WEEKLY EXPRESS

Wednesday Morning, March 31, 1869

"Cowardice and Meanness."

The Missouri *Democrat*, commenting on the recent special elections in this State, says:

"As for the Indiana Republicans, they deserve no sympathy. They chose the most cowardly way of shirking the issue. They tried to make the people believe in Democratic districts, that they were more opposed to negro suffrage than the Democrats themselves. They selected candidates pledged to vote against the amendment, and those candidates, in some cases at least, sought support on the ground that they were better "anti-nigger men" than the Democrats themselves. We have no tears to shed for such a defeat. Thus Mr. J. J. Chandler, in his card published just before the election, declines to run in his district, with regret because the Republican party loses the opportunity of demonstrating its hostility to the amendment, and tries to prove that the Republicans cannot be in favor of it, and that it is a Democratic measure. Such cowardice and meanness deserve only defeat—the more signal the better. Had the Republicans of Indiana been men, they would have tried to educate the people to a comprehension of the true principles of their party. They preferred trickery and twaddling, and from the beginning to the end Indiana has remained a doubtful State."

"Cowardice and meanness!" Rather rough language, that, to be employed by the leading Republican paper of Missouri towards the Republican party of Indiana. The history of the party in this State, is a series of bold, brave conflicts with an unscrupulous and determined opposition.—We need not review that history. It is fresh in the memory of every Republican, everywhere, who is capable of appreciating courage and manliness.

As to our St. Louis cotemporary, we have heretofore had occasion to remind the *Democrat* that there is a very essential difference in the political situation in the States of Indiana and Missouri.—*Here*, there is no law, fundamental or statutory, disfranchising any portion of the Democratic party. *There*, such a convenient arrangement exists. But even with the rebel element of the Democratic party shut off from the ballot-box, and with GRANT and the State ticket to pull it through, the Negro Suffrage proposition was voted down in Missouri in November last, buried under an adverse popular majority of nearly twenty thousand.

It may be perfectly proper for the *Democrat* to indulge in such flings as we have quoted above. "Cowardice and meanness" may be the most elegant, tasteful and appropriate terms wherein to describe the Republican party of our State; but there is a courage which is not allied to discretion, and which is apt to lead its boastful possessor to destruction; a courage which never counts the cost, nor inquires whether the available means may or may not be adequate to accomplish the desired end; a courage which leads to attempting impracticabilities, and which sacrifices the good that is attainable in vain efforts to compass the impossible. Such courage the Republican party of Indiana may not be endowed with, although there seems to be enough of it in the make-up of our "leaders" in Congress as well as in a certain class of Republican organs.

The Republicans of Indiana may be very "cowardly" and consummately "mean" in the estimation of their brave and magnanimous friends in Missouri, but those friends shall never find us guilty of ingratitude. We will cherish a deep and abiding sense of their generosity in the bestowal of advice, nor will we forget the exceeding delicacy which characterizes their manner of commenting on our political affairs.

What the People Read.

From an interesting collection of statistics in the Philadelphia *Press*, it appears that during the year 1868 the total number of publications in the United States amounted to 2,169. Fiction heads the list with 744. When we consider that this is three times the number of any other publication, a feeling of alarm is stirred up. The editions of such works are much larger than those of any other kind. They are generally very cheap, so that every appetite can have a supply.—If they were all good the consequences need not be regretted. But as one-half of them are meretricious, a fourth perfectly nonsensical, an eighth trashy, leaving only an eighth fit for reading, and the smallest moiety of this eighth fit for study, we may well ask what is to become of the youth of America who feed upon such poisons? And be it remembered the young are the novel-readers. Nothing short of a national book inspector, a publication censorship, will ever reach the evil; but as such an office would be too anti-republican for entertainment, we suppose the vain-glory and cupidity of authors will keep up the spawn of mind-murdering books, until even the most morbid taste revolts, and so proves self-corrective.

Religious books come next in the category, numbering 258. Quite complimentary to the devotional spirit of our people, if allowed to stand alone, but almost a burlesque upon sacred things when compared with the giant tower of sensational literature. The little hand-books wherein are arranged the clippings of the literary curiosity-hunter, the calculations of the astronomer, and the inquiries of him who, for lucre, is willing to give you a "local habitation and a name," directories, almanacs, &c., come next, and foot up 173. Perhaps these books are more used and more useful than any other. They are the *indices rerum* of everybody, and are subject to everybody's draft. Like a stable banking institution, they honor every call with either currency or gold.

The dry but noble study of the law claims attention next. One hundred and twenty-three authors have given the results of their toil to the profession. This class of works may multiply too fast, but there will come a grand condensing time. The chaff and wheat may be allowed to go together for a while. The principle that guides the stars, preserves nations, and teaches while it secures to man his destiny, cannot be smothered. It will gleam like a diamond, no matter how much it be surrounded by verbiage or swathed in idle theories. The day of the winnowers and codifiers is not far distant. They will do what this hour forbids to the legal author.

Biography commands a large attention. One hundred and thirteen heroes have sought immortality through this medium. We almost wish there were no such publications. The man who is worthy will take his place in history, the only fitting tombstone to mark departed greatness. Every biography looks like a special effort. The narrative is almost always interested. It is an advertisement of qualities which else would perish, as they might as well for no one man can possess every virtue.—The brightest essences are often found in the lowliest bodies. History catches up the greatness that distinguishes man from his surroundings. It is the only true glass to reflect character, and it even has been charged with partiality. Yet its perversions may be traced, for their fountain is invariably in the historian who relies too implicitly upon biography. The rivulet would have been pure but for the muddy source.

One hundred and five imaginations have rhymed and sung. Medicine, history, literature, education, philosophy, mathematics, and all the subjects that generally interest and characterize a free-thinking, intelligent, and hastily-scribbling nation go to make up the balance of the year's product. Only 1,866 of the number were bound. The rest are waifs. *Finis* will have for them a sepulchral significance.

During the year England published 4,400 new books. Happy England! There is time there to write as well as read. In twenty years, how much of the brain of this year will survive? A score, perhaps, of all these books will rank as standards. Verily, a man's brains might almost as well be in his coffin as on paper.

THE action of the House Committee on Territories, indefinitely postponing the question of a Territorial government for Alaska, on the ground that there is nothing to warrant such an expense, will meet the approbation of the country; for, besides the spirit of retrenchment which the new Administration has evinced, and which would preclude the incurring of any expense that could at all be dispensed with, it is an almost universal opinion that the momevent to secure a Territorial government for our newly acquired possession of Alaska is only made in the interest of certain parties, they who entertain some expectation of receiving positions in the government, if once established. The expense of forming Alaska into a territory is not only necessary, but, in fact, the time is not yet ripe, nor the needs of that country yet sufficiently well known, to speculate in any way about the expediency of such legislation. In this connection it is shrewdly suspected that the late San Francisco advices, which bring the information of immense discoveries of gold in Alaska, are nothing but *canards* to influence Congress to pass the measures which the Committee has just indefinitely postponed. If there be gold there, so much the better for Alaska, so much the better for the whole country; but it is, to say the least, unfortunate for the credit of the reports of the discovery, that they come so hard upon the pushing of the project for a Territorial government.

THE Senate Committee have decided to report a resolution allowing the directors of the Union Pacific Railroad to withdraw their headquarters from New York city, thus taking the company out of the jurisdiction of the New York black-mail courts. The interests of the United States, which holds a second mortgage, and of the bondholders, who are secured by the first mortgage, demand this change. If the company remains in New York at the mercy of the gamblers and judges of that notorious city, its stock and bonds will soon be like Erie and Central—the foot balls of the market.

THE COLD SPRING TRAGEDY.

Mrs. Clem Sentenced.

From the Indianapolis Sentinel yesterday.]

The announcement that sentence would be passed upon Mrs. Clem yesterday was sufficient to bring out a large crowd, and when Court opened the room was well filled. At 9,45 A. M. the prisoner was brought in, and, with her husband and Mr. Leathers, took a seat in front of the Judge. She seemed at first as calm as ever, but her countenance soon exhibited great anxiety, and during the address of the Court she was terribly agitated, as was shown by the perceptibly rapid beating of her heart and her quick breathing. At the point where the Judge alluded to her home and family she shed a few tears, but quickly brushed them away and composed her face. The remarks of Judge Chapman were as follows:

Nancy E. Clem: You have been tried and found guilty of the crime of murdering Nancy Jane Young. Such motions as have been interposed by your counsel in your behalf have been disposed of by the Court, and there now remains only the formal duty of pronouncing the Judgment of the Court, based upon the verdict of the jury. It is not unfrequently the custom of judges, when passing judgment upon convicts, to address them such words of admonition as may seem proper under the circumstances. Taking into consideration the character of the crime of which you have been found guilty, and your own individual character, as disclosed by the evidence, I have been brought to the conclusion that no words which I could utter, even in the trying position in which you are now placed, would produce upon your mind any good result. I do not choose, therefore, to indulge in any words of advice or admonition, touching your future course, but leave you to determine that for yourself, aided by such counsel as you may receive from those whose claim upon you is such as to demand your attention, if there be any such.

It is marvellous how one, with family ties such as yours, and surrounded as you have been by the comforts, if not luxuries, of life—a woman with husband and son, mother, brothers and sisters, in close and affectionate relationship and every-day association—with beautiful home and pleasant natural surroundings, and no useful want unsupplied—could be tempted by avarice, or any other motive, into the perpetration of a murder so revolting and diabolical as that of which you stand convicted. Not hastily, with the mind darkened by some suddenly conceived passion, but coldly, deliberately, and with a full understanding of the legal and moral culpability of the act. But as there is no rule by which we can measure the concisence, the sensibilities or the passions of individuals, we simply stand and wonder that such a crime could have come from such a source, without attempting to account for the measure of moral corruption which was sufficient to impel you to the perpetration of the crime, in defiance not only of your own welfare, but in the face of the almost inevitable destruction of the peace and happiness of those who occupied toward you the nearest and dearest relationships of life.

It is to be hoped that your fate may be a sufficient warning to all others, to whom it may become known, to keep them from treading in the pathway of deception and crime in which you have trodden; and, further, that the detection and punishment which followed your crime may not at least drive you any further from the paths of virtue, but rather, by bringing the past constantly in retrospect before your mind, cause you to bow humbly and with a broken and contrite heart before the throne of that great and merciful Judge, whose power to save was sufficient to carry with Him, in his own blessed company, through the everlasting gates of glory, the soul of the repentant thief on the cross.

You will stand up.

It is the judgment of this Court that you be confined in the State Prison during your life.

As soon as the Judge declared the sentence, the prisoner was removed to the jail, where she fairly broke down, and had to be assisted up the stairs to her cell, where she again gave vent to sobs and tears.

Mrs. Clem will be sent to the States Prison South, no women being admitted into the Northern Prison. She will probably be taken there during the present week. She is allowed sixty days from the passage of sentence, in which to prepare the complete history of her case to be spread upon the records of the Supreme Court. It is understood that her attorneys have already prepared a bill of exceptions, with a view to carry the case up. The fees of the County Clerk for making up the necessary record, will amount to between five hundred and a thousand dollars.

The trial of Abrams will commence two weeks from to-day.

State Items.

NEW ALBANY is rid of small pox at last.

RICHMOND will vote for a P. M. next Monday.

DOGS are killing off the sheep around Crawfordsville.

FIVE velocipede schools are in successful operation in La Fayette.

A CLERGYMAN at Richmond says there are 500 gamblers in that city.

BREAD SODA recently poisoned a New Albany family. They will recover.

J. S. CARY & Co., coopers, Indianapolis, lost $10,000, by a fire in their dry house on Sunday.

TRINITY M. E. Church, Evansville, took fire from the furnace last Sunday.—Damage slight.

JACOB Tice, an old and respected citizen, has been appointed Postmaster at Covington.

ANNA DICKINSON made a successful "Struggle for Life" at Indianapolis last night.

HENRY VINCENT lectured in Evansville last night and will give another lecture there to-night.

HERMAN RUPPERT is under arrest in Evansville for a nameless crime of which three little girls are the victims.

THIS week the telegraph line will be completed and in working order, between North Vernon and Lexington.

THE President has fully decided to appoint W. R. Holloway P. M. at Indianapolis. This settles a vexed question.

THE trial of Wm. J. Abrams for the murder of Jacob Young will commence in the Marion Criminal Court on Tuesday week.

LAST Friday Capt. George Sterling, a prominent citizen of Jeffersonville, died very suddenly of determination of blood to his head.

JOHN TAGGART, an old citizen of Martinsville, was run over and instantly killed by a railway train near that place, last Saturday. Whisky.

M'LLE TOURNOR, the "Queen of the air," commenced an engagement at the Academy of Music, Indianapolis, last night.

THE election of Directors for the Cincinnati, Richmond and Ft. Wayne Road will be held in Richmond, on the 7th of April.

MRS. CLEM'S motion for a new trial having been overruled, she was, on Monday, sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

THE *Sentinel* says: General Dan. Macauley has gone to Washington a second time, looking after the Indianapolis D. P. O., with a fair prospect of success.

AT the next meeting of the State Editorial Association Joseph Medili, Esq., of the Chicago *Tribune*, will deliver an address on "The best manner of conducting country newspapers."

MRS. CLEM'S COUNSEL have already prepared their bill of exceptions upon which to base their case, and will appeal it to the Supreme Court. In the interim, however, Mrs. Clem will enter upon her sentence.

THE Cincinnati *Chronicle* says that since the defeat of Mr. Delrees as Congressional Printer, the efficacy of his services in nominating Colfax is called in question. The credit is claimed for Mr. A. H. Conner, Chairman of the Indiana State Central Committee. The gentleman has been prominently named for Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

A GENTLEMAN who has made experience in legal affairs in different parts of Indiana, and who has made many inquiries as to decedent's estates, informs us that not more than one-tenth of those who die in this State, dispose of their property by wills. He attributes this fact to the excellency of our statutes relative to the disposal of the property of those who die intestate. "The law," he says, "makes a better will than almost any man would be likely to make."

MRS. CLEM'S incarceration in the Jeffersonville penitentiary is probably satisfactory to the public, so far as she is concerned, but there is a very prevalent feeling throughout the country that one or more citizens of Indianapolis, who have prominently *figured* in the case, and have not been arrested, might justly be consigned to a similar fate.

THE Indianapolis Rolling Mill is running full handed, night and day, re-rolling iron for the Columbus and Indianapolis, Terre Haute and Indianapolis and St. Louis—better known as the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis—and the Illinois Central Railroads. The iron re-rolled for the Illinois Central is sent past three rolling mills at Chicago to Indianapolis.

MRS. JANE TURNER, a wealthy widow, who recently died at Rising Sun, left a will disposing of her property thus:—After giving about $35,000 in legacies to her relatives, she bequeaths $10,000 to Wabash College; to the city of Rising Sun, for the relief of the poor, exclusively in that place, $1,000; to the Methodist and Old School Presbyterian Churches in Rising Sun, $300 each. The remainder of her property goes to a brother for life, with Indiana Asbury University as residuary legatee.

THE Democracy of Evansville were very nearly frightened to death, last Monday, by a false report that a few colored children had been smuggled into one of the public schools. Senator Morgan and Representative Welborn threatened to break a quorum to everlasting smash; The Superintendent of the schools mounted his charger and dashed about town, contradicting the report, which intelligence, with a free use of "stimulants," brought the Democracy through without loss of life but in poor spirits for a further struggle against "intermarriage."

BY reference to the proceedings of the City Council of New Albany, published in the *Ledger*, we learn that New Albany has has taken stock in the New Albany & St. Louis Air Line Railway Company to the amount of $300,000, and has issued bonds for that amount, payable in twenty years, and drawing seven per cent. interest. One of the stipulations in the terms of the subscription is that the company shall build their depot, machine shop, etc., within the limits of the city of New Albany. About $60,000 worth of stock has been subscribed by private parties in New Albany, and when the books are opened, it is supposed many more citizens will take stock. The route will be surveyed in a stort time.

THE bolters, we learn, threaten to resign again in case they are not allowed to dictate what business shall be transacted on the re-assembling of the Legislature. If they think a loss on the Democratic vote of last fall, ranging from one-fifth to one-third, is so satisfactory to them that they desire a still larger shrinkage, they had better resign again and add another $100,000 to the tax duplicates. When they do that, we predict that the people will give them an admonition they will not soon forget. Like the boy who, in his eagerness to capture a squirrel, cut off the limb between himself and the trunk of the tree, they will be ready to exclaim, *"I hearn suth'in drap"—Ind. Sentinel.*

Lawyers in Congress.

From the St Louis Democrat.)

Out of sixty-six Senators whose occupations are stated in the Congressional directory, forty-five are lawyers, five are merchants, five editors, four farmers or planters, three bankers, two teachers, one a manufacturer and one a railroad owner. But forty-five are lawyers—a preponderance which partly explains the outcry of poor Sprague of Rhode Island. Sprague undoubtedly made a goose of himself, but nevertheless is it a good thing to have in the Senate so great a preponderance of lawyers? The House is not quite as strong in that element; but there are mentioned as lawyers one hundred and nineteen, merchants nineteen, editors sixteen, farmers seven, manufacturers six, railroad men five, bankers five, ministers two, doctors two, painters one and prize fighters one—that a man has just twice the chance to get to Congress if he is a miuister or a doctor, that he has if he follows prize-fighting as a business! About two-thirds of the members of both Houses whose occupations are known are lawyers. Is it not partly for this reason that financial matters are so muddled, that the practical and business interests of the country are so little cared for, and that so much of the time is spent in legislation purely political in its object and character? The business man who goes to Congress has his occupation and means of support at home if he fails to get re elected, but a large share of the lawyers who enter Congress have not property to support them, and abandon their profession, and it is natural that they seek to make politics the business of their lives and also to make it pay. Not a few of the evils which affect the country grow out of these facts, and yet it would be absurd to underrate the services of the legal profession, or to overlook the fact that many of the most useful members come from that profession.

AND he did many wonderful works, insomuch that his name was pronounced in many tongues. And there came unto him, Judith, from the seaport of New Bedford, who had been sick for many years; and after some days her pains were gone. She slept soundly, and did rejoice in eating her food. And Ass, from those which are called Quakers, in the great city of Philadelphia, wrote an epistle saying: O, Doctor! accept thou this money, which is called greenbacks, and bath the picture of Abraham, thy friend, on one end. For verily I was weak, exhausted and despondent; I ate but little, and suffered many pains, and thy PLANTATION BITTERS gave me health, likened only unto the vigor of youth. And upon such as are afflicted with liver complaint, with sour stomach, with general debility and dyspeptic pains, in all parts of the land did these Bitters produce astonishing cures. 31-dw1w

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"YOUR LOTION has cured the most obstinate case of chronic tetter that has baffled the medical skill of hundreds," writes Bank & Clure, druggists, of Clarendon, Ark., about Palmer's Lotion. 23,dw1w.

SHEPHERD'S MORGAN RED Hawk will stand the ensuing season, commencing the 1st of April, on Mondays and Tuesdays at A. H. Sparks', in Otter Creek township, on the old Stevenson farm, and on Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays at my Stable on the Craft farm, south 7th street.

TERMS—$10 to insure a mare with foal.

GEO. W. SPARKS, Proprietor.

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STATE OF INDIANA, VIGO COUNTY.—SS:—Philip Schloss vs. John Bracken—Attachment proceeding before L. B. Denehie, J. P. of Harrison Township.

Whereas, Philip Schloss, plaintiff, has taken out a writ of Attachment against the goods and chattles, rights, credits and effects of said John Bracken, and whereas a return has been made on the summons issued thereith of Defendant not found in my bailiwick, the said John Bracken is hereby notified of the pendency of said proceeding, and that the same has been continued for hearing on the 17th day of April, 1869, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in said Township, when the said cause will be heard and determined.

Given under my hand and seal this 24th day of March, 1869.

L. B. DENEHIE, J. P. [SEAL]

mar26d1tw2w

STATE OF INDIANA, VIGO COUNTY, SS—Ellis O. Whiteman vs. Abraham Coons—Attachment proceeding before L. B. Denehie, J. P. Harrison Township.

Whereas, Ellis O. Whiteman, plaintiff, has taken out his Writ of Attachment against the goods and chattles, rights, credits and effects of said Abraham Coons; and whereas, a return has been made on the summons issued therewith of Defendant not found in my bailiwick, the said Abraham Coons is hereby notified of the pendency of said proceeding, and that the same has been continued for hearing on the 17th day of April, 1869, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at my office in said Township, when said cause will be heard and determined.

Given under my hand and seal this 24th day of March, 1869.

L. B. DENEHIE, J. P. [SEAL.]

mar26d1tw2w

SEALED PROPOSALS.

Notice is hereby given that Sealed Proposals will be received at the Auditor's Office until the 13th day of April, 1869, for furnishing medicine, medical and surgical attendance on the poor of Vigo county, for one year from the 1st of May, 1869. Bids will be received from each District separately.

The First District includes all that part of Vigo county, which lies north of the center of Township No. 11, north, on the east side of the Wabash River.

The Second District is all that part of said county which lies south of the center of Township No. 11 north and east of the Wabash river.

The Third District is all that part of Vigo county, which lies west of the Wabash river.

The Board reserves the right to reject all bids.

By order of the Board of Commissioners of Vigo county.

WM. PADDOCK,

Auditor Vigo County.

Mar 11 1869-d3tw12d Tues

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will sell at his residence, Kizer's Milk Farm, on Wednesday, March 31st, 1869, at public auction, the following:

14 head of horses, 1 span of mules, 3 milch cows, (two fresh the first of May) 9 head of young cattle 14 head of hogs, (3 head, Chester-whites) A large lot of poultry, 2 farm wagons, 2 milk wagons, 1 express wagon, 1 top buggy, 1 wheelbarrow, 2 sets of chain harness, 2 saddles, 3 sets of single buggy harness, 1 excelsior reaper, 1 fanning mill, 1 ten hole grain drill, 1 spring hay rake; 1 revolving rake, 2 cutting boxes, 1 breaking plow, 3 stubble plows, 3 single bar plows, 2 single shovel and 2 double shovel plows, 1 log chain, 1 roller, 1 Harrow, 1 sled, 2 hay racks, single and double trees, 1 cross cut saw, 1 grind stone, potato hooks, hoes, forks, shovels &c 10 stacks of hay, 35 bushels seed potatoes, 1 cook stove and 1 parlor stove, 2 cupboards, 1 wardrobe, 2 beds, and other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums under five dollars cash in hand; all sums of five dollars or over nine months credit, with six per cent interest, the purchaser giving note with approved security.

w3w GEORGE F. KING.

AGENTS, LOOK!

An Old Firm on a New Foundation.

DRY and Fancy Goods, Watches, Jewelry, Glassware, Silverware, Cottons, Sewing, Wringing, and Knitting Machines, Leather Goods, &c.

Send for Circulars, and we will astonish you with the quantity and quality of goods we will sell for ONE DOLLAR. Agents wanted. Address DAVENPORT & CO., 71 & 71½ Water St., Boston, Mass. 24w1m

Great Distribution

by the Metropolitan Gift Co.—Cash Gifts to the Amount of $250,000.—Every Ticket Draws a Prize.

5 Cash Gifts	Each	$10,000
10 "	"	5,000
20 "	"	1,000
40 "	"	500
200 "	"	100
300 "	"	50
50 Elegant Rosewood Pianos	Each $300 to	$750
75 " " Melodeons	" 75 to	150
350 Sewing Machines	" 60 to	175
500 Fine Gold Watches	" 75 to	300

Cash Prizes, Silverware, &c., all

VALUED AT $1,000,000

A Chance to Draw Any of the above prizes for 25c. Tickets describing Prizes are SEALED in Envelopes and thoroughly mixed. On receipt of 25 cents, a Sealed Ticket is drawn without choice and sent by mail to any address. The Prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of ONE DOLLAR. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your Prize is before you pay for it. Any prize may be EXCHANGED for another of the same value. No Blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCES.—We select the following from many who have lately drawn Valuable Prizes and kindly permitted us to publish them: S. T. Wilkins, Buffalo, $5,000. Miss Annie Monroe, Chicago, Piano, $680; John D. Moore, Louisville, $1,000; Miss Emma Walworth, Milwaukee, Piano, $500; Rev. E. A. Day, New Orleans, $850. We publish no names without permission.

Opinions of the Press.—"The firm is reliable, and deserve their success."—*Weekly Tribune*, Oct. 8. "We know them to be a fair dealing firm."—*N. Y. Herald*, Oct. 23. "A friend of ours drew a $500 prize, which was promptly received."—*Daily News*, Dec. 3.

Send for circular. Liberal inducements to Agents. Satisfaction guaranteed. Every package of Sealed Envelopes contain one CASH GIFT. Six Tickets for $1; 13 for $2; 35 for $5; 110 for $15,00.

All letters should be addressed to

HARPER, WILSON & CO.,

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ESTABLISHED 1857.

A Word with you, Reader!

Do the many sufferers from Diseases of the Respiratory Organs know that ONE SIXTH OF THE HUMAN RACE DIE OF CONSUMPTION? Do they know that it is only within a very recent period Medical Science has proposed a Remedy *really capable* of combatting this fatal malady?

CONSUMPTION is now CERTAINLY CURED as Intermittent Fevers—it is as certainly PREVENTED as Small pox! The remedy acts with the certainty of the Law of Gravitation!

WINCHESTER'S

HYPOPHOSPHITES!

Act Promptly and Certainly

IN ALL STAGES OF

CONSUMPTION

They *immediatly* increase the strength and deepen the color of the pale blood. They subdue the CHILLS AND FEVER, diminish the Expectoration, and check the Night Sweats, always in from seven to fourteen days. The Appetite is at once invigorated, and the Patient rapidly gains flesh; the *Cough* and *Difficult Breathing* are speedily relieved; the sleep becomes calm and refreshing; the evacuations regular and uniform. ALL THE GENERAL SYMPTOMS DISAPPEAR With a Rapidity that seems Marvellous. The success of the HYPOPHOSPHITES in the cure of that greatest scourge of the race,

CONSUMPTION!

"Unparalleled in the annals of Medicine." This thoroughly Scientific Remedy acts with Invariable Efficacy in ALL stages of Tubercular Disease. The beneficial effects of this Remedy, are equally Prompt and Certain in all derangements of the NERVOUS AND BLOOD SYSTEMS, being unsurpassed as a Nervous Tonic, and generator of new and healthy blood; while for cases of General Debility, Loss of Strength, Flesh and Appetite, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Chronic Bronchitis, Asthma, Scrofula, Chronic Diarrhœa, it is the most efficacious treatment known. A FAIR TRIAL IS A CERTAIN CURE.

Try it! Try it! Try it!

WINCHESTER'S

HYPOPHOSPHITES!!

Made from the Formula of Dr. J. F. Churchill of Paris, is the best remedy known to Medical Science, in every case where the routine physician prescribes "Tonics, Iron, Whisky, Cod-liver Oil, Quinine," &c., and is approved by the Medical Profession generally. USE NO OTHER.

PRICES:—In 7 oz. Bottles, $1—Six bottles, for $5. In 16 oz. bottles $2—Three for $5. Circulars gratis. Sold by all respectable Druggists, and at the sole General Depot in the United States

J. WINCHESTER & CO.

36 John Street, N. Y.;

whom all orders should be addressed.

For sale by ALL DRUGGISTS in Terre Haute.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

To Owners of Horses and Cattle.

Tobias' Derby Condition Powders are warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hide-bound, Colds, &c., in Horses: and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Milk, Black Tongue, Horse Distemper, &c., in Cattle.

They are perfectly safe and innocent; no need of stopping the working of your animals. They increase the appetite, give a fine coat, cleanse the stomach and urinary organs; also increase the milk of cows. Try them, and you will never be without them.

Colonel Philip P. Bush, of the Jerome Race Course, Fordham, N. Y., would not use them until he was told of what they are composed, since which he is never without them. He has over 20 running horses in his charge, and for the last three years, has used no other medicine for them. He has kindly permitted me to refer any one to him. Over 1,000 other references can be seen at the depot.

Sold by Druggists and Saddlers. Price 25 cts. per box. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

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THE HEALING POOL!

An Essay on the Crime of Solitude, and the Diseases and Abuses which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of Relief.—Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge.—Address, Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja21dw3m

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,

Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to the directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver, and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens in the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of Pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest, and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mankrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison