

The Syracuse Journal

GEO. O. SNYDER, Publisher.
Syracuse, Indiana.

Spill the rod and spare the child
is the modern way.

After all, how appropriate that ep-
taphs are usually graven.

A steel famine is predicted. This
will call for iron endurance.

Perhaps the millennium awaits the
discovery of a serum against old age.

The great trouble with the Euro-
pean status quo is that it won't stay
put.

Don't count your chickens until
you're sure the incubator lamp doesn't
leak.

Cipriano Castro says he is going to
remain permanently in Tenerife.
Thanks.

In New York an ordinary taxi driver
was arrested on suspicion that he
was a robber.

Another blow at the American work-
ingman with a tax contemplated on all
incomes over \$3,000.

St. Louis policemen demand an
eight-hour day. He who runs may
read the time by the stars.

According to the census, there are
125,000 idiots in the country. But
only one kid was counted.

Two German officers flew 372 miles
in six hours. This may be called both
literally and figuratively going some.

People live longer in cities than
in villages, say German savants. May-
be city people are more afraid to die.

Women's smoking gowns are on
exhibition in New York stores. And
very likely they hook up in the back,
too.

Automobiles would never be driven
fifty miles an hour if none were made
capable of going more than twenty-
five.

In Constantinople, a deposed high
official dies of apoplexy. In Mexico
City he is taken on an automobile
ride.

Farmers in Pennsylvania flocked to
a bargain sale of coffins. A bargain
sale will excite a live interest in any-
thing.

With onions selling at 15 cents a
bushel there's no perceptible increase
in the practice of smothering things
in them.

Now that St. Louis police are to
have an eight hour day, the night
force will be provided with more time
to sleep.

A clergyman finds that many plays
teach their morals hurriedly in the
last act—or during chair-slumping in
the first.

General Sung of China was killed by
assassins who were really looking for
General Sing. Chinese tensions are ter-
ribly fatal.

The use of cosmetics is said to be
very old. Apparently that is also
what some of those using them think
of themselves.

An eastern physician says that wom-
anhood will supply the drunkards of
the next century. Rather, lack of
womanhood.

Ten months is said to be the life of
the average \$10 bill. But the experi-
ence of most of us is that it lingers
only a few days.

Hundreds of New York teachers are
said to hold their jobs by keeping
their marriages secret. But have they
no fool friends?

A dentist is asked to pay \$1,000
for pulling the wrong tooth. Some
dentists have to wait a year for fill-
ing the right ones.

Men, here is a harbor of refuge.
A leading Chicago milliner says the
mildest kind of spring hat can be
"built" for 59 cents.

A domestic theorist advises mis-
tresses to allow their servants to use
the family piano. But why add to the
honors of civilization?

In all candor it must be admitted
that it must be exceedingly annoying
to a thirsty man to get hold of the
syrup bottle by mistake.

Fifty thousand dollars is a neat sum,
useful in old age. But it's long odds
that an aviator so reckless as to be
willing to fly across the Atlantic to
get the money would never live to a
ripe old age anyway.

Did you ever observe that the peo-
ple who are always clamoring to
"muzzle the press" are the ones who
need the most watching?

People who were annoyed by the
beautiful nickel will suffer paroxysms
at the attempt of the reformers to
take the "c" out of money.

This season's hobble skirts are to
be even tighter than ever before. Al-
though requiring less cloth, the price,
it is assured, will not shrink in pro-
portion.

France is in need of lobster. They
might take a few that are to be found
around stage doors in this country
without the supply being missed.

Dusseldorf, Germany, is to have a
tower nearly twice as high as the El-
fel tower in Paris and the man in the
moon will have to watch his steps.

A Harvard professor advocates a
law prohibiting marriage on less than
\$5 a day. If he can show how it can
be generally obeyed there will be no
difficulty in getting it enacted.

DELAY PASSAGE OF ALIEN LAND LAW

Poll of California Senate Shows
Almost Unanimous Vote.

WILSON APPEALS TO JOHNSON

President Sees Possible Long and Del-
icate Litigation on Certain Ques-
tions in Proposed Webb
Measure.

Sacramento, Cal., May 3.—Though
the state senate has temporarily post-
poned passage of the anti-alien land
bill, a poll of the upper house shows
that when a vote is taken it will pass
by an almost unanimous vote. Sena-
tor Leroy A. Wright of San Diego was
the only senator who openly declared
his opposition.

Governor Johnson on Thursday ap-
pealed to directly by President Wil-
son, sent back a message declaring
that he intended to stand pat.

Secretary of State Bryan put in a
busy day. The governor took him
down to Florin to view a Japanese col-
ony in action. When he got back he
sent for members of the Democratic
minority by ones and twos and dis-
cussed the proposed bill in a general
way.

The passage between the president
and Governor Johnson was the sharp-
est clash of the day. The president,
under the impression that he saw
some litigation in the Webb bill, wired
the governor as follows:

"I take the liberty of calling your
attention to the Webb bill, which
would involve an appeal to the courts
on questions of treaty rights, and
bring on what might be long and deli-
cate litigation.

(Signed) "Woodrow Wilson."
The governor replies as follows, and
went into the consultation with At-
torney General Webb:

"I thank you very much for your
suggestions. The fault may be due
to the fact that we have endeavored
to preserve affirmatively upon the
face of our bills the existing treaty.
I have referred the matter at once
to our attorney general, and I would
be extremely grateful for any sugges-
tion that would avoid the objection
you mention.

(Signed) "Hiram W. Johnson."

After his exchange of views with
Attorney General Webb, the governor
sent a letter to Senator Newton W.
Thompson, who has charge of the
Webb bill on the floor of the upper
house. In this letter the president's
message was quoted, and the gov-
ernor voiced his stand-pat determina-
tion.

Washington, May 3.—Governor
Johnson's telegram in reply to Presi-
dent Wilson's warning reached the
White House after Mr. Wilson had
left the capital for a two-day trip
through New Jersey. It is under-
stood, however, that the president's
telegram was his last direct word to
California on the alien land bill. Noth-
ing will be done in Washington until
the return of Secretary Bryan, when,
if the Webb bill is passed, there will
be negotiations between America and
Japan, which regards the Webb bill
as even more offensive than measures
previously drawn.

Juneau, Alaska, May 3.—Governor
Walter F. Clark on Thursday vetoed
the anti-alien fishing bill aimed at
Japanese just before the Alaska leg-
islature adjourned sine die. The bill
passed both houses unanimously, but
when the governor's message was re-
ceived there was no attempt to pass
it over his veto.

Washington, May 3.—President Wil-
son on Thursday sent the following
nominations to the senate:

Commissioner of corporations, Jo-
seph E. Davies of Wisconsin.
Assistant comptroller of the treasury,
Walter W. Warwick of Ohio.

Collector of internal revenue for the
Third district of Iowa, Louis M. Mur-
phy of Iowa.

Postmasters:
Illinois—Harrisburg, John Odum;
Park Ridge, Catherine M. McClements;
Knoxville, Clifford W. Brewer; Mc-
Leansboro, Marshall E. Daniel; Paris,
Thomas Meyer; Toledo, Benjamin F.
Neal.

Indiana—Albany, Charles L. Wood;
Jeffersonville, James E. Burke; Odon,
Daniel Genz; Charleston, Charles L.
Haslet; East Chicago, Charles B. Don-
ovan, Jr.

Michigan—Bear Lake, Ray Maker;
Berrien Springs, John C. Hoopinger;
Barriton, Carl L. Farwell; Ta-
was City, Leonard J. Patterson; Ze-
land, Bernard Kamps.

WILSON SPEAKS IN JERSEY.

Asks for Organic Law Change and
Demands Jury Reform.

Newark, N. J., May 3.—President
Wilson battled hard in two speeches
at Newark and Elizabeth on Thurs-
day to wrest New Jersey politics from
what he termed a "resumption of con-
trol by Jim Nugent and the old po-
litical machine."

Great crowds, frequent interruptions
of applause and demonstrations of ap-
proval greeted the president. He
pleaded for the calling of a constitu-
tional convention and for taking from
the sheriffs the power to draw men for
jury service. He said a non-partisan
commission should perform that func-
tion.

Murdered at Joliet.

Joliet, Ill., May 3.—Michael Kane, a
barber, displayed Thursday in a sa-
loon \$5,000 which he had inherited
from his father's estate. Later his body,
with the skull crushed as by a stone,
was taken from the Des Plaines river.

Mill Strikers' Children Moved.

New York, May 3.—One hundred
and ten of the children of the most
destitute of the silk mill strikers in
Paterson, N. J., were conveyed Thurs-
day to New York and distributed
among several families there.

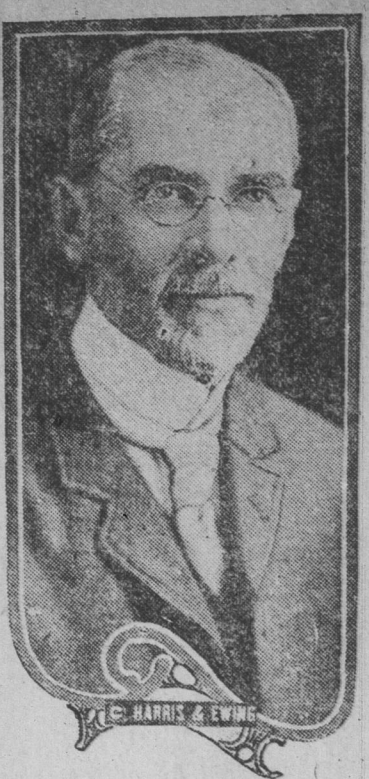
W. G. Calhoun is on Way Home.

Southampton, England, May 2.—The
steamship Kronprinzessin Cecilie,
which sailed from Southampton for
New York Wednesday carried as a
passenger W. J. Calhoun of Chicago,
the American minister to China.

Pope Plus is Well Again.

Rome, May 2.—Pope Plus, for the
first time since his recent illness, de-
scended from his apartment to the
floor below, Wednesday, where he gen-
erally holds audiences. It is said his
recovery is now complete.

DR. HUGH M. SMITH



Dr. Hugh M. Smith has succeeded
George M. Bowers as fish commis-
sioner of the United States. Dr. Smith has
for some time been deputy commis-
sioner, and has been connected with
the bureau of fisheries since 1886.

MONTENEGRO MENACED BY 100,000 AUSTRIANS

Large Forces of Greeks and Bulgari-
ans Face Each Other as Ally
Is in Peril.

London, May 2.—One hundred thou-
sand Austrian troops are now moving
in the direction of the Montenegrin
frontier, according to an Antivari dis-
patch to the Mail. The majority of
these are from Styria. A large num-
ber of Austrian troops also are pro-
ceeding to Antivari by sea. A council
of war was held at the Austrian for-
eign office Wednesday in Vienna.

A Vienna dispatch to the Times says
in the event of Austria attempting to
coerce Montenegro there is little doubt
that it would be supported by Italy,
which probably would occupy Santa
Quaranta and Arona, while Austria
would proceed against Lovchen moun-
tain and Scutari. In order to avoid
needlessly offending Russia, the action
against Scutari would be carried out
through Albania, not from Herzego-
vina.

The Sofia correspondent of the
Times learns that the Greek and Ser-
bian forces now massed in southern
Macedonia aggregate 220,000. They
are confronted by three Bulgarian di-
visions totaling 60,000 men.

The Bulgarian government, the dis-
patch adds, is exhausting every means
to arrive at a friendly arrangement
with Serbia and Greece, but the dan-
ger of a conflict is still imminent.

JOSEPH E. DAVIES NAMED.

Wisconsin Man Is Nominated to Be
Commissioner of Pensions.

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PEACE DELEGATES CLASH AT RALLY

Demand That Nations Keep
Strong Military Forces.

FAIRBANKS ASKS FREE CANAL

Former Vice-President Holds United
States Errs in Attitude Toward
Great Britain in Pana-
ma Controversy.

St. Louis, May 3.—Declaring that
disarmament was impracticable two
delegates to the national peace con-
gress here surprised their fellow dele-
gates on Thursday by taking issue
with speakers on the platform on the
question of disarming all nations.

"There is no telling how soon the
United States will have to go to war
in the interests of humanity," said
Henry A. Dadmun, secretary of the
Army and Navy league. "It was my
good fortune to attend the last con-
ference at The Hague. It was the
weight of our navy that gave weight
to our words at that conference. A
display of force is unnecessary.

"If the United States had had an
adequate navy in 1861 the war might
have been prevented, or at least it
could have been closed much earlier
than it was."

Andrew B. Humphrey, secretary of
the American Peace and Arbitration
league, also opposed what appeared
to be the general sense of the meet-
ing. He said he represented a society
standing for an armament sufficient
to preserve peace. The soldier does
not cause war, he added, but is called
to settle it.

Jenkin Lloyd Jones of Chicago was
among those who advocated disarmament.
Booker T. Washington urged that
we should teach the youth of our
land to exalt the man of industry
and science above the man of war."

That the United States is under a
moral obligation to admit the ships
of other nations to the Panama canal
on the same terms as it admits Ameri-
can vessels was urged in an address
before the peace congress by Charles
W. Fairbanks.

The former vice-president said he
believed the issue would be settled
"by ourselves in harmony with our
national duty."

"In the event, however, that we are
not able to accept the view that we
are not entitled to preferential treat-
ment," Mr. Fairbanks added, "then we
owe it to ourselves and to Great
Britain and other nations to submit
the question to the determination of
an impartial tribunal."

Charles S. Beals of Chicago, direc-
tor of the central west department of
the American Peace society, said that
were it not for the army and navy
men who covet promotion, and the
war supplies corporations, the nation
would cease to hear of wars.

"War scares lifted out when a
military and navy appropriation bill
is to be jammed through," he said.
"are bogies, paraded forth to terrify
the immature."

Andrew Carnegie said President
Wilson and his administration would
gain immortal glory by dealing suc-
cessfully with the question of world
peace.

"The goal," said Mr. Carnegie, "is
almost attained."

TRUST AIDED BY STEEL DUTY?

Debate on Tariff Measure Is Caustic—
Fordney Makes Protest.

Washington, May 2.—During the de-
bate in the house Wednesday on the
steel schedule of the Democratic tar-
iff bill charges were made that the
revision would operate to the injury
of all independent companies and to
the advantage of the United Steel
corporation.

Increasing to 15 per cent, or nearly
doubling the duty of ferromanganese,
used in steel manufacture, gives the
steel trust through ownership or con-
trol of large deposits of this metal,
advantages over competitors.

The reduction from 45 per cent. to
30 per cent. of the duty on the body
of automobiles caused a protest from
Fordney, Michigan, who claimed
that harm would be done to the au-
tomobile industry of Detroit. Under-
wood said that the reduction would
put the industry on a competitive
basis except as to expensive cars and
that automobiles were no longer con-
sidered a luxury.

"Farmers up my way have them,"
said Payne.

"Farmers have grown rich under
Republican tariffs," said Fordney. "I
want to keep them rich. I heard of a
farmer taking 12 hogs to the market
in his automobile and returning with
\$460, and the wife of another farmer,
who sold a setting hen and bought a
silk dress."

"The trouble with Mr. Fordney,"
suggested Shirley, "is that he would
make the duty so that there would
be no importations."

Villages Are Flooded.

Vidalia, La., May 3.—Flood water
from the break in the Mississippi
river levee near Gibson's Landing con-
tinued to spread in all directions, in-
undating many villages Thursday.
The damage will run into thousands.

Ty Cobb Is Reinstated.

Chicago, May 3.—Ty Cobb was re-
instated by the national commission
here late Thursday afternoon. He,
however, will be compelled to pay a
fine of \$50 before the action goes into
effect.

"Firebug" Kahn Is Sentenced.

South Bend, Ind., May 1.—Ben
Kahn, convicted of burning his house
here, was sentenced Tuesday to serve
from two to twenty-one years in the
Indiana state prison by Judge Funk
in the circuit court.

Bandit Holds Up Bank.

Peabody, Mass. May 1.—A masked
and armed man entered the Peabody
Co-operative bank here Tuesday,
held up John A. Teague, the treasur-
er, and escaped after obtaining about
\$60.

DUDLEY FIELD MALONE.



Dudley Field Malone has succeeded
Chandler Hale as third assistant se-
cretary of state. He is a son-in-law of
Senator O'Gorman of New York.

SUFFRAGETTES ARE RAIDED: DEFEAT FOR VOTE IS SEEN

Mrs. Pankhurst Stunned by Raids on
Headquarters by London
Police.

London, May 2.—Mrs. Pankhurst
and her aides are fearful that the end
of militant fights for suffrage is not
far off, following raids by Scotland
Yard officers on Wednesday, under
orders from the home office, on the
headquarters of the suffragettes and
the arrest of six leaders of the cause
on a charge of conspiracy to do ma-
licious damage.

It was learned on the best authori-
ty that Mrs. Pankhurst and close aides
have been convinced for some time
that the game is up, as far as mili-
tancy is concerned, but that they de-
cided to suppress their convictions
through fear of harming their cause.

They decided that the slightest
weakening in their action would cause
the organization to collapse, therefore
they have concealed ever increasing
drastic measures.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont left for Paris
today after a disagreeable visit to
London.

She visited Mrs. Pankhurst at Nor-
folk square, staying with her an hour,
discussing the police raid on the suf-
frage headquarters and the sup-
pression of the Pankhurst organiza-
tion.

"General" Mrs. Flora Drummond,
who was on bail, was rearrested. Miss
Barbara Kerr, secretary of the Wom-
en's Social and Political union; Misses
Lake, Lennox and Barrett and Mrs.
Saunders, who were in charge of the
office, also were arrested. Counsel for
the treasury warned American con-
tributors to the cause that other pro-
secutions might be made.

The refusal to grant bail on any
conditions to the leaders arrested in
the raids is a new departure and
greatly increases the difficulties of the
militant organization.

LAWFUL TO BEAT AFFINITY

Milwaukee Court Upholds Wife in At-
tack on "Other Woman."

Milwaukee, May 3.—That affinities
have no standing in Milwaukee courts
and that married women have a right
to beat them became known in the
district court when Miss Annette
C. Meyers was banished from the city
and Mrs. E. D. Mickle was found not
guilty of a charge of assault and bat-
tery.

After many futile attempts to per-
suade Miss Meyers to discontinue her
attacks, Mrs. Mickle, dressed al-
most in rags, it is alleged, knocked
Miss Meyers to the pavement and
tore the stylish clothing which Miss
Meyers wore into shreds.

Miss Meyers then had Mrs. Mickle
arrested.

WM. T. LA. FOLLETTE IS DEAD.

Only Brother of Wisconsin Senator
Succumbs to Heart Disease.

Madison, Wis., May 2.—William T.
La Follette, only brother of Senator
Robert M. La Follette, died here Wed-
nesday of heart disease after a pro-
longed illness. He was sixty-six years
old. His wife died in February, 1911.
Six children survive.

Mr. La Follette was active in the
recent Wilson campaign in Wisconsin
and had been favorably mentioned for
an important government position in
the near future.

Man Dies Suddenly on Train.

Milwaukee, May 2.—While enroute
to Milwaukee Wednesday to enter a
sanatorium, Frank Seeger, aged fifty,
of Chicago, was stricken on the train
and died while the train was entering
the Union depot.

Prof. A. C. Miller Gets a Post.

Washington, May 2.—Secretary of
Interior Lane announced the selection
late Wednesday afternoon of Prof.
Adolph C. Miller of Berkeley, Cal., to
be first assistant secretary of the in-
terior department.

Gotch Undergoes Operation.

Marshalltown, Ia., May 1.—Frank
Gotch of Humboldt, Ia., champion
wrestler, underwent an operation in
a hospital here Tuesday for the re-
moval of successive growth of the
turbinate bones in his nose.

Force Ten Times Dynamite's.

Paris, France, May 1.—Prof. Arsene
d'Arsonval of the College of France
discovered a new explosive Tuesday
said to be ten times as powerful as
dynamite. It is lamblack and lique-
fied gas.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Even-
ing Department The Moody Bible In-
stitute of Chicago.)

LESSON FOR MAY 11.

JOSEPH MADE RULER OF EGYPT.

LESSON TEXT—Gen. 41:25-49.
GOLDEN TEXT—"God giveth grace to
the humble." I Peter 5:5.

"Hope deferred maketh the heart
sick." Surely Joseph has had enough
of deferred hope during his thirteen
years of humiliation, yet he did not
lose faith in God during those days of
the seeming failure of God's Word
(Ch. 40:8; 41:16) and now there is
dawning the day of his exaltation.
Two years have elapsed since the
events of last week's lesson and again
his powers of interpretation are called
into use.

I. Pharaoh's Dreams, vv. 25-32.
Pharaoh is perplexed and his perplex-
ity recalls to the butler his forgotten
promise to his fellow prisoner, 40:14
and 41:9-13. It does not seem to us
that the butler was much possessed
by honest sorrow, but rather he is im-
pelled by a desire to secure the ad-
vantage he felt sure would accrue if
he could succeed in securing for
Pharaoh the interpretation of his
dreams. He ought to have remem-
bered Joseph before this but even his
ingratitude is used of God as a means
of bringing Joseph to the fore at the
most opportune moment. So we see
that the butler's forgetfulness worked
for Joseph's good (Rom. 8:28) and he
is projected into a sphere of useful-
ness far beyond the flight of his wild-
est fancy. But Joseph is not swept
off his feet by Pharaoh's precipitate
haste, and his very first words evi-
dence his humility and his loyalty to
God as the source of all wisdom 41:14
(Jas. 1:15).

Did Not Forget God.