem to labour, that they will often suffer themselves to be shot down rather than quit the spot. Of the few instances of their attacking human beings, of which we have heard the following may serve to give some idea of their habits. In early times, a negro man was passing in the night in the lower part of Kentucky, from one settlement to another. The distance was several miles, and the country over which he travelled entirely unsettled. In the morning his carcass was found entirely stripped of flesh. Near it lay his axe covered with blood, and all around the bushes were beaten down the ground trodden, and the number of foot tracks so great as to show that the unfortunate victim had fought long and manfully. On pursuing his track it appeared the wolves had pursued them for a considerable distance; he had often turned upon them and driven them back. Several times they had attacked him, and been repelled as appeared from the blood and tracks. He had killed some of them before the final onset, and in the last conflict had destroyed several. His axe was his only weapon.

On another occasion, many years ago a negro man was going through woods with no companion but his fiddle, when he discovered that a pack of wolves was on his track.—They pursued very cautiously, but a few of them would sometimes dash up and growl as if impatient for their prey, and then fall back again. As he had several miles to go he became much alarmed. He sometimes stopped, shouted, drove back his pursuers, and then proceeded.—The animals became more and more audacious, and would probably have attacked him, had he not arrived at a deserted cabin which stood by the way side—into this he rushed for shelter—and without waiting to shut the door, climbed up and seated himself on the rafters. The wolves dashed in after him, and became quite ferocious, howled and leaped and endeavored with every exaggeration of rage to get at him. The moon was

now shining brightly and he being able to see his enemies, and satisfied for his own safety, began to act on the offensive. Finding the cabin full of them, he crowded down to the top of the door, which he shut and fastened. Then removing some of the loose boards from the roof, scattered them with a tremendous clatter upon such of his foes as remained outside, who soon scamper off, while those in the house began to crouch with fear. He had now a large number of prisoners to stand guard over until morning; then drawing forth his fiddle, he very good naturedly played for them all night, very much as he supposed, to their edification and amusement, for like all genuine lovers of music, he imagined it had power to soften even the heart of a wolf. On the ensuing day, some of the neighbours assembled and destroyed the captives with great rejoicing.

## ANECDOTE OF A PRINTER.

At a supper which closed the annual meeting of the Columbia Typographical Society, held at Washington on Saturday week Mr. Verplanck, one of the guests related the following anecdote. I was engaged some years ago in a miscellaneous literary work, in conjunction with two or three friends, whose writings are amongst the most valuable productions of native literature. The volumes were most accurately as well as very neatly printed. Before the sheets had reached the binder, and long before they had fallen under the eyes of any regular editorial critic, I was surprised with a review of the work in one of our best and most widely circulated literary journals. It was written with great talents, as well as elegance and sprightliness of style, and in the most friendly spirit. On inquiring the name of our good natured and able critic, the authors were surprised to learn that he was the compositor who had set up all the manuscript, and who knew it only in that way.—Our friend has since laid down the stick for they pen, and is now, as I trust, winning his way to fame and fortune in another country.

A Connecticut family on a visit to the south, to save postage drew on the margin of a newspaper a child's face, an awl and a well with buckets, &c.—thus interpreted, "We have an infant, and all are well."

The Count de Grange being wounded in the knee with a musket ball, the surgeons made many incisions. Losing patience at last he asked them why they cut and carved so cruelly.—"We seek the ball." "Why did you not speak before," said the Count, "I have it in my pocket."

When Mr. Pope once dined at Lord Chesterfield's one of the domestics told his fellow servant, that he should have known Pope was a great poet by his very shape for it was in and out like the lines of a Pindaric ode.

The greatest things and the most praiseworthy that can be done for the public good, are not what require great parts, but great honesty; therefore for a king to make an amiable character he needs only to be a man of common honesty, well advised.

## ANCIENT FAMILY.

The following is an amusing instance of the tenacity with which the Highlanders hold to the honors and antiquities of their kindred. A dispute arose between Cambell and M'Lean, upon this never ending subject. M'Lean would not allow that Cambells had any right to rank with the M'Leans in antiquity, who he insisted were in existence as a clan from the beginning of the world. Cambell had a little more biblical lore than his antagonist, and asked him if the clan M'Lean was before the flood. "Flood! what flood?" said M'Lean. "The flood that drowned all the world you know but Noah and his family and his flocks," said Cambell. "Pooh! you and your flood" said M'Lean, "my clan was afore the flood." "I have not read in my Bible" said Cambell, "of the name of M'Lean ever going into Noah's ark." "Noah's ark!" retorted M'Lean, in contempt, "who ever heard of a M'Lean that had not a boat o' their own."

Honesty is the best policy.