

GAZETTE

VINCENNES.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1835.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF COMMONS FOR THE YEAR 1834.
GEN. WM. M. HARRISON,
OF OHIO.

Descriptive configuration in the City of New York.—On the evening of the 15th ult. about 7 o'clock, a fire broke out in the City of New York, which continued burning until the next day at 1 o'clock, P. M., and which consumed between 700 and 1000 splendid buildings, and a very large amount of property. It is supposed the loss cannot fall short of fifteen millions of dollars. The New York Commercial says, since the conflagration of Moscow, no calamity by fire so extensive and so dreadful, has befallen any City in the world. A fierce wind was blowing from the north-east, and the weather so intensely cold, as to render the efficient working of the engines impossible. We do not learn that any lives were lost.

The late destructive fire in New York has left hundreds without a home, and the rich man, glorying in his riches, has by this calamity, become a beggar. Would it not be well—would it not be advisable that the citizens of our Borough should take some precautions to arrest the progress of the devouring element, should unfortunately a fire break out in our town? Winter has now come—large fires have become essential to comfort—the buildings and population of the Borough are greatly increased—yet strange! no fire company exists, no fire engine is at hand—our citizens are forgetful of consequences. It does seem to us, that some effectual steps should be taken for the security of property in such a place as Vincennes. If from heedlessness or any other cause, a building were unfortunately to take fire at present, what means now exist to stop its progress, or arrest its ravages? Can we foolishly expect to be exempt from all the unfortunate casualties to which other towns are subject? Such has not been our lot here before, and may not be hereafter, however much we may desire it. Is our Borough wanting of men to form a fire company—or is the stake too small to justify the expenditure necessary to obtain an engine, hose, ladder, hooks, buckets, &c.? No, no—but we all seem to forget our exposure to the cause of much loss and distress in days gone by. It is, as we conceive it, our duty to call general attention to this subject. It devolves upon others to have as much foresight as ourselves.—The prosperity of the place, and the safety of a growing population, call aloud upon those who are able, to take the lead in this business, and prepare some public safeguard. We respectfully suggest, however, to our Bank and to our Insurance Company, and to our fellow citizens without distinction, that means should be immediately procured to obtain an engine, hose, hooks, ladders, &c.

Important from Indianapolis.—The apportionment bill was introduced into the Senate on the 24th inst. and passed both branches of the Legislature the same day. The counties of Knox, Daviess and Martin are entitled to one Senator. In 1835, Knox, Daviess and Martin each one Representative. In 1837, Knox two, and Daviess and Martin each one. In 1838 and in 1839, Knox two, and Daviess and Martin one jointly. In 1840, as in 1836.

Glorious news.—The democratic anti-masonic Convention assembled at Harrisburgh, Pennsylvania, went into a nomination of candidates for President and Vice President of the United States on the 17th inst. The following was the vote, each member voting as his name was called.

For President.
WILLIAM H. HARRISON, of Ohio, 89 votes.
DANIEL WEBSTER, of Massachusetts, 29 votes.
FRANCIS GRANGER, of New York, three votes.

For Vice President.
FRANCIS GRANGER, of New York, 102 votes.
HUGH L. WHITE, of Tennessee, 5 votes.
WILLIAM SLADE, of Vermont, 5 votes.
WILLIAM A. PALMER, of Vermont, 7 votes.

The Convention then passed a resolution without a dissenting voice, to support WILLIAM H. HARRISON, of Ohio, for President, and FRANCIS GRANGER, of New York, for Vice President; and to use all fair and honorable means to secure their election. They were also nominated by the Whig Convention. The majority in both cases were large over Webster.

The Harrisburgh Intelligence remarks:—"The prospect of defeating Martin Van Buren is now glorious. His opponents will march shoulder to shoulder in Pennsylvania, upon one electoral ticket. The watchword will now be, Harrison and Democracy."

Mr. Polke of Tennessee (Van Buren) has been elected Speaker of the House of Representatives. The vote stood thus: Polke 132—Bell 84—Merces 3—Adams 1—Granger 1—Blanks 3.

We have no further news from Washington.

The Rev. Bishop Emory, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was killed near Baltimore on the morning of the 10th

ult. His horse took flight, ran away with the carriage, and he was thrown from it with great force, the back of his head coming in contact with a large stone, broke the skull, and he breaths breathed out.

As many as one hundred are expected to meet at Mr. Gould's Hotel, this evening, for the purpose of forming a light infantry company.

FOR THE VINCENNES GAZETTE.

ENGLISH CATTLE.

Many of our farmers are now exhibiting their stock by procuring English cattle to breed from—and indeed, some of the most spirited, have already expended their money freely for this purpose. As a matter of course, we must resort to Kentucky and Ohio for improved cattle, and should, if possible, procure those of pure and unmixed blood. A few hints from one who has given some attention to the history of blooded cattle in the west, may not be amiss, and perhaps may be of some service.

It is now about sixty years since Mr. Patton of Virginia obtained an imported long horned bull. Mr. Patton and his neighbors bred from this animal, and I can include to think that some of his blood were brought to this country. Afterwards, about fifty years since, Mr. Patton procured a bull and a cow, but blooded, of the short horned breed. The first English cattle brought to Kentucky were from Patton's stock, and were a cross of the long with the short horns—or, as is more commonly said in Kentucky, of the best with the best breeds. After Patton obtained his stock, a Mr. Miller, of Virginia, procured a long horned bull and a short horned cow, and Harrison Smith, and J. K. J. of Kentucky, had bulls of Miller's, which were crossed with cows of Patton's stock, and produced an excellent stock. All the cattle of English blood in Kentucky, prior to 1817, are derived, it is believed, from Patton's and Miller's stock.

In 1817, Lewis Saunders, Wm. Smith, and Wm. H. Ferguson of Kentucky, imported two pairs of long horns, and four pairs of short horns, two of the Tees Water, and two of the Hottentots. The celebrated bull Sam Martin, was one of these short horns. After the death of Capt. Smith, the Shakers of Harrison Prairie procured a part of his stock, and brought them to the Wabash, but the writer then took no interest in these matters, and does not know whether the Shaker stock was long horned, or short horned, or mixed; but it is well known, that in consequence of the improvement effected by the Shaker stock, the Harrison Prairie cattle to this day, are considered the best in our vicinity. And indeed, it is probable, that such of our farmers as may desire to breed from English bulls, would find their advantage in purchasing the best heifers to be had even now, in Harrison Prairie.

The stock imported in 1817 was mixed with the stock of Miller and Patton, by all the principal grazing farmers of Kentucky. By some persons great pains were taken to keep the stock pure.—Messrs. Hatcher and Cunningham of Bourbon and Clark, the family of Capt. Smith—Messrs. Hunt, Brand, Boswell and Lewis, of Fayette, have bred from and owned many of the stock of 1817, and principally of the short horns.—Messrs. Hart and Higgs of Woodford, are known to have taken great pains to keep the stock pure. But Gen. James Garrard, near Paris, in Bourbon, is distinguished for his care and attention in the selection and crossing of the short horns. He is more distinguished for pure stock and for large cattle than any other individual in the west. In the neighborhood of Cincinnati, the son of Gen. Garrard, J. D. Garrard, Esq. is distinguished as the owner and breeder of pure blooded stock. Gen. Garrard visited England during the last summer, for the purpose of procuring cattle better than he ever had.—He could find only two or three such animals, and they were not to be purchased with money. He returned in company with our neighbor Mr. Crawford, of Perre Pointe, without any cattle. In our own state, Mr. John Owens, of Bloomington, well known as a remarkably intelligent, generous and public spirited citizen, and enterprising farmer, has long owned and preserved the San Martin breed pure.—Two full blooded bulls of his stock, are now owned in our county, one of which, that belonging to Judge Chambers, is certainly a fine animal in every respect.—The other pleases his owner, and that is enough for him at least.

We have all heard of Mr. Clay's occasional acquisition of superior stock, and of the Ohio importation of 1834. The substance of the matter is this:—any cross of the long or short horns upon our common cattle, is an improvement.—The Harrison cattle, and the Purcell cattle show this. But if any of us, whether situated by mere fancy, or by public spirit, or by an ambition to excel, or the desire of gain, pay our money for English cattle at their high price, we might better be cautious, and get such only as are pure blooded.

FOR THE VINCENNES GAZETTE.

A SUGGESTION.

Mr. Editor:—As not only our patriotic Governor, but all our citizens generally, are in favor of a system of internal improvement, our Legislature must surely act in consequence thereof, for we certainly have not selected the most important amongst us to represent our interests. The conclusion then is positive, that this day of prosperity is drawing, and should we be placed on a level with other

enterprising states. There can no longer be any doubt, that harmony of action will be produced, and our representatives will lay aside all local partialities, and unite in one voice for the general good. It cannot be otherwise, when it is known that a combination of canals is entirely practicable and cheap—when it is known that canals are better adapted to the use of a republican people, and more especially to the agricultural community—when it is known that our rivers in Indiana, drain the whole state, and that none of her citizens are so remote from the river courses, to enjoy all its advantages. This prospect then being before us, what could our representatives urge in extenuation for their neglect to act in accordance with the recommendation of our Governor on this subject? No, they cannot, they will not neglect us. They will say we are all equally interested in our canal system—we will unite and improve this noble gift of nature, and by this means, place our State on a par with any territory on the globe. We will make canals first, and then the roads will show for themselves, where they are wanting.

It is shown by the engineer on the improvements of the Wabash below the Grand Rapids in his Report to the Commissioners of the state of Indiana and Illinois, that when the Ohio river will draw three feet of water above the mouth of the Wabash, the Wabash will also draw three feet up to the mouth of White river. This then being the fact, the policy of Indiana is clearly set forth—that the Wabash and Erie canal shall be extended to the mouth of White river—that the two branches of White river shall also be canalized, as well as White water. This system will afford to the whole state equal advantages, and no one portion will be benefited at the expense of the other.

A FARMER.

NEW & CHEAP STORE.

C. CLARK.

HAS received and has now opened at his Store in Vincennes, opposite Smith and Carson's and D. S. Bonner's Stores, a general assortment of goods suitable to the trade, which he offers as low as can be bought in any other store in the place.

His assortment consists of
DRY GOODS
of all kinds, such as

Calicoes, Gingham, Plain, Figured, Jack-onett, Bobbinett, and Swiss Muslins, Linseys, plain & plaid, Flannels, Merinoes, Satinets, Cloths, Jeans, Checks, Tickings, 3-4 4-4 Brown and Bleached Muslins, **HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, BOOKS, GROCERIES, DRUGS AND DYE STUFFS, SHOES AND BOOTS, Combs, SADDLERY, CASTINGS AND IRON.**

The above articles have been laid in low, and the subscriber is confident in saying, will be offered as low as any in the market. Without pulling or enumerating prices, he invites all persons to call and examine for themselves.

Wheat, Rice, Corn, Flax seed &c. taken in exchange for goods.

C. CLARK.

Fishstock's Worm Mixture, for sale at the above Store.

C. C.

Vincennes Dec. 24 1835—31—4m.

Administrator's Sale.

THE undersigned, administrator on the estate of Mary Ann McCord, deceased, will sell public auction, at the Court House door in Vincennes, on Tuesday the 19th inst. between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following real estate, to-wit:—One hundred acres of land, being Section No. 21, in Township two north, Range ten west—also sixty acres of land, being the east corner of survey number two, in Township three north, Range nine west, situated, lying and being in the county of Knox, and State of Indiana, the same being a part of the real estate of said deceased, on a credit of six months, by order of the Probate Court of said county of Knox, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

WILLIAM R. McCORD, Adm'r.

January 2, 1835—21—4m.

INSURANCE.

THE Wabash Insurance Co. continues to insure BUILDINGS and PROPERTY against fire—and will insure BOATS and CARGOES.

S. P. STRICKER, Secretary.

Dec. 25, 1835—31—4m.

SALT, SALT.
250 BARRELS Kentucky Salt, at 25 cents per bushel, just received and for sale by
N. SMITH.
January 2, 1835—31—4m.

50 BARRELS Alum Salt, just received and for sale by
N. SMITH.
January 2, 1835—31—4m.

24 SEPTS of Counter Weights, just received and for sale by
N. SMITH.
January 2, 1835—31—4m.

A LOT of Brass Kettles on hand and for sale by
N. SMITH.
January 2, 1835—31—4m.

Dr. Zacher Iron & Copper MANUFACTORY.
N. SMITH.

CONTINUES to carry on the above branches in all their variety, at his new brick shop, on Market street, nearly opposite the Market House, where he will be glad to accommodate his customers and the public generally, at wholesale or retail. He has on hand a number of **ROTARY COOKING STOVES**, which he will dispose of on accommodating terms.

Vincennes, Nov. 4, 1835—23—4m.
N. B.—Cash given for old Copper, Brass and Pewter.

THE GENTLEMAN'S VADE MECUM,
OR THE SPORTING AND DRAMATIC COMPANION.

A weekly repository of Dramatic Literature, Sporting, The Turf, Fashions, Grazing, Agriculture and various subjects of Interest and Amusement. Illustrated with a multitude of appropriate Engravings including Portraits of Celebrated Winning Horses Philosophical and natural Phenomena, Legends, &c.

THIS popular journal, although but a few months have passed since it was commenced, has already obtained an extensive and profitable subscription list, which is daily increasing, affording ample encouragement to the publishers to persevere in their efforts to render it useful, amusing and instructive.

On the commencement of the approaching year, the VADE MECUM will undergo several important improvements—increased in size, it will be increased to Eighteen (18) pages, and consequently will contain almost double the quantity of the reading matter which is now given—MAKING IT ONE OF THE LARGEST AND NEAREST QUARTERS EVER PUBLISHED IN THE UNITED STATES. It will be printed on new type and fine white paper, and the embellishments will be considerably multiplied, and of a superior order. Persons desirous of procuring the work at the beginning of the new volume, will please send their orders at once—as they may find to be supplied, as but few copies will be published more than are actually subscribed for at the time.

The subjects which are particularly embraced in this work will be more distinctly understood from the following brief analysis of them:—

The Drama forms a material portion of the Gentleman's Vaude Mecum—every week an entire Play or Farce is given. They are selected with a single eye to their merits alone: a preference, however, will be extended in all cases to native productions, when they can be obtained. Independent criticisms, carefully excluding all injudicious comparisons, and recommended by their brevity, are occasionally interspersed. Biographical Sketches, Anecdotes, and other facts of prominent character, of the present and past ages, of which a rare and inexhaustible compilation is in store. The publisher, by the liberality of the managers of the two Philadelphia Theatres, and several other gentlemen connected with the stage, has obtained a very excellent and numerous collection of Plays and Farces, for the Vaude Mecum; many of them have never appeared in print.

The Turf—A faithful record is kept of all the Running and Trotting Matches in this country and England. Biographies and correct portraits of celebrated thorough bred Horses are published once a month. Every fact relative to the breeding, management, keeping, and the diseases of this valuable animal is particularly attended to.

The Sporting Intelligence (at home and abroad) occupies a considerable portion of our columns, and is collected from the most authentic sources.

Among the Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses which have been given, are—
The American Trotting Horse EDWIN FORESTER.

The Imported Racing Horse, MESSENGER.

The American Trotting Mare, LADY JACKSON.

The Racing Mare, ARIEL, and her foal, by ECLIPSE.

The true blooded popular Horse CHATEAU MARGAUX.

The American Trotting Horse, TOP GALANT.

The well-known English Race Horse, FOUCHSTONE.

MUNDING, the winner of the Derby Stakes in June 1835.

The unrivaled American Trotter ANDREW JACKSON.

The celebrated English horse GLENCOE.

A complete treatise on Riding, with fourteen illustrations, for the improvement of Ladies in that most healthy of all exercises.

Explanation of the Antiquarian chess player, illustrated by eleven Engravings.

Four Engravings, designed to represent the same which took place in Paris, in July last, on the occasion of the destruction of the Royal Family of France—with a view of the Infernal Machine, and a likeness of the Assassin, Gerard.

A correct picture of a Race Course, occupying the width of seven columns.

fashionable house in Philadelphia, explanatory of the various improvements and changes which costumes worn in the dress circles constantly undergo by which it will be rendered an easy task for dressmakers and tailors, at a distant, to suit their customers with the most approved colors and modern style of apparel at the varied monthly period.

Although the purposes of one sheet may appear to be confined to the several leading subjects which have been stated, we deem it proper to say, that there constantly is an addition to these, a copious space allowed for miscellaneous matter, such as Poetry, Anecdotes, Legends, and Epitomes of Notes, Places of amusement, Statistics, &c. result from Domestic Economy, Valuable Receipts, &c. Also, a republication of the best and most popular of the old English and American Sporting and National Songs, set to Music, including many other matters, regarding which an interest is supposed to exist.

By the above explanation, it will be seen that the Gentleman's Vaude Mecum is particularly designed as a companion for the patrons of the Turf and Drama, Sporting, the Fashions, &c. It is worthy of notice, that its patrons, in the course of one year, will be furnished with from fifty five to fifty popular Plays or Farces—the price of which, separately, at one of our book-stores would be at least \$10. Here, then, is an absolute saving of ten dollars in the purchase of a well-stored Dramatic Library—(to be had for no unimportant small sum)—without taking into consideration the multiplied variety which is sent along with it, free of additional charge.

The Gentleman's Vaude Mecum, or Sporting and Dramatic Companion, is published every Saturday on fine extra imperial quarto paper, of a superior quality each number forming 8 pages of the largest class, at \$3 per annum. Orders from abroad, postage paid, will be promptly attended to, and the paper carefully packed, to prevent it from rubbing by mail. As the number of agents will be limited to principal cities, or such other places where a considerable subscription may be obtained, we request those who propose to patronize the work, to transmit by mail notice to the publisher. Small notes of select books of the different States, taken at par. By enclosing a \$2 Note, 2 copies of the paper will be forwarded to any direction order, for one year. Specimen numbers will be sent to any part of the Union, by addressing the publisher, postage paid.

CHAS. ALEXANDER.
Athenian buildings, Phil.

L. L. WATSON, DRAPER AND TAILOR,
RESPECTFULLY informs the Citizens of Vincennes and its vicinity, that having returned to this place with a view to permanently locate himself, he has recommenced business in the House adjoining Hurlch and Heberd, two doors above the Corner, on Water Street, where all work entrusted to his care, will be promptly attended to, and executed with neatness and in the most fashionable style as he will be regularly supplied with the latest fashions from the eastern cities, and trusts that he will merit a liberal share of public patronage.

He also has on hand and intends keeping a splendid assortment of

Cloths,
Which will be made up to order on accommodating terms.

—ALSO—

Summer ready made clothing, such as Vests, Pantaloon, Roundabouts, Shirts, Collars and Bosoms,

And many other things which the curious can see, by calling at the above mentioned shop.

Vincennes, June 27, 1835—4—4m.

Sugar and Coffee.

THE subscribers have just received from New Orleans,
50 bbls. Brown & Loaf Sugar,
60 Bags Havana Coffee,
2 bbls. Rice.

Which they will sell at a small advance by the Bag and Barrel.

S. & W. J. WISE.

July 10, 1835—7—4m.

CARR.
GOODSELL & LYON,
JEWELLERS & FURNITURE MERCHANTS,
EVANSVILLE, IA.
(Successors of W. & J. Lewis, & Co.)

ALSO,
Wholesale dealers in Groceries, generally—Nails, Paints, Glass, Boots, Shoes, &c. and buyers of most kinds of country produce.

Evansville, July 20, 1835.

Burch & Heberd,
HAVE just received and offer at

Wholesale,

54 Boxes Glass ware.

4 Pipes Cognac Brandy,

10 Bbls. American do.

2 " Holland Gin,

2 " Jamaica Spirits,

2 " Best Port Wine,

5 Baskets Champagne Wine,

10 Boxes Muscat do.

10 Bbls. Malaga do.

20 Half bbls. Mackerel,

10 " " Moss Shad,

10 Boxes Candies, assorted,

100 Kegs Powder,

12 Dozen Saddle Trees,

8 " Patent wood buckets and coolers,

12 Casks of best Cheese,

12 dozen wire sieves,

Which added to their former stock, makes their assortment good.

Vincennes, Oct. 23d, 1835—22—4m.

SALT! SALT!
250 Barrels
Keweenaw Salt

At 25 cents per bushel, just received and for sale by
N. SMITH.