GAZETTE.

VINCENNES.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1843.

Whig Principles.

"The will of the Nation uncontrolled by the will of ONE MAN: one Presidential term, a frugal Government, and no sub-Treasury, open or covert, in substance or in fact; no Government Banks, but an institution capable of guarding the People's treasure and administering to the People's wants.

The appointment of the Secretary of the Treasury to be vested in Congress.

The just restriction of the power of dismissal from office now exercised by the President.

The introduction of economy in the Administration of the Government, and the discontinuance of all sinecures, and useless offices."

For President in 1844

HENRY CLAY,

OF KENTUCKY.

Friend Dowling in his last Express, says "what has become of the Western Sun?" We say what became of his paper of the 15th ult? None came to Vincennes. We would like to have one, and if it is not taxing him too much, he would do us a favor by sending it to us.

☞We ask particular attention to an article on our first page, headed "Southport Mechanics Institute! Most especially do we wish the mechanics to read it. It savors of good sense.

The editor of the Ashville, (N. C.) Messenger, wi[illegible] send us his paper of the 1[illegible] number.

[illegible] Whitfield, Mississ[illegible]

[illegible] Ohio, South and Centr[illegible]

CLAY CLUB

The Whigs of Vincennes township are requested to meet at their usual place of meeting, on Saturday evening, the 9th instant, at the Town Hall, for the purpose of forming a Clay Club. Let there be a general attendance, as it is important that early measures should be adopted to call out and concentrate the strength of the party.

The [illegible] Indiana, [illegible] dollars to any person who will erect a good flowing well at this place. This offer is offered for a very little dig.

A GREAT DAY MADE OF MOTION.

[illegible] the 4th of November, 1843, was a glorious day for the Whigs of 'Old Knox.' The ardor and enthusiasm exhibited then from the early morn to the close of the day, was cheering to the heart of the patriot. This commencement augurs well for the success of the campaign of '44. Who would wish to repress this ardor? Let it kindle—let it blaze from one end of the Union to the other; don't dampen it, it is a good cause and it cannot be prosecuted with too much energy. We say, let the young men do battle. They won a great victory in '40, and they will again in '44. Let their watchword be, OUR COUNTRY AND OLD HAL, *for our country's sake.*

The proceedings of the meeting are presented to our readers this week. The greatest harmony prevailed—it was every thing for the cause and nothing for men. The meeting was addressed by H. Fauntleroy, Esq., in a very spirited and eloquent manner, which was interrupted with frequent and loud applause. The very name of Clay would cause the 'Welkin to ring.'

We cannot omit an allusion to the response of our worthy citizen Maj. Bruce of Bruceville, to the call of the young men for the old Whigs to join in the Convention. It was peculiarly happy and appropriate for the occasion. And who, we would ask, can have a better claim to respond to the call the young Whigs, when we consider that he is the father of some twenty-six good and true.

The Convention was the largest ever held in the county. Its number was estimated at from 250 to 300.

We are pleased to observe that the call for the County Convention of Young Whigs, held in this place on Saturday last, has attracted the attention of many of the Whig papers in various parts of the State. The Indiana Journal, Rushville Whig, Perrysville Republican, and others, have mentioned the movement with approbation, and recommended the Young Whigs of the State generally to follow the example thus set, and organize for efficient action in the approaching Presidential campaign. We hope they will do so, for we feel assured that by such a course, great good must result to our cause. By it hundreds, nay, thousands of young men who take but little interest in election matters, will be induced to throw off their apathy and become active and zealous in forwarding their political principles; and the influence which they will thereby exert, will tend much to promote and secure that success which is our object to attain. Why were we defeated in our state elections last August? Was it because Indiana is no longer a Whig State? No, it was simply because, from a culpable indifference, we forgot our duty to our principles, and to ourselves, that the palm of victory was wrested from us. Admonished of this, by our defeat, we should rouse ourselves with redoubled ardor for the coming contest, and by adopting early measures to concentrate our strength, be enabled, when the election again comes round, to show our opponents that Indiana is still as she was in '40, on the side of correct principles. And to bring this about, we believe that much may be accomplished by a general rally among the young members of our party, and hope they will come promptly forward and take that active interest in the politics of the State, which their great numbers, their zeal, their enthusiasm and their duty justly and di[illegible]mand.

The Branch of the State Bank of Indiana, at Lawrenceburgh, has received instructions from the Board of Directors of the State Bank, immediately to suspend all operations. This step on the part of the parent Bank, was induced in consequence of said branch having repeatedly disregarded the provisions of the charter, & by reasons too of her situation being deemed unsafe. Col. A. C. Pepper, P. L. Spooner, and H. K. Hobbs, Esq'rs., have been appointed Receivers. The paper will be received as heretofore at the other branches, and will be redeemed with specie at its own counter.

KNOX C[illegible]y Convention OF YOUNG WHIGS.

[illegible] is call the [illegible]

[illegible] Whigs, assemble and [illegible] the appointment of delegates to the Young Men's Whig State Convention recommended to be held at Indianapolis on the 17th of January next, and in compliance with a call for a State Convention of young men at Indianapolis on the 17th of January, to gain and diffuse information of the B[illegible] cause, to devise measures of general concert and co-operation, and to appoint delegates to Baltimore.

In view of the foregoing considerations—therefore

Resolved, That union, harmony, and vigilance are essential to the success of the Whig party, and that to secure that success it is the duty of the Whigs to lay aside all personal jealousies and dissensions, and come forward as one man and give a cheerful aid to all honorable measures calculated to promote it.

Resolved, That in *Henry Clay* we have a chief worthy to lead us on to a glorious victory. We view him as the perfect embodiment of true Whig principles, those which, through a long life of public service, he has so conspicuously illustrated and ably vindicated, and regard him as the only man who should be thought of by the Whigs in connexion with the next Presidency—and we hereby pledge ourselves to use all fair and honorable means to elevate him to the Chief Magistracy of the Union.

Resolved, That to secure unity and concert in our ranks, an early organization of the Whigs is highly important, and that to bring the whole strength of the party into efficient action, there should be an organization of the younger body of the Whigs, in order to bring their zeal, enthusiasm and energy to co-operate in the fullest force in the coming Presidential campaign.

Resolved, That this meeting recommend, as a means of thorough organization, the formation of Clay Clubs in the different townships through the county.

Resolved, That we cordially approve of the recommendation of the State Whig Central Committee, that a General Convention of the Whigs of the State be held at Indianapolis on the 16th of January next, for the purpose, among other things, of forming the Whig Electoral ticket, and that we, in conjunction with the other Whigs present, will appoint sixty delegates to represent Knox county in the same, to be chosen equally from the older and younger bodies of the Whigs.

Resolved, That we would recommend to the young Whigs of the State to hold a Convention at Indianapolis on the 17th of January, for general organization, and for appointing delegates to attend the Young Men's Whig Convention of ratification to be holden at Baltimore on the 3d May next.

Resolved, That in view of the assembling of such a Convention, this meeting will appoint thirty delegates to represent Knox county therein.

Resolved, That we will, in union with the older Whigs present, appoint a County Whig Central Committee of ten, consisting of five from each body, whose duty it shall be to call meetings of the Whigs from time to time when deemed advisable and necessary, and to have power to fill all vacancies in their respective delegations to the Conventions at Indianapolis this winter.

Resolved, That in regard to John Tyler this meeting is silent.

Resolved, That when this Convention adjourns it will adjourn to meet again at this place on the 4th Monday in March next.

On motion of J. M. Emison,

Resolved, That a committee of one from each township be appointed, to nominate delegates to attend the Young Men's Whig Convention, recommended by this meeting to be held at Indianapolis on the 17th January next.

The President thereupon appointed the following gentlemen said committee: J. M. Emison, Vincent McClure, H. Fauntleroy, Daniel Lane, L. D. Johnson, J. H. McCord, and A. Robinson.

After a short absence the committee returned and reported the following list of Delegates, which was unanimously concurred in:

From Busseron Township—G. M. Ockiltree, J. B. Harper, and Robert Lockridge.

From Widener Township—John W. Widner, Alex. Chambers, Benj. Keith.

From Vigo Township—S. S. Hollingsworth, John Skoop, James Bruce.

From Washington Township—Lemuel Hobbs, John M. Cooke, and S. H. McClure.

From Palmyra Township—A. C. Harbin, A. C. Armstrong, John Hogue, Jr.

From Harrison Township—John Pancake, David Collins, James Kirk.

From Johnson Township—Joshua Harbin, Daniel Lane, James Westfall.

From Decker Township—Allen Ramsey, Aquilla Trobeck, E. K. McGowan.

From Vincennes Township—Jonathan Emison, G. W. Rathbone, J. W. Emery, F. A. Thomas, O. Brouillet, H. Fauntleroy.

On motion of H. Fauntleroy, it was

Resolved, That the older Whigs now present be invited to come into this Convention and unite with us to appoint delegates [illegible] county to attend the [illegible] to be holden at Indianapolis on the 17th of January next, and to appoint a County Whig Central Committee.

Whereupon [illegible] the older Whigs now [illegible] the following persons were unanimously appointed said committee: Messrs. Wm. Bruce, James M. Robeson, John [illegible] Chief, H. Fauntleroy, Jesse Harper, Virgil Sheppard, [illegible] Arch'd. Sampson, J. H. M[illegible] Kirk, Isaac Coo[illegible] Davis.

The committee, after a short absence, made, through their chairman, Major Bruce, the following nominations, which were unanimously concurred in:

Busseron Township—Obed Macy, Jesse Harper, John Shepherd, G. M. Ockiltree, Robert Lockridge, J. B. Harper.

Widener Township—Charles Polke, John Robions, Jas. Chambers, J. W. Widener, Benj. Keith, Alex. Chambers.

Vigo Township—Mumford Bicknell, John Chambers, Saml. Mills, S. S. Hollingsworth, John Skoop, James Bruce.

Washington Township—Wm. Bruce, George Calhoun, John C. Boyd, Jas. M. Emison, D. G. McClure, J. M. Cooke.

Palmyra Township—Saml. Emison, Simeon Root, Arch. Simpson, John Hogue, Jr., A. C. Harbin, Andrew Armstrong.

Harrison Township—George Leech, Alex. McCoy, M. S. Smith, John Pancake, James Kirk, David Collins.

Johnson Township—Isaac Coons, Tho. Westfall, J. S. Edwards, Joshua Harbin, Daniel Lane, James Westfall.

Decker Township—Peter Sisco, Jas. Bordelow, A. Belwood, Allen Ramsey, Aquilla Trobeck, E. K. McGowan.

Vincennes Township—D. S. Bonner, J. D. Wheeler, J. B. Bonhomme, Jos. Sears, Abm. Smith, Wm. G. Foulks, Jno. Emison, G. W. Witkerson, H. Fauntleroy, Wm. T. Scott, Olivier Brouillet, F. A. Thomas.

On motion of Maj. Wm. Bruce,

Resolved, That the President appoint a County Whig Central Committee of ten, to be chosen half from the older and half from the younger body of the Whigs.

Whereupon, the President appointed the following gentlemen to compose said Central Committee:

D. S. Bonner,	H. Fauntleroy,
Saml. Emison,	Wm. T. Scott,
H. D. Wheeler,	J. H. Henderson,
Abm. Smith,	G. W. Witkerson,
Saml. Hill,	Geo. D. Hay.

On motion of H. D. Wheeler, Esq.,

Resolved, That we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of Geo. G. Dunn of Lawrence county, and in his devotion and fidelity to true Whig principles, and believe him to be a person eminently qualified to make an efficient Elector, and do therefore recommend the delegates appointed by this meeting to the Whig Convention to be holden at Indianapolis on the 16th of January next, to vote for his nomination as Whig Elector in the 6th Cogressional District.

On motion of G. W. Rathbone,

Resolved, That the Central Committee be requested to draw up and publish the form of a Constitution for the government of Clay Clubs in the county.

On motion of F. A. Thomas,

Resolved, That the thanks of the Convention be tendered to the gentlemen of the Vincennes Band, for their courteous attendance on this occasion.

On motion of A. B. McKee,

Resolved, That the thanks of the Convention be tendered to the President and Vice Presidents, for the ability and dignity with which they have presided over our proceedings; and also to the Secretaries for the satisfactory manner in which they have discharged the duties of their station.

On motion of S. H. McClure,

Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be signed by its officers, and published in the Vincennes Gazette and Indiana Journal.

A motion was now made to adjourn, pending which a loud call was made on the President for a speech, who rose and addressed the meeting in a happy and appropriate manner, after which the Convention adjourned to meet again on the 4th Monday of March next.

DANIEL G. McCLURE, *Pres't.*

Pierre Richardville, Geo. Simpson, H. S. Bonin, Joshua Harbin, J. H. Henderson, Wm. Simpson,	*Vice Pres's.*
Geo. W. Rathbone, Wm. T. Scott, Wm. Lowndes,	*Secy's.*

Improvement of the Wabash River.

It will be seen by reference to the proceedings of the Convention at Carmi, that among subjects of a political character, that they have passed a preamble and resolutions, directing the attention of Congress to a most important subject to the section of Illinois, to wit: the improvement of the Great Wabash River. This we consider was very proper, and we hope that the public attention will be generally aroused on this subject. We consider this a most propitious period to ask the aid of the General Government in behalf of this improvement. In consequence of completion of the Wabash and Erie Canal, a continuance of the chain of communication between the waters of the East and the Ohio River, must be a work partaking truly of a National character. And there [illegible] indications will be af[illegible] success of a Canal, [illegible] the Wabash t[illegible] Indian[illegible]

[illegible]

DEAD SENTENCED.—SAML. DEAD, the unfortunate murderer of GEO. BRUCE, is sentenced to be hanged on Friday, the 22d of December.—Judge BRYANT pronounced his doom on Saturday evening last, which the murderer received, we are told, with the utmost indifference—an indifference and stoicism which has marked his conduct throughout the whole progress of his trial.—He seemes to be one of the silliest of men—so mentally weak that it seemes so almost degrading the law to wreak its vengeance upon him.

Wabash Express.

APPOINTMENT OF BISHOPS.—The Philadelphia Ledger says that letters have been received from Rome, announcing the appointment of the nine new Bishops for the United States, who were elected at the last council of Baltimore. They are as follows: Rt. Rev. Dr. O'Connor, D. D., Bishop of Pittsburgh; Rt. Rev. Wm. Quarters, D. D., Bishop of Chicago; Rt. Rev. Andrew B[illegible]es, D. D., Bishop of Arkansas; Rt. Rev. John M'Closky, D. D., Assistant Bishop of New York; Rt. Rev. Mr. Henric, D. D., Bishop of Milwaukie; Rt. Rev. Mr. Blanchet, D. D., Bishop of Oregon; Rt. Rev. John Fitzpatrick, D. D., Assistant Bishop of Boston—Rt. Rev. Mr. Tyler, D. D., Bishop of Hartford—Rt. Rev. Mr. Reynolds, D. D. Bishop of Charleston.

St. Louis Gaz.

Depend upon Yourself.—The success of individuals through life, is, under God, greatly owing to their learning to depend upon their own resources. Money, or the expectation of it by inheritance, has ruined more persons than the want of it ever did. Teach young men to rely upon their own efforts, to be frugal, industrious, and you have furnished them with a productive capital which others cannot wrest from them, and which they themselves will not feel disposed to alienate. Self-dependence is the only sure stay; and combined with perseverance, will overcome all obstacles.

Arrival Extraordinary.—The Cincinnati Atlas, of Tuesday, says: We noticed yesterday, at the upper landing, the two-masted schooner Dolphin, Capt. Davis from Buffalo, New York, loaded with white fish, and bound for New Orleans. She entered the Ohio *via* Cleveland, through the Ohio canal, and is probably the first schooner that has ever floated from the waters of Lake Erie to the Ohio.'—*Lou. Jour.*

Official Outrages.—Our readers will remember, that not long ago, carpets of foreign manufacture were ordered for the capitol at Washington, and no doubt, they felt the deepest indignation towards those who so far dishonored our country as to order articles from foreign countries for Government, that could have been made better and cheaper at home.

And now we have another outrage of the same sort. We see it is stated that the War Department at Washington has advertised for several thousand yards of *French* and *English* calicoes for Indian annuities.

It is well known that American calicoes are of as brilliant and durable colors, as elegant and tasteful pattern, and of firmer body, and altogether superior fabric.—They have besides another quality, which perhaps constitutes an objection, and that is, they are *cheaper*.

Now in charity we hope that the Secretary of War, may be able to point to some treaty or law—something higher than the mere order of the mere acting President—to sustain him in his insult to the working men of his country, and in the dishonor inflicted upon the nation.—We shall wait with some impatience to learn further particulars.

Louisville Journal.

Van Buren's Anti-Tariff Letter.—The Richmond Enquirer of the 7th instant, publishes Mr. Van Buren's anti-tariff letter, but just in time not to reach N. York until after the election! The following is the letter, however, which is in time for the election next year.

"ALBANY, Feb. 28, 1843.

My dear Sir.—I thank you very kindly for your friendly letter. I have at no time, nor any where hesitated to express my decided disapprobation of the Tariff Act of last session, as well in respect to the principle upon which it is founded, as to its details. In good time you will have my views in respect to that and other subjects before the public. In the mean time believe me to be,

Very sincerely,

Your friend and ob't serv't.

M. VAN BUREN."

The Right Course is vindicating itself rapidly before the country, and the shiper of despondency into which the whig party were thrown by the lamented death of Harrison and the defection of John Tyler, having passed away, they are bracing themselves anew to the contest. All appearances indicate that a triumph is reserved for them in 1844 not [illegible] universal nor glorious than that of [illegible] the example and the efforts of [illegible] before our eyes—followed [illegible] see been by Maryland and [illegible] defeat if we [illegible] ey succeed- [illegible] al of our principles, and [illegible] unremitted personal effort, [illegible] his own exclusive, negative effo[illegible] principles and cause [illegible] to prey.

We must stand to pa[illegible] we desire to have politics go right.

N. Y. American.

[illegible] sachu- [illegible] ench, [illegible] ssi- [illegible] lard [illegible] fed [illegible] made [illegible] Middlesex company, [illegible] that would have been taken [illegible] would have been satisfied that [illegible] factures, at least made a market for agricultural products; and the same may be said of those farmers who produced the flour, pork, beef, lard, butter and cheese which has been used to fee[illegible] the hundreds of hands employed by the company; and, moreover the same is true of those who grew the wool used in the manufacture of the company's fabrics.—*Lou. Journal.*

Not less strange than true.—In the woods of Ethiopia, in Africa, is to be found a species of the human family, who live entirely among the branches of the trees. They have the power of jumping from tree to tree, just as monkeys and squirrels do, and are seldom known to descend to the ground. They generally congregate in groups of three or four hundred and make their lodging places in the strong forks of the trees with layers of tough osiers, on which they lay moss and leaves as bedding. In autumn, they carefully lay in a sufficient store of provisions, composed of nuts of various sorts, and also fruits and berries, dried in the sun. Their agility is such, that all efforts to secure one of them is fruitless unless when encumbered with their offspring. An attempt to do so has, in one or two instances, succeeded, after excessive toil, but nevertheless, has proved useless as to the main object—that of transporting them to other climes for exhibition. They refuse food and die, probably of grief and starvation. Their language seems to resemble the chattering of monkeys, but more clear and distinct in its enumeration. They are generally coated with hair, and of a dark yellow color.

☞During the progress of a law case at Hamilton, Ohio, on the 2d, and in which John Woods, Esq., the leading member of the bar, and formerly a representative in Congress, and the Hon. John B. Weller, Congressman elect, were engaged, a dispute arose, which, warming the parties, drew a *knock down* argument from the Hon. Mr. Weller, and a *choking* one from his opponent. The finale was a fine of sixty dollars for the 'lick,' and ten dollars for the high words and choking.—*St. Louis New Era.*