

The Evening Gazette

HUDSON & ROSE, Proprietors.
N. H. HUDSON, Editor. M. ROSE, Business Manager.

OFFICE: NORTH FIFTH ST., near Main.

Liberal Republican and Democratic Reform Ticket.

For President in 1872.
HORACE GREELEY
OF NEW YORK.

For Vice President.
B. GRATZ BROWN.
OF MISSOURI.

Electoral Ticket.

For the State at Large.
GEORGE W. JULIAN,
JOHN R. COPELAND,
CYRUS M. ALLEN,
JAMES GAVIN.

District Electors.
1. GEORGE W. SHANKLIN.
2. JAMES A. CRAVENS.
3. JOHN S. COPELAND.
4. JAMES T. HOEKMAN.
5. WILLIAM R. HARRISON.
6. WILLIAM E. MCLEAN.
7. THOMAS H. HARRISON.
8. JONATHAN W. EVANS.
9. JAMES BROWN.
10. MILLO S. HASCALL.
11. WILLIAM W. HIGGINS.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1872.

The value of artesian wells in countries where water is scarce is generally acknowledged; the great obstacle in the way of their becoming common is the expense which attends them, and the uncertainty regarding the depth to which they must be carried in order to find the required supply of water. At the corner of Prince and Commercial streets in Boston the Boston Gaslight Company have been boring for twenty-one months in the effort to find a supply of water which shall make them independent of the city water works. The contractor began work in January, 1871, and ever since ponderous drills worked by a steam engine have been pounding away night and day into the bowels of the earth, but as yet without a successful result. The original contract was for a well of five inches in diameter, and for 1,100 feet the well was carried down of that bore. Then it was deemed advisable to enlarge the hole to six inches. For the first 100 feet, 80 of which were of surface earth, the rest being limestone, the well was drilled eight inches in diameter, and a six-inch wrought-iron pipe driven in. Below this the walls of the well are formed of solid rock. The present contract is for 2,100 feet in depth, which is 1,000 feet beyond the depth reached in drilling the five-inch well. The company estimate that if they can find a never-failing supply of water sufficient for their purposes by an expenditure of \$50,000, it will prove a profitable operation for them, as they are now paying nearly one-quarter of that sum every year to the Cochituate Water Board. It has very seldom, if ever, occurred that in sinking artesian wells an abundance of water has not been found at a depth less than 3,000 feet.

It is now reported that immediately on the re-assembling of Congress a resolution of inquiry into the Credit Mobilier business will be introduced. This is the first gleam of light on this dark subject which we have seen. Investigation must be had and the guilty must be found. This can not be accomplished if the appointment of the committee is left to the presiding officers; these are implicated, and it would be farcical to give them the choice of the jury which is to try them. The suggestion that the resolution of inquiry shall include the names of the committee is the only one which can solve the difficulty. Give us a fair investigation; no more packed committees will do; only the guilty will resist the fairest, fullest, and most open examination into all the facts connected with Mr. Oakes Ames' operations in Congress with Credit Mobilier stock.

In sundry newspapers we find an article which has the appearance of having come from the editorial manufactory in Washington. This article bears the portentous and thrilling title, "Grant side by side with the Father of the Country," and it is an attempt to defend the Doctor from what it calls "the weak aspersions of the imbecile writers and pugnacious maligners of the present day." The point is that, whereas General Washington was abused and was yet a good President, Dr. Grant must be a good President because so many people say that he isn't. It is not every day that you meet with such delightful logic—such convincing sequiturs.

PERPETUAL motion has been discovered again—this time in Petaluma, California. The discoverer is a gentleman of that town, who has shown the local editor, not, it would appear, a working model, but "drawings," which have convinced the said editor that "the great problem has at last been solved." The cost of driving railway trains and steamers will be reduced to mills where it is now thousands of dollars. "The ignorant may scoff, and the unthoughtful deride," but the Petaluma man has "fetched it" at last. The inventor values his discovery at \$20,000,000, which we call extremely moderate.

THE Second Congressional District of Tennessee is the scene of a lively triangular contest between Horace Maynard, Republican, B. F. Cheatham, Democrat, and Andrew Johnson, Independent.

Manifest Destiny. Secretary Boutwell has repeatedly said in the presence of witnesses, both before and since the Philadelphia Convention, that there was no reason why President Grant should not be re-elected for a third term just as well as for a second. Mr. Boutwell has rather distinguished himself during this campaign by betraying truths which for the good of his party he ought to have kept concealed and which, we are inclined to believe, is one of them. Four years ago Gen. Grant made a regular bargain for a second term through Forney and Rawlins, and at the very time when he pretended to favor a limitation of the eligibility of the President for four years, he had exacted a promise from Rawlins, that he should have the office if possible for eight. As the end of his first term draws near his purposes are gradually becoming more and more apparent. He is not satisfied with a re-nomination in 1872; his Finance Minister has already warned us that if we

choose him now we may as well choose him in 1876 also; and some of his enthusiastic supporters have thrown out the idea—perpetuating a feeling that we ought to go on voting him into office again and again forever.—N. Y. Tribune.

From the Indianapolis News.

Meeting of the Legislature. A two-minute interview with Governor Baker was had this forenoon, by a reporter for the News, concerning the call for the special session of the Legislature on the 13th of the coming month. This session is intended to complete the unfinished business now pending, as it is well known that for the past three winters the Legislature has failed to clear the files, and at the last session broke up in a row before hardly anything of importance had been done. The Reformatory Institute is still in an unfinished condition, and needs further appropriations before it can be made serviceable to the State; the loss by fire to the Southern Penitentiary threw that institution into arrears, and they have to rebuild on borrowed money. The last appropriation to the House of Refuge was made on a basis of 100 inmates. That number has since increased to 200, which has compelled the Trustees to borrow money in order to keep it aloft. A very important measure to be considered is the Fee and Salary bill. As is well known there is an exact division of opinion in the Supreme Court on the workings of this legal measure. Some of the Circuit Judges have decided in one way, others directly the contrary, and an appeal to the Supreme Court is a dead lock; and thus we have provisions not working the same in all the counties. A still further important measure, which will have to be definitely acted upon, is the Wabash and Erie Canal bond suit of Garrett vs. the State, now pending in the Cass County Circuit Court, and which will come up for trial during the coming month. In this suit, if judgment is given against the defendant, the result will be either the sale of the canal or sequestration of its tolls and profits for the payment of the claim. In his message last winter the Governor took the ground that the State could not honorably refuse to redeem them.

Above is crudely given some of the reasons necessitating a special session. The recently elected Senators and Representatives will take their seats at its commencement on the day following their election.

The Arbitrary Arrest of Heinrich. New York, Oct. 22.—The arbitrary arrest of Mr. Heinrich, in his own house, by a United States Election Supervisor, and the studied malice with which he was treated for forty-eight hours, because he is a German man, has aroused not only the indignation of the people, but the entire anti-Administration press. A veteran United States Commissioner in this city says:

"Davenport is the first man who ever sent a Federal warrant from a hotel or from any place outside of a Court. The thing has never been heard of before in the United States Courts."

The Herald says that all such outrages as that upon Mr. Heinrich are a palpable violation of the Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which asserts the right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches, and forbids any such searches to be made without a formal legal warrant. "It is not pretended that Davenport's spy had any warrant of any kind beyond a mere verbal order from Davenport. This gross outrage is not only forbidden by the Constitution, but is explicitly forbidden by an act of Congress, not yet five months old. If Mr. Heinrich does not make Mr. Davenport smart in damages, he will fail to do his duty as a citizen."

The Tribune says: "This is what comes of giving unlimited power for oppression into the hands of weak or dishonest men. So far as the facts appear in the Heinrich case, this is the sheerest and most capricious tyranny."

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The Express says: "Mr. Davenport will soon learn that the arrest of a German-American citizen in this way and his prepared for incarceration over Sabbath in jail, with a refusal of bail in a bailable offense, until frightened into it by Heinrich's counsel, is as foolish and silly as it is lawless, for Davenport thus shows to Germans what sort of a Kaiser their and his minions will be if we keep them in power, or fail to hold the great State of New York to check them. Davenport is not a Bismarck, and this is not Prussia."

What the Election of Hartman Cost. A Philadelphia correspondent who has good facilities of ascertaining what was expended in the Grant campaign in that State, says the amount expended by the State Republican Committee to elect Hartman amounted to three million dollars. The revolt of McClure, Curtin, Forney, Hickman, Morehead, Marshall, and a dozen or more newspapers constitutes the reason for this enormous expenditure. The programme laid down by the Grant Committee was to impress the public with the estimation in which Buckalew and Hartman and Curtin were held by their neighbors, by causing Buckalew and Curtin to run far below, and Hartman far above the general average of their tickets at their respective homes. This required the expenditure of \$50,000 in each of the three counties. In Luzerne, one of the strongholds of the Democrats, a much larger sum was expended, and with effect, for the Democratic majority was greatly reduced, and some of Grant's revenue officers are likely to be in a condition that a pardon from Hartman will be necessary to their promotion. In Lancaster, greenbacks were lavished without stint, and it is charged on both that one of Grant's revenue officers in Lancaster City was in the market for a Democratic judge at \$200 a head, provided they reduced Buckalew's vote one hundred in their respective polling places. Remarkable this revenue officer: "I had no occasion to bribe judges in election when an endless number of Germans offered themselves to vote for Hartman at from one to two dollars a head." This fling at the Germans is doubtless a malignant device to obstruct the fact that the voters who sold themselves were Bourbon Democrats of native production.

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THE architect in charge of the restoration of the Cathedral of Strasburg has just published a report, the details of which will be of universal interest. The expense of restoring the masonry will amount to 240,000 francs, and the repairs of the roof to 187,000; the replacing of glass and the inside fittings will come to 143,000 francs, and other accessory repairs to 28,000 francs—the whole amount being 508,000 francs, or \$119,000. The cross has once more been raised, and the damages to its apex are being repaired. The great astronomical clock, which is familiar to every school-boy, was uninjured during the bombardment; and, after it is cleaned, ready to resume their semi-annual procession, as they have done in years past.

Mrs. PARTON'S pretty *nom de plume*, Fanny Fern, became to her almost as real a name as to her friends and admirers. For years, such as were the fortune of her fondness for forms was remembered by her friends, and on her coffin lay a lovely bunch of these, mingled with autumn leaves.

The Latest Swindle.—Certain sanctimonious charlatans would fain persuade the world that diffusive stimulants have no measure, value, and that detestable slops, composed of gripping acids and drastic purgatives, are better tonics than the most potent of the legitimate compounds of the purest and mellowest products of the still. But this sort of thing won't go down. The stomach of our common sense rejects it, as the physical Eric Canal bond suit of Garrett vs. the State, now pending in the Cass County Circuit Court, and which will come up for trial during the coming month. In this suit, if judgment is given against the defendant, the result will be either the sale of the canal or sequestration of its tolls and profits for the payment of the claim. In his message last winter the Governor took the ground that the State could not honorably refuse to redeem them.

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