



ROCKVILLE.

SATURDAY MARCH 24, 1832.

NEW PAPER.

The last mail brought us the first No. of the *Liberty Port Folio*, a new paper, lately established at Liberty, Union County Ia. We are much pleased with its appearance—the selections are judicious, and its original matter respectable. We are highly gratified to observe, that its editors intend pursuing that plain, honest, old-fashioned, *Republican* course which permits man to think, speak and act for himself—admitting no authority to dictate, or power to enforce the adoption of any views or principles—looking to no name as the Polar star by which to regulate opinion, direct sentiment, compel or restrain action, as *unnatural* as irrational, unjust, & dangerously tyrannical. The good cause is gaining ground—party excitement is on the wane—popular opinion is settling down against it—the frowns of an indignant people are upon it—and those that have hitherto “rode on the whirlwind, and directed the storm,” have ingloriously fallen with the circumstances that exalted them.

We gladly hail the approach of that day, when the distinction of party will no longer be marked with that *prospective* scrutiny which so emphatically characterizes the present history of our country—when the magic of *name* shall have lost its spell, and the “war note of faction” cease to be echoed through our land to annoy the peace and harmony of society, and sap the foundation of our happy form of government.

HYDROPHOBIA.

A man lately died with this dreadful disease, in Carlisle in this State. After receiving the infection by the bite of a dog, he immediately betook himself to the “*Mad Stone*,” that he might avail himself of the advantages of its efficacy to remove the disease. His exertions proved abortive, and death ensued. This case fairly tested the reputed virtue of the *Mad Stone*, and proves its inefficacy.

A Cincinnati paper, describing the “late flood” says, “One of your real salt em-downs from Kentucky, landed half way up Mainstreet, having swam seven miles with his wife on his back with the two youngest children in her arms, the two eldest [being boys] hanging to his toes; he accounted for himself, as having hung to the house as long as it would hold to terra firma but when it made a start he took water.”

From the *Liberty Port-Folio*.

POSTAGE ON NEWSPAPERS.

The reduction, or final extinguishment of the postage on newspapers and periodicals will probably be made at this session of congress; as a bill has been reported to that effect.

On this subject there seems to be no halting between two opinions, particularly in relation to *newspapers*! The postage on newspapers operates as a tax or duty, and prohibits their circulation by increasing their cost.—When a man subscribes for a paper, printed at two dollars, he must, if it be sent by mail which is generally the case even with a country paper, pay fifty cents postage; making the final cost of the paper *two dollars and fifty cents*.

It has been said, by some, that country printers reap an advantage from this additional cost, as it increases the price of city papers which would otherwise circulate through the country.—But city papers are not in general as useful or interesting to the country reader as the paper printed in his own county or vicinity. Every country paper is more or less made of local affairs. Some matters of fact which could not be corrowed into a city paper. A country election, for instance, gives an entirely a local interest to a country paper. In this state it is a custom (and a very good one) to address a circular letter to the “*sovereign people*,” on becoming a candidate for their suffrage. These, and other things connected with them frequently of much

importance to those concerned would not have room in the city paper, however spacious its pages.

A member of the Pennsylvania delegation in Congress, writing to the Editor of the *Mauch Chunk Courier* has the following appropriate remark:—“I entirely coincide with you that the postage of newspapers should be repealed; and I am satisfied also that the same experiment upon periodicals of all sorts would work no harm. The revenues of the post office Department are very ample, and with the due management must increase in abundance. The small addition, therefore, which is derived from these sources, cannot in any wise affect its general condition.—I hold it besides, good policy to take off all restraints upon the spread of intelligence, for upon that lies the strength and hope of our form of government. This question is now before proper committees, & I have no doubt they will do justice to the entire subject.”

A Rail Road is in progress from Rochester to Carthage in Monroe county, New York. The work is under contract at \$4,279 per mile.

Another Rail Road is contemplated from Rochester to Dansville. It is intended to use stone blocks with wooden rails, and to dispense with the use of wrought or cast iron tracks. The road constructed in this manner will cost about \$4000 a mile.

A PICKPOCKET CAUGHT.

A young man of genteel appearance and about twenty-five years of age, was on Sunday morning last arrested in the neighborhood of the Post Office, in the act of picking a gentleman's pocket. It seems that the light fingered personage had been observed by some gentlemen on one of the wharves, when making an unsuccessful attempt to pick a person's pocket there; and suspecting the knave to be one practised in the art, and on the look out for a victim, a trap was immediately set for him. Thus one of the gentlemen referred to, deposited a five dollar note in a blank book, permitting one corner of the note to be temptingly visible. The person thus accoutred called at the Post Office, and assumed to be inquiring for letters at the window. The pickpocket soon observed the note and in a few minutes more contrived to have it in his own possession. The feat was observed by one of the gentlemen who had witnessed the unsuccessful effort, who promptly stepped forward and arrested the unfortunate wight, who was taken before the Mayor and committed to prison. He gave his name as James Alden, and, on being interrogated as to what he had to say for himself, replied “nothing.”—A companion who was with him at the time the theft was committed, immediately took to his heels, on the arrest of Alden, and although chase was given, effected his escape.

Philadelphia Inq.

DUEL.

At day-break on Thursday morning a meeting took place in the Lammas, between a Mr. B. and a Mr. A., the latter a foreigner, originating, we understand, from a love affair. As the parties were about to take their station, a carpenter, who happened to be crossing a field approaching the spot, and perceiving what was going forward, solicited their patronage as an undertaker, should either fall. At these proffered services of the stranger, the friend as well as the principals began to look blue on the subject; and, after a consultation the affair was amicably arranged by their shaking hands and a present of two sovereigns made to the carpenter and the gunsmith (who had attended with the requisites) not to disclose the affair.—*Eng. paper.*

AN ODD FIGHT.

A group of hay-makers in Selkirkshire lately saw an eagle rising above the steep mountains that enclosed the narrow valley. The spectators were soon aware of something peculiar in the sight of the bird they were observing. He used his wings violently, and the strokes were often repeated, as if he were unusually agitated, wheeling in circles constantly decreasing, whilst his ascent was proportionally rapid.—He rose until he was nearly out of sight, when at length he appeared to descend and with grating rapidity, but in the manner of a shot bird, when he reached the ground a black-tailed weasle came from the body, as the hay-makers came up, looked around, stood on his hind legs for a moment or two, and then ran into a bush. The eagle was dead, covered with his blood, upon examination it appeared that the weasle had eaten into his throat and destroyed him.

A JEW OUTWITTED.

A Jew had ordered a French merchant in Morocco to furnish him with a considerable quantity of black hats;

green shawls, and red silk stockings. When the articles were ready for delivery the Jew refused to receive them. Being brought before the emperor, who administered justice himself, he denied having given him the order, and maintained that he did not even know the French merchant. Have you any witnesses? said the Emperor to the Frenchman. No, So much the worse for you; you should have had witnesses; you may retire.” The poor merchant, completely ruined, returned home in despair. He was however soon alarmed by a noise in the street; he ran to see what it was. A numerous multitude were following one of the emperor's officers who was making proclamation at the cross roads:—“Every Jew who within four and twenty hours after this proclamation, shall be found in the streets without a black beaver-hat on his head a green shawl round his neck, and red silk stockings on his legs shall be immediately seized and conveyed to the first court or palace, to be there flogged to death.” The children of Israel all thronged to the French merchant, and before evening, the whole articles were purchased at any price he choosed for them.

From the Vincennes Sun.

Cartists, Ia. March 12, 1832.

MR. STOUT.

Mr. Samuel Postlewaite, (tinner formerly of your place,) has just expired under all the horrors of hydrophobia.—His own history of the case, as detailed to me, runs thus, “About nine weeks since, he was bitten, while walking the streets in this place, by a dog supposed to be affected with canine madness; shortly after, the dog was killed having presented suspicious appearances.”

Mr. P. yielding to popular prejudices, submitted to the operation of the “*mad stone*” it stuck eleven hours, and then would stick no longer, when (according to madstone theory), the poison was extracted, and consequently the patient free from danger. He suffered no inconvenience from the wound from the time it was inflicted, until Saturday the 10th instant, when he was attacked with pain and superficial numbness of the middle finger of the left hand, (the part on which he was bitten.) The pain gradually extended itself up the arm, and increased in acuteness. On Sunday morning he was entirely unable to swallow fluids, and the mere mention of water would create intense pain in the region of the stomach and throat, accompanied with spasms which increased on every return until the close of his existence. His mind was entirely lucid at intervals; other symptoms were such as strongly marked the complaint and such as are unnecessary to enumerate. Dr. Oliver and myself pursued the course of practice indicated, but without any apparent benefit. No medical advice however, was sought until after the spasm commenced.

I report this case to you for the purpose of guarding the public against the reputed efficacy of the “*mad stone*” as well as mad dogs.

JOHN W. DAVIS.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

February 25, 1831.

GENERAL REMARKS.

The weather since our last report, was clear and cool (without frost) until Thursday night when we had a storm of cold rain. Since that time it has been cloudy, cold, and unpleasant. The unpaved streets, as is usual after a heavy rain, are very muddy. A transient improvement of the general business of the city, which we had the pleasure to notice last week, has been ephemeral, and the market appears to be almost as dull as ever.

COTTON.—For the week past, the market has been dull and inanimate, the sales being very small compared to those of last. Speculators, influenced by the expectation of a reduction in prices, keep out of the market, in the way of large transactions.

SUGAR.—Has fallen since our last. Some lots of good quality have been sold at 5 1/2 a c, cash, in the city; on plantation 5 a 5 1/2 are the ruling prices according to quality, and distance from town. The increased demand noticed last week, was only temporary. It has now entirely ceased, and sugar is as dull as ever.

MOLASSES.—The demand continues fair, and arrives brisk; prices have rather declined since our last; we quote on plantation 18 a 18 1/2, and in the city 20 a 21 c.

FLOUR.—The market appears to be fairly supplied at present; the demand has been good for exportation to Havana and other West India ports \$5 50 is the price asked and obtained. The quantity arriving falls short of expectation, and the article may be considered scarce and looking up.

WHISKEY.—The demand is good, very little on hand and but few arrivals. Sales are generally made at retail, and the articles commands our quotation 33 c.

LARD.—A large quantity remains for disposal; the market being over supplied, prices are kept down. Sales few and no change in prices.

PORK.—Mess continues very dull, and very little in demand; a large stock remains in first hands. Prime is rather scarce, and in moderate demand, at a shade of improvement on our last quotations.

TOBACCO.—The exports of the week are only 23 bbls to Boston. HAY.—Has become rather more plenty than when last noticed. There is a slight depression in prices, but no want of demand.

MACKEREL.—Are more brisk at unaltered quotations.

CFEE.—The arrivals of this article for the last week have been large, and the demand limited; some lots have been disposed of at 14 c. for exportation of Mobile and Florida; the large stock on hand keeps the price down and speculators for the Western country hold back with the expectation of a decline. Sales have been made at retail or in small lots at 15 a 15 1/2 c.

BEANS.—White are scarce and in fair demand at quotations; Red continues dull.

BEEF Western Mess has improved and looking up.—8 50 is asked—the quantity on hand is small, demand moderate.

The Savannah Georgian says, we are sorry to learn by the Thos. Dickerson, from Havre, that Gen. Lafayette had been for some days confined to his bed with a severe indisposition, and had been bled several times.

The Rutland Vt. Herald States that a respectable colored man on attempting to shave himself recently, found the razor move uncommonly glibly & ascertained that the beard all came out by the roots, & soon after his head became completely bald. He is said to have formerly had abundance of hair and still beard, and to have had uninterrupted good health.

A distinguished gentleman of Pennsylvania whose nose and chin were both very long and who had lost his teeth, whereby his nose and chin were brought very near together was told “I am afraid your nose and chin will fight before long, they approach each other very menacing.” “I am afraid of it myself” replied the gentleman, for a great many words have passed between them already.

Vermillion Circuit Court, March term, 1832.

STATE OF INDIANA } VERMILLION COUNTY }

Nathan Wheeler,

vs.

Darius Moulton.

CHANCERY.

Comes now the Complainant, by Whitecomb his solicitor and files his bill; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, an affidavit filed, that the said Darius Moulton is a non-resident of the state of Indiana; it is therefore ordered, that notice of the pendency of this suit be published three weeks successively, at least sixty days prior to the next term of this court in the “*Wabash Herald*,” a public newspaper published in Parke County, Indiana, requiring the said Darius Moulton to be and appear before this Court, on the first day of the next term thereof, then & there to plead, answer, or demur to said complainant's bill, or that the same will be taken as confessed, and this case is continued until the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record,

Attest

STEPHEN B. GARDNER.

Clerk

Parke Circuit Court March Term 1832.

STATE OF INDIANA } PARKE COUNTY }

Samuel Hill Jr.

vs.

Christopher Kiger William Morgan James Morgan & John Mitchell.

Comes now the complainant, by Wright his solicitor and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Christopher Kiger one of the Defendants, is not a resident of the state of Indiana; it is therefore ordered, that notice of the pendency of this suit be published three weeks successively, at least sixty days prior to the next term of the court, in the “*Wabash Herald*,” a public newspaper, published in Parke County Indiana, requiring the said Christopher Kiger to be and appear before the court on the first day of the next Term thereof; there and then to plead, answer, or demur to said complainant bill or that the same will be taken as confessed, on a decree rendered thereon accordingly; and this case is continued until the next term of this court.

Attest.

WALLACE REA,

Clerk

HYMENEAL.



MARRIED.—On Wednesday the 21st inst by the Rev. Mr. S. H. McNutt Mr. William Johnson to Miss. Garrison all of this county.

Sheriff's Sale

BY virtue of a writ of Venditionia Exponas a Fieri Facias, and alias Fieri Facias to me directed from the office of the Clerk of the Parke Circuit, I will Expose to sale at the door of the Court House in the Town of Rockville, on Monday the 16th day of April next, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock on said day, the Rents and profits for 7 years, arising from the following described tracts of land to wit, the w. h. of the n. w. qr. of section 7, in Town 15, Range 8 w. also the north end of the west half of the s. w. qr. of section 7, t. 15 r. 8—west, commencing at the 1/2 mile stake in said section on the range line, dividing Ranges 8 & 9, thence S. with said line to a white oak on the south bank of Rackoon Creek, thence East to where the County or Terre Haut road now runs, thence running with said road, till it strikes down the bluff to the North line of said gr. section, thence west, 80 rods to the place of beginning containing 20 acres more or less provided the rents and profits aforesaid, will not satisfy said writs, I will then and there, expose to sale, all the fee simple of said tracts of land, taken in execution as the property of Abner Cox, to satisfy Thomas Swan, Duncan Darrouch & John Marshall, and Elisha Givens.

JOHN G. DAVIS.—Shff P. C.
Rockville March 22d 1832.

KENHAWA SALT.

500 bbls

For sale by H. F. FEENEY.
Montezuma March the 14th 1832.

KENHAWA SALT.

300 bbls

Just received and for sale three Hundred Barrels of Kenhawa salt inspected No 1—please call and examine.
S. HILL, Jr.

March, 1st 1832.

Notice.

ONE CENT REWARD.
Run away from the subscriber, on the 15th instant, an indentured boy, by the name of William Owens; all persons are forbid harbouring or trusting him on my account and whoever will return him to me shall receive the above reward but neither thanks nor charges.
THOMAS COOK.

Notice.

TAKEN UP BY David Rardin, of Sugar Creek Township, Parke County Ind, a Brown mare, supposed to be 18 years old—14 hands and 1 inch high, the near hind foot has a white ring of hair about one inch wide—two white spots one on each side of the back, suppose to be made by the saddle, a small whet spot in the forehead—had a sore back, leaving a large scar—no other marks or brands—appraised to \$8,00 by us
Wm. Kennedy
Jacob Bowshur.

February 27 1832

A true copy Charles Grant J. P.

Notice.

SCHOOL LANDS FOR SALE.
WILL be sold at the Court House door in the town of Rockville, Parke County Indiana, on Monday the 23d day of April next, School Section

No. 9,

In Township number 15, north of Range 8 west, in said county. Sale to commence between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 6 P. M. on said day.
HIRAM D. JONES,
S. Comr.

February 21, 1832.

46-47

JOB-WORK
Neatly executed at this Office.

Blank Deeds

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

MACHINE CARDS.

W. C. & D. LINTON

EXPECT a large assortment of Machine Cards which will be sold at the lowest prices.
Terre-Haute, Feb. 12, 1832.—45-3