

BOERS IN REVOLT IN SOUTH AFRICA

Rebels Are Led by Veteran of Transvaal War.

MARTIAL LAW IS PROCLAMED

Britain Hears That Majority of Boers of Her Southern Cape Provinces Are Loyal—Col. Solomon G. Maritz Heads Seceders—Germany's Hand Is Seen.

Cape Town, via London, Oct. 14.—A serious revolt has broken out in the northwest of the Cape provinces and Lord Buxton, governor general of the union has proclaimed martial law throughout every part of the territory.

The rebels are led by Col. Solomon G. Maritz, who fought in the Boer war and who has been military commander of the northwest Cape provinces.

Dissatisfaction in that section has been marked for some time but an outbreak was avoided until the South African government determined to supersede Colonel Maritz. He sent a definite answer to the communication notifying him of the decision, arrested the loyal members of his command, joined the remainder to German forces and took the field for war.

The bait that caught the Dutch soldiers and citizens in the northwest was furnished by Germany, in the shape of a promise to aid in the establishment of a free republic, built up on the ruins of the British dependency. General Botha, premier of the Union, former Boer leader and now commander of the Union forces which he is to lead against German Southwest Africa, is expected to take severe measures to suppress the rebellion. Dutch citizens here insist that the majority of the Boers are adherents of Great Britain in the present war and that Maritz and his followers have been blinded by German praise and inducements.

Lord Buxton's proclamation which was published Monday in the Gazette extraordinary, to take effect Monday, provides for the administration of all the Cape provinces as if a state of war existed.

Britain Is Aroused.

London, Oct. 14.—Until Tuesday Great Britain had been able to concentrate all her attention and energies upon the prosecution of war by land and sea upon Germany and Austria. There was not a discordant note in the chorus of sympathy and support which arose from every part of the empire and was expressed in great gifts of men, money and supplies from Canada, India, Australia and from Africa.

For this reason the announcement by the official news bureaus that a portion of the Dutch population in the Cape colonies had revolted against British control and had joined with German troops, fell as a severe blow to all England.

Germany Behind It.

There is no doubt that Germany is behind the revolt. It is remembered he now with bitterness that Colonel Maritz is the man who was sent by Great Britain in 1904, in command of a detachment of Boers, to aid the Germans in suppressing a revolt of the native Hereros in German Southwest Africa. Maritz, a general in rank at that time, was engaged by General Trotha, commander of the German forces, as military adviser, and commanded the main army in the expedition against the natives.

Apparently the connections made at that time with the Germans in Southwest Africa have been renewed and Maritz has yielded to the lure of being one of the founders of a new republic.

It is now learned that the Germans have been prosecuting a seditious propaganda for several years.

Just how serious the situation has become within the last few days it is shown by the proclamation of martial law.

Most of Boers Loyal.

Encouraging messages come from South Africa asserting that the present revolt will not spread and that the malcontents are contained in the force which has already gone over to the Germans with the exception of a few of the principals whose present location is unknown. This intelligence is, however, taken with a grain of salt for it is feared that General Botha realizes the likelihood of a diffusion of the trouble and had enough evidence of it to lead him to insist upon martial law for the entire Union.

One dispatch renews the statement that Colonel Maritz proposes to establish a free republic in the territory of which he was formerly the military commander and says that opinion in Cape Town characterizes it as an act of "unspeakeable traitorism" and a shock to the real sentiment of the Dutch people.

Giants Win Series.

New York, Oct. 14.—The Giants won the city series by 4 to 1, taking the last game by the same score, 4 to 1.

PRINCE GEORGE

Son of Servian Ruler Is Reported Mortally Hurt in Battle.



ALLIES MASSING FOR NEW BATTLE

Plans to Check Germans Marching On Ostend.

BELGIAN CAPITAL TO FRANCE

Ghent Captured by Invaders and Bruges Is Being Shelled—England's Troops Rebel in South Africa—Airmen Drop Shells in Ostend—French left Wing on Offensive—Lille Falls.

Official announcement issued from the war office in Paris says: "On our left wing our forces have resumed the offensive in the regions of Hazebrouck and of Bethune against detachments of the enemy composed in large part of cavalry coming from the front along Bailleul, Estaires and La Bassée. The town of Lille, held by a territorial detachment, has been attacked and occupied by a German army corps."

There is an unconfirmed report that the Germans, following the occupation of Ghent, are bombing Bruges, twenty-three miles from Ostend. They are known to be moving that way.

It has been decided to transfer the Belgian government to France in order that it may have full liberty of action. The foregoing was announced officially in Bordeaux. Several Belgian ministers, accompanied by a group of officials, left Ostend for Havre, where the French government has prepared temporary offices for them. King Albert remains at the head of the Belgian army.

The lines are gathering for a general engagement along the banks of the River Lys between the reenforced allies and the German army which is attempting an encircling movement toward Ostend and the coast. It has been officially announced in Capetown, Union of South Africa, that a command under Colonel Maritz has rebelled in the northwest of the Cape provinces. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the union.

A dispatch to the London Times says that a German aviator dropped two bombs on Ostend. Neither of the missiles exploded.

The huge rock fell with such force that it crushed a steel car and pinned a score of men, women and children passengers. Among the dead are Harry Braddock of Chicago and Thomas C. Linkens, branch manager at Grand Junction, for the Ridener Baker Grocery company of Kansas City. Linkens' head was severed from his body. Relief trains were hurried to the scene of the disaster and the prompt relief given undoubtedly saved the lives of many women and children.

ROCK HITS TRAIN; 3 KILLED

Fourteen Others Seriously Hurt on Denver and Rio Grande.

DENVER, COLO.—Dropping sheer a hundred feet from a precipice a twenty-ton boulder crashed down upon a flying Denver & Rio Grande train eighteen miles east of Grand Junction, killing three persons and seriously injuring fourteen more.

The huge rock fell with such force that it crushed a steel car and pinned a score of men, women and children passengers. Among the dead are Harry Braddock of Chicago and Thomas C. Linkens, branch manager at Grand Junction, for the Ridener Baker Grocery company of Kansas City. Linkens' head was severed from his body. Relief trains were hurried to the scene of the disaster and the prompt relief given undoubtedly saved the lives of many women and children.

PEACE CONFERENCE IS ON

Washington Reports Prospects Are Brighter For Mexico.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The state department is advised that the proposed Mexican peace conference has been inaugurated at Aguas Calientes.

According to the department's report the outlook is brighter for something to be done to settle the Villa-Carranza differences and to adopt a political program for Mexico than for many days. Representatives of both Villa and Carranza are present as are also three delegates representing Zapata.

ITALY'S PEACE FRIEND DYING

Marquis Di San Giuliano's Death Might Help Allies.

ROME, ITALY.—Marquis Di San Giuliano, the minister of foreign affairs, is reported dying. He has been Italy's great advocate of peace and neutrality and it is believed that with his death Italy will enter into the war on the side of the allies. General Zappelli, the new minister of war, though Austrian born, has ordered transports to bring back the 100,000 Tripoli veterans. These men are ready for immediate service.

Belgians Scout Tax Idea.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—That Antwerp would be compelled to pay \$100,000,000 war tax to the Germans was declared wholly unlikely at the Belgian legation here. It was pointed out that under the rules of international warfare agreed upon at The Hague no such tax can be levied by a conqueror on a conquered city.

Love, Key to Peace—Bryan.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Voicing the sentiment that the only foundation for universal peace is love, and not preparedness for war, William Jennings Bryan, secretary of state, and Oscar S. Straus, former secretary of commerce and labor, spoke at a peace demonstration here in Convention hall.

211,000 Lost in Prussia.

LONDON.—The forty-four lists of losses in the Prussian army which have been published contain a total of 211,000 killed, wounded and missing, according to a Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam. The lists do not include losses among the Bavarians, Saxons and Wurtemburgians.

French Bombarding Cattaro.

ROME, ITALY, via Paris.—The French embassy has announced that heavy French cannon of long range, laid at Antivari Sept. 22, have been transported to the top of Mount Lovcen, from which a bombardment of Cattaro, Dalmatia, has begun.

ALLIES MASSING FOR NEW BATTLE

Plans to Check Germans Marching On Ostend.

BELGIAN CAPITAL TO FRANCE

Ghent Captured by Invaders and Bruges Is Being Shelled—England's Troops Rebel in South Africa—Airmen Drop Shells in Ostend—French left Wing on Offensive—Lille Falls.

Official announcement issued from the war office in Paris says: "On our left wing our forces have resumed the offensive in the regions of Hazebrouck and of Bethune against detachments of the enemy composed in large part of cavalry coming from the front along Bailleul, Estaires and La Bassée. The town of Lille, held by a territorial detachment, has been attacked and occupied by a German army corps."

There is an unconfirmed report that the Germans, following the occupation of Ghent, are bombing Bruges, twenty-three miles from Ostend. They are known to be moving that way.

It has been decided to transfer the Belgian government to France in order that it may have full liberty of action. The foregoing was announced officially in Bordeaux. Several Belgian ministers, accompanied by a group of officials, left Ostend for Havre, where the French government has prepared temporary offices for them. King Albert remains at the head of the Belgian army.

The lines are gathering for a general engagement along the banks of the River Lys between the reenforced allies and the German army which is attempting an encircling movement toward Ostend and the coast. It has been officially announced in Capetown, Union of South Africa, that a command under Colonel Maritz has rebelled in the northwest of the Cape provinces. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the union.

A dispatch to the London Times says that a German aviator dropped two bombs on Ostend. Neither of the missiles exploded.

The huge rock fell with such force that it crushed a steel car and pinned a score of men, women and children passengers. Among the dead are Harry Braddock of Chicago and Thomas C. Linkens, branch manager at Grand Junction, for the Ridener Baker Grocery company of Kansas City. Linkens' head was severed from his body. Relief trains were hurried to the scene of the disaster and the prompt relief given undoubtedly saved the lives of many women and children.

ROCK HITS TRAIN; 3 KILLED

Fourteen Others Seriously Hurt on Denver and Rio Grande.

DENVER, COLO.—Dropping sheer a hundred feet from a precipice a twenty-ton boulder crashed down upon a flying Denver & Rio Grande train eighteen miles east of Grand Junction, killing three persons and seriously injuring fourteen more.

The huge rock fell with such force that it crushed a steel car and pinned a score of men, women and children passengers. Among the dead are Harry Braddock of Chicago and Thomas C. Linkens, branch manager at Grand Junction, for the Ridener Baker Grocery company of Kansas City. Linkens' head was severed from his body. Relief trains were hurried to the scene of the disaster and the prompt relief given undoubtedly saved the lives of many women and children.

London, Oct. 14.—Until Tuesday Great Britain had been able to concentrate all her attention and energies upon the prosecution of war by land and sea upon Germany and Austria. There was not a discordant note in the chorus of sympathy and support which arose from every part of the empire and was expressed in great gifts of men, money and supplies from Canada, India, Australia and from Africa.

For this reason the announcement by the official news bureaus that a portion of the Dutch population in the Cape colonies had revolted against British control and had joined with German troops, fell as a severe blow to all England.

Germany Behind It.

There is no doubt that Germany is behind the revolt. It is remembered he now with bitterness that Colonel Maritz is the man who was sent by Great Britain in 1904, in command of a detachment of Boers, to aid the Germans in suppressing a revolt of the native Hereros in German Southwest Africa. Maritz, a general in rank at that time, was engaged by General Trotha, commander of the German forces, as military adviser, and commanded the main army in the expedition against the natives.

Apparently the connections made at that time with the Germans in Southwest Africa have been renewed and Maritz has yielded to the lure of being one of the founders of a new republic.

It is now learned that the Germans have been prosecuting a seditious propaganda for several years.

Just how serious the situation has become within the last few days it is shown by the proclamation of martial law.

Most of Boers Loyal.

Encouraging messages come from South Africa asserting that the present revolt will not spread and that the malcontents are contained in the force which has already gone over to the Germans with the exception of a few of the principals whose present location is unknown. This intelligence is, however, taken with a grain of salt for it is feared that General Botha realizes the likelihood of a diffusion of the trouble and had enough evidence of it to lead him to insist upon martial law for the entire Union.

One dispatch renews the statement that Colonel Maritz proposes to establish a free republic in the territory of which he was formerly the military commander and says that opinion in Cape Town characterizes it as an act of "unspeakeable traitorism" and a shock to the real sentiment of the Dutch people.

French Bombarding Cattaro.

ROME, ITALY, via Paris.—The French embassy has announced that heavy French cannon of long range, laid at Antivari Sept. 22, have been transported to the top of Mount Lovcen, from which a bombardment of Cattaro, Dalmatia, has begun.

INDIANA STATE NEWS

TRYING DEAD ONE, OF COURSE

Widow Testifies in Case Where Her Husband Was Murdered.

MARION, IND.—In the trial of Charles C. Davis, charged with the murder of Willard Mossberg, the widow of the slain man testified that before leaving home the morning he was shot her husband poured half a bottle of whisky into another receptacle. Noticing that it had a white sediment, she poured some of it in the milk for the cat, which drank of the fluid and soon afterward died. Coroner Cameron testified that, testing out the half of bottle found in Mossberg's pocket, the decoction caused the death of a dog. Mossberg had asked Davis to drink with him before the shooting occurred, it was charged.

Davis is pleading self-defense. He was resentful of Mossberg's attentions to his wife. The evidence showed that Mossberg had signed a written contract to support and marry Mrs. Davis as soon as divorces could be obtained. Mrs. Davis had also signed a confession that she loved Mossberg better than she did her own husband.

Davis is pleading self-defense. He was resentful of Mossberg's attentions to his wife. The evidence showed that Mossberg had signed a written contract to support and marry Mrs. Davis as soon as divorces could be obtained. Mrs. Davis had also signed a confession that she loved Mossberg better than she did her own husband.

BOTH "BANK" AND CASH LOST

\$400 Hidden in Bureau; Credit Men Seize Institution.

SOUTH BEND, IND.—After withdrawing \$400 from a local bank because she was afraid that the European war would cause hard times in the United States and bring about bank failures, Mrs. Julia P. Demski had the money in a bureau drawer when she was working in a local factory.

Later employees of an installment house entered her home and confiscated the bureau because of an alleged two weeks' lapse in payments. Mrs. Demski has brought suit to recover the \$400 said to have been taken with the bureau.

SIGN MAY WORK WRONG WAY

Landlord Fixes His Rent on Result of Election.

EVANSVILLE, IND.—James L. Posey of Evansville is building a new house for rent and he has posted the following sign in its window: "For Rent—\$12 if Democrats Triumph This Fall; \$14 if Republicans Triumph This Fall."

Posey is an old line Republican and he thinks the depressed state of business is due to the Democratic administration. If the Republicans win this fall, Posey thinks the people who rent the house will be able to pay \$12 a month, while if the Democrats win people will be lucky to have \$12 to pay the rent.

PONY SAVES LIFE OF YOUTH

But Dies Itself From Injuries by a Falling Door.

HARTFORD CITY, IND.—Panhandle train No. 56 was nearly wrecked east of this city when it ran into a flock of sheep that had escaped from a pasture field on the Ed Armstrong farm. There were 400 sheep in the flock and twenty-four of them were killed.

ANED MAN MISSING.

EVANSVILLE, IND.—The police have been asked to locate Vincent Hopkins, seventy-six years old, who has been missing since Friday noon. Relatives say the man was despondent because of his inability to work, but scout the theory of suicide.

CHARGED WITH BURGLARY.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND.—Frank Eckert, twenty-five years old, was arrested charged with breaking into the home of a milk dealer. An alarm clock set off and frightened the intruder away. The man was seen by the milkman, who identified Eckert.

Mr. McGrath has been ill here for ten days, but not until recently was his ailment diagnosed as typhoid. He has done considerable newspaper work in Chicago and New York.

FOUR STUDENTS POISONED

Girls Eat Candy Found in One of Their Desks.

BURLINGTON, IND.—An investigation by school officials has failed to clear up the mystery surrounding the poisoning of four girls who ate strichnine tablets found in the school.