

THE NEWS.

Gladstone is up and again. Edison has moved to New York city. Haulan, the oarsman, has arrived at New York.

Bernhardt's audience at St. Joseph numbered 2,000. The probability still is that the Funding bill will become a law.

There are pending before Congress 1,641 bills and resolutions. Senator Windom favors Eads' interoceanic ship-railway project.

The British government has sent 2,000 additional soldiers to the Cape. The propeller Ludington was carried across Lake Michigan in a field of ice.

The village of Chatsworth, Illinois, had a \$30,000 conflagration yesterday. The national debt was reduced in the sum of \$11,845,156 during February.

A number of New York lottery dealers were Wednesday fined and imprisoned.

GENERAL GRANT goes to Mexico in a few days to look after his canal interests.

Ex-Chief Justice Dixon, of Wisconsin, is the latest competitor for Carpenter.

A Baltimore dispatch says ex-Governor Bradford died there Wednesday morning.

McArthur, the defaulting Chicago postmaster, has been pardoned by the President.

The British House of Parliament has passed the Coercion bill by a vote of 281 to 36.

Alabama is to have a railway commission of three members, at a salary of \$8,000 each.

The children burned at the Scranton orphanage fire, were from three to eight years of age.

A CERTAIN Boston woman has her own particular ideas of fun; she has been divorced five times.

Judge Folger, of New York, lost his suit against the Government for commissions on stamps sold.

Buffalo and New York troops arrived at New Orleans Monday night and had a most cordial reception.

The Japanese city of Tokio has had another calamitous conflagration. Eleven hundred houses were consumed.

Floods caused by the recent thaw and rains are reported in various parts of the country, and much damage is being done.

It is generally understood at Washington that Mr. Robert Lincoln will be the Illinois representative in Garfield's cabinet.

The son of the Crown Prince of Germany and Princess Augusta Victoria, of Schleswig-Holstein, were happily married at Berlin Monday, amid great pomp and ceremony.

A current rumor in New York says that Mr. Henri Waterson, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, will assume control of the New York World.

Mrs. Christian is now attending the trial of her divorce case. She narrowly watches every witness and suggests questions to her counsel.

The six days walking match for the O'Leary champion pedestrian began in New York Monday morning. There were sixteen contestants at the start.

The village of Franklin, in southern Virginia, was the victim of a \$150,000 conflagration Monday. Sterling, Illinois, had a \$24,000 fire on Saturday.

There has been a total of \$18,069,970 forwarded since the 15th of February, for the purpose of retiring circulation of National Banks throughout the country.

The House of Representatives passed the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill Monday, and it now goes to the Senate. This is one of the most important of the annual appropriation bills of Congress.

At the commencement of the Miami Medical College, at Cincinnati, Tuesday night, thirty-four young men took the gold prize was taken by F. W. Langdon.

A dispatch from Portland, Oregon, says the steamer Oregon, coming up Columbia river, Monday night, ran down and sank the steamboat Clatsop Chief. Four lives were lost.

A Baltimore dispatch says the steamers, coming up the bay, ran into and sank the schooner David S. Wolff. The Captain of the schooner and two men were lost.

Another bridge across the Niagara river will be commenced in the Spring, it is said. It is to be built for the Canada Southern Railway at Tonawanda, N. Y., a few miles north of Buffalo.

It is now given out at Washington that the Funding bill will be passed and signed by the President. Very likely, but the effect, good or ill, has already been made known.

Mrs. Fifty-eighth Infantry of the British line in the battle of Spiook Natal, came as near being annihilated as they well could be, the report says that it was of the regiment arrived to tell the tale of how hard they fought.

Indianapolis had a horse-whipping sensation Monday in the corridor of its postoffice. Harry S. New, the son of John C. New, whipped John C. Thompson, the correspondent of the Chicago Times, who was being slandering his wife and father.

The public debt statement for the month of February shows a decrease during that time of \$11,845,156; decrease for the year, \$22,215,892. The total national debt, less cash in the Treasury is shown to be \$1,879,934,412.

SUNDAY evening a fire burned the Catholic Orphanage at Hyde Park, Scranton, Pa., seventeen children perishing in the flames. The room where the children were sleeping had been locked from the outside, and the little ones could not get out.

The conference report on the River and Harbor bill was in the House and a number of points of order were raised against it, but all were overruled by the Speaker. Mr. Cox fought the bill, but despite his opposition the report was agreed to by a large majority.

Garfield on Monday commenced paying the usual penalty of high position. One of his old neighbors shot a speech at him which must have startled him. He spoke of Garfield's nomination as "a very sudden and well-justified rise."

Latest advices from the Transvaal, South Africa, report the defeat of a

THE STATE.

The Michigan City Dispatch is to be issued as a daily after April 1.

A new temperance paper has been started at Fowler, Benton county, called the Eye.

MACHINERY for an extensive cotton baton manufactory is being put up at New Albany.

TWENTY-ONE young doctors were graduated from the Fort Wayne college of medicine.

The Pau Handicrafts at Logansport has turned out three new engines in the last three months.

John McFarland, a trampshoemaker, committed suicide at Petersburg, Pike county, by taking poison.

Mayor West, of La Porte, succeeded in setting fire to his house while attempting to burn out a chimney.

MEASLES and scarlet fever are playing sad havoc in Ripley county, quite a number of deaths having occurred.

ANTHONY HOLMES, formerly of Tipton, is reported to have fallen heir to an \$80,000 fortune in England.

Jonathan Hawkes, while drunk, was struck down and killed by the cars, last Sunday evening, at Logansport.

Randolph Coleman, a farmer of Boone county, hanged himself Saturday. No cause is known for the act.

These stone maulers of New Albany, to the number of about sixty, are moving again for an advance of fifteen per cent.

Mrs. MARY AMBERGEE, of Adams county was found Tuesday hanging in her smoke house, having committed suicide.

Logansport is agitated over a proposed new opera house, and a scheme to substitute electric light for the present expensive gas.

On Saturday, while drunk, Benedict Stimpf, a German farmer of Wells county, fell under his wagon, and the wheels passed over his neck, killing him instantly.

The Connersville Times and News have been consolidated, under the name of the Republican. J. H. Cling and John C. Ochiltree will be the editors of the new sheet.

At the recent trial, a Logansport hack-driver, was killed last week by his team running away and pressing him between the timbers of a low railroad bridge and the top of the back.

Ellis Judah, aged fifteen years, a homeless male orphan, was found dead, Monday, on a pile of cinders in front of the New Albany rail mill. The gas from the fire beneath asphyxiated him.

Two Friends of Plainfield, Fairfield and White Lick quarterly meetings are making arrangements to establish a high school at the former place. An endowment of \$5,000 and a subscription for like amount are wanted.

Who would have thought it. Here is that experienced and wide-awake journalist, John D. Simpson, of the Madison Star, taken in by the Ulster County Gazette fraud. He insists, however, that it is a genuine copy, and not a facsimile.

Mrs. Rebecca Morris, aged ninety-four years, and one of the oldest residents of the State having settled in Washington county while it was among the wilds, died at the residence of her son-in-law, Philip Parker, near Kingsport, Tuesday.

The French Lick Springs property, including 320 acres of land, that has been in litigation for thirteen years, was permanently sold Saturday to J. M. Andrews and H. E. Wells, of Paoli, Orange county, and Dr. S. Ryan, former resident of the springs. The sale included the springs and hotel, cost about \$30,000. They take immediate possession, and contemplate extensive improvements to the coming season.

The residence of the late Dr. White, in West Springs, and a house occupied by Mr. G. H. McElroy, were burned Tuesday night. The former was occupied by two families, one in the upper, the other in the lower story. The fire was not discovered until the roof fell, and the house was a total wreck.

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THE VETO MESSAGE.

The following is the message of President Hayes, vetoing the Funding bill: To the House of Representatives:

Having considered the bill entitled "An act to facilitate the raising of the national debt," I am constrained to return it to the House of Representatives, with the following statement of my objections to its passage: The important principle of prompt action, and the pressure of public duties in this, the closing year of my term of office, compel me to decline to sign the bill.

The bill, in my opinion, is not a measure for the relief of the national debt, but a measure for the relief of the individual debtors. It is a measure for the relief of the individual debtors, and not a measure for the relief of the national debt.

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THE INAUGURATION.

President Garfield's Address. Reflecting the General Spirit and Policy of the New Administration.

Washington, March 4. THE CEREMONIES.

It rained and snowed at intervals last night, and at 9 a. m. was snowing rapidly, but at this hour, 10 o'clock, the clouds are working away and the sun is shining.

All Washington was out at an early hour, notwithstanding the storm, and men, women and children were hurrying through snow and slush from every direction, all intent on reaching Pennsylvania avenue, to witness the inaugural procession, or to the Capitol to be present at the ceremonies to take place at the White House.

The streets were thronged with military and civilians, and continued throughout the morning to pour their living tribute into the streets of the city. The stands erected at various points are capable of seating 25,000 people, and every seat has been sold. It is estimated that there are 50,000 strangers in Washington.

At 12 o'clock exactly, the Speaker of the House, Mr. Randall, and the President of the Senate, Vice President Wheeler, made brief addresses, in which they thanked the members of their respective Houses for the kindness and forbearance which they had meted out during the long session of the Congress, and declared at an end, and the members of the House rapidly flocked to the Senate Chamber, where everything was in readiness for the inauguration.

The President and Vice President entered, escorted by the committees appointed for the purpose. The Vice President, Mr. Wheeler, then took the oath of office, and the President, Mr. Garfield, administered the oath of office. During the delivery of the inaugural address, the President's face was pale, and his greatest silence was maintained in the Chamber, and at its conclusion the applause was deafening. The ceremonies were over at 1 o'clock, and the President and Vice President left the Chamber, and the members of the House and Senate followed them to the Capitol.

RECESSION. We stand to-day upon an eminence which overlooks a hundred years of national life—a century crowded with perils, but crowded also with triumphs. We stand to-day before a new and grander era.

Before continuing our onward march, let us pause on this high point for a moment, to strengthen our faith and renew our courage. Let us pause on this high point for a moment, to strengthen our faith and renew our courage.

It is now three days more than a hundred years since the adoption of the first written constitution of the United States. The people of the United States have now reached the centennial of their independence.

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