



ROCKVILLE.

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 4, 1832.

On Saturday, Sunday and Monday, the 11th, 12th and 13th inst. will be held a Methodist Quarterly meeting in this place. The Rev. James Armstrong will attend the meeting.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

Next Saturday, the election of Associate Judge takes place, at the several places of holding elections throughout this county.—We have been authorized to say, that Major WILLIAM T. NOEL of this place, is a candidate for that office.

This day the election of the officers of the new Regiment takes place in Montezuma. The following are the persons whose names we have been authorized to announce as candidates:

For Colonel,
JOSEPH POTTS.
For Lieutenant Colonel,
JOSEPH CAMPBELL
For Major,
CHARLES WILSON.

In consequence of the high waters, the papers due us on Saturday have not yet been received, which is the only apology we have to offer for the matter contained in this week's paper. Our situation in regard to the mails is very inconvenient and perplexing; the mail from the east, which is the principal one, arrives once a week (on Saturday) at this place, which places it beyond our power to lay before our readers any news, that is not a week old in this place; and to change the day of publication, would make no material alteration, & none for the better. When but one mail per week is received, we have either to suffer our papers to remain in the Post Office a week, or publish that which has been on hands a week.

It strikes us that our Representative in Congress, when a candidate, promised to use his exertions in order to remedy this evil which is greatly felt and deprecated by the citizens of this section of country; shall we be forgotten? Will there be no hand to administer to our wants? We trow not. It only requires an explanation of the facts in regard to our situation, to have our prayer granted.

The Report of the Post Master General represents the affairs of the Department as being in the most flourishing condition, yielding some sixty thousand dollars of a surplus revenue, and will the paltry sum necessary to defray the expense incurred by the change we ask, be refused? certainly not.

THE BANK.

The Louisville Advertiser says, "The Bank of the United States has petitioned Congress to renew its charter. In the Senate, the petition was referred to a select Committee, composed of Messrs. Dallas, Webster, Hayne, Ewing, and Johnston.—In the House, it was referred to the Committee of Ways and Means, by a vote of 100 to 90."

The Committee of Ways and Means is composed of Messrs. McDuffie, Versplanck, Ingersoll, Gilmore, Alexander, Wild and Gather. To judge the future by the past, we are disposed to believe that the Bank will be re-chartered. And we think the vote taken on referring the Petition to the Committee of Ways and Means a tolerably fair exhibit of the strength of parties upon that subject; inasmuch as the chairman of that Committee, has already distinguished himself as a devoted friend of the Bank, and but little hope can be entertained by the opponents of the Bank, that he will report otherwise than favorable.

That our readers may be the better prepared to draw a correct conclusion in regard to the subject, we give below a few short extracts from the opinions of persons whose opportunities of becoming acquainted with the subject are not surpassed by any. The first remarks are from the Hon. William H Crawford.

"I was Secretary of the Treasury more than eight years, and during that time I had ample evidence of the great utility of the Bank of the United States, in managing the fiscal concerns of the Union. I am persuaded that no man, whatever his preconceived opinions may be, can preside over the Treasury one year, without being deeply impressed with the expediency of the Bank of the United States, in conducting the finance of the Union."

In regard to the power possessed by Congress, from under the Constitution, Mr. Crawford says:

"The provision in the constitution which gives Congress the power to pass all laws which may be necessary and proper to carry into effect the e-

numerated powers, gives Congress the right to pass the Bank bill, unless a law most proper to carry into effect the power to collect and distribute revenue, should be excluded by that provision.—My construction of the grant of power to pass all laws which may be necessary to carry the enumerated powers into effect includes the power to pass all laws which are necessary and proper to carry the enumerated powers into effect in the most perfect and complete manner, and not in an incomplete and imperfect manner."

The present able and efficient Secretary of the Treasury, Louis M'Lean, expresses himself upon the subject of the Bank in the following conciliatory manner.

"The experience of the Department in the trying periods of its history, and the convictions of his own judgment concurring with those of the eminent men who have preceded the undersigned in its administration,—induce him to recommend the expediency of rechartering the present bank at the proper time, with such modifications, as, without impairing its usefulness to the government and the community, may be calculated to recommend it to the approbation of the Executive, and what is vitally important to the confidence of the people.

"Independently of the considerations connected with the currency, the interests both of the Government and individuals involved in the Bank of the United States make the stability of that institution an object of great importance. No reason is perceived why this great interest should not be equally considered in the scheme of deference and concession and compromise which the public safety, not less than the national prosperity, so urgently recommends. While conflicting interests and opinions on other subjects are invited to meet on middle grounds, and, on the altar of the common good, each to offer something for the preservation of concord and union throughout this favored land, the advocates and opposers of the existing system for regulating the currency may also be expected to join in the same patriotic sacrifice."

Considering the sources from whence these sentiments emanate—the opportunities presented to their authors of becoming informed upon the subject—and the circumstances attending—all combine more strongly to enforce a conviction of the correctness of the opinions expressed. Let each man judge for himself.

General Robert Lucas, of Ohio, has been nominated by the late Jackson State Convention as a candidate for Governor.

The vote in the House of Representatives, on the final passage of the Canal Bill, stands recorded as follows:

Ayes, Messrs. Alley, Decker, Peyton, Angle, Finch, Profile, Baber, Flake, Reid, Bell, Gardner, Reynolds, Bonner, Groves, Robison, Bryant, Hanna, Rose, Clark, Heaton, Secrest, Clawson, Huntington, Standford, Conner, Martin, Stevenson, Cox, Maxwell, Tebbs, Cravens, Morris, Wallace, Crumpton, Murray, Willey, Culley, Nelson, Wilson, Davis, Noble, Wooden,—42
Nays, Messrs. Brady, Henley, Polke, Casey, Hite, Ruddick, Cotton, Hoover, Slaughter, Crume, Jones, Smiley, Durham, Lane, Steele, Ferguson, Livingston, Thornton, Frame, Logan, Vawter, Griggs, Lynd, Williams, Hargrove, Moyer, Moore, Sp'kr. Herrod, Paddocks, 31 Henderson, Parks.

The Senate of this State is composed of 16 Farmers, 7 Lawyers, 6 Merchants, 1 Physician, 1 Painter, and 1 Sawyer. The youngest member of this body is 27 years of age, and a native of Ohio.

The House of Representatives is composed of 40 Farmers, 11 Lawyers, 9 Merchants, 7 Physicians, 1 Printer, 1 Millwright, 2 Carpenters, 1 Bricklayer, 1 Innkeeper, 1 Blacksmith, and 1 Hatter.

The following appointments by the President have been confirmed by the Senate of the United States.—Francis Baylies, of Mass., to be Charge des Affaires to Buenos Ayres, vice Mr. Forbes, deceased.

John Nelson, of Ma. to be Charge des Affaires to Naples.

August Davezac de La to be Charge des Affaires to the Netherlands.

The nomination of Lewis Cass, as Secretary of War, has been confirmed by the unanimous vote of the Senate.

The nomination of James Buchanan of Penn., to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Russia, vice John Randolph, resigned; has also been confirmed.

The Legislature of Ohio has incorporated a company for the purpose of constructing a Rail Road from Dayton to Lake Erie, by way of Springfield, and Urbana to Portland. Distance estimated at from 160 to 180 miles. It cannot be said of Ohio, that she is slow to execute her share of the great and ennobling work of Internal Improvement.

By REQUEST. From the Political Clarion. THE DEBATE.

We have examined attentively, the remarks by Messrs. Ewing, Dumont and Hayes, in the State Senate, on the joint resolution relative to the American System and the re-chartering of the United States Bank. We think that the effort of Mr. Ewing reflects much credit upon himself and the state. It is not often that we find public men assuming so lofty, high minded and independent a bearing. The dearest interest of the country, in the hands of such men, are safe—men

—“Who know their rights,
And knowing, dare maintain.”

Mr. Hayes defends that resplendent *‘scutcheon in the tablet of Andrew Jackson,’* entitled the Veto. And by the way, presents the public with a four-columned rignmarole of as hollow and senseless trash as is to be found anywhere else in the annals of Jacksonism. His remarks were evidently intended for rabble rousing—they are entirely too turgid, too bombastic, too sublimated for serious consideration. Mr. H. has undoubtedly learned to think and demonstrate by blowing up soap-bubbles through a goose quill; and it may be pretty fairly conjectured that he has studied elocution by drumming on an old whiskey barrel with a pair of corn-cobs. Whilst perusing this speechification, we were frequently reminded of an harangue which is said to have been perpetrated by some ambitious member of a village debating club. *Happiness* was the theme for discussion.—The incipient Demosthenes arose with considerable propensity of demeanor, and throwing himself into as imposing an attitude as may be, thus held forth: “Mr. President, happiness is like a crow perched upon yonder mountain which, when you reproach vanishes, like the schismatic tints of the convalescent rain-bow!”

From the Indiana Journal. INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

A subject which has excited considerable interest—viz: the ratification of an act of the Legislature of Ky. incorporating a company to build a bridge across the Ohio river at the Falls—occupied the attention of the Senate for several days during the close of the last and the commencement of the present week, and a bill for that purpose finally passed yesterday morning, and was sent to the House of Representatives for concurrence.—Considerable debate took place on the various amendments proposed to the bill. We are not apprised exactly of the provisions of the bill; but we believe it passed in such a shape as comported with the views of those most interested in the measure.

In the House of Representatives, something like a veto has been put upon the subject of divorces. Two bills on this subject were yesterday postponed indefinitely, and it is believed that will be the fate of all similar bills pending in the House of Representatives.—A majority of the members, it is believed, are apposed to the principle of granting divorces by the Legislature. A supplemental canal bill is in progress and will doubtless pass, which provides for a sale of the lands. The minimum price of the lands is fixed at \$1 50, and lands that do not sell are to be afterwards subject to be entered as Congress lands are. The bill as originally introduced provided that the sale should take place in May next, but it has been amended so as to postpone the sale until October, on the ground that sufficient publicity could not be given by the time first mentioned. A bill introduced sometime ago, making voluntary prosecutors liable for costs in certain cases, has been postponed indefinitely. A bill is pending, providing for the repeal of that part of the 13th section of the act regulating the practice in suits at law which enables a defendant on making affidavit that a plaintiff has no just cause of action, &c. to compel a resident plaintiff to give security for costs. The judiciary committee, we understand, have come to the determination to impeach Alfred J. Athol, a justice of the peace of Lawrence county. The trial of the case by the Senate will probably commence the last of the present or the first of the ensuing week.

The session, it is thought, will continue the whole of next week at least, and probably a considerable portion of the succeeding week.

In giving a brief abstract, in our last paper, of the provisions of the supplemental canal bill, we stated the mini-

mum piece of the lands was \$1 50.—This statement was not sufficiently full. The bill provides that the lands shall be divided into three classes, the minimum prices of which are fixed as follows: For the first class \$3 50; for the 2d class \$2 50; and for the 3d class \$1 50.

In publishing, in the last paper, the yeas and nays on the motion of Mr. Crume to postpone indefinitely the further consideration of the bill preparatory to the introduction of the adversum system of taxation, a typographical error occurred in inserting Mr. Martin's name on both sides of the question. Mr. M. voted in the negative on that proposition.

A bill for the erection of a State House was introduced into the Senate yesterday by Mr. Orr, which passed to a second reading.

A resolution was offered yesterday by Mr. Graham, instructing the committee on the affairs of the town of Indianapolis to report a bill, providing for the sale and the removal of the building on the Governor's Cricle, preparatory to the erection of a State House thereon, and before the question was taken on its adoption the hour arrived, at which, by a rule of the Senate, the orders of the day are taken up.

In the House of Representatives, the engrossed bill from the Senate to ratify and confirm an act of the Legislature of Kentucky incorporating a Company to construct a bridge across the Ohio river at the Falls, has been the all-absorbing subject for two or three days.—A number of amendments were offered, which will be found in our reports of Legislative proceedings. None of the amendments were adopted, and the bill was finally passed by a large majority—the vote being, for the bill 53, against it 20. The propositions to amend received considerably more votes than were given against the passage of the bill. On a proposition to amend the act so as to allow the state of Indiana, at the expiration of twenty years, to purchase one-half of the stock, an animated and eloquent debate took place, in which the Hon. Speaker and several other gentlemen participated.

Another cheat.—Boxes of Segars have lately been sold at Pittsburg, Penn. all but the upper tier being *corn cobs!* Western Register.

Negligence in reading sometimes produces whimsical coincidences. A clergyman reading to his congregation a chapter in Genesis, found the last sentence in the page to be, “*And the Lord gave unto Adam a wife.*” Turning over two leaves together, he found written, and read in an audible voice, “*And she was pitched within and without.*” He had unfortunately got into the middle of a description of Noah's ark.

Canal revenue.—By a statement in the Albany Journal, we learn that the tolls collected this year on the several canals in this state, amount to \$1,222,423 51—being an increase over those of last year of about \$160,000. The fund applicable to the payment of the canal debt, on the 1st of January, will be about \$2,600,000; which will reduce the debt to 4,400,000.—The canal revenues will be annually increasing and it is believed they will be amply sufficient in three or four years to pay off the whole debt, after which the state will be in the receipt of about two millions of dollars annually.—Ontario Repository.

CANAL NAVIGATION.

On a new Plan.

An ingenious mechanic of Chillicothe Mr. Wm McCarrell, has constructed a vehicle which, from the description given of it, appears admirably calculated for running on the canal, when the severity of the weather renders the usual mode of navigation impracticable. It partakes of the nature of a sleigh and a canal boat; being fixed on runners; so as to move on the ice with great rapidity, and is made water tight, in order that it may float in case of breaking through. It came up to this place on Wednesday evening, with a number of passengers; and we have been informed by some of our fellow citizens who have taken a ride in it that it is a very easy, safe, and comfortable mode of conveyance. It is the intention of the proprietor we understand, to run it regularly between Chillicothe and Columbus so long as the season will permit, should he meet with sufficient encouragement.

Oratory of the Bar.—Speech should be rendered musical to the ear. The looking-glass should be constantly resorted to in order that every pleader may become acquainted with his own peculiar countenance, looks, and thus avoid what might be grotesque and defective. It is a recorded fact, that the great Lord Mansfield adopted this course, and was once detected making

speech before his glass by Lord Boringhroke, and to that useful study is attributed the meritorious manner and style that characterized that learned lord. The ungraceful demeanor that signalized some other barristers, particularly Dunning, Bearcroft, &c., they would have avoided had they only seen themselves. The manner of Dunning was nearly fatal to his prospects; he succeeded at last in consequence of an opportunity accidentally occurring for the display of his great talents.—*The walls Lectures.*

The Rev. Mr. Post was on Tuesday last, re-elected Chaplain on the part of the House of Representatives of the United States, by a majority of five over all the candidates.

This is in reality the season of Legislation—the Legislatures of the following States being now in session: Alabama, South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Tennessee, and Mississippi.

France, in 200 years, constructed 900 miles of canal; England, in 70 years, 2752 miles; and the United States, in 14 years, 2500 miles, of which nine hundred are in Pennsylvania.

The Boston Morning Post remarks that it was stated in the Pulpit, by one of the clergy, that nearly twenty thousand persons are sick in that city—about one third of the population.

PETERSBURG, (Vir.) Dec. 13, 1831. OUR MARKET.

WHEAT.—This article still continues in much demand at rather higher prices. Say 100 to 108 cents for red, and 105 to 112 cents for white.—The quantity coming in is quite insufficient to supply the mills; superior qualities machined, easily obtain our highest quotations.

MATERIALS OF POETRY.—Good sense is the body of poetic genius; fancy its drapery, motion its life, and imagination the soul that is every where and in all, and forms all into one graceful and intelligent whole.—*Coleridge.*

BELGIAN NATIONAL COLORS.—King Leopold has issued orders that the National Flag of Belgium, shall consist of colors,—red, yellow, and black—arranged in vertical stripes, in the same way as the French tricolors.

WHOLESALE STORE. W. C. & D. LINTON

OF TERRE-HAUTE,

INTEND selling goods at wholesale exclusively, after February next. David Linton having spent the winter in New York and Philadelphia, and purchasing for that purpose. Terms will be in every respect as good as in

LOUISVILLE or CINCINNATI.

And their assortment is equal to any in the United States. Their present business will be forthwith closed.
Jan. 28th, 1832. 43-Sw

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

A GREEBLY to an order to me directed, by the Col. of the 50th Regiment, Ia. Militia. I shall hold an election in the Cavalry on the 11th day of February, 1832; at Dixon's Mills, for the purpose of electing a Cornet, to fill the vacancy of James Kerr, who is excused from military duty.

HEMAN NELSON,

Captain of Cavalry.

N. B. All persons belonging to the Cavalry company, are requested to attend for the purpose of performing military duty.

H. N.

Captain of Cavalry.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

A Farm containing one half section of first rate land, lying on big Raccoon creek, one half mile south of Roseville, Parke county, Indiana, and the improvements connected therewith. Said farm is well situated for health and convenience has a distillery capable of running from 20 to 25 bushels of grain per day, and an ox mill; about 100 acres under cultivation, about 300 peach trees, and 100 bearing apple trees, houses, barn, fences; all in good repair, an excellent spring of water, and a bank of Stone Coal within 50 yards of the distillery, and almost every other convenience which could render a residence desirable. Any person wishing to purchase, who will examine the premises, will be satisfied that few in the country possess equal advantages. The terms of sale will be made known on application to the owner, residing on the premises.

LEWIS CAMMACK.

January 30, 1832. 43-3t

LAW NOTICE.

WILLIAM P. BRYANT

Continues to practice Law in the County of Parke, and the adjoining Counties—his residence is in Rockville, where he will be found, except when absent on business.—He will also act as Agent for non-residents.
April 12th, 1831. 14.