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BOERS IN REVOLT IN SOUTH AFRICA

Rebels Are Led by Veteran of Transvaal War.

MARTIAL LAW IS PROCLAIMED

Britain Hears That Majority of Boers of Her Southern Cape Provinces Are Loyal—Col. Solomon G. Maritz Heads Seceders—Germany's Hand Is Seen.

Cape Town, via London, Oct. 14.—A serious revolt has broken out in the northwest of the Cape provinces and Lord Buxton, governor general of the union has proclaimed martial law throughout every part of the territory.

The rebels are led by Col. Solomon G. Maritz who fought in the Boer war and who has been military commander of the northwest Cape provinces.

Dissatisfaction in that section has been marked for some time but an outbreak was avoided until the South African government determined to "upset" Colonel Maritz. He sent a defiant answer to the communication notifying him of the decision, arrested the loyal members of his command, joined the remainder to German forces and took the field for war.

The bait that caught the Dutch soldiers and citizens in the northwest was furnished by Germany, in the shape of a promise to aid in the establishment of a free republic, built up on the ruins of the British dependency. General Botha, premier of the Union, former Boer leader and now commander of the Union forces which he is to lead against German Southwest Africa, is expected to take severe measures to suppress the rebellion. Dutch citizens here insist that the majority of the Boers are adherents of Great Britain in the present war and that Maritz and his followers have been blinded by German praise and inducements.

Lord Buxton's proclamation which was published Monday in the Gazette extraordinary, to take effect Monday, provides for the administration of all the Cape provinces as if a state of war existed.

Britain Is Aroused. London, Oct. 14.—Until Tuesday Great Britain had been able to concentrate all her attention and energies upon the prosecution of war by land and sea upon Germany and Austria. There was not a discordant note in the chorus of sympathy and support which arose from every part of the empire and was expressed in great gifts of men, money and supplies from Canada, India, Australia and from Africa.

For this reason the announcement by the official news bureau that a portion of the Dutch population in the Cape colonies had revolted against British control and had joined with German troops, fell as a severe blow to all England.

Germany Behind It. There is no doubt that Germany is behind the revolt. It is remembered how now with bitterness that Colonel Maritz is the man who was sent by Great Britain in 1904, in command of a detachment of Boers, to aid the Germans in suppressing a revolt of the native Hereros in German Southwest Africa. Maritz, a general in rank at that time, was engaged by General Trotha, commander of the German forces, as military adviser, and commanded the main army in the expedition against the natives.

Apparently the connections made at that time with the Germans in Southwest Africa have been renewed and Maritz has yielded to the lure of being one of the founders of a new republic.

It is now learned that the Germans have been prosecuting a seditious propaganda for several years.

Just how serious the situation has become within the last few days it is shown by the proclamation of martial law.

Most of Boers Loyal. Encouraging messages come from South Africa asserting that the present revolt will not spread and that the malcontents are contained in the force which has already gone over to the Germans with the exception of a few of the principals whose present location is unknown. This intelligence is, however, taken with a grain of salt for it is feared that General Botha realizes the likelihood of a diffusion of the trouble and had enough evidence of it to lead him to insist upon martial law for the entire Union.

One dispatch renews the statement that Colonel Maritz proposes to establish a free republic in the territory of which he was formerly the military commander and says that opinion in Cape Town characterizes it as an act of "unspeakable traitorism" and a shock to the real sentiment of the Dutch people.

Giants Win Series. New York, Oct. 14.—The Giants won the city series by 4 to 1, taking the last game by the same score, 4 to 1.

PRINCE GEORGE

Son of Serbian Ruler Is Reported Mortally Hurt in Battle.



The Vossische Zeitung of Berlin reports that Crown Prince Alexander of Serbia has been slightly wounded and that his brother, Prince George of Serbia, has been mortally hurt in the fighting against the Austrians.

ROCK HITS TRAIN; 3 KILLED

Fourteen Others Seriously Hurt on Denver and Rio Grande.

DENVER, COLO.—Dropping sheer a hundred feet from a precipice a twenty-ton boulder crashed down upon a flying Denver & Rio Grande train eighteen miles east of Grand Junction, killing three persons and seriously injuring fourteen more.

The huge rock fell with such force that it crushed a steel car and pinned a score of men, women and children passengers. Among the dead are Harry Braddock of Chicago and Thomas C. Linkens, branch manager at Grand Junction, for the Ridenour Baker Grocery company of Kansas. Other victims were a woman and her child. Relief trains were hurried to the scene of the disaster and the prompt relief given undoubtedly saved the lives of many women and children.

PEACE CONFERENCE IS ON

Washington Reports Prospects Are Brighter For Mexico.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The state department is advised that the proposed Mexican peace conference has been inaugurated at Aguas Calientes. According to the department's reports the outlook is brighter for something to be done to settle the Villa-Carranza differences and to adopt a political program for Mexico than for many days. Representatives of both Villa and Carranza are present as are also three delegates representing Zapata.

ITALY'S PEACE FRIEND DYING

Marquis Di San Giuliano's Death Might Help Allies.

ROME, ITALY.—Marquis Di San Giuliano, the minister of foreign affairs, is reported dying. He has been Italy's great advocate of peace and neutrality and it is believed that with his death Italy will enter into the war on the side of the allies. General Zupelli, the new minister of war, though Austrian born, has ordered transports to bring back the 100,000 Tripoli veterans. These men are ready for immediate service.

Belgians Scout Tax Idea. WASHINGTON, D. C.—That Antwerp would be compelled to pay \$100,000,000 war tax to the Germans was declared wholly unlikely at the Belgian legation here. It was pointed out that under the rules of international warfare agreed upon at The Hague no such tax can be levied by a conqueror on a conquered city.

Love, Key to Peace—Bryan. PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Voicing the sentiment that the only foundation for universal peace is love, and not preparedness for war, William Jennings Bryan, secretary of state, and Oscar S. Straus, former secretary of commerce and labor, spoke at a peace demonstration here in Convention hall.

211,000 Lost in Prussia. LONDON.—The forty-four lists of losses in the Prussian army which have been published contain a total of 211,000 killed, wounded and missing, according to a Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam. The lists do not include losses among the Bavarians, Saxons and Wurttembergians.

French Bombarding Cattaro. ROME, ITALY, via Paris.—The French embassy has announced that heavy French cannon of long range, later at Antivari Sept. 22, have been transported to the top of Mount Lovchen, from which a bombardment of Cattaro, Dalmatia, has begun.

ALLIES MASSING FOR NEW BATTLE

Plans to Check Germans Marching On Ostend.

BELGIAN CAPITAL TO FRANCE

Ghent Captured by Invaders and Bruges Is Being Shelled—England's Troops Rebel in South Africa—Airmen Drop Shells in Ostend—French left Wing on Offensive—Lille Falls.

Official announcement issued from the war office in Paris says: "On our left wing our forces have resumed the offensive in the regions of Hazebrouck and of Bethune against detachments of the enemy composed in large part of cavalry coming from the front along Bailaul, Estaires and La Bassée. The town of Lille, held by a territorial detachment, has been attacked and occupied by a German army corps."

There is an unconfirmed report that the Germans, following the occupation of Ghent, are bombarding Bruges, twenty-three miles from Ostend. They are known to be moving that way. It has been decided to transfer the Belgian government to France in order that it may have full liberty of action. The foregoing was announced officially in Bordeaux. Several Belgian ministers, accompanied by a group of officials, left Ostend for Havre, where the French government has prepared temporary offices for them. King Albert remains at the head of the Belgian army.

The lines are gathering for a general engagement along the banks of the River Lys between the reinforced allies and the German army which is attempting an encircling movement toward Ostend and the coast.

It has been officially announced in Capetown, Union of South Africa, that a command under Colonel Maritz has rebelled in the northwest of the Cape provinces. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the union.

A dispatch to the London Times says that a German aviator dropped two bombs on Ostend. Neither of the missiles exploded.

LONDON.—The City of Ghent is occupied by the Germans; according to an Amsterdam dispatch. Uhlans have arrived at Zelzate, a short distance from Ghent, and the commander announced that 6,000 soldiers must be quartered on the village. The report of the occupation of Ghent was passed for publication by the official press bureau, which takes no responsibility for it.

LONDON.—The Ostend correspondent of the Times sends the following dispatch: "Strong German columns of all arms are passing through Baillieu (department of the Nord, near the Belgian frontier) in the direction of Ypres (in west Flanders, Belgium, about twenty-eight miles south of Ostend). Around the latter town the Germans have concentrated in very large numbers."

"German cavalry patrols have been seen in many places within twenty miles of Dunkirk on the Straits of Dover, forty miles northwest of Lille. These detachments doubtless are part of a screen thrown out to test the strength of the allies and mask the movements of the German main body."

PARIS.—Six bombs were dropped on Paris by a German aeroplane. None exploded. Five French aviators ascended and pursued the invading airship which fled to the east. A bomb was dropped also on the suburb of St. Quentin, near a tank containing 80,000 tons of gasoline, but failed to explode.

The mention of French marine fusiliers in the day's official report from Paris is the first reference made to such forces operating with the allies. The location of these troops is not given, but it is not improbable that they form a part of the mysterious army that has been massed along the Belgian coast to repel a possible advance by the Germans upon Ostend and other coast towns.

120 Corpses Under Wrecked Building. PARIS.—The corpses of 120 civilians have been found underneath the debris of wrecked buildings in Arras, following the German bombardment. Most of the city is in ruins. The Germans that attacked the French there are unofficially reported to be falling back toward the Belgian border.

Germany Makes Prisoners Fight. AMSTERDAM.—The Berlin Tageblatt, a copy of which has been received here, says that all prisoners captured by the Germans in Russian Poland will be compelled to enlist in the German army to fight against Russia.

Russ Cruiser Torpedoed. PETROGRAD.—An official announcement is made by the war office that the Russian armored cruiser Pallada was torpedoed in the Baltic sea by a German submarine and was sunk with all her crew.

INDIANA STATE NEWS

Dedicates War Monument. VINCENNES, IND.—The fifty third annual reunion of the Knox County Soldiers' and Sailors' association came to a fitting close with the dedication of the recently completed \$50,000 monument on the court house square.

A parade three miles long, including veterans, citizens, bands and thousands of school children carrying flags, was a feature in the morning. Governor Ralston spoke in the afternoon.

Indian Has Healthy Berg. DANVILLE, IND.—It is a remarkable fact, and one that is being much commented on, that there has not been a death in Danville for three months and very little illness.

For a town of 2,000 inhabitants it is also notable that there have been just sixteen births and sixteen deaths since Jan. 1, 1914. Doctors and undertakers are about ready to go out of business.

Not Too Crazy to Want Coin. SOUTH BEND, IND.—Mrs. Adolph Quinlan has brought suit against her husband, who is a well known local attorney, for \$25,500 damages, alleging her husband maliciously caused her to be incarcerated in an insane asylum and that she remained there until friends brought the attention of the courts to her case, when she was released, a month later.

Divorce proceedings were filed several months ago.

Train Cuts Off Leg. BLOOMINGTON, IND.—Brint Easton, twenty-eight years old of Stineville lost his right leg at the knee, when he fell beneath a Moken train. He boarded a freight train and in walking on top of the train fell between the box cars. He was removed to the Bloomington hospital. Easton was employed as a stone planer in this city.

Petired Farmer Takes Poison. ANDERSON, IND.—James Broiser, who is sixty-five years old, a wealthy retired farmer living at Lapel, ended his life by drinking poison which he had purchased last spring with the intention of killing potato bugs. Several weeks ago Broiser's wife died suddenly and it is believed that grief over her death was the cause of his act.

Boy Injured Under Train. CONNERSVILLE, IND.—Attempting to board a freight train here, Howard, twelve year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lafuse, fell and was probably fatally injured. His left leg was severed above the knee and two of his fingers were cut off. Physicians say he can not recover.

Sheep Nearly Wreck Train. HARTFORD CITY, IND.—Pan-handle train No. 56 was nearly wrecked east of this city when it ran into a flock of sheep that had escaped from a pasture field on the Ed Armstrong farm. There were 400 sheep in the flock and twenty-four of them were killed.

Aged Man Missing. EVANSVILLE, IND.—The police have been asked to locate Vincent Hopkins, seventy-six years old, who has been missing since Friday noon. Relatives say the man was despondent because of his inability to work, but scout the theory of suicide.

Charged With Burglary. JEFFERSONVILLE, IND.—Frank Eckert, twenty-five years old, was arrested charged with breaking into the home of a milk dealer. An alarm clock let go and frightened the intruder away. The man was seen by the milkman, who identified Eckert.

Blinded by Rain, Killed by Train. GREEN CASTLE, IND.—Claude Hixon and Jacob Bowen were killed when a Vandalla train wrecked on an automobile in which they were riding. It is believed Hixon, driver of the car, was so blinded by the heavy rain that he did not see the train.

Suspicious Fire Wrecks Bridge. COVINGTON, IND.—The Washburn river wooden wagon bridge built here in the early fifties and in a fine state of preservation, was wrecked by fire, the two east spans being destroyed and the piers badly damaged. Incendiarism is suspected.

Hoozier Dies in Capital. LAFAYETTE, IND.—Word was received here of the death of William M. Bass in Washington, D. C. He went to that city in 1872 to take a position in the government printing office and had lived in Washington since.

Wine Corn Growing Contest. COVINGTON, IND.—In the five acre corn contest for Fountain county, Clarence Grenard of Wayne town won the honor of having the largest yield for an acre. His field averaged \$3.2 bushels an acre.

Evansville Population 95,000. EVANSVILLE, IND.—According to officials of the company compiling the new city directory, the week this year will give this city a population of 95,000, a gain of 3,000 compared with last year.

Belit Business Man Expires. BELOIT, WIS.—John McGavock of McGavock Bros. a family connected with the large business interests of the city, is dead. He was fifty-

TRYING DEAD ONE, OF COURSE

Widow Testifies in Case Where Her Husband Was Murdered.

MARION, IND.—In the trial of Charles C. Davis, charged with the murder of Willard Mossburg, the widow of the slain man testified that before leaving home the morning he was shot her husband poured half a bottle of whisky into another receptacle. Noticing that it had a white sediment, she poured some of it in the milk for the cat, which drank of the fluid and soon afterward died. Coroner Cameron testified that, testing out the half of a bottle found in Mossburg's pocket, the decoction caused the death of a dog. Mossberg had asked Davis to drink with him before the shooting occurred, it was charged.

Davis is pleading self-defense. He was resentful of Mossberg's attentions to his wife. The evidence showed that Mossberg had signed a written contract to support and marry Mrs. Davis as soon as divorces could be obtained. Mrs. Davis had also signed a confession that she loved Mossberg better than she did her own husband.

BOTH "BANK" AND CASH LOST

\$400 Hidden in Bureau; Credit Men Seize Institution.

SOUTH BEND, IND.—After withdrawing \$400 from a local bank because she was afraid that the European war would cause hard times in the United States and bring about bank failures, Mrs. Julia P. Demski hid the money in a bureau drawer when she was working in a local factory.

Later employees of an instalment house entered her home and confiscated the bureau because of an alleged two weeks' lapse in payments. Mrs. Demski has brought suit to recover the \$400 said to have been taken with the bureau.

SIGN MAY WORK WRONG WAY

Landlord Fixes His Rent on Result of Election.

EVANSVILLE, IND.—James L. Posey of Evansville is building a new house for rent and he has posted the following sign in its window: "For Rent—\$12 if Democrats Triumph This Fall; \$14 if Republicans Triumph This Fall."

Posey is an old line Republican and he thinks the depressed state of business is due to the Democratic administration. If the Republicans win this fall, Posey thinks the people who rent the house will be able to pay \$14 a month, while if the Democrats win people will be lucky to have \$12 to pay the rent.

PONY SAVES LIFE OF YOUTH

But Dies Itself From Injuries by a Falling Door.

BRAZIL, ILL.—Harold Lyon, the seven year old son of Paul Lyon west of this city, owes his life to his pet pony which sacrificed its life to save the boy. The boy was leading his pony to the barn when a large, heavy door came off the hinges and fell. The boy was knocked under the pony's legs but the pony stood on its feet, bearing the weight of the door. The boy escaped by crawling.

NEWSPAPER MAN STRICKEN

Blaine McGrath, Manager of International News Service Has Typhoid.

NOBLESVILLE, IND.—Blaine McGrath, manager of the International News Service at Indianapolis, is seriously ill at the home of his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Harry McGrath, in this city. He is suffering from typhoid fever.

Mr. McGrath has been ill here for ten days, but not until recently was his ailment diagnosed as typhoid. He has done considerable newspaper work in Chicago and New York.

FOUR STUDENTS POISONED

Girls Eat Candy Found in One of Their Desks.

BURLINGTON, IND.—An investigation by school officials has failed to clear up the mystery surrounding the poisoning of four girls who ate strychnine tablets found in the school. Edith Harmon found chocolate coated tablets in her desk and divided them with Deloris Tinkle, Adra Collins and Mary Timmons. All became critically ill, but have recovered. Physicians said the tablets contained strychnine.

MAN THROWS ACID ON WOMAN

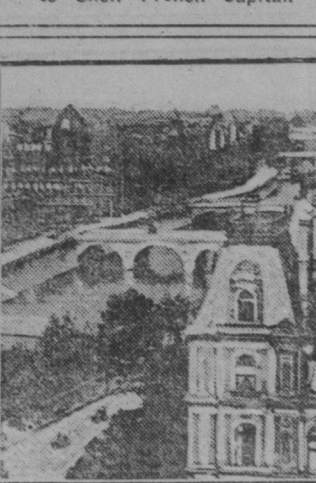
Pretty Seamstress of Wabash, Ind., Is Scarred for Life.

WABASH, IND.—Mrs. Alice M. Correll was burned and disfigured for life when an unknown man threw a cup of carbolic acid on her. Mrs. Correll answered a knock at her door and as she opened the door the acid was dashed on her. The man escaped. Mrs. Correll's face, neck, arms and body were burned. Mrs. Correll is thirty and pretty, a seamstress.

Belit Business Man Expires. BELOIT, WIS.—John McGavock of McGavock Bros. a family connected with the large business interests of the city, is dead. He was fifty-

RIVER SEINE IN PARIS

German Airmen Continue to Shell French Capital.



A GENERAL SURVEY OF THE WAR.

Thursday, Oct. 8.—The fate of the Belgian army is a striking feature of the day's war news. Since the withdrawal of the government from Brussels to Antwerp, the entire fighting force of the little kingdom has been concentrated in or about the latter city.

Advices from neutral sources confirm heretofore disputed German assertions that they have broken through the outer circle of fortifications, crossed the River Nethe and brought their big guns within range of the city proper. The Belgian government has been transferred to Ostend.

The statement of the French war office says that on the French left wing the Germans have made no progress, while at certain points they have moved back. On the right wing there is no change, it is said. The situation on the center remains much the same.

According to the French statement the Russian offensive continues along the front of East Prussia.

A wireless dispatch from Berlin says that the papers there report that the British and Japanese attacks upon Tsingtao have been repulsed.

Vienna asserts that the Austrians have been driven out of Hungary. The Russian ambassador at Rome reports that the Russians occupy one-fifth of Hungary, as well as seven-eighths of Galicia.

Friday, Oct. 9.—German heavy artillery is pounding Antwerp, the last remaining stronghold of the Belgian army, while German armies to the west continue the struggle with the French and British allies.

The Germans have crossed the flooded area along the river Nethe and continue to make progress.

The battle continues along the line of Lens, Arras, Bray-Sur-Somme, Chaulnes, Roye, and Lessigny. An artillery duel is occurring in the Woivre district.

The Russian who invaded Eastern Prussia and later was defeated and driven back to the Nieman river have again invaded East Prussia, driving the Germans back as far as Lyck. On the other hand, the Germans are in force in Russian Poland, having reached almost to Warsaw, while the Russian movement through Galicia is meeting stubborn resistance from German and Austrian forces.

Saturday, Oct. 10.—Antwerp, the one stronghold that remained to the Belgians after the loss of Liege and Namur, has fallen before the Germans under General von Beseler.

The announcement of the French war office says that the entire battle front of the allies has been maintained in spite of violent attacks by the Germans at several points.

Paris reports also partial successes by the Russians on the East Prussian frontier and asserts that the siege of Przemyśl continues under conditions favorable to the Russians.

A dispatch from Russian Poland says that a Russian attack extending from Wilkowsky to a point below Lyck, East Prussia, was repulsed, the Russians losing heavily, while the German losses were light.

Sunday, Oct. 11.—German aviators dropped twenty bombs into various districts of Paris killing three persons and wounding fourteen others.

French troops were victorious in a two day's battle for the possession of the village of Apremont, east of St. Mihiel.

German cavalry was signally defeated in battle for the possession of positions necessary for the crossing of the River Lys. The invaders were driven into retreat toward Armentieres.

German troops are advancing swiftly toward Ostend, hoping to capture the city by a sudden attack and make prisoners of King Albert and the Belgian government officials.

Twenty thousand Germans marching westward were defeated near Termonde by a large force of French and British.

The last of the German soldiers have evacuated Suwalki. The German losses in the battle of Augustowa are estimated at 60,000 according to a report from Petrograd.

CZAR'S MEN LOSE ALONG RIVER SAN

Russians Are Beaten by Austrians in big Battle.

REPORT SAYS MANY CAPTURED

Germans Routed After Seven Days of Fierce Fighting at Ratzke—Tentons Hold Much Territory in Poland—Russ Fleeing Only Warsaw West of Vistula.

LONDON.—The Austrian legation at The Hague issues the following official communication: "The rapid advance of the Austro-Hungarian troops along the river San resulted Oct. 11 in the entire withdrawal of the Russian invading front from Przemyśl, Galicia, which was immediately occupied by Austrian relief troops."

"The retreating Russians everywhere were strongly attacked. An attempt on their part to cross the river near Sienkawa and Leczaj, gave the Austro-Hungarian troops an opportunity to take a large number of prisoners. These as yet have not been counted."

A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Petrograd says: "It is evident that a big battle was fought at the Village of Ratzki (midway between Augustowa and Suwalki) after the defeat of the Germans at Augustowa. The German light wing rested on Ratzki. On Oct. 3 the Russians, after seven days of continuous fighting, drove out the Germans, who crossed the river and then posted their guns on the hills. Several batteries, including those sent as reinforcements from Koenigsberg, were captured."

Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent sends the following German official communication concerning events in the eastern theater of the war.

Russians Are Pursued. "After their expulsion from East Prussia the Russian armies were pursued across the frontier. The center of the German military operations is now Poland. The whole of Poland west of the Vistula is now in German possession, the Russians occupying only Warsaw."

"The few kilometers lost by the Germans in Russian territory near the East Prussian frontier were of little importance, as it was never intended definitely to occupy or govern Suwalki."

"It is not true that the siege of Osowiec has been abandoned, as the fortress has never been besieged."

"During our retreat to the East Prussian frontier our troops nowhere were defeated, but, on the contrary, repulsed many attacks of the Russians."

BOND GIVEN LIFE SENTENCE. Negro Convicted of Ida Leegson Death Protests His Innocence. CHICAGO, ILL.—Isaac Bond, negro, found guilty of the murder of Ida Leegson, was sentenced to the penitentiary for life. He protested to Judge McDonald that he was innocent—that he never saw the woman—and that he was in Gary, Ind., at the time the murder was committed.

Mrs. Leegson, who was an art student, was found strangled near Argo, Ill., last October.

Cairo, Ill., Fears Race Riots. SPRINGFIELD, ILL.—Upon the receipt of a report from Sheriff Frazer of Cairo, Governor Dunne wired Captain Roy Lutes of company K, I. N. G., to have his company ready to assist the sheriff in suppressing possible race riots.

The race antagonism followed the murder of Ell Johnson, a fireman, by one of two negroes who had attempted to rob him. Two negroes have been arrested, but they deny implication in the shooting. A third negro, whom the prisoners charge with the murder, still is at large.

New King Takes Oath. LONDON.—King Ferdinand of Roumania, in the presence of the members of the royal family, the diplomatic corps, and other notables, took the oath of office, in succession to his uncle, King Charles, according to a dispatch from Bucharest by way of Amsterdam, to the Central News agency.

The new king announced the intention of directing his labors to the development of the state.

No Peace Move by Wilson. WASHINGTON, D. C.—President Wilson states that he had made no new move toward bringing peace to Europe and that reports recently circulated of this government's activity in that direction had no authoritative basis.

Cardinal Ferrata Dies. ROME.—Cardinal Domenico Ferrata, the papal secretary of state, is dead. For sixteen years he was papal nuncio at Paris and later was prefect of the congregation of bishops in Rome.