

ANNIVERSARY FESTIVAL.

Our annual festival on the 4th inst. was celebrated in this borough, in a very creditable manner. In conformity with previous arrangements a procession was formed at 12 o'clock, under the direction of Capt. Martin. The Rev. Mr. Shaw and Mr. Ellis were escorted to the place appointed for the occasion; when an impressive reading of the Declaration of Independence, and an excellent Oration by Mr. Ellis having been concluded, a large portion of the audience again formed and marched to the dinner table. The whole proceedings displayed the peculiar blessings which our form of government assures, and the free and happy condition of our citizens.

The venerable Col. FRANCIS VIGO was unanimously called to preside, and Gen. H. LASSALLE, assisted by G. W. JOHNSON, Esq. acted as Vice President. After an abundant feast, the following toasts were given, and many of them echoed. The day closed by a splendid ball, at Gen. Lassalle's, more numerous attended than has been usual, and all passed off in a most becoming manner.

TOASTS.

1. The signers of the Declaration of Independence—The apostles of liberty; their doctrine odious to tyrants, dear to free men.
2. The Constitution—The charter of our liberties; may it remain unscathed amidst the storms of faction.
3. Our country—The free school of the world.
4. The memory of our patriotic father Washington—May the principles recommended in his farewell address be inculcated, his example remembered, and his virtues practiced by all posterity.
5. The ages and heroes who aided to acquire and establish our liberty—Their countrymen shall never forget them.
6. Our free institutions—Schools from a common stock, planted in '76; cut it down they all wither.
7. The Press—Like woman, uncorrupted a blessing, prostituted a curse.
8. Wisdom, virtue, and independence—May the conduct of every man in authority show that he has a just claim to this motto.
9. The inestimable rights of suffrage—Never to be tampered with, never to be controlled by party, never to be abused.
10. Education—An old patriot has said "without knowledge there can be no durable republic." Let the proper authorities think on this matter; and may the virtuous and enlightened throughout the Union, soon devise some general plan to enable every child to enjoy its equal advantages.
11. The age in which we live—Tyrants in vain ye trace the wizard row.
12. The American System—A system of domestic reciprocity making the farmer, merchant, and artisan mutually dependent.
13. The day—An eternal jubilee for patriotic and virtuous freemen; may every nation of the earth consecrate and commemorate the principles proclaimed on this occasion.
14. Farmers and Mechanics—Their labor secures wealth and independence; let them be forever protected against the ruinous interference of foreign productions.
15. Indiana—May she speedily promote with becoming wisdom her abundant means to secure general prosperity, and thus create inexhaustible sources of wealth and strength at home.
16. Patriotism and talents—May the people always remember that wisdom and virtue are essential to a faithful discharge of public duties; and may cunning selfishness and deceit be forever excluded from every public trust.
17. The militia of Indiana—Always distinguished for correct discipline and bravery in the field; may they become equally distinguished for a patriotic adherence to the public welfare, in securing their rights as citizens.
18. The Wabash and Erie canal, and the improvement of the Wabash river—Let industry and enterprise prosper. Our gate is pledged, and an intelligent population will redeem the pledge; in these undertakings, "self love and social are the same"—may the people every where know their real friends from their covert enemies, on the first Monday in August next.
19. Our sister state Ohio—May her authorities speedily call to mind what is due to a large portion of her own citizens and to the state of Indiana, in relation to the Wabash and Erie canal line through her boundaries, and righteously "do unto others as she would be done unto."
20. The governments of Europe—Truth shall restore the light by nature given. And like Prometheus, bring the fire of Heaven. Her name, her nature banished from the world.
21. The patriots and heroes of Poland—The sacred torch which they have kindled already sheds its rays into the dark recesses of Russia; and the choral songs of freedom may yet be heard upon the mountains of the Balkan.
22. The Southern Republics—May all the states of South America soon find a Washington and a Franklin to reconcile their interests, and establish their freedom and independence.
23. The President of the United States
24. The Fair—Who is the man that has never loved?

VOLUNTEERS.

By the President, The Orator of the day
By the Vice President, Lafayette—Second only to Washington in the hearts of the American people.

By the Orator, Vincennes—Formerly Post St. Vincent—Though she has deserted the Post and Saintship of her name, may she ever continue spotless, and firm at her post of duty.

By G. W. Johnson, Esq. Our representatives in congress—Tight throats and pure hearts.

By John Ewing. Civil and religious liberty—May wanton proscription and persecution for opinion's sake, when they ever show themselves in the insolence of office, meet an effectual check in the just reproaches of every good man.

By Capt. Martin. Liberal principles—May they become universal, until despotism and bigotry and superstition flee the land.

By R. Y. Caddington. May our functional faculties produce as much wisdom as our forefathers have.

By Mr. Carman. In peace or war, may our motto be our country.

By G. W. Caruthers. Indiana—May the noble daring and exalted virtue of the heroes of both wars never become extinct in the bosoms of her sons.

By E. Stout. The memory of General George Rogers Clarke.

By S. Hill. The American flag—Forever float that standard sheet, Where breathes the foe, but falls before us, With freedom's soul beneath our feet, And freedom's banner streaming o'er us.

From the Miners' Journal.

Mr. PRINTER—If you think the following might be of use to any of the old women in this country, print it.

Receipt for coloring Woolen Yarn a deep Blue.—Take common Pursley, and boil it in a large iron kettle, until it becomes quite soft; strain off the liquor and set it by. Red another kettle full, and strain and pour it with the first. Wash the kettle, and dissolve half a pound of alum in water sufficient to immerse five or six pounds of yarn; put in the yarn, and scald it half an hour in the alum water, without boiling; take it out and air it half an hour. Take a pound of logwood, chipped or split fine, and boil it until you have all the coloring matter pretty well out of it, and put the liquor into the iron kettle, and put in your yarn, and simmer it over the fire frequently stirring and airing the yarn, so as to make it color regularly, for two hours. Take out the yarn and air it for a half an hour. Dissolve one ounce of blue vitriol, and pour it in the dye, and put in the yarn and boil, stir, and air frequently, for half an hour, and you will have a beautiful deep blue, permanent and fading. The proportion is for five to six pounds of yarn or wool.

WARS OF THE SUBALTERN.

The Globe of the 13th, thus assails the Telegraph.

"We perceive that public sentiment revolts at the course held by the Editor of the Telegraph in relation to the wife of the late Secretary at War. To Major Eaton this man owes every thing, and he repays him like the viper. He obtained money to enable him to establish his business in this city from Major Eaton, and his friends, and he is yet indebted to them. Through the friendship and the indefatigable exertions of Major Eaton, while a Senator, Green was first elected public printer to the Senate, and nothing but the interposition of the most zealous friends of the man whom he now assails prevented his defeat last winter.

"But if no feeling of gratitude or respect for others, could withhold him from assailing female character in his newspaper, one would have supposed that regard for his own family would have prevented him from giving currency to the vile slanders propagated for political effect against one with whom they associated. After the fabrications invented to give color to the scandals which he now seeks to encourage had been shown to be utterly unfounded, the family of this man were in habits of kind and friendly intercourse with that of Major Eaton, until the political interests of the Editor brought him to support those who seem to look for elevation by calumniating female innocence. They will all find that they have mistaken the character of the American people.—They will sink themselves."

And thus the Telegraph of the 14th responds:

"The slightest scrutiny will discover the artifice attempted to be played off in this article. The object is to create a belief that Major Eaton advanced money to aid the Editor in establishing himself in business. This is untrue.—After the purchase of this paper Major Eaton did lend his aid in negotiating a temporary loan of the sum of \$1,412 25, twelve hundred of this was given to Mr. Kendall, to enable him to set up as a Jackson man. A few weeks since a note from Mr. Eaton informed us that he was charged with the collection, and that the balance would be drawn for in a few days. We directed the clerk charged with our fiscal concerns to pay it, and supposed that it had been paid until we saw the notice in the Globe.—That balance is now paid. It is like wise true that, as a Senator, Major Eaton voted for the Editor of this paper as printer to the Senate; and it may be true that his friends interposed last winter. To these causes, to a personal regard for him, and to charitable unwillingness to condemn a friend upon the suspicion of others, is to be attributed the mere formal interchange of civilities which the Globe would now magnify into 'habits of kind and friendly intercourse.'"

The Globe undertakes to bear testimony to the innocence of the parties, and accuses us of seeking to encourage scandals which had been shown to be utterly unfounded. We have heard that Mr. Kendall has written a book upon this subject; but we have not even up to this time, heard the specific charges of the defence.

We are not among those who have calumniated female innocence. It is not pretended that we have been. On the contrary, an attempt is now made by establishing the innocence of the parties by asserting that we were not an accuser!! This was a subject upon which we were not informed. We endeavored to preserve neutrality, but this would not do. An uncompromising war was declared, and it was resolved that there should be no neutrals. The Telegraph was not prepared to say that all that was said upon this subject were "fabrications" and "scandals;" and the Globe was established to certify that Mr. Calhoun, Mr. Ingham, Mr. Branch, and Mr. Berrien, "looked for political elevation by calumniating female innocence."!!!

What blind infatuation!! How does the editor of the Globe know whether the parties be guilty or innocent? It is ridiculous folly to suppose that the public sympathy is to be enlisted by the cry of "female innocence." The party may be as innocent as "your baby," and yet it would require just such a witness as he of the Globe to prove it. Truly his "hunting shirt" must have possessed the peculiar properties of that remarkable mirror of which we read in the story of the fair Scheherazade, and this classic editor must have performed a constant observation to be qualified for present duty.—Save us from such a witness!!!!

"The Globe asserts that our political interest have brought us to support those who seem to look for elevation by calumniating female innocence. It is not so. We are abused and denounced because we would not support female influence in the administration of public affairs. Had we been controlled by such motives as the Globe attributes, we would have played the sycophant to Mr. Van Buren; we would have flattered Gen. Jackson and Wm. B. Lewis; we would have shared our profits with Amos Kendall, we would have testified to the innocence of those about whose conduct we know nothing; and would have grown rich by sacrificing our independence to a show of patriotism. In a word, we would have done precisely what the Globe was established to do."

The Telegraph concludes with this intimation: "We congratulate Major Lewis on his acquisition. Like master like man. He has found a pliant witness; and we severely admonish him both that there may be a committee of Congress empowered to send for persons and papers. A little caution may be of service."

Tansy.—This herb may frequently be observed growing in the country churchyards, which induces us to think it was formerly used as a funeral plant. Tansy has this peculiar virtue, that it may deal animal substance be rubbed with it, the flesh will not attack it. Boerhaave says, the leaves applied to a dead body, and intruded into the mouth and nostrils, preserves it from putrefaction and insects; whence the plant has been called Athanasia, that is immortal plant. *Exeter News Letter.*

Bad effects of Lyceums.—At a large town meeting not 40 miles from Boston, one of the leading men complained that the Lyceum established there had "played the devil with the young men, for," says he, "they think nothing of rising at town meeting, and talking the old ones out of their senses."—*Boston Trans.*

In the case of James W. Marshall of Virginia, indicted at Richmond, for the murder of Mr. Galt, the Jury have at last agreed upon a verdict of Not Guilty.

The Cabinet.—Mr. Eaton has ceased to discharge the duties of Secretary at War, and the chief clerk, Mr. Randolph, has been appointed to perform them.

Heaves in Horses.—Take one pound and a half of good ginger for a horse, give two spoonfuls each day—one in the morning, and the other in the evening, mixed with wheat bran. This receipt has been selling at the eastward for \$5, where the efficacy of the above medicine has been proved in the cure of several cases of obstinate heaves.

The following is a composition for coloring and preserving gates, poles, barns, roofs, and timber generally from the weather.

Melt twelve ounces rosin in an iron pot or kettle, three gallons of train oil and three or four rolls of brimstone: when they are melted and become thin, add as much Spanish brown, or red, or yellow ochre, or any other color you like, ground as fine as usual with oil, as will give the whole the shade wanted. Then lay it on with a brush as hot and thin as you can. Some days after the first coat is dried, lay on a second.

It is well attested that this will preserve plank for years, and prevent the weather from driving through brick walls. *Domestic Encyclopedia.*

The value of Sons.—A short time since a man was heard lamenting the death of his two sons—"Two stout hearty boys," said he, "and died just afore hovey time—it seemest odd to me."

Candidates' Department

For Governor NOAH NOBLE, MILTON STAPP, JAMES SCOTT, JAMES G. READ.
For Lt. Governor DAVID WALLACE, JAMES GREGORY, AMOS LANE.
For Congress, JOHN LAW, RALPH BOON.
Representative, JOSEPH CHAMBERS, SPARKLING YOUNG, JAMES THORN, JOHN F. SNAPP, DAVID S. BONNER, JOHN DECKER.
County Commissioners.
First District WILLIAM RAFFER, JOSEPH ALTON.
Second District, WILLIAM JUNKINS.
Third District THOMAS MCCLURE.
For Probate Judge, GEORGE W. EWING.

Candidates for Congress, in Illinois.
Col. WM. L. D. EWING, Gen. JOSEPH DUNCAN, CHARLES DUNN, Esq., A. P. FIELD, Esq., SIDNEY BREESE, Esq., JAMES TURNER, Esq., EDWARD COLES, Esq.

NEW GOODS.

J. & W. HAYES
Have just received from Philadelphia, a large and well assorted stock of Foreign & Domestic MERCHANDISE.
We have also received, within the last few weeks, from New Orleans, our year's supply of GROCERIES.

Our assortment is now general and extensive, comprising almost every article generally kept in Western Retail Stores, all of which will be sold at a small advance on Eastern prices. The public are invited to call and inspect for themselves.

P. S. We wish to engage, between now and fall, a quantity of PORK, and will make liberal advances on account of the same.
We will also barter for almost every other kind of country produce. J. & W. H. Vincennes, Ia. July 1, 1831.—41w3

JAMES A. M'ELHENNEY,
(ATTORNEY AT LAW.)

HAVING located himself in Vincennes, offers his professional services to the citizens of the 7th Judicial District. He may be found for the present at the office of John Ewing Esq. Vincennes, July 8, 1831.—41w

Administratrix's Notice.

ALL persons having claims of any kind against the estate of Ira Griffin, dec'd, are hereby notified to present the same, duly proven, to Sumt. Smith, in Vincennes, immediately.—It is believed the said estate will be insolvent.
ELIZABETH GRIFFIN, Adm'x. July 9, 1831. 41—3

TO ALL WHOM IT CONCERNS.

Take Notice,
THAT application will be made at the next Circuit Court to be holden for Vanderburgh county, State of Indiana, on the second Monday of September next, for the appointment of Commissioners to divide the real estate of Jonathan Anthony, late of said county, dec'd, amongst his several heirs.
WILLIAM ANTHONY, one of the heirs. June 29, 1831. 41—4

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, come directed from the clerk's office of the Knox Circuit Court, I will offer at public sale, before the door of the temporary court house in Vincennes on Friday the 5th day of August ensuing, between the hours of 10 & 4 o'clock of said day, according to the third section of the law subjecting real and personal estate to execution, all the right title, and interest of Smit S. Harbin, of Ia., and to one hundred acres of land situated in the county of Knox & being the N. E. corner of the entire lot in the old donation, known by the number one hundred and thirty (130), it being the same whereon the said Harbin now lives, taken as the property of said Harbin, at the suit of Thomas Malone.
W. L. WITHERS D. S. & C. Vincennes, July 9th, 1831.—41w3—100.

PROTECTION.

The Protection Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, are prepared to insure on

Steam, Keel, & Flat Boats, AND THEIR CARGOES.

ALSO,
ON HOUSES AND STORES, at moderate rates of premium.

Satisfactory evidence of the liberality of the company, in adjusting losses and promptness in paying, can be had by applying at the office of the Vincennes Gazette.
SAMUEL HILL, Agent. Vincennes, Oct. 1, 1830.—1

The Protection Insurance OFFICE.

IN justice to this institution, we take much pleasure in informing the public, that a boat insured by L. H. Smith, agent of said office, at Terre Haute being lost, the whole amount was promptly paid us by the company.
SEPIER PATRICK, CHARLES PATRICK. Terre Haute, Feb. 3, 1830.

IN THE GIBSON CIRCUIT COURT.

1831.
John McCristy, Foreign Attachment, Samuel D. Lowell.

THE above named Samuel D. Lowell is hereby notified, that I did, on the 23d day of March, 1831, sue out of the clerk's office of the Gibson circuit court, in the state of Indiana, a writ of foreign attachment against him, for a demand of forty-two dollars and sixty-three cents, justly due and owing from him to me, in virtue of which said writ, the sheriff of Gibson county attached the interest of him (the said Samuel), in and to the N. W. q. of sec. 23, in T. 2 S. of R. 10 W.; which said writ of attachment is now pending in the circuit court of Gibson county, in the state of Indiana.
JOHN MCCRISTY, April 8th, 1831.—37w3

JOBBING.

Neatly executed at the Gazette Office.

CHAMBERS & GARVIN,

No. 3, Commercial Row, Louisville, Ky.
Have just received an extensive assortment of British, French, India, and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

Purchased in New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. Their assortment of

SPRING GOODS

Is now such as they can with confidence offer to their numerous customers on the Wabash and elsewhere, as in every respect worthy of their attention. They are, as usual, well supplied with every article and species of

Merchandise

Wanted by their country friends, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage they have so largely enjoyed.
Louisville, 17th April, 1831.—30w

EAGLE FACTORY.



REYNOLDS & BONNER,

VINCENNES, INDIANA,

HAVE on hand, and will constantly keep for sale their Factory in Vincennes, and also Store of John D. Early, Terre Haute

COTTON YARN,

of their own manufacture and of a very superior quality. Mercurials and others can be supplied with any quantity, on short notice, and on such terms as cannot fail to prove satisfactory.
Vincennes, March 13, 1831.—25w

DR. C. VAN HOOK

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Vincennes, and its vicinity, and informs them that he has commenced the practice of

PHYSIC AND SURGERY,

ALSO

Dental Surgery;

And hopes, from his unremitting attention, to merit and receive a share of the public patronage. His office is in the room adjoining the store of Mr. M'Henry, on Market street, near the ferry, where he will at all times be happy to wait on those who may favor him with a call. He will make his charges as low as possible, and the produce of the country will be taken in payment, at the market price.
Vincennes, June 8th, 1831.—37w3

FOR SALE!

400 ACRES OF LAND, LYING in the Old Donation, and numbered 144. It will be sold at much less than the price of Congress lands. For further particulars, apply at the Gazette Office.
17th June.

HEAD QUARTERS

TONSorial DEPARTMENT.

OF THE CITY OF VINCENNES

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and very numerous acquaintances that he has opened a shop, nearly opposite the store of Messrs. Reynolds & Bonner, on second street. He has on hand, sharp razors, hot water, and a steady hand, will in a few minutes, restore the face to its pristine purity; and his services give to the outside of the head, a smoothness, beauty and proportion. Purses, gentlemen, give me a call and judge for yourselves.
JONATHAN TAYLOR. June 28, 1831.—40w3

ESTRAY HORSE.

TAKEN UP by Allen Reers, in Peary township, Martin county, on the 9th day of June, 1831, one black horse, supposed to be eleven or twelve years old; about fifteen hands and a half high; two small saddle spots, one on each side of his back; a small white spot on his right jaw; had on three shoes; appeared to thirty dollars by Cager Peck and John Ellis, before me, a Justice of the Peace, on the 9th day of June, 1831.
J. P. MARTIN STUCKEY, J. P.

ESTRAY MARE.

TAKEN UP by John Wilson, Hardin township, Sullivan county, on the 7th day of May, 1831, a bright Sorrel Mare, supposed to be four years old, a large star in her forehead, two white scars on the left shoulder, and one on her right; the said mare is about thirteen hands high, appraised to thirteen dollars, by Howell Elder and Abraham Latta, before me, on the 28th day of May, 1831.
JOHN HEATON, J. P.

State of Indiana,

GIBSON COUNTY, SS.

Gibson Circuit Court, February Term, 1831.

Hugh M. Grieg, plff.

Abraham Lindsey, Andrew Starbuck, & Joseph Mosely, defts.

AT this time came the complainant, by his counsel; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Joseph Mosely, one of the above defendants, is not an inhabitant of this state; whereupon, on motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it was ordered that notice of the pendency of this suit be made in the Vincennes Gazette, for four weeks, respectively, notifying the said Joseph Mosely, that unless he personally appear, by himself or counsel, at the next term of the Gibson Circuit Court, to be holden at Terre Haute, on the 12th of May, in August next, and answer the complainant's bill, the same will be taken for confessed, so far as it regards him, and a default entered in his absence accordingly.
Teste,
JOHN I. NEELY, Clerk G. C. C. June 24, 1831.—37w3

Notice is hereby given.

THAT the subscribers have taken out letters of administration upon the estate of Ely Deagles, late of Martin county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make in due time payment, and all those to whom the said estate is indebted, will present their claims for settlement, with vouchers. The estate, as far as it regards said Ely Deagles, is a debt.
FANNY DEAGLES, Adm'x. JOHN SHETARD, Agent. June 15, 1831.—37w3

JUSTICE'S BLANKS

For sale at the Office of the Vincennes Gazette. July 8.