

REMEMBER! SHALL THE PEOPLE RULE?

STAR-DEMOCRAT

Fifty-first Year

Established 1858

Old Series, Vol. 50, No. 28.

GREENCASTLE, INDIANA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1908.

New Series, Vol. 5, No. 10.

The Republican Party Faces Defeat

TAFT IS IN GREENCASTLE

ALL SIGNS BOTH NATIONAL AND LOCAL POINT TO GREAT DEMOCRATIC VICTORY—INDIANA SEEMS SURE FOR BRYAN, KERN AND MARSHALL AND THERE WOULD BE NO SURPRISE IF LANDSLIDE DEVELOPED ON ELECTION DAY.

INCREASED MAJORITY IN PUTNAM

ALL THINGS SEEM PROPITIOUS FOR LOCAL DEMOCRATS TO POLL THE LARGEST VOTE SINCE 1876.

The Republican party, with only a few days left to fight, is facing defeat both nationally and locally. They are struggling against the tide and they know it. Long ago they would have lost heart, but for the remembrance of the former large majorities in their favor which must be overcome. All the trend, they acknowledge, is for Bryan. In 1896, the wise ones tell us, Bryan polled more votes than McKinley, though they did not count in securing electors. Now all things look so much better than in 1896, with a solid Democracy behind him and a weakened Republican party before him, with new recruits to his ranks from all parties, that victory seems sure.

The latest cheering news is from New York where Bryan has been spending a few days. On Monday night he spoke in Madison Square Garden, the largest building obtainable there. Every nook and corner was occupied, and thousands on thousands were turned away. When Bryan appeared the cheering began and lasted for a quarter of an hour, the greatest ovation given any candidate since the nominations. Conservative estimates now give New York to Bryan.

Not only has Bryan's own presence helped the cause there, but Roosevelt's letters have made many votes for the Democratic candidate. Thousands of men have become disgusted with the Republican campaign, conducted as it is from the White House, and will vote against the party which shows such personal domination.

In Indiana the trend is continually toward Bryan and Marshall. The fight that has been made against Marshall by the Anti-Saloon League is beginning to react. The fact that the League has united with the Republican party, and is allowing personal letters to be sent out from Republican headquarters as campaign material has led many to see the partisanship behind the whole movement.

The character of Marshall, the honest, straight-forward man, without hypocrisy, paying his own expenses so that he might be free from all pledges and open to do what is right, has won hearts and votes on all sides.

The position of his opponent, willing to promise anything, willing to say one thing in private and another thing in public, has sent many thinking men to Marshall. The lies circulated in the campaign by Hanly and Watson and Bingham have but made Marshall more popular, and Indiana is now his.

In Putnam County all things point to a largely increased majority. Mr. Hostetter will be elected by a larger majority than four years ago, unless the signs fall, and the rest of the ticket will make gains. The unjust attack upon Mr. Hostetter has reacted, as all unjust attacks do. Men are remembering what he is, and that he has always deserved the right to vote as he thinks right, and refused to allow any dictation. He is "safe and sane" and will get the votes.

CRAWLEY-HOSLER

Judge Taft, the Presidential candidate, said to the people of Putnam County this morning that the present financial panic was hatched by the Republican party and that he believed that the Republican party ought to have the raising of the chick.

Mr. Taft's throat is in such condition that he spoke only five minutes. He could be heard only about 30 feet from his train. Not a tenth of the people at the station got to

hear what the Presidential candidate said. And it is just as well for the Republicans that this is true, for Mr. Taft's argument, or rather "near argument," was about the thinnest heard here in years.

Train Was a Little Late.

The special train carrying the candidate was a little late. It was scheduled to reach Greencastle at 8:15 but it was 8:25 before it pulled into the station. The crowd stood along the station platform and on both sides of the railroad from the station east to Jackson Street. The train pulled east clear past the crowd.

As the train pulled in the "smiling candidate" was seen standing on the rear platform. Standing beside him was Charley Zeis, whose smile was nearly as wide as the Presidential candidate himself. T. T. Moore also stood on the platform with Mr. Taft.

Crowd Greatly Disappointed.

The crowd was greatly disappointed in the meeting. In the first place only a few could get near the train. These few were especially disappointed when they heard what Mr. Taft said.

Judge Taft said the Republican Good Times caused a panic but insisted that the people elect him so that they can have some more Republican Good Time panics.

In the second place Mr. Taft's voice was so bad that he could scarcely be heard by those very near him. And in the third place the scheduled 25-minute talk lasted for just 5 minutes.

Several of the DePauw students who were down to hear the speech were the noise makers during the time the crowd was awaiting the arrival of the Taft train. These boys, many of them Democrats, found a good opportunity to rid themselves of their college spirit by giving yells for Mr. Taft.

Many Cheer for Bryan.

The crowd consisted largely of Democrats who were there to see the Republican candidate more out of curiosity than anything else. This was clearly demonstrated when the Taft train started to pull out. There was more cheering for Mr. Bryan at that time than for Mr. Taft.

What Mr. Taft Said.

Mr. Taft noticeably avoided all of

DISGRACED



the issues of the campaign in his crowd took off their hats to the candidate. County Chairman Zeis went

to the speech. County Chairman Zeis went

and took off his. So did Mr. Zeis

T. T. Moore, however, forgot to doff

his bonnet in the excitement of the

minute.

Mr. Taft did not mention Bank Guarantee, Tariff, Campaign Contributions or Injunction, but noticeably avoided all of the issues of the campaign.

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through the motions of introducing the speaker to the crowd, but there was so much noise that not a word of the introductory statements could be heard. Then "Sunrise" Bill smiled and started to speak. He said something about the big crowd and about DePauw university. Probably no one outside of the candidate himself knows just what he said as the noise continued as he was speaking of them.

Admits There is a Panic.

Then Mr. Taft admitted that there is a panic. A Republican born panic. He said that the panic was of course felt here. The cause of the panic, said Mr. Taft, is that the country was enjoying too much prosperity.

Business was too good, he said, and a panic resulted. Now, said the candidate, the only way business can be stimulated to its normal condition, is by gaining the confidence of the people.

Recommends Queer Remedy.

My election is the only thing which can restore that confidence he said. Mr. Bryan's election cannot do it. That was all Mr. Taft said.

He did not explain why Mr. Roosevelt and himself had let the confidence go. He did not attempt to pass it as "The late financial flurry" as most of the Republican orators are terming it during the campaign.

Mr. Taft admitted that there is a panic. He did not attempt to pass it as "The late financial flurry" as most of the Republican orators are terming it during the campaign.

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

dence of the people slip. He did not explain why Mr. Roosevelt and himself, had not already restored confidence. He did not explain why prosperity caused panics. He did not explain how he expected to alone cope with the "confidence restoring" question, when "Teddy" went to Africa to hunt lions.

And if prosperity of the Roosevelt-Taft variety causes panics, why, why should the people want confidence restored, for, if Taft is right, if confidence is restored business will flourish and when business is good panics will result.

SUNBEAMS FROM "SUN RISE"

T. T. Moore stood on the back platform of the Taft train. As the train came to a stop many in the

Election Returns at

Star-Democrat Office

PRINTING THE BALLOTS

PAPER HAS ARRANGED TO SECURE TELEGRAPHIC AND COUNTY RESULTS AT OFFICE ON TUESDAY NIGHT—FULL NEWS OF THE ELECTION WILL BE THROWN ON LARGE SCREEN WHICH WILL BE HUNG ON THE HURST BUGGY CO. BUILDING.

BUGGIES TO BE KEPT OFF STREET

The Star-Democrat has arranged to get the complete county, state and national election returns on the night of Tuesday, November 3. The returns will be thrown on a screen which will be hung on the Hurst Buggy Co. building opposite the Star-Democrat office.

Plans have been perfected whereby the Star-Democrat will get the complete returns by wire and also all county results as soon as they can be compiled. Special effort will be made to handle these returns in a prompt and satisfactory way.

Special equipment, specially adapted for handling election returns with a stereopticon, have been secured and all slides will throw plain and easily read pictures. The screen will be hung high so that it can be plainly seen by everybody. It is probable that Jackson Street in front of the Star-Democrat office will be roped off to prevent carriages and other rigs from interfering with the crowd which will be in front of the office to learn the returns.

HANLY IS NOW EXPOSED

IS SHOWN THAT TEMPERANCE FIGHT WAS MADE TO HIDE MAL-ADMINISTRATION OF THE STATE'S AFFAIRS.

FEARS DEMOCRAT INVESTIGATION

IN A SPEECH DELIVERED TUESDAY NIGHT AT INDIANAPOLIS EX-MAYOR JOHN HOLTZMAN MAKES SOME CHARGES AGAINST GOVERNOR HANLY THAT ARE WELL WORTH REMEMBERING AND THINKING OVER. THE CHARGES ARE FROM RECORDS IN THE STATE HOUSE AND SHOW THE WORST OF MIS-MANAGEMENT, GRAFT AND INCOMPETENCY. IT IS FLATLY CHARGED THAT THE GOVERNOR FEARS THE ELECTION OF A DEMOCRATIC GOVERNOR BECAUSE HE FEARS THE INVESTIGATION OF HIS RECORD AND ACTS THAT WOULD FOLLOW. MR. HOLTZMAN'S CHARGES AS QUOTED BY THE NEWS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

ACCORDING TO THE REPORT OF THE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE, THE ESTIMATE OF THE COST OF THE NEW DEAF AND DUMB SCHOOL WAS \$325,000. PLANS WERE PREPARED FOR A BUILDING TO COST THAT AMOUNT. ACCORDINGLY, AN APPROPRIATION OF \$315,000 WAS MADE. THE REPORT OF THE WORK SHOWS THAT THE TOTAL COST OF THE BUILDING CONTRACTED FOR WOULD BE \$1,044,714. AFTER THE APPROPRIATION WAS MADE, THE ORIGINAL ARCHITECT WAS DISCHARGED, ANOTHER ONE EMPLOYED, AND THE PLANS CHANGED SO AS TO MAKE THE BUILDING COST OVER A MILLION DOLLARS, WHICH WAS \$750,000 IN EXCESS OF THE APPROPRIATION. THE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON STATE EDUCATIONAL, BENEVOLENT AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS FOR THE YEAR 1907 SHOWS THAT THE TOTAL COST OF PURDUE UNIVERSITY, WITH ITS 1,658 STUDENTS, WAS ONLY \$1,062,880. IT IS BELIEVED THAT THE DEAF AND DUMB SCHOOL, WITH LESS THAN 400 STUDENTS, WILL COST \$1,250,000. THE COST OF THIS NEW SCHOOL WILL BE EQUAL TO THE COST OF PURDUE UNIVERSITY, OR OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY AND STATE NORMAL SCHOOL COMBINED.

HERE IS A CLEAR CASE OF RECKLESS EXPENDITURE. THE STATE HOUSE COST ONLY \$2,000,000, AND THIS SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, WITH AN AVERAGE DAILY ENROLLMENT OF ONLY 314, WILL COST \$1,250,000. IT DESERVES, NOT MERELY CRITICISM, BUT THE severest AND SHARPEST CONDEMNATION. MR. HOLTZMAN CHARGES THAT \$300,000 WORTH OF THE STONE USED WAS PURCHASED FROM THREE REPUBLICAN POLITICIANS, FRIENDS OF THE GOVERNOR. HE FURTHER SAYS THAT NINETY FEET OF THE WALL COLLAPSED, THROWING THE STONE CORNICE AND THE BRICK WALL TO THE GROUND, AND THAT ONE OF THE REAR WALLS BULGED OUTWARD TO SUCH AN EXTENT THAT IT HAD TO BE TAKEN DOWN AND REBUILT. THE WHOLE CONSTRUCTION IS SAID TO BE FLIMSY AND UNSAFE, AND NOT FIREPROOF.

THE LADIES OF THE PUTNAMVILLE M. E. CHURCH WILL SERVE LUNCH ON ELECTION DAY.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

EARNEST PARISH AND UDEL GIBSON.

SHALL THE PEOPLE RULE?



WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.

Bring Him in a Winner.

DEMOCRATIC NEWS

Marshall and His Church.

The following from the Presbyterian Clergyman at Columbia City, Mr. Marshall's home, is interesting to many who have given ear to some of the slanders going the rounds:

"Columbia City, Ind., Oct. 19, 1908.
"Mr. Frank W. Carr, Charleston, Ind.

"Dear Sir and Brother—Pardon me for my delay in answering your inquiry. I am very glad to have the opportunity of telling you about Mr. Marshall, and I wish every elder who hears such reports would do likewise.

"Mr. Marshall is a man of unimpeachable character in every respect. He is the foremost man in this town in a religious way, and both he and his wife are the chief pillars of support in our church, financially and spiritually. He has been a trustee since the church was organized, and is also a bible class teacher, and is on the executive committee of the Presbyterian Brotherhood. He is an ardent churchman, a true blue Presbyterian of the old-fashioned school.

"Not only is he not a drunkard but he is a total abstainer and has been for many years. No one here even dreams of Tom Marshall tasting liquor.

nor of any kind. His wife is our primary teacher in the Sunday School and our most capable worker in all the church and missionary societies.

She has always accompanied Mr. Marshall on his law and business trips as a matter of congeniality, for they have no children, and live by themselves. He could not make his campaign without her, for she is a great support physically and sympathetically. Any other motive for her traveling I wish, as their pastor, to brand as a malicious campaign lie.

"Mr. Marshall's first hobby in life is the Presbyterian church, then the Democratic party, and he is in every way worthy of the support and encouragement of church people, and especially those of his own household of faith. I wish you might in every way help to counteract those fake reports in your community. I have written very conservatively about him, and any other minister in town will confirm what I have said. Mr. Marshall has always refused to become an elder. Anything you may see fit to do with the contents of this letter in the interest of Mr. Marshall you are at liberty to do.

Fraternally,
A. D. SUTHERLAND.

The New York World says that Mr. Taft and Mr. Bryan "have assisted in hastening the day of honest publicity," and regrets that President Roosevelt has never shown an equal interest in divorcing corrupt

politics and corrupt business.

If Mr. Bryan has assisted in hastening the day of honest publicity he has assisted by contributing to the political history of the United States the statement of a candidate for the high office of President that to publish the sources and amounts of contributions to his campaign fund would reduce his chances of victory at the polls. If we admit that Mr. Taft has helped to hasten the day we must credit President Roosevelt with having aided. He was the first to admit that Mr. Taft could not risk publishing the lists.

CARS BURN

A string of seven empty freight cars, belonging to the Big Four, was burned Sunday morning, causing a loss of two thousand dollars. The cars were on the old track near Barnaby's mill. It is supposed they caught fire from fires put out by tramps.

Would Mortgage the Farm.

A farmer on Rural Route 2, Empire, Ga., W. A. Floyd by name, says: "Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured the two worst sores I ever saw; one on my hand and one on my leg. It is worth more than its weight in gold. I would not be without it if I had to mortgage the farm to get it." Only 25c, at the Owl Drug Store.

HAVE SECRET AGREEMENT

Working Compact Between the Anti-Saloon League and Republican Headquarters Shows Partisanship Of the League.

REPUBLICANS SEND LEAGUE MAIL

The following letters explain themselves. The first one, sent out by James P. Goodrich, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, to Republican Precinct Committeemen, was intended to put in his possession the names of "from five to ten reliable temperance Democrats." When he had secured these names, the other letter given below was mailed to them by the "Anti-Saloon League." The letters show the close-working arrangement between the Republican State machine and the "League." If any "reliable temperance Democrats" receive the "League's" appeal, they will understand that it comes to them merely as a part of the Republican campaign.

Here are the letters:

Indianapolis, Oct. 21, 1908.

My Dear Sir:

This is very important. Please send us in the enclosed envelope just as quickly as possible, the names of from five to ten reliable temperance Democrats of your precinct. If you will do this, I am sure that there will be votes made for the Republican ticket.

Please write the names and post-office addresses on the back of this sheet and return it to us in the enclosed stamped envelope by return mail.

Very truly yours,

James P. Goodrich, Chairman.

When the names were received this letter was sent out from Republican headquarters.

Dear Sir:

In our opinion, Indiana is confronted with the most serious crisis since the civil war. Unless the friends of temperance stand together against the liquor interests at the coming election we may lose those advantages which have been gained by years of strenuous endeavor.

It is the intention of brewers and other managers of the liquor interest to elect a governor, a Lieutenant-governor and a legislature in Indiana that can be depended upon to repeal the county local option law. They are doing their utmost to defeat Attorney-General James Bingham for re-election, because he has brought suits against the leading breweries in the State to have their charters annulled on account of their constant, open and flagrant violation of law.

There is no time for the friends of good government to dwell upon mere party differences or microscopic differences in temperance methods. We are confronted by a common foe, bold, brazen, determined and unscrupulous, and it is now necessary for good citizens of whatever party or church affiliations to stand together like a wall of adamant.

We therefore urge voters to stand by those candidates for re-election who voted for the passage of our county local option law. We urge that every candidate favorable to the saloon be defeated. For you further information we publish herewith the accurate records of the two leading candidates for governor. Do not lose sight of the fact that one of these candidates is sure to be elected the next governor of Indiana.

If the people of our churches and all other decent, self-respecting and law-loving citizens will now sink minor matters out of sight and unite in this crisis to oppose the ruinous policy of the leaders of the liquor men—we can promise that this crisis will be safely passed and the liberties of the people in self-government once more successfully defended and secured.

Yours for Righteous Government!

Indiana Anti-Saloon League.

Rev. F. O. Ballard,

Rev. J. Stanfield,

Rev. J. P. Cowan,

A. K. Holland, Mfg.

H. L. Whitehead, Real Est.

Rev. E. S. Shumaker, Supt.

Eli F. Ritter, Lawyer,

Wilson S. Doan, Lawyer,

Rev. Morfon C. Pearson,

Pastor First Friends ch.

Wood's Liver Medicine in Liquid form for malaria, chills and fever, regulates the liver, kidneys and bladder, brings quick relief to blindness, sick-headache, constipation. Pleasant to take. The \$1.00 bottle contains 2 and one-half times quantity of the 50c size. First dose brings relief. Sold by Badger & Green.



THOMAS R. MARSHALL

A most honorable and deserving man, whom the Democrats of Indiana, as well as the great mass of independent voters, will choose as the state leader for the next four years, when they cast their ballots on Tuesday.

DO THEY WANT PROOF?

THIS IS THE WAY TO VOTE



Democratic Ticket.

For Representative in Congress
5th Congressional District,
RALPH W. MOSS.

For Prosecuting Attorney
13th Judicial Circuit
of Indiana,
JAMES P. HUGHES.

For Joint Senator,
Putnam, Morgan and
Marion Counties,
FRANK C. TILDEN.

For Representative,
Putnam County,
DAVID B. HOSTETTER.

For County Treasurer,
JASPER N. MILLER.

For County Sheriff,
FRANK M. STROUKE.

For County Coroner,
REVERDY J. GILLESPIE.

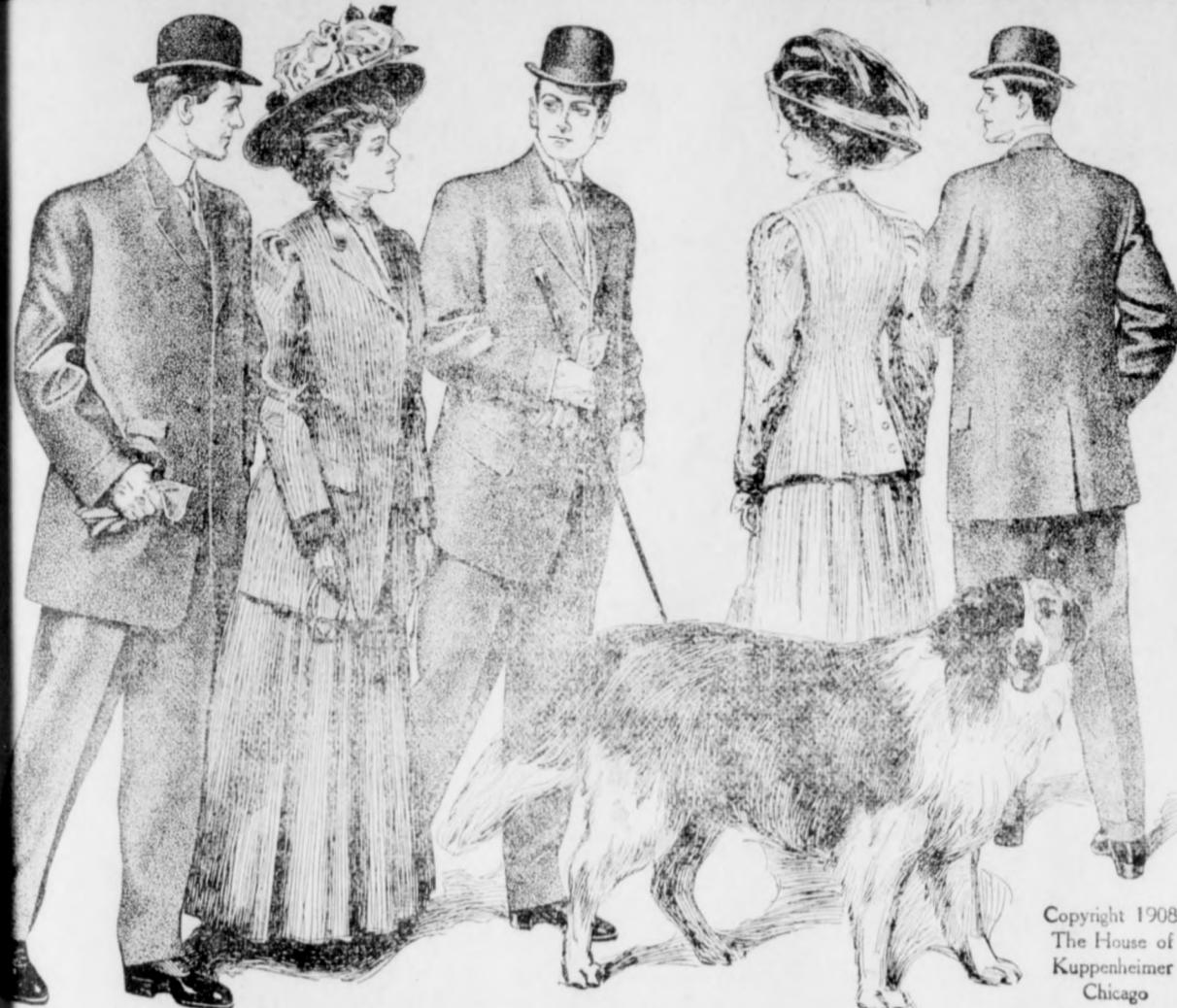
For County Surveyor,
ALEC. A. LANE.

For County Commissioners
2nd District,
GEORGE E. RAINES.

For County Commissioners
3rd District,
JAMES E. HOUCK.

a cold winter because of the thickness of the corn shuck. Others declare that they have been unable to find any corn in order to examine the shuck, and therefore can make no prediction.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE STAR DEMOCRAT.



THIS VIEW SHOWS

How our Men's Suits look. Sorry we can't show quality in a picture; but it's in the clothes: Style, Wear, Fit, Satisfaction.

TELL YOU WHAT TO DO: Come here soon—the quicker the better—and we will show you the real difference between **OUR CLOTHES** and the ordinary kind—a difference that begins with the choice of materials and runs clear through to the last stitch.

Glad to show you any time.

Greencastle's Best Clothiers

The Bell

GARDING THE ELECTION

Letters Have or Will be Sent to Each Inspector Explaining How to Send in Returns, in a Way Which Will Avoid Delays and Confusion.

VOTE TO BE KNOWN EARLY

The following letter will, or already has been sent, to each election inspector in Putnam County. The letter is self explanatory:

October 22, 1908.

Dear Sir:

An Inspector for your precinct, at the November election, 1908, you should call at the office of the Clerk of the Putnam Circuit Court on Saturday, October 31, 1908, for the ballot for your precinct.

Allow us to call your attention to a few things not well understood, in general, that cause confusion and even unnecessary work and time to be spent by election officers.

It is your duty to see that each member of the Board fills up and signs every blank provided before the Board adjourns.

Immediately after the count is completed and certified by the Board

Do you know that the

Monarch Grocery

Is the best place to SELL

Country Produce

We pay either cash or trade.

Monarch Grocery

Phone 68

you should start for the county seat with your returns.

The returns should consist of one poll-book and one tally-paper sealed in the bag provided, and one poll-book and one tally-paper, not sealed but loose so that this board may immediately proceed to tabulate the vote therefrom.

Remember you must bring with you all the poll-books and tally-papers, used in your precinct. There is a certificate covering the entire vote cast as tabulated by your board that is to be given to the Judge whose politics is the opposite of yours, but do not give him the poll-books or tally-papers.

You must not put the matter of making your returns off until the next day, as you should be at the office of your township trustee the next day after the election to canvass the township vote.

This Board as the County Board of Canvassers, will meet at 6 o'clock p. m. on the day of the election and will be in continuous session until all the returns of the county are tabulated.

The law makes it your duty, and is imperative, that you start for the county seat immediately, after the count is completed, and certified, or send the same by one of the judges.

When you come for the ballots, bring this letter with you.

Yours truly,

JAMES L. HAMILTON,
JAMES T. DENNY,
WM. M. SUTHERLIN,

Board of Election Commissioners,
of Putnam County, Indiana.

DEATH OF CHAS. STEWART

A telegram was received by Frank Cannon Friday announcing the death of Charles Stewart at Terre Haute. Mr. Stewart was well known to a number of Greencastle people. He was in the employ of the Big Four for some months having charge of the commissary here, in company with his brother, Billy Stewart, during the building of the new right of way. Mr. Stewart leaves a wife and two children.

Short Horn Cattle Sale.
Saturday, October 31, 1908, at farm one mile south of Cloverdale. Consisting of 33 head as follows:

9 young cows, 5 two-year old heifers, 5 one-year old heifers, 8 bull calves, 6 heifer calves.

This stock is the result of 23 years careful breeding. Anyone wanting to improve their stock, come and take advantage of this sale.

Terms of Sale: 12 months credit will be given without interest. If not paid at maturity, 8 per cent interest from date of sale. All notes must be accompanied with approved security before stock is removed from the premises.

Sale begins at 10 a. m.
W. S. BURRIS.
Vestal & Allen, Auctioneers.

ARTICLE NOT CORRECTED

General Jesse M. Lee Expresses Disgust at the Action of the Republican Papers That Published False Interview and Refused to Correct It.

NOW ON HIS WAY TO TEXAS

Gen. Jesse M. Lee, whose denial of the purported interview published in the Indianapolis Star and later copied in the local Republican paper, has appeared in these columns, before he left expressed great disgust with the Star for not correcting its false and malicious statements.

The Star had been notified by the General that the interview was false and untrue, and had also notified Ludlow himself of this fact. No expression of regret for the misstatement had reached him up to the time of his departure, nor has any correction of the interview appeared in either of the papers that used the interview. This is evidence of the desire on the part of the Star to misrepresent for political purposes, and still further discredits the already discreditable column run by Ludlow. The General looks upon the whole affair as most contemptible political trick.

In speaking of the lack of courtesy and honesty on the part of the Star Gen. Lee stated further that the basis of his personal regard for Mr. Taft was the fact that it was Mr. Taft who gave him his promotion, and further Taft was governor of the Philippines while Gen. Lee was on duty there, and the two men often came in contact. In spite of all this the General reiterated, before he went away, the statement that he could not endorse Taft's political views, and certainly did not endorse the Republican state ticket.

Candidate for Assessor.

Arthur Plummer wishes to announce to the voters of Warren

Township that he is the Democratic candidate for Assessor and that he will appreciate the support of those

who will vote for him at the polls.

November 3. 219

FOR SALE

Some extra good spotted poland male hogs. L. T. Hurst, Coatesville, R. R. No. 1. 2t9w

Constipation with all its manifestations of a disturbed liver and indigestion yields quickly to **Sanol**. It only costs 35 cents to find out the great curative powers in the **Sanol Remedies**. Take nothing else from the druggist. Remember it is **Sanol**, you want **.35c and \$1.00 per bottle** at the drug sto... 1914

HOW TO VOTE

All Voters Should Read Carefully the Following Specific Instructions.

Every voter who goes to the polls is interested in making his ballot effective. Instruction in voting, therefore, cannot be too thorough. Not only is this especially true as to first voters, who will have their first experience with the Australian ballot system, but it is true of all others because of the changes that have been made in the law since it was originally passed. At public meetings and privately voters should be given accurate information as to what is required in casting a ballot. The following instructions, therefore, should be studied, as they will be found of value:

The device at the head of the Democratic ticket is a rooster.

The device at the head of the Republican ticket is an eagle.

The Democratic ticket is in the first column, the Republican ticket is in the second column, and so on.

Below is a sample of the heading of the Democratic and Republican Electoral and State tickets, with the respective party devices, in the order in which they will appear on the ballot. The names of the fifteen Presidential Electors come first and are followed by the names of the candidates for state offices.



DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For Presidential Elector at Large,
DEM. ADAM HEIMBERGER.



REPUBLICAN TICKET

For Presidential Elector at Large,
REP. WINFIELD T. DURBIN.

When you go into your voting place you will be handed three ballots:

The State ballot—On red paper, containing the candidates to be voted on for State offices, except for Senator and Representative.

The county ballot—Printed on white paper.

The township ballot—Printed on yellow paper, containing the township candidates.

If you want to vote a straight Democratic ticket, make a cross within the circle containing the rooster at the head of the first column of the ballot.

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS:

First. You must get your ballot and the blue pencil from the Polling Clerks in the election room.

Second. If you desire to vote a straight ticket, then make a cross, thus, **X**, within the large circle at the head of the ticket containing the device of the party for whose candidates you desire to vote. If you do not desire to vote a straight ticket, you must not make a cross in the large circle containing the device of a party, but must make a cross, thus, **X**, on the small square to the left of the name of each candidate for whom you desire to vote, on whatever list of candidates it may be. If the large circle at the head of the ticket is marked with a cross or otherwise and the ballot is marked with a cross or otherwise at any other place, it will be void and cannot be counted, unless there be no candidate for some office in the list printed under such marked device, in which case you may indicate your choice for such office by making a cross, thus, **X**, on the square to the left of the name of any candidate for such office on any other list. The cross must be placed within or on the circle or square, or the ballot will be void and can not be counted.

Third. Do not mutilate your ballots, nor mark them, either by scratching off a name or writing one upon them, nor in any other way put a mark upon them, except by placing one in the circle or on the squares, as above described.

Otherwise the ballot will not be counted. You must not put any mark of any kind upon your ballot except in the manner above described.

Fourth. After you have marked your ballots, and before you leave the election booth, fold them up separately so that the face of each one can not be seen, and so the initial letters of the names of the Polling Clerks on the back thereof can be seen. Then hand your ballots to the Inspector, the pencil to the Polling Clerks, and immediately leave the election room.

Fifth. If you are physically unable to mark your ballots, or can not read English, so inform the Polling Clerks, and make an affidavit to that effect. They will then go with you into the election booth, and you can then tell them how you desire to vote, and they will mark your ballot for you. Neither you nor the Polling Clerks must permit any other person to hear or see how your ballot is marked. It is a penal offense to declare you can not read English or can not mark your ballot, if, in fact, you can.

[In no case can the ballots be marked by the Polling Clerks if the voter can read the English language and is physically able to mark his ballot. Nor can they mark it until the voter has made the proper affidavit.]

Sixth. If you should accidentally, or by mistake, deface, mutilate or spoil one of our ballots, return it to the Poll Clerks and get another one of the same kind.

Seventh. You must not accept a ballot from any person outside of the election room. Any ballot outside is fraudulent; and it is a penitentiary offense to have it in your possession, whether you attempt to vote it or not.

Eighth. You must not attempt to hold any conversation in the election room except with members of the Election Board and the Polling Clerks.

Ninth. Use only the blue pencil handed you by the Polling Clerks in marking your ballots. If you mark with any other pencil, your ballot so marked will be void, and will not be counted.

Tenth. You must not put any mark of any kind on your ballot, except as above described.

VOTING BY MACHINE.

If you are unable to vote by machine on account of physical disability or inability to read English, and make an affidavit to that effect, you will be instructed or assisted by the Polling Clerks, as in the case of voting by ballot. If you request it, you will, upon being registered by the Polling Clerks, be instructed by them as to the manner of voting by machine. You cannot remain in the voting machine booth more than one minute; and no person can be in or near the machine when a voter is in the voting machine booth unless it is the Polling Clerks while instructing or assisting the voter.

THE NEW LAW AS TO BUYING AND SELLING VOTES.

(Approved March 6, 1905. Acts 1905, p. 481.)

Penalty for Buying Votes.

1. That whoever, directly or indirectly, hires, buys or offers to hire or buy, or furnishes any money or other means to be used, or directs or permits his money or other means to be used, or handles any money or other means, knowing the same to be used to induce, hire or buy any person to vote or refrain from voting any ticket or for any candidate for any office, to be voted for at any election held in this State; or whoever attempts to induce any person to vote or to refrain from voting for any candidate for any office to be voted for at any election held pursuant to law or at any primary held in this State, by offering such person any reward or favor, shall be fined in any sum not more than fifty dollars and disbarred and rendered incapable of holding any office of trust or profit for a period of ten years from the date of such conviction.

Penalty for Selling or Offering to Sell Votes.

2. Whoever sells, barter, or offers to sell or barter his vote or offers to refrain from voting for any candidate for any office to be voted for at any election held in this State, either for any money or property or thing of value or for any promise or favor or hope of reward, given or offered by any candidate to be voted for at any election held in this state or by any other person or persons, shall be fined in any sum not more than fifty dollars and disbarred and rendered incapable of holding any office of trust or profit for a period of ten years from the date of such conviction.

Witnesses.

3. Any person called as a witness to testify against another for the violation of any of the provisions of sections one or two of this act, is a competent witness to prove the offense, although he may have been concerned as a party, and he shall be compelled to testify as other witnesses, but such evidence shall not be used against him in any prosecution for such or any other offense growing out of matters about which he testifies, and he shall not be liable to trial by indictment or information or punished for such offense.

I AM A MOTHER



How many American women in lonely homes to-day long for this blessing to come into their lives, and to be able to utter these words, but because of some organic derangement this happiness is denied them.

Every woman interested in this subject should know that preparation for healthy maternity is accomplished by the use of

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Mrs. Maggie Gilmer, of West Union, S. C., writes to Mrs. Pinkham: "I was greatly run-down in health from a weakness peculiar to my sex, when Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me. It not only restored me to perfect health, but I am now a proud mother."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulence, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

ATTEMPTED TO BUY LIQUOR

Minor Told Walter Higert That he Was of Age Wednesday Afternoon Came to Grief—Was Arrested for Misrepresenting His Age and is Fined \$20 by the Mayor.

LAB PLEADED GUILTY TO CHARGE

An attempt of a minor to buy whisky at the Higert saloon yesterday resulted in a good lesson to the boy. The boy, Truman Hubble, who lives in South Putnam, represented to the bartender that he was 21 years old. The saloon man, however, did not believe him and called the officers. The boy was arrested.

Last night he was taken out of jail by friends who signed bond for his appearance this morning. This morning Hubble appeared before the Mayor and was fined \$20. The boy pleaded guilty to the charge against him.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of **Scott's Emulsion**. It is strange, but it often happens.

SUCCESS BREEDS SUCCESS

Therefore, the tremendous success of the past two weeks is not only an augury, but a great incentive of still greater success during

The Continuance of the Rousing Winter Sale Until Saturday, Nov. 21

You have had a splendid Indian Summer; you do not know how long it will continue. Better buy your winter needs now and "save the difference." Read the following prices, make a list of your wants, come to the Enterprise, it will pay you **IN DOLLARS AND CENTS.**

5c buys

A yard of toweling.
2 dozen Pearl Buttons.
6 Papers of Pins.
4 dozen Clothespins.
4 Pint Tin Cups.
A pair of Boy's Suspenders.
1 yard Good Apron Gingham.

Furs—a variety to please any taste at a price that quickly removes them from our stock.

9c buys

3 Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.
A pair Men's Fine Socks.
A pair Men's Heavy Socks.
A pair Ladies' Good Hose.
A pair Misses' Good Hose.
A pair men's or boys' cotton gloves
A pair men's or boys' suspenders.
A set teaspoons, heavy plated.

Dry Goods—fashions and designs that spell style; at prices that spell economy.

\$1.89 buys Buys a man's all-wool Suit Underwear.

Suits and Overcoats that are made to fit, and are sold within easy reach of your purse.

19c buys

Choice best Tie in the house.
A granite Coffee Pot.
Ladies' double wool Mittens.
Ladies' extra heavy fleeced hose.

23c buys

A suit boy's or misses' Union Suits.
A garment men's, boy's or ladies' Underwear.
A pair soft sole Shoes.
A pair men's or boys' Gloves.
A man's or boy's Winter Cap.

25c buys

Ladies Skirts—every style that delights the eye; selling fast because of the low price attached to them.
7 bars Gloss, Swift's Pride, Lenox or Santa Claus Soap.
4 pounds A. & H. Soda.
2 pounds best Lard.
5 pounds Enterprise Soda.
5 pounds Beans.
3 yards Shirting Cheviot.
3 pairs 10c Gloves or Mitts.
3 pairs Hose or Socks.

44c buys

A pair boy's Knee Pants.
A Garment Men's Underwear, extra heavy fleeced.
Any 50c Cap in the house.
Any 50c Shirt in the house.
A pair misses' Rubbers.
A ladies' extra heavy vest or pants.
A Ladies' Union Suit.
Any pair 50c overalls.
A suit boy's Union Suits.
A yard Mohair Suiting.
A Newport Scarf.

Glass and Tinware—necessary when the prices are in easy reaching distance. You have to stop here—the prices are so low.

98c buys

A good fur scarf, 4 tail.
A pair misses' fine Kid Shoes.
A pair ladies' Artics (best quality).
A pair men's Pants.
A \$1.50 Sweater.
A boy's good Suit of Clothes.
A good duck Coat for boys.
A ladies' Flannelette Wrapper, worth \$1.25.

\$4.98 buys

A \$6.50 Suit of Clothes.
A \$9.00 Corduroy Suit complete.

Buy a \$6.00 Melton Overcoat.
A \$7.00 Fur.

\$11.39 Buys a \$15.00 Suit or Overcoat.

\$1.48 Buys a first-class quality men's artic.

\$2.34 Buys a first-class quality felt and overs single buckle.

We carry a full line Ball Band Rubber Goods—when you need anything in this line, this fact will save you money.

48c buys A pair ladies' Rubbers, best quality.

Groceries—you'll eat them with more relish when you find the large quantities that go with little money.

Blankets—that give you a warm glow of satisfaction when you find the low prices that make them yours.

STAMPS

A visit from Santa Claus is the dessert of the year, the ice cream and coffee of the meal. Get your stamps with your purchases and let us present you the dessert of the year in a nice little present procured by them.

THE ENTERPRISE---The Busy Store---

Only Department Store in Greencastle.
Save the Difference.

ONLY a single dollar each week pays for a "Buck's" stove or range.

It's economy, convenience, durability and beauty that has placed "Buck's" in a class by themselves, and here's your chance to get one.

E. B. LYNCH
HOUSE FURNISHER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

12 and 14 NORTH JACKSON ST.
TELEPHONES 89 and 108

HOSS TRADERS IN TROUBLE McCONNELL IS ENDORSED

Three Men Arrested This Morning Charged With Stealing Corn From S. A. Hays—Warrant Was Sworn Out by Ed Black Who Saw the Men Take It.

ARE ORDERED TO LEAVE TOWN FINAL DECISION ON OCTOBER 30

Three men, giving their names as John Huffman, Aaron Gansley and Chas. Fentner were arrested Saturday morning on a charge of theft sworn out by Ed. Black. The men are horse traders and had several broken-down animals.

While coming toward Greencastle from the east this morning they took three shocks of corn from a field belonging to S. A. Hays, just east of town. They were going to feed the corn to their horses.

Ed Black who was driving along the road saw the men take the corn and as soon as he reached town he swore out a warrant for their arrest. As soon as the horse traders arrived in town they were arrested. When taken before the mayor they pleaded guilty. They promised to leave the county immediately, and so were not fined. The men had no money.

MIKE HAD TO BE SERIOUS

An auto, a frisky horse and an indignant woman were the principal actors in a comedy, which might have been a tragedy late Friday afternoon. The Badger & Green auto was in front of the store, and started up just as the lady, Mrs. Rachel Neal, of Bainbridge, started to get in her buggy. The horse was frightened and Mrs. Neal was knocked down. Fortunately she was not hurt. Her clothing was considerably the worse for her contact with the street and she demanded damages of the owners of the auto, who had immediately gone to her rescue. This was refused and an argument of some length ensued, but the only result was some display of ire by the parties most interested, and no cash results accrued.

General Committee, Composed of DePauw Trustees, Appointed to Select a Successor to Bishop Hughes, Recommends the New York Pastor To the Trustees.

HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS MEET

The meeting of the high school teachers was held in the court house assembly room Sat with Prof. Oscar Thomas presiding. This institute is mentioned by those in a position to judge, as one of the best institutes held here for a long time. All the teachers were present for the parts assigned on the program and each discussed his subject in an interesting manner. Following is the program: The New Difficulties of a Commissioned High School, P. B. Hutcheson; How to get the First Year Students Interested in West's Ancient World, J. B. Westhafer; Difficulties Encountered in Teaching High School Mathematics, Frank Wallace; How to Teach English Composition, Flora Vandament.

THINGS TO REMEMBER

He who would pass his declining years with honor and comfort should when young remember that he may one day become old and remember when he is old that he has been once young.—Addison.

In the course of a few years the body attains its full growth, but the heart may grow forever. It is a pity that so few hearts enjoy the privilege.—Albany (Tex) News.

Customer (pointing to the hieroglyphics on his check)—Is that my name in Chinese?

Go Long* (Chinese laundryman)—No; scorpion. Means "H" old man, cross eyed, no teet."

Customer—Er—I see. Thank you.—New York Globe.

The Bigger Tailoring Co. make you custom suits from \$20.00 to \$40.00.

NEW RETAIL LUMBER YARDS and PLANING MILL

North College Avenue,
South of the Railroad Tracks

We can furnish your house patterns COMPLETE, including DOORS, SASH, and GLASS. We have an EXPERT ESTIMATOR and DRAUGHTSMAN in our employ, who will DRAW UP YOUR PLANS FREE OF CHARGE.

We also handle the famous LAWRENCE PAINTS and FLINTOID ready PRE-PAIRED ROOFING.

LET US FIGURE WITH YOU.

You do not have to cross the tracks to reach our yards.

C. H. BARNABY

A PARTY

Miss Roxie McMains delightfully entertained a few of her friends Friday evening. Those present were Miss Elva Newman, Will Parish, Marie Sallust, Virgil Grimes, Grace Oakley, Will Herrod, Ida Hunter, Jimie Hunter, Myrtle McCammack, Charlie Estes, Daisy Gardner, Charlie Hallhill, Ethel Gardner, Charlie Knight, Letha Newman, Claude King, Minnie Hedden, George Bundy, Velv Cooper, Roy Christie, Frank Girtan, Delbert Cooper, Claude Haynes and Mr. John Smyth.

COAL CAR LEAVES TRACK

A coal car off the track caused some trouble in the Big Four time schedule Friday afternoon. The car was derailed at Wick's Spur four miles west of town and blocked the tracks for several hours.

M. M. BACHELDER AT FILLMORE

Mr. and Mrs. Doty Improving.

Word has been received here from Mr. and Mrs. John Doty, who were taken to the home of their daughter in Indianapolis a few days ago, that they stood the trip well and that both are slightly improved in health. Both were in very ill health when they left here.

Customer (pointing to the hieroglyphics on his check)—Is that my name in Chinese?

Go Long* (Chinese laundryman)—No; scorpion. Means "H" old man, cross eyed, no teet."

Customer—Er—I see. Thank you.—New York Globe.

The Bigger Tailoring Co. make you custom suits from \$20.00 to \$40.00.

CAWLEY PROPERTY IS SOLD GEORGETOWN WAS EASY

Several Buildings Belonging to the Estate of the Late Greencastle Merchant are Disposed of at Auction on the Steps of the Court House This Afternoon at 1 O'clock.

HOME BOUGHT BY JOHN CANNON HUMBLED BY DePAUW 44 TO 6

The several pieces of property belonging to the John Cawley heirs were sold at public auction by the Central Trust Co., trustee of the estate, at the court house steps at 1 o'clock Mon afternoon. The property was sold at the order of the court. Joe Allen was the auctioneer.

In all five pieces of property were sold. The first was too lots in Commercial place. They went to Ed Calender at \$33.34.

James P. Hughes bought a four-room house at the corner of Apple and Depot Street for \$375.

The Cawley Coal and Feed lot was bought by Mort Marshall for \$945.

W. L. Denman, for the Pee-gee Co., bought the business block in which the Cawley coal office is located for \$2360.00.

The Cawley home place was bid in by John Cannon who gives \$3,000 for the property.

OLD FOLKS' DAY, SOMERSET

The first Old Folks Day at Somerset Christian Church was observed Sunday. There were number present from other communities who had formerly been members of the church, but were now in other fields of labor. A short history of the church was read which will be revised and published later. The theme of the morning was "A Peaceful Departure." Luke 2:29-30. The old in the evening of life have attained wisdom and experience, but unless our wisdom and rich experience has gained for such a hope or preliminary to a peaceful departure they have not profited us much.

The following are the names of those present who were fifty years or more old:

Mrs. Greenbury O'Hair, 52; Chas. K. Hall, 53; Mrs. M. Rising, 52; Mrs. Wm. Jackson, 57; Mrs. Coffin, 57; Mr. Coffin, 58; Mr. R. T. Collier, 60; Mrs. Susan Hall, 60; Mr. Willis, 64; Mrs. Mary Wilson, 65; Mr. F. M. Wilson, 67; Mr. Frank Hall, 63; Mr. Joe Collins, 52; Mr. John Ferrand, 52.

For Sale.
40 acres of land, house, barn, orchard and good spring. G. W. Crowley.

REGISTERED U. S. PATENT OFFICE NO. 65476
RED CROSS
ANTIPHLOGISTIC

EMPLASTICO OR
DENVER MUD
CATAPLASMIC KAOLINI, U.S.P.

For the relief of Inflammation of every character. Bells, Ulce, & Pneumonia, Fevers, always available. Sold by the Red Cross Denver Mud, Accepts 25¢.

BADGER & GREEN

READ THIS BEFORE YOU VOTE

ARE YOU GOING TO SURRENDER THE RIGHT TO CONTROL YOUR OWN GOVERNMENT?

Do you want in the United States

- Liberty, or Coercion?
- Republic, or Empire?
- Democracy, or Autocracy?
- President, or Czar?
- Governor, or Dictator?
- The Constitution, or One Man's Will?

Shall there be in nation and state three departments of government, legislative, executive and judicial, or only one, based on usurpation—whether by Roosevelt and Taft or Hanly and Watson?

SHALL THE OCCUPANT OF THE WHITE HOUSE DICTATE HIS SUCCESSOR?

Shall the People rule, or shall the Government be administered by and for the trusts, privileged classes, special interests, officeholders and party favorites?

Shall the occupant of the White House dictate his successor?

Theodore Roosevelt, president first by tragedy and next by false pretense, has thrown off the mask and revealed his true character.

What at first were either excused as eccentricities or applauded as honest blunders, must, in the light of the president's attitude in the present campaign, be looked upon as contemptuous disregard of the constitution, the laws, the institutions and traditions of the country and the people.

Mr. Roosevelt assumed the right to make treaties without the consent of the senate.

He has sent Taft, Root and other royal ambassadors abroad with imperial instructions.

He connived at and afterward defended as an "accomplished fact" the annexation of the Republic of Colombia.

He rules foreign peoples as dependent subjects.

He gave his consent to the absorption by that giant monopoly, the steel trust, of its principal competitor, the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, which had been first forced into trouble by Wall street manipulation.

He has publicly denounced abuses while secretly placing himself under obligations to those who are guilty of them.

Under his administration trusts have multiplied, special interests have thrived, expenses have piled up, the burdens of the people have grown heavier, the cost of living has enormously increased, and a panic has occurred which has produced idleness, impoverished thousands of business men and brought hunger into hundreds of thousands of homes.

AND YET MR. ROOSEVELT DEMANDS OF THE PEOPLE THAT THEY APPROVE HIS SELECTION AND ELECT WILLIAM H. TAFT AS HIS SUCCESSOR.

He is managing Taft's campaign from the White House, using government clerks, paid by all the people, to convey his orders and commands to 300,000 other officeholders also paid by the people, and to all other persons subject to his power or susceptible to his influence.

It is the purpose of Mr. Roosevelt to control the presidential succession, if possible.

He declares that he has been training Taft for seven years to take his place.

He dictated his nomination, forcing it by using the power of his office and in disregard of the laws regulating the civil service.

Bon-In-Law Longworth, in a public speech, proclaimed the purpose of the new dynasty to be the election of Taft for eight years, Roosevelt again for eight years more, and down the line.

The present secretary of war, Luke E. Wright, in a speech in New York on Oct. 19, resented the charge that Roosevelt is only a "hired man," and declared that he is "the chief ruler of the country."

Senator Beveridge, in a speech in Kansas City on the same date, said that "there is no longer a Democratic party—only the government and the opposition," a condition which exists only in an autocracy like Russia.

Two years ago Elihu Root, Mr. Roosevelt's secretary of state, proclaimed the new doctrine of "wiping out state lines," which would center all government power at Washington.

Taft has knowledge of, is a part of and sympathizes with all these dangerous tendencies—these things which point to the overthrow of constitutional government and the subversion of the liberties of the people.

Under this order of things only favorites are to profit through tariffs, subsidies, special privileges, offices—and private snags like the Panama Canal swindle, wherein it is said Douglas Robinson, a brother-in-law of the president; Charles P. Taft, a brother of candidate Taft; Morgan, Cromwell, Sheldon and other Taft supporters, financiers and speculators, pocketed more than \$30,000,000 of illicit gain shoveled out of the United States treasury.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY HAS BEEN GUILTY OF THE RANKEST EX-TRAVAGANCE AND WASTE.

The expenses of the National Government have more than doubled in ten years and now reach a billion dollars a year.

The expenses of the state offices have increased more than 100 per cent in the past twelve years.

Have all these millions of money taken from the people been honestly spent?

Is there graft, crookedness and rascality in the state house?

Is there untold rottenness in Washington?

How will you ever find out unless you vote for a change?

Bryan in the nation and Marshall in the state stand for rule by the people, constitutional government, reduced taxes and economy and honesty in administration.

Public officials are the servants and not the masters of the people, according to the Democratic creed, and a vote for the candidates of the Democratic party will be a vote against official insolence and threatened despotism.

A New Firm Florists

JOHN EITEL & SON, Greencastle

Now ready for business. Orders for cut and pot flowers for all occasions carefully looked after. Floral designs a specialty.

Greenhouses Melrose Ave. and Locust St.

Orders Promptly Attended To

BRYAN AND THE PRESIDENCY TILL AFTER THE ELECTION

Some Facts in Regard to the Democratic Candidate's Fitness for the High Office Toward Which the People Urge Him.

Have We Another Case of Postponed Action on the Part of the Republican Party or Was the Wish Father To the Thought.

A MOST CONSISTENT CAREER MAN WITH JAG THINKS HE'S SAFE

When all that can be said has been said in the present campaign, when all the issues which may honestly cause a division of opinion among thinking men, are set aside, and when the contest is stripped of all conflicting contentions, the one paramount fact stands out in bold relief, that no candidate ever entered the race for the presidency better fitted to discharge the functions of that high office than William Jennings Bryan. In the first place Mr. Bryan is an honest man. He is sincere. Not even his most bitter political opponents have ever had the temerity to question his honesty or to doubt his sincerity. His life has been clean, his character is above reproach. He has lived in the open; his every act both in public and private life is subject to the closest scrutiny. For twelve years he has occupied the spotlight of publicity without blinking. He rings true to the highest ideals of human life. There is no stain upon his escutcheon; no skeletons in his closet. He typifies in the highest degree the lofty conception of American manhood. No citizen in private life, by precept and example, by words and deeds, has done more for the moral and material uplift of all the people than has Mr. Bryan.

There is no greater student of political and economic conditions in the United States today than Mr. Bryan. It is his knowledge of history coupled with his keen judgment of men and measures which enables him to grasp and understand present day conditions. His ideals, grounded in human sympathy, have been broadened and strengthened by travel and study. His investigations into social and political conditions have not been confined to his own country, but have embraced almost every civilized land.

Mr. Bryan is an optimist and a progressive. He looks upon the bright side of things and believes that the world is growing better. He sees ways and means by which that betterment might be advanced, and with all of his marvelous ability and great force of character he strives for their accomplishment. He has not labored solely within the narrow confines of partisanship. Never has he hesitated to commend the acts of a Republican administration wherein he believed them to be for the benefit of the whole people. His commendation of the good has been as strong as his denunciation of the bad. He has, within the past 12 years, lived to see some of the important fundamental principles for which he stood become the accepted doctrines of a party and administration, which, but a short time before, had rejected them and condemned him for advocating them.

Mr. Bryan's career has demonstrated that without holding public office a man may gain the very best experience for the performance of public duty, particularly when, to that experience we add honesty and sincerity of purpose. These present the qualifications and especial fitness of Mr. Bryan for the presidency. No man with his heart in the right place as is Mr. Bryan's with his hand upon the public pulse, and with his sympathies for the advancement of the welfare of the whole people, can fail to achieve signal success as president. The time has passed when Mr. Bryan was wrongfully considered a mere theorist. He is looked upon now as an intensely practical man: a man of experience. His administration will be one of progress along safe lines.

To those afflicted with kidney and bladder trouble, backache, rheumatism, Pneumonia for the Kidneys brings relief in the first dose. Hundreds of people today testify to their remarkable healing and tonic properties. 30 day's trial \$1.00. They purify the blood. Sold by Badger & Green.

DEATH OF GEO. BUSBY

The death of George Busby occurred Sunday night at 11 o'clock at his home near Reelsville, Mr. Busby was born April 11, 1836. He leaves a widow, Mrs. Hannah Boone Busby, and four children: Frank Busby, Lawrence Busby, Mrs. Alfred Curtis of Putnamville and Mrs. Charles Torr of Muscovia, Okla. The funeral services were held Wednesday at the residence at 10:30 conducted by Rev. W. L. Torr. Burial at Boone Cemetery, 6 miles southwest of Greencastle.

When you have a suit made to order, but it from a house that gives you custom work. Nothing sent away to be made. Bigger Tailoring Co.

Big Four Route

OCTOBER BULLETIN

LEXINGTON, KY. AND RETURN

KENTUCKY HORSE BREEDERS ASSOCIATION

Tickets sold October 9th to 20th.

DENVER and RETURN ANNUAL

W. L. WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN FEDERATION

UNION

Tickets on sale October 18th to 23rd, inclusive.

ANNUAL CONVENTION AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

Tickets sold Nov. 4th to 10th, inclusive.

NEW ORLEANS and RETURN

CHRISTIAN CHURCH CONVENTION Oct. 6, 7 and 8.

Good returning October 24.

COLONIST TICKETS CALIFORNIA, MEXICO, BRITISH COLUMBIA AND POINTS IN THE WEST AND SOUTH

WEST. On sale daily to Oct. 31, 1908.

HOME SEEKERS' RATES To the

NORTHWEST, SOUTHWEST, MICHIGAN, MEXICO

and BRITISH POSSESSIONS.

For detailed information see Agent.

BIG FOUR ROUTE

H. J. RHEIN, G. P. A. Cincinnati, Ohio.

G. P. O. 742 H. S. Tu St

Big Four Route

OCTOBER BULLETIN

Indianapolis and Return, Great Council of Red Men

Tickets sold October 16 to 22.

Denver and Return, Annual Convention

Christian Temperance Union

Tickets on sale October 18th to 23rd, inclusive.

Annual Convention American Federation of Labor

Tickets sold Nov. 4th to 10th, inclusive.

Colonist Tickets California, Mexico, Brit

ish Columbia, and Points in the West, Northwest and Southwest. On sale daily to Oct. 31, 1908.

Home Seekers' Rates To the West, Northwest, Southwest Michigan, Mexico and

British Possessions

For detailed information see Agent.

BIG FOUR ROUTE

H. J. Rhein, G. P. A. Cincinnati, O.

G. P. O. 78.

BADGER & GREEN

STAR - DEMOCRAT

Founded 1858

PUBLISHED FRIDAY

Of each week by the Star and Democrat Publishing Company, at 17 and 19 South Jackson Street, Greencastle, Ind.

F. C. TILDEN - C. J. ARNOLD Editors

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One year, in advance \$1.00

ADVERTISING RATES UPON APPLICATION

GREENCASTLE HERALD
Established 1906

The live daily paper of Putnam County—sent to any address in the United States for \$3.00 a year—Payable strictly in advance.

Entered as second class mail matter at the Greencastle, Ind. Postoffice.

Telephone, No. 65

FOR PRESIDENT,
William J. Bryan of Nebraska.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT, ..
John W. Kern of Indiana.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

GOVERNOR,
Thomas R. Marshall, Columbia CityLIBUTENANT GOVERNOR,
Frank J. Hall, Rushville.JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
B. Laird, Logansport.ATTORNEY GENERAL,
Walter J. Lotz, Muncie.SECRETARY OF STATE,
James F. Cox, Columbus.AUDITOR OF STATE,
Marion Balfay, Linton.TREASURER OF STATE,
John Isenbarger, N. Manchester.APPELLATE JUDGE,
E. W. Felt, Greenfield.REPORTER SUPREME COURT,
Curt New, North Vernon.STATE STATISTICIAN,
P. J. Kelleher, Indianapolis.STATE SUPERINTENDENT,
Robert J. Aley, Bloomington.

PUTNAM COUNTY TICKET

REPRESENTATIVE,
D. B. Hostetter,TREASURER,
Jasper MillerSHERIFF,
Frank Stroube.COMMISSIONER, THIRD DIST.,
Ed Houck.CORONER,
R. J. Gillispie,SURVEYOR,
Alice Lane.COMMISSIONER, 2nd DIST.,
George E. Rainey.

JOINT DISTRICT TICKET

FOR CONGRESS
Ralph MossFOR PROSECUTOR
James P. HughesFOR JOINT SENATOR
F. C. Tilden.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

For Trustee,
Lincoln Snyder.FOR ASSESSOR,
John W. Cherry.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

The Star & Democrat has been authorized by State Committee to receive contributions for the campaign. All money received will be forwarded to the Democratic State Committee, to be used in securing and distributing political literature, paying the expenses of speakers and paying organizations. Contributions of \$1.00 and above may be left at this office. We urge prompt and liberal action. The names of contributors, and the amount given will be forwarded to the State Committee, which will mail a receipt to each person signed by the chairman. d w t f

POLITICAL SLANDERS.

The present campaign will pass down in history as the most virulent and personal since the Cleveland-Bain campaign. Especially in Indiana has the campaign for governor become a stench in the nostrils of decent men. Some persons, posing as moral reformers, have stooped to the lowest depths of slander and falsehood in insinuations against Marshall. Others have raked over the record of Watson's life, exaggerated what was found there, and given to the world a slanderous estimate of the man. Marshall is accused by Hanly of being for the saloons, and the declaration is denied by Marshall, whose reputation for veracity is at least equal to that of Hanly, and possibly superior when it comes to politics. We are told that all the evil forces are seeking to elect Marshall, a statement not proved beyond the fact that Watson stated it upon the stump. Watson is accused of having gone to the saloon keepers in many counties and assured them that if they will support the Republican ticket the Republicans will use all the power of the political machine to

defeat county local option in the county. It is also alleged that Ex-Governor Durbin has made some arrangements with the brewers of the state on behalf of Watson. Further we are assured that in Muncie and Indianapolis and other cities we find saloon men and temperance men working side by side for Watson. Such is the rot that voters are asked to read. In their hearts they know that neither side states facts. They are campaign statements, unproved, unprovable. It simply shows the lack of purity and honesty in American politics that such things can exist. Let decent men cease this form of campaigning. Thus the Indianapolis Star, when Marshall delivered his Richmond speech, declared that he was a "man of such fiber that no one should be ought but pleased to see him sit four years in the executive chair." Now it denounces him, for political purposes and for cash, as a very rascal. Should he be elected we shall hear from that same organ praise of the character of Marshall. It is time that, as American voters, we rise above such things.

THE CAMPAIGN LIE.

The opening days of the last week of the campaign have been noteworthy because of the number of willful misstatements that have been sent out by the Republican party leaders. Men who have become notorious for their lack of political honesty, and are far-known for their broken political pledges, have taken the stump and the pen to pour out falsehood and misrepresentation.

They believe that their statements will have weight. We are sorry to say they will. Under the influence of campaign bias men will believe things they would ordinarily pass by with a shrug. Thus the lie as to Marshall's record as a temperance man is being broad-casted again. It is being stated that he has been drunk and that his wife accompanies him to prevent such a lapse. And this in spite of the declaration, over his own name, of the clergyman of Mr. Marshall's church in Columbia City. The nailing of such a bare-faced falsehood should lead all voters to be wary of all statements issued from such a source. This week's papers will be filled with insincerity. The stump will be made the place for distributing misstatement, not by all Republican speakers but by many. When you see or hear, this week, believe in proportion to the record for political honesty of him who writes and speaks. And then you will believe too much.

The letter from Mr. Foster Picket appearing in another column of today's Herald should be read by everyone. It's argument is sound, and the light it throws upon some of the claims of the Republican party in regard to prohibition is illuminating. Some time since the Herald noted that the Prohibitionists of Putnam County did not intend to scratch their own ticket in favor of the Republican nominees. This letter confirms the statement and gives the reasons for the action of staunch members of the Prohibition party. The letter is well worth reading.

It is a remarkable fact that the men who are opposing Marshall in Indiana because he is said, by them, to have the support of the brewers, are supporting Taft, who has the united support of all the brewers of the country and of other interests usually considered contrary to good government and good morals. This on the word of the national Prohibition paper. Can it be that there is interest in temperance only for political purposes among those who shout so loudly at all times these days?

Official election returns from the county, state and nation will be received at the Star-Democrat office Tuesday night. The returns will be thrown by a lantern onto a screen which will be hung on the Hurst Buggy Co. store. There will be room for all.

This is the day of street arguments on politics, something that is altogether a waste of breath and labor. No one was ever convinced by such methods. They usually result, not in changed politics, but in loss of dignity and sometimes in a broken head.

Democratic success is in the air. Bryan, Kern, Marshall and the whole bunch will be declared winners by the voters when they cast their votes at the polls next Tuesday.

Every Democrat get out and vote early Tuesday morning. Then get every other Democrat to do the same.

Get ready to whoop her up for Governor Marshall and all the rest of the bunch on Tuesday night.

Putnam County will roll up the largest Democratic majority in its history.

DEMOCRATIC NEWS

Another Trust "Busted."

We had something to say a few days ago of the probable absorption of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company by Rockefeller, and its transfer by him to the steel trust. Now it has been announced that the Rockefeller and Harriman interests have made their first "official move" through Colorado Fuel and Iron toward assuming complete control of the Gould system of properties. As we have seen the new treasurer of the Colorado company is a Rockefeller man. Now it is said that Gould has been displaced by a Rockefeller man, and it is "unofficially stated in the street that the property would soon be turned over to the steel trust." As the Colorado company has Bessemer furnaces, but no Bessemer ore, while the steel trust has both, it is believed that the stock, in the hands of the steel trust, will be worth double its present price. And when we have this:

So enthusiastic have the insiders of the steel trust become on their stock that the estimates of net earnings for the third quarter, which will be made public next Tuesday, continue to grow. Starting at \$25,000,000 about two weeks ago, they have had to be raised to \$26,000,000, and now it looks as though they might do half a million better. Orders are on the books to assure at least \$30,000,000 for the last quarter of the year. The fact that the trust is able to earn above \$95,000,000 for the worst year in its history is significant.

It is indeed very significant. There are many individuals and enterprises who have failed to realize anything like this rate on their capital or industry. But the steel trust has been able in this year of depression to earn almost \$100,000,000 on a capitalization of a little more than a billion dollars, and on an actual valuation of its original investment of \$500,000,000. It owes no small portion of its success to the power which we have given to it to lay taxes on the people of this country. Only the other day it gobbled up the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, with the "permission" of the President. Now it is going to get hold of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. If there is anywhere anything else that it wants, we suppose it will take it. All that is necessary is for some bank holding trust stocks to get into trouble, and then for Morgan and Rockefeller to come to its "rescue," take the trust stocks off its hands at a figure far below the market price, effect a merger with the steel trust, and then obtain the consent of the President. Now it is going to get hold of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. If there is anywhere anything else that it wants, we suppose it will take it. All that is necessary is for some bank holding trust stocks to get into trouble, and then for Morgan and Rockefeller to come to its "rescue," take the trust stocks off its hands at a figure far below the market price, effect a merger with the steel trust, and then obtain the consent of the President. Now it is going to get hold of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. If there is anywhere anything else that it wants, we suppose it will take it. 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COUNTY NEWS

As Reported by Hustling Correspondents.

BROADPARK.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilcox and children visited at William Scottan's ear Hall Saturday night and Sunday.

John Stringer and family visited at Nathaniel Stringer's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Dorsett and son, Kenneth, visited at Cleve Parker's Sunday afternoon.

Thomas Broadstreet was at Indianpolis Saturday.

Mrs. Sechman and daughter, Mary near Mt. Meridian and Mrs. Joe Schuman and little son visited at Mr. Horne Buis' one day last week.

Archie Curtis and family visited Rube McAninch's Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. David Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Hodge and Miss Eva Dodge visited at Walter Allee's Sunday afternoon.

Aunt Phoebe Wood is at Nathaniel Stringer's this week.

Thomas Broadstreet and family visited Edgar Hicks of near Messena Sunday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Phillips, October 21, a son.

Dow Boles and wife and Add Wilson and wife visited at Alec Lewis Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Wilcox visited Mrs. John Stringer Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Ojal Dorsett and little sister, Minnie visited at their grandfather, Nathaniel Stringer's from Friday un-

til Sunday.

Miss Vita Buis visited Miss Anna Wallace Monday.

Misses Ida and Lottie Wallace visited Miss Mildred Stringer Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy McAninch spent Wednesday night at Cleve Parker's.

Alec Lewis continues seriously ill.

Roscoe Broadstreet spent Thursday night with Frank Wallace of Green-

castle.

ROACHDALE.

The Plainfield high school football team played the Roachdale team here Saturday with a victory for the former—the score being 32 to 4.

Miss Ella Walsh spent Sunday night with the Misses Keough at Bainbridge.

O. F. Browning while walking down the steps of his store met with quite a painful accident last Friday. His ankle turned and he fell spraining his ankle. Dr. Straub was called to give him medical attention.

Plans are being perfected for a basketball team in the school.

Ward Lovett who has been quite sick is slowly improving.

Mrs. J. W. Walsh returned from French Lick last Friday.

A. C. Lockridge went to Indianapolis Thursday and purchased an automobile.

Miss Lela Crosby spent the latter part of last week with relatives in Indianapolis.

The first number of the lecture course will be given Saturday afternoon, October 31, in the hall. It consists of twenty-five musicians or The Victor Venetian Band of Chicago.

The Philomath Club is preparing for a little social on hallowe'en at the home of Mrs. Bazell.

Dr. C. N. Stroube and family spent Sunday with relatives in Bainbridge where there was quite a large number of Mrs. Stroube's family present.

The Taft special passed through here last Friday morning and our townspeople turned out to see the distinguished man.

GOLDEN HILLS.

School was opened at Center again Monday after being closed one week on account of diphtheria.

Eva Herod who has diphtheria is getting better and the quarantine will be removed in a few days.

Work on the gravel road was delayed on account of the pit caving in but has been begun again and the road will be completed in a few days.

Albert Runnels went to Wm. Clark's sale near Winchendon Monday and purchased a horse, carriage, three cows and son tools. Mr. Clark is a former resident of this community and is well known here. His many friends will be sorry when he leaves to make his home in Iowa.

Joe Smith's children are reported to have diphtheria.

Bro. Shields the pastor of the M. E. church at Contesville will preach at Center immediately after Sunday School next Sunday.

Muriel Runnels was reported to have diphtheria but it is a mistake.

There was no Sunday School at Center last Sunday. Dr. King of Greencastle, the county health officer came out and disinfected the building and it is now safe.

Mr. and Mrs. James Walton and Hazel Chandler spent the day at John Walton's at Coatesville one day last week.

Sunday School and preaching at Center Sunday.

Roland and Eugenia Pickett who have typhoid fever are getting along nicely.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH Dr. King's New Discovery FOR COUCHS AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. PRICE 50c & \$1.00. Trial Bottle Free. GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

MT. MERIDIAN.

There will be services at this place Sunday and Sunday night.

Mrs. Otha Elmore and children spent Friday afternoon with Mrs. Lizzie Fox.

The Northern Star Club met at Greencastle Saturday with Miss Roxie Mason.

Davie Hurst and family and Virgil Hurst spent Saturday night at Vernie Kivitt's.

Little Averill Smith has returned home after a two weeks' visit with her grandparents, Sig Smith and wife.

Cora Collins and daughter, Veneta, spent Friday at George Collin's.

D. V. Moffett and wife spent Sunday at Will Hurst's.

George Osborne and family and Doc Hurst and family spent Sunday at Squire Hurst's.

Herschel Buis and wife and son, Emmett and Lee Lewis, spent Sunday at Taber Hurst's.

Everett Masten and family spent Saturday night and Sunday at Edgar Allee's.

T. J. Hurst and family spent Sunday at D. V. Hurst's.

Mr. Wright spent a few days last week visiting his parents.

Ray Sallust and wife spent Saturday night and Sunday visiting his parents, Mr. Clay Reeves and wife.

Walter Vermillion and wife spent Saturday night and Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Effie Smythe.

Oran Kivitt spent Saturday night with his brother, Vernie Kivitt.

Liza Ward spent Saturday night at Lafe McCoy's.

Ella Albin and Otha Meek, Minnie Hurst and Frank Morrison went to see the dredge boat last Sunday afternoon.

NORTH JACKSON.

Rev. Daily, John R. Cox and wife, Riley Eggers and David Murphy took dinner at Rube Wall's Sunday.

Mathew Eggers and wife, Mrs. Darnall, Jack Inman and John Craver visited at Wm. Wall's Sunday.

Mayme Key has returned home from school and is again taking music lessons.

Mrs. Henry Wilson and father visited Roy Ponder who is very ill with typhoid fever, Sunday.

George Walls still continues quite poorly.

Ben McCloud and wife, Everett Peterman and family, Charles Eggers and family, Walter Eggers and wife, visited at Dal Eggers Sunday.

Rev. Inman of Clay County is holding meetings at Friendship church this week.

Rev. John R. Daily filled his regular appointment at Friendship Sunday and spent Sunday night at Wm. Wells.

Lon Payne and wife spent Monday at Dal Eggers.

Rev. Inman spent Tuesday night with Rev. L. T. Buchanan.

A great many from here went to see Bryan at Ronchdale last week.

Rube Walls and wife gave a musical entertainment for their neighbors one night last week.

Uncle Jesse Eggers is seriously ill at this writing.

LOCUST GROVE.

L. C. Beaman of Quincy visited his mother here Sunday.

Harry Potter of Bridgeton who has been visiting his grandfather, Frei Hansel, returned home Monday.

There was meeting at the Shaker church last Sunday night with a very large attendance. Bro. Akers preached.

Ross Moore visited Mr. McCarty at Mill Grove last Sunday.

A basketball team is being organized in the grove.

Andy Wright bought a cow of Mac Beaman last week.

Grandma Beaman still remains in a critical condition.

Mrs. Moore's sister and family of Belle Union visited her over Saturday night.

Olive Herbert who has been visiting at Brady Jones' returned home Sunday.

Mr. Johnson had an unexpected and unknown visitor one night last week after they had retired. When Mr. Johnson started to greet him he departed hurriedly leaving in his excitement a flour sack. Just wait till Bryan is elected and they won't have to do anything like stealing for a living.

SOMERSET.

The old folks meeting here last Sunday was fairly well attended.

Uly Young read a paper relating to the early days of the church. Dr. Collins of Bainbridge also gave an interesting talk.

Elder Burnam will begin a series of meetings here the last of November assisted by a Greencastle minister.

Clay Frank has moved to Brick Chapel. Will Ferrand will move to the place vacated by Mr. Frank.

The Judy sale will be Thursday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Ferrand and little daughter, Ferol, returned Saturday from a visit with relatives in Emporia, Kansas. They report a big rain followed by a 4-inch fall of snow just before leaving that place.

Work is progressing nicely on our road over a mile having been finished

MALTA.

Mrs. Mat Elliott and Mrs. Nathan Underwood called on Mrs. Jess Elliott last Saturday.

Sam Campbell had a barn raising last Saturday.

A new preacher is expected to hold service here next Sabbath.

Alva Smith is going to move to his property in Fillmore soon.

Tarven Wright visited his sons, John and Ollie over Sunday.

The school house is undergoing repairs, so there was no school Thursday and Friday.

The veterinary surgeon performed

on Nichols called on Mrs. Jess Elliott Thursday evening.

Sam Campbell's new house is now being plastered.

Mrs. Mary Campbell and Miss Mary Stanley of Coatesville visited Mrs. Sam Campbell one day last week.

Mrs. Frank Garrett spent the day with Mrs. Henry Phillips last Friday.

Ollie Bales and wife are visiting her father this week.

Mrs. Jo Garrett starts to Kentucky soon to visit her father.

Leona Smith has been real sick but is better at present.

Mrs. Bertie Nichols and Miss Statie Phillips and Miss Gladys Elliott spent the day with Mrs. Maria Campbell last Tuesday.

Miss Eva Walls called at Will Shuck's last Tuesday.

Mrs. Frank Garrett, Mrs. Lewis Garrett and Mrs. Leola Garrett visited Mrs. Jess Elliott last Tuesday afternoon.

Will Shuck was in Fillmore last Monday.

NORTH WASHINGTON.

William Danbury died away to Brazil last Thursday afternoon on the 2 o'clock interurban car and returned on the seven o'clock car bringing a wife with him.

Several from this township went to Bryan at Greencastle.

Cora Urton is busy weaving carpet.

Mrs. Mary Clark visited at Mrs. Salie Pierson's Wednesday.

Cora and Lizzie Urton quilted for Mrs. William McMurry Wednesday.

Mrs. John Urton spent the day last Thursday with her brother, Berry Brown.

George, Lee and Mary Brown visited at their grandfathers last Saturday night and Sunday.

Ralph, Roy and Clark Herbert spent the day last Sunday at Mr. Brown's.

Died at Huntingburg, Perry Gose. He was reared near Reelsville and leaves to mourn his demise a wife and two children, also his parents, four brothers and two sisters, Mrs. Anna Hutcheson and Mrs. Hester Rollings.

Not a very large crowd at Sunday School last Sunday.

Come out next Sunday and hear the new preacher, Arthur Scott.

George Akers' well is not completed yet, down 150 feet and no water.

The new railroad bridge is completed.

Berry Brown visited George Summers Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Sarah Fox Sunday evening.

Mrs. Sallie Pierson spent the day last Sunday with Mrs. John Urton.

A CURE FOR HOG CHOLERA.

Hog Cholera or Swine Plague as it is sometimes called is a highly contagious disorder.

When a hog shows any symptoms of this disease, he should be isolated at once and the pen fumigated in order to save the other hogs if possible.

Mix one part Sloan's Liniment with two parts milk in a bottle and give every sick hog a tablespoonful of this mixture for three days. Sloan's Liniment is a powerful antiseptic, kills the disease germs, soothes all inflammation and acts as a tonic to the animal.

A. J. McCarthy of Idaville, Ind., says: "My hogs had hog cholera three days before we got Sloan's Liniment, which was recommended to me by a neighbor who was using it with success. I have used it now for three days and my hogs are almost well. One hog died before I got the Liniment, but I have not lost any since."

Mr. G. W. Balsbaugh of Peru, Ind., writes: "I had four pigs that were coughing and were not doing well. I gave them some of Sloan's Liniment and they got better at once."

Sloan's book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free. Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

TATER RIDGE.

Wm. Purcell and wife and Charlie Purcell and wife visited George Purcell and wife near Greencastle Sunday.

Grandma Beaman still remains in a critical condition.

Mrs. Moore's sister and family of Belle Union visited her over Saturday night.

Emra Wright and family visited at Lewis Ogle's Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Proctor and Mrs. Ettie Crews went to Greencastle Monday.

Four of the blues were called out to play their polls that were in

FRESHMEN ARE WINNERS

First Year Men Beat the Sophomores
In the Annual Celebration of Old
Gold Day—Have no Trouble in
Winning the Scrap and Basketball
Game.

OLD GOLD DAY A BIG SUCCESS

In spite of the Saturday weather Old Gold Day was again a great success. The celebration started off with a rousing chapel meeting, then the underclass contests were held. In the afternoon the seniors played the juniors as a curtain raiser to the Georgetown-DePauw game, and at night there was a Love Feast of the faculty and student body held in Mehbary Hall.

The first event of the day was the joint chapel meeting held in Mehbary Hall at which everything was done to arouse more spirit. The classes took up much of the time with their yells and then several speeches were made by the leading men present. Basketball, Freshmen 23, Sophs. 3.

Then the crowd assembled at the tennis court to witness the annual basketball game between the two underclasses. This proved to be rather uninteresting as the first year men had no trouble at all to place the goals. The freshmen team was composed of unusually fast material, which will undoubtedly be used by the Varsity later.

McNaughton, the former Prep captain and Wolf carried off the honors for the freshmen. The score was 23 to 3.

The football game which was played immediately afterward turned the tables. The sophomores had the heavier team and had more training, but in spite of this the contest was very close until the last minutes of play.

Football, Sophs. 10, Fresh. 0.

Within five minutes after the game was opened, the sophomores carried the oval to the forty yard line where Crouch made a pretty place kick against the wind. Score, sophomores 4; freshmen, 0.

Following many pretty plays and one successful forward pass, the sophomores carried the ball within striking distance but lost it by a fumble. Time was called with the score unchanged.

During the second half the freshmen braced up and the game was very uncertain. But with one minute to play Crouch attempted another place kick for the sophomores. The wind was too strong against him and the pigskin fell short. The freshmen fumbled and a second year man stepped through for a touchdown. Goal was kicked. Final score 10 to 0 in favor of the sophomores.

Scrap, Fresh. 7; Soph., 6.

Following this contest the annual scrap, this time in the form of a "tie up," was indulged in by the two classes.

The order of the scrap was for each side to tie up the men of the other side. Each class was allowed to use thirty men and each was given two ropes. The scrap lasted twenty minutes and afforded much amusement to the crowd. This scrap unlike the old ones resulted in no casualty and injured list, as the judges allowed no rough nor unfair play. At the end of the allotted time, the freshmen had seven men tied while the sophomores had six.

The first year men thus secured a complete victory over their older brothers. They carried off 75 points, 25 for basketball victory and 70 for scrap victory to their opponents 25 for the football and thus won the pennant.

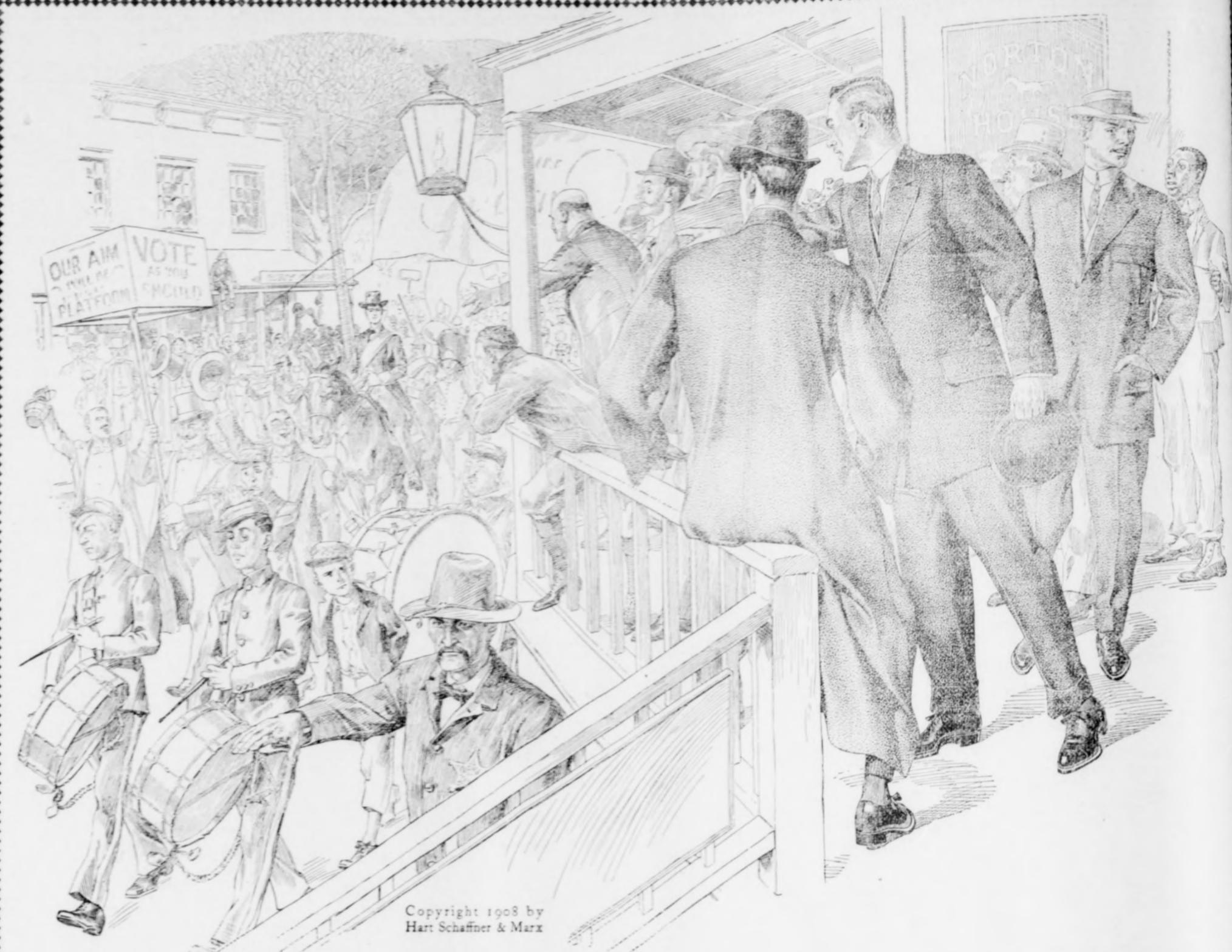
The Flag Pole.

The celebration of the day then ceased until after dinner. Last year the fair sex of DePauw were much chagrined in that they had no share of the fun, so this year they gave the flag pole dance. This occurred at 1:20 this afternoon. The girls all dressed in white gave their exercises on the campus. The pole was decorated with two shades of old gold, the college color.

Later in the afternoon the seniors played the juniors as a curtain raiser to the DePauw-Georgetown game. In the intervals between the halves the classes held parades around the field. The spirit, enthusiasm and support which they gave the DePauw team was of the kind for which DePauw is widely noted.

The music for the day was furnished by the Putnamville band.

If you are a sufferer from piles, Manzan Pile Remedy will bring relief with the first application. Guaranteed. Price 50c. Sold by Badger & Green.



Copyright 1908 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

THE campaign for good clothes is now in full swing; every man who cares how he looks, and who cares what it costs to look that way, will get what he wants and ought to have, by coming into our clothes-voting place any day now and casting his ballot for our

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

That's our clothes-candidate; and the platform is one that no sensible man can refuse to stand on. Honest, all-wool fabrics, without any cheapening cotton to lessen service and looks; highest quality of all other materials—linings, trimmings and the rest; the best of tailoring, in sanitary shops, under the most perfect conditions; and style that's absolutely and reliably correct.

That's the platform; and the prices are such as not to stand in the way of any man to take his place on it.

If you want to be right on this clothes question, you'll have to get right into Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes; and we'll have to sell them to you. Come in any day now; the new suits are fine: many rich colors and patterns, fine blue serges and black Thibets; overcoats, too, of fine patterns

New models this fall, very smart; the styles are very stunning. Suits, \$15 to \$30; overcoats \$15 to \$30.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes.

THE MODEL Clothing Company

TILL AFTER THE ELECTION

Many Fear That the Weather Men, Following the Example of the Republican Party Have Postponed all Rain Till After November 3d.

For several days it has been trying very hard to rain. Local forecasters and those supposedly wise in the ways of the weather have told us that rain was due and we would get our share. It has, thus far, however, been all in vain. Clouds there have been, and wind and changes from warm to cold and from cold to warm again, but no rain.

We have a large amount of money to loan at 5 per cent on good farm loans. Broadstreet & Vestal, Green castle, Ind.

Now we have at least a hint as to

the reason for all this. The rain is to be postponed till after the election. The weather men are all appointed by the Republicans, and therefore partake of the Republican point of view. Republicans are radically opposed to doing anything—till after the election, except work work work. It is feared that rain might interfere with that work, or anger some one who has declared that it will not rain till it snows. Hence the rain will also be put off till after the election. And this is the cause of the many clouds and no rain.

dw-tf

CLERKS ARE ENTERTAINED

The clerks at Allen Bros. store spent a most delightful day Sunday as the guests of Mrs. L. D. Sechman, living nine miles east. They drove out early in order to put in full time on the day of pleasure they anticipated. And they found the day all too short for them. To say they were royally entertained, they claim, is putting it too mildly. Music and conversation, kodak picture-making and horseback riding were some of the diversions. The dinner was a very important feature, and was lavish in quantity and delicious in quality. In fact serious

fears were entertained for the clerks' ability to handle the trade Mon but no serious results are manifest and all unite in their praises of Mrs. Sechman's hospitality. Following are the names of those present: Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Allen, Jr., and little daughter, Cornelia. Misses Clara Smith, Rose Haspel, Gertrude Hawkins, Beulah Pierce, Mamie Long, Myrtle Fry, Emma Johnson and Lula Shildmeyer.

Bees Laxative Syrup always brings quick relief to coughs, colds, hoarseness, whooping-cough and all bronchial and throat trouble. Mothers especially recommend it for children. Pleasant to take, gently laxative. Sold by Badger & Green.

REPUBLICAN BANKER'S VIEW
A Republican Banker hit the man on the head today when he expressed himself regarding the proposed bank guarantee legislation which the Democratic National platform declares for.

He was told that many Republicans were in favor of Bank Guarantee. "Oh, that's all right," he said. "It's a good thing and lots of Republicans are in favor of it, but they are not in favor of having the Democratic party arrange for it."

Rings Little Liver Pills for biliousness, sickness, headache. They keep you well. Try them. Sold by Badger & Green.

**UIT OR
VERCOAT
O-MEASURE
\$18.00 AND
UP.
WARD**

nest and largest selections
of woolens in the city.

FIT GUARANTEED

UTHERLIN

on Broadstreet. W. B. Vestal

Estate and Loan Agency

And Abstract of Title.

ROADSTREET & VESTAL

trade and rent real estate and
make loans. All business in trust-
them receives prompt atten-
Call and see them.

Farmer's Friend

The Ohio Farmers Insurance Co
has paid the farmers of Putnam
more money in the last two
years than all other insurance com-
panies, doing a farm business, in
the county.

Richardson & Hurs
PHONE 22
NO. 9 SOUTH INDIANA ST.

MONUMENTS

Large stock of marble and granite
monuments to select from. Place
order with us.

DENNY & RANDOLPH

103 E. Franklin St., Greencastle

PARIS FOR SALE—

TEXAS...

We are selling Panhandle Lands
at \$100 per acre, \$4 down and 10 years' time, 6
percent interest. Write for maps and circu-
lars about this wonderful country.

John T. Martindale & Co.,
Board of Trade, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

CLARENCE O. BUIS

—LOCAL AGENT—
Phone 450 GREENCASTLE, IND.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE'S NOTICE

I will be at my office at my resi-
dence in Floyd Township, for the
transaction of office business, on
Wednesday of each week.

LEWIS C. WILSON,
Trustee Floyd Township.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE'S NOTICE

I will attend to the business of
my office as Trustee of Jackson town-
ship on Friday of each week, at my
residence.

G. A. Wilson,
Trustee Jackson Township

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE'S NOTICE

I will be found at my residence on
Friday of each week, to attend to
the business connected with the office
of Trustee of Jefferson township,

Putnam County, Indiana.

OTHO VERMILION,
Trustee Jefferson Township.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE'S NOTICE

I will be at my office at my resi-
dence in Marion township, for the
transaction of office business, on
Friday of each week, and on Tues-
day at Fillmore.

J. B. BUNTER,
Trustee Marion Township.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE'S NOTICE

I will be in my office to transact
business at my home on Tuesday and
Friday of each week.

J. O. SIGLER,
Trustee Clinton Township.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE'S NOTICE

I will attend to the business of
my office as trustee of Washington

township on Wednesday of each
week, at my residence, and at Reels-
ville on 1st, 3d and 5th Saturdays of
each month.

J. D. RADER,
Trustee Washington Township.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE'S NOTICE

I will be at my office, at my home,
on Friday of each week, for the
transaction of Township business.

R. C. HODGE,
Trustee Mill Creek Township.

**GUARANTEEING
BANK DEPOSITS**
Democratic Position Sound—
Landis and Hughes Disagree.

**THE REPUBLICAN PARTY
AND LIQUOR LEGISLATION**

[From a Speech by Hon. S. M. Ralston
at Lebanon, Oct. 14, 1908.]

"We pledge ourselves to legislation
under which the national banks shall
be required to establish a guaranty
fund for the prompt payment of the
depositors of any insolvent national
bank, under an equitable system which
shall be available to all state banking
institutions wishing to use it."—Democ-
ratic National Platform.

Now it would seem that this plank
of our platform appeals so favorably
to the people that scarcely anyone puts
up an argument against it. Repub-
lican orators have, as a rule, up to
date, had but little use for any plat-
form; and I apprehend that no one
has any trouble in accounting for the
course they have pursued in abandon-
ing the platform of their own party.

Governor Hughes of New York, how-
ever, has felt that this plank in our
platform was growing so rapidly in
popularity that some sort of a showing
should be made against it, and he has
recently therefore attacked it.

And what are his objections to it?
I want to state them fairly. He says:

(1) "An honest institution comply-
ing with the restrictions of the law
should not be saddled with the re-
sults of other men's misdeeds.

(2) "It will lead to reckless banking
by enabling men without the proper
resources to go into the banking busi-
ness.

(3) "The guarantee fund would take
money out of circulation and deprive
it of the power to earn interest."

If he has pointed out any objection
in addition to these to this plank I
have been unable to discover it. Are
these sufficient to condemn the policy
our party suggests?

I cannot recall any restrictive legis-
lation touching commercial matters to
which his first objection does not apply
with the same force as it does to the
proposal to guarantee the depositor
against loss. It will hardly do to
insist that all restrictive legislation
should be repealed because it imposes
additional burdens upon honest men.

And how is it as to his second ob-
jection? Men cannot organize a banking
corporation unless they comply with
the law providing for such corpora-
tions. They must have the necessary
capital—the necessary resources—and the
law governing banking should be so strong
that designing men cannot thwart it. If
every bank is required to contribute to
the payment of the depositors of a
failing institution, then every bank
will become an inspector of every
other bank. There would thus be created
a spirit of watchfulness from
ocean to ocean against reckless banking.

So under such a method it would
be impossible, when we consider the
duties of regular bank examiners, for
a bank to go very far wrong before its
assets would be seized by the govern-
ment.

In his third objection the governor
assumes the fund would have to be
held as dead capital. The plank in
question does not go into detail as to
how the fund shall be kept or handled.
It simply declares for a principle, and
if the principle is sound it will not do
to say that the statesmanship of our
country cannot devise a rational
scheme by which the people can enjoy
the benefit of the principle.

Now my fellow citizens, I want to
congratulate you that all Republicans
do not take the view of the bank guar-
antee proposition that Gov. Hughes
does. One of the most eloquent ap-
peals I have read in favor of a law
guaranteeing depositors against loss
was made by a Republican. It is true
he has not been repeating his speech
since his party adopted the Chicago
platform, but I am going to give him
credit for still holding the same views
he expressed in the speech to which I
refer, until he repudiates them. The
distinguished Republican to whom I
refer is our handsome and brilliant
representative in congress, Hon. Chas.
B. Landis. The speech was made on
the occasion of his last nomination at
Frankfort, March 5th, 1908. I read
what he said on this subject:

"I would also put into the bill a pro-
vision subjecting all national banks
to a small tax to raise a fund out of
which depositors who lose money in
banks that fail shall be reimbursed.

To restore confidence to the people in
the banks—to my mind that is the
chief object now to be attained. The
failure of one great bank in New York
leads the depositors throughout the
country to fear a failure of their local
bank, and the quiet yet steady with-
drawal of deposits sets in. Soon there
are runs upon the banks and then
there is a panic. If the depositors
knew that Uncle Sam had the custody
of a fund out of which he could pay
any depositor who lost a dollar in a
national bank, there would be no run
on a national bank. I cannot but think
that a provision of this character added
to our present currency law would

do more to restore immediate confi-
dence and revive the business of the
country than any other that has been
suggested. It is a matter of common
information that the banking associa-
tions are liable under the law for twice
the amount of their capital stock. Say
a bank is capitalized at \$100,000; the
stockholders are liable for \$200,000.
But the bank accepts deposits to an
unlimited extent, up to \$500,000. Thus
there is one-half of the deposits with
no other guarantee than the integrity
and business ability of the banker. No
one can borrow money from a bank,
and rightly so, without giving security.
No man can be expected to deposit
money in a bank without a feeling of
absolute security, and if the govern-
ment provided such a fund as I have
mentioned for reimbursement, the depos-
itor would have this feeling of se-
curity."

"I am glad to say that there is not
a single national banker in this dis-
trict with whom I have talked or cor-
responded, and I have been in touch
with nearly all of them, who does not
endorse this proposition. They feel
that the small tax that they would
have to pay—not to exceed one-eighth
or one-sixth of one per cent—would be
offset many times by the increased de-
posits that would force legislation of
a similar character for private and
state banks and in the end the depos-
itor would have absolute security. This
would give confidence to the depositor
in the private and state bank, and with
full confidence on the part of all de-
positors, coupled with closer investiga-
tion and inspection, I feel that a
panic similar to that through which we
are now passing would be next to im-
possible."

Thus it is seen, so recent as last
March, Mr. Landis favored guaranteeing
depositors against loss, for the
reasons:

1. It would prevent runs on banks.
2. It would do more to restore confi-
dence and revive business than any
other scheme suggested.
3. Because there is no guarantee for
one-half of the deposits, as banks now
do business, except the integrity and
business ability of the banker.
4. No man can be expected to de-
posit money in a bank without a feel-
ing of absolute security.
5. Because all the bankers in this
district with whom he has communica-
ted on the subject, and he has been in
touch with nearly all of them, favor it.
6. The small per cent a bank would
have to pay toward the guarantee fund
would be offset many times by in-
creased deposits.
7. It would render next to impos-
sible a panic like the one through which
we are now passing.

I am always amazed at the lucidity
with which a Republican can argue in
support of a Democratic proposition,
when he champions it. What a world
beater the average Republican orator
would be if he had under his feet a
whole Democratic platform.

Governor Hughes could state only
three objections to this plank, while
Mr. Landis without any apparent effort,
stated seven reasons—all sound I
submit—in support of it.

Minors Can Buy Whisky.

There has not been an election in
Indiana since 1892 at which the Repub-
lican party did not receive the
solid support of the liquor and brew-
ery interests of this state. Anyone
calling this statement in question dis-
closes his ignorance or want of sin-
cerity. These influences have helped
to elect Republican presidents, Repub-
lican governors, Republican United
States senators and Republican state
tickets, and yet Republican leaders
have always managed to have a smile
for the temperance advocate. They
have smiled upon him while they have
had a hearty hand for the saloon
champion. True to their methods in
the past, they are now seeking to
make a campaign asset of their party's
liquor legislation, while they continue
to hold on to the hand of the saloon
keeper.

I am not charging or intimating that
there has been no good legislation on
the liquor question while the Repub-
lican party has controlled the legislature,
for such a statement would not be
warranted; but I do charge that while
the Republican party professes to be
the great champion of temperance, its
leaders and managers have constantly
striven to placate the liquor interests
and hold them in line for Republican
tickets.

But while I have conceded that
there has been some proper legislation
on this subject by this party, it does
not follow that all its liquor legis-
lation should be approved. Everyone
recalls the demand of the people for
blind tiger legislation at the last reg-
ular session of the general assembly
of our state, and that it was at that
session that the law, known as the
blind tiger act, was enacted.

The above is a part of the tar-
iff plank of the Republican national plat-
form. But getting the idea from some
source that it was part of a speech by
Mr. Bryan, two Republican newspa-
pers, the Omaha Bee and the Portland
Oregonian, declared that the proposi-
tion was meaningless and absurd. One
of these papers said that "never will
there be any genuine reform of the
tariff upon the principle stated above
by Candidate Bryan." As Mr. Bryan
did not state this "principle," but the
Republican party did state it in its
platform, Democrats will agree that
there will never be any genuine re-
form of the tariff under it. They will
also agree that the Republican party
does not intend to bring about "any
genuine reform of the tariff" or of any
thing else.

Section 3 of the Beardsley act provides
that "All laws and parts of laws in con-
flict with the provisions of this act
are hereby repealed."

Section 2 of this latter act provides
among other things: "It shall be law
for any druggist or pharmacist to sell
vinous or spirituous liquors in
quantities not less than a quart at a
time for medicinal, industrial or sci-
entific purposes, and for no other pur-
poses, and then only upon the written
(not printed or typewritten) prescrip-
tion of a reputable physician in active
practice, or upon the written and sign-
ed application of any other person
who is personally known to such drug-
gist or pharmacist and who is by his
knowledge not to be a person in the habit
of using intoxicating liquors as a bev-
erage."

The words "any other person" in
clude both minors and adults—both
male and female—and thus we see
that by a solemn act of the legisla-
ture the Republican party has author-
ized druggists to sell intoxicating
liquors in quantities not less than a
quart at a time to minors—to both
girls and boys.

So, my fellow-Democrats, when Re-
publicans urge you to vote their ticket
because of their party's position on the
temperance question, you remind them
that you are opposed to the selling of
intoxicating liquors to the boys and
girls of your state.

GUARANTEEING DEPOSITS.

The Republican party went wrong
on the bank guaranty proposition be-
cause the interests that control it
would not let it be right. Having gone
wrong it stays wrong and is forcing
some of its leaders to stultify them-
selves and deny their own convictions.
Take the case of Congressman Fowler
chairman of the house committee on
banking and currency. He is now quot-
ed as saying that the proposal to
guarantee bank deposits is a "prepos-
terous and ridiculous scheme."

And yet it was only the 8th of last
January when Mr. Fowler introduced
in congress a bill "To establish a sim-
ple and scientific monetary system

* * * and to guarantee all deposits,"
etc. On January 27 Mr. Fowler made
a speech in favor of his bill in which
among other things, he declared that
the guaranteeing of deposits was nec-
essary to "prevent panic and the hoard-
ing of money." Answering the very
objection that Republican writers and
speakers are now raising, Mr. Fowler
said:

"Mr. Chairman, it is not too high a
price to pay to lay upon the altar of
some man's ambition all the business
interests of this country and still con-
tinue the habit of panics, the destruc-
tion of credit, and waste of business.
On the one side there is personal am-
bition, vanity, the supposed advan-
tage to a few hundred men; on the other
side, millions of depositors with six-
teen billions of deposits to their credit
in our banks and the families of 20,
000,000 American toilers. Which side
shall we choose? Where does the
duty of congress lie?"

"Mr. Chairman, so far without a sin-
gle exception, I have proved to my
own personal satisfaction, actually and
morally, that these objections to the
guaranteeing of deposits have come
from distinctly selfish motives. These
I assert must yield to the greater
good."

The only explanation of Mr. Fowler's
present attitude is that during the cam-
paign he is talking merely as a Repub-
lican who feels bound to support a bad
platform, while last winter he was ex-
pressing his honest opinions.

CRITICISE THEIR OWN PLATFORM.

"In all tariff legislation the true
principle is best maintained by the in-
position of such duties as will equal
the difference between the cost of pro-
duction at home and abroad, together
with reasonable profit to American in-
dustries."—From Republican Na-
tional Herald.

The above is a part of the tar-
iff plank of the Republican national plat-
form. But getting the idea from some
source that it was part of a speech by
Mr. Bryan, two Republican newspa-
pers, the Omaha Bee and the Portland
Oregonian, declared that the proposi-
tion was meaningless and absurd. One
of these papers said that "never will

For the Children

Thousands of Millionaires Made by the Tariff--But Not One Is a Farmer.

[From a speech by Hon. R. F. Shively at Indianapolis, Oct. 12, 1908.]

When the rising tide of artificial prices on iron, steel, wooden and cotton goods, and on glassware and crockery and furniture, farm implements, all forms of building material, and substantially everything that goes onto the farm, struck the farmer, he was to protect and recoup himself by writing up the prices of his own products. Right there came the rub. The farmer stands between two markets, neither of which he controls. Others fix the prices at which he must buy. Others fix the prices at which he must sell. American agriculture is an expert industry. In some of its staples it has been export since before the American Revolution. This industry has no combination at home with which to limit production, write up artificial prices to the American people, and unload surplus at low prices abroad. Such a combination is impracticable and impossible, and, if possible, could only spell ultimate misery and starvation to society. Millions of bushels of American wheat and corn and millions of pounds of American beef, pork and cotton go every year to the great surplus market of western Europe. Not a bushel nor a pound would go there but for the higher price paid there--at least enough higher to pay the cost of transportation. Wheat is sowed some place on this earth every day of the year. Wheat is reaped some place on this earth every day of the year. The surplus grain from all these fields is poured into the surplus markets of western Europe in competition with the surplus grain from the American farmer. In that surplus market the level of prices is fixed, and from there the downward incline plane of prices extends backward past every farm and ranch in the United States. On any day of the year, except in rare instances due to purely local and temporary causes, the price of wheat is lower in New York than at Liverpool, lower in Chicago than at New York, lower in St. Paul than at Chicago, lower at Fargo than at St. Paul.

Although the speaking was not scheduled until 7:30 o'clock, the crowd began to gather before 7 and by 7 every available seat and much of the standing space in the room were occupied. Hundreds who wanted to hear Mr. Small were unable to get into the room and were forced to return to their homes, without even a glimpse of the great evangelist.

Hundreds Turned Away

Half of the Crowd Which Turned Out Last Night to Hear Sam Small Could Not Get Into the Assembly Room of the Court House--Hundreds Were Disappointed.

EVANGELIST MADE GREAT SPEECH

Hundreds who came down town Wednesday to hear Sam Small were disappointed. Hundreds were greatly pleased. The ones who were disappointed are the ones who could not get into the assembly room of the court house, where Mr. Small spoke. Those who were fortunate enough to hear Mr. Small were more than pleased.

Although the speaking was not scheduled until 7:30 o'clock, the crowd began to gather before 7 and by 7 every available seat and much of the standing space in the room were occupied. Hundreds who wanted to hear Mr. Small were unable to get into the room and were forced to return to their homes, without even a glimpse of the great evangelist.

The meeting was the largest night meeting ever held in the county. Mr. Small spoke for two hours and a half and his audience was all attention during the entire speech. The evangelist discussed the National issues of the campaign.

Her Chin.

Dawson--The facial features plainly indicate character and disposition. In selecting your wife, were you governed by her chin? Spender--No, but I have been ever since we married.

Her Ears in Danger.

Sue had left her toys about the kitchen. Mother (picking them up) Sue, if you leave these things about the kitchen again I'll box your ears and throw them in the ash pit.

None but the contemptible are apprehensive of contempt. --Rochefoucauld.

She--I understand that drinking is one of your failings. He--You have been misinformed. It is one of my big successes. --Chicago Journal.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Species cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the sick parts without loss of time.

A. A. FEVERS. Congestions, Inflammations, Long Fever, Milk Fever.

B. B. SPRAINS. Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.

C. C. SORE THROAT. Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.

D. D. WORMS. Bots, Grubs.

E. E. COUGHS. Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.

F. F. COLIC. Biliary, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.

G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.

H. H. KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.

I. I. SKIN DISEASES. Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Gout, Farcy.

J. J. BAD CONDITION. Starving Cows, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each: Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., &c. At Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' HOME MEDICINE CO., corner William and Ann Streets, New York.

BOOK MAILED FREE.



E. E. Callender

Believed Rig Was Stolen

S. A. Hays' Horse and Buggy Taken From in Front of the Home of Mrs. Nellie Anderson, Thursday--Was Not Found Until Early Fri. Morning--Had Evidently Been Driven Hard.

A Gang of Boys Suspected

Thursday night Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Hays believed that their horse and buggy had been stolen. Thrus evening Mrs. Hays drove to the home of Mrs. Nellie Anderson on Elm Street. She tied the horse in front of the Anderson home. When she went to get her horse a little while later it was gone.

A systematic search by Mr. Hays and the police failed to locate the rig and they believed it had been stolen. Telephones were used and persons over the county notified to be on the lookout for it.

Next morning the horse and buggy were found on Howard Street. The horse was tied to a post and had the appearance of having been driven very hard. Mr. Hays believes that the rig was taken by a gang of boys and driven all night.

That Independence Speech

Man Talked for Hearst But Advised Everyone to Bet His Money on Bryan as His Travels Over the Country Showed the Trend That Way.

Edwin Strauss, the Independence party orator who so stirred the wrath of the Republicans Friday made some statements that are very interesting. He declared that he was a Hearst party man, but stated that Bryan would be elected and advised all people to bet their money on him. Strauss stated that he had spoken this year in New York, West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana and he found the trend all one way in these states. The crowds were delighted when he showed Taft's record as a friend of the corporations, but he acknowledged, with a smile, that they left when he made any derogatory statements about Bryan.

Charles F. Brooker, head of the brass trust, and vice president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, against which a government suit is now pending in the federal courts.

Charles Nagel of Missouri, one of the general attorneys of the Standard Oil company. This Standard Oil representative is in charge of Republican national campaign headquarters in Chicago.

Frank O. Lowden, multimillionaire son-in-law of the late George M. Pullman, and now the head of the great Pullman Palace Car trust, to which the travelling public pays tribute.

T. Coleman DuPont, the head of the powder trust, which is fighting a suit against dissolution.

Boise Penrose, the political "boss" of the corrupt political machine in Pennsylvania.

George R. Sheldon, the personal representative of J. Pierpont Morgan, in the capacity of director in all his trust companies, and who collected trust money for the election of Governor Hughes of New York.

William Nelson Cromwell, the legal representative of Edward H. Harriman, and probably the greatest trust lawyer in the United States.

Fred W. Upham, the "fat fryer" for the Republican party in the West, and the man who wrote letters to corporations whose property he assessed by virtue of his position as a member of the board of review in Chicago.

This is a fine outfit to advise the farmers and business men of the West how to vote. Two of the signers are heads of corporations which are fighting for their existence in the courts.

Of course these men think Bryan's election dangerous; that is natural when one becomes acquainted with their connections. But there is not a legitimate business man in the nation, small or large, who has any reason to fear a Democratic victory.

The farmer's selling prices are world's prices. He labors in competition with the whole agricultural world.

Duties of \$100 per bushel on his wheat and corn and per pound on his beef, pork and cotton could not protect him.

The duties on wheat, corn, beef, pork, hay, cabbage and other farm products in the Dingley schedules are purely political duties. These duties cannot secure to the farmer higher prices on his sales. They are placed in the statute only to cajole and deceive him into the support of other duties which plunder him on his purchases.

The system leaves him to sell his product at prices dominated by the competition of the whole world and to purchase his necessities at high artificial prices fixed by domestic monopoly, induced, licensed, fortified and perpetrated by affirmative acts of his government at Washington. If he enjoys any degree of

prosperity, it is in spite of the fly in his wheat, the rust in his oats, the smut in his corn, the cholera in his hogs, the boils in his horses and the Dingley tariff in his market, and not because of them.

The steel, lumber and other trusts may capitalize the taxing power of the government and write up the prices of their product 100 per cent; the farmer cannot capitalize his \$1 wheat into \$2 wheat, nor his 75-cent corn into \$1.50 corn. He may cast away the sickle, the cradle, the reaper, the March harvester and bring on the self binder, the grain drill, the corn shredder and other improved forms of farm machinery to multiply his producing power, lessen cost, decrease waste and to increase economy in making, storing and marketing his product. The cunning device of high artificial prices on all things he must buy sponges up the profits and absorbs the gains arising from the cheapening forces of skill and invention. Whatever of margin between receipt and expenditure he has left at the end of the year is the remainder of the harvest left by the licensed locusts of monopoly which swarm his buying market and pluck him on all that he brings onto his farm or into his household. If he has money in bank, it is usually the fruit of saving economy, pinching self-sacrifice and deprivation on the part of himself and family, rather than the natural reward of his industry. The natural rewards of American agriculture are ambushed away in the pennies, nickels, dimes and dollars picked up by and concealed in the fictitious prices charged for trust-controlled goods, and who are turned in splendid streams of unearned increment into the coffers of government favorites, some of whom starle the country as much by their ostentatious profligacy. American farmers have been creating splendid fortunes and making millionaires by the thousands, but to this hour not one on the American farm.

How Will You Vote?

Will You Vote for Yourself, or to Give More Millions and Power to the Trusts?

Do you want to vote more millions into the coffers of the trusts and more power into their hands to crush you? Or do you intend to vote for your own interests? In other words, are you going to vote for Taft and Sherman, or Bryan and Kern?--for Marshall or Watson? A letter just sent to many persons in Indiana by the Republican national committee, asking for contributions and saying that "Bryan's election will be dangerous," has printed at its head, as members of the advisory committee, etc., the names of the following men:

Charles F. Brooker, head of the brass trust, and vice president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, against which a government suit is now pending in the federal courts.

Charles Nagel of Missouri, one of the general attorneys of the Standard Oil company. This Standard Oil representative is in charge of Republican national campaign headquarters in Chicago.

Frank O. Lowden, multimillionaire son-in-law of the late George M. Pullman, and now the head of the great Pullman Palace Car trust, to which the travelling public pays tribute.

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We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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Are Window Panes Broken

This is the time of year that the cool winds begin to tell you of the broken window panes. You should have these fixed at once.

THE GLASS AND THE PUTTY

For this work are ready for you at this store. We have anticipated your needs and have all the various sizes of window glasses cut and ready for you. Don't delay any longer in attending to this, for winter will soon be here.

THE OWL DRUG STORE

IS IN GREENCASTLE

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

hard work, almost impossible."

If Mr. Taft's oratory is to be judged by his attempt Friday, if his ability as a thinker is to be measured by the logic of his effort here, if his sincerity and love of truth are to be gauged by this morning's statements, if his attitude toward the people is in general the attitude displayed this morning, then is the Republican candidate seriously lacking in all these things.

To sum up Mr. Taft's speech, said a business man, it was this: "The Republican party produces prosperity. Prosperity produces panics. Therefore you should elect me president. Drive on this train!"

It was evident that Mr. Taft was very well pleased with himself, which is doubtless part of "my policy" borrowed for this trip.

Mr. Taft, when he said the panic did not reach beyond the Mississippi river, forgot the great bank failure in Kansas City, and the distress due to the closed banks in the northwest last winter. It is convenient to forget.

REPUBLICANS HISSE SPEAKER

Three college girls, taking soda to refresh themselves after the strain of listening to such heavy argument, the editor of the Banner and the City Engineer are the only persons who have thus far publicly declared that Mr. Taft made a good speech.

Said a college student, "Mr. Taft impressed me by his aloofness. He acted like a man who wanted to condescend to the voters because he wanted the votes, but he was so unaccustomed to doing it that it was

Edwin Strauss, whose card gives him the title of "Manager Union Labor Flying Wedge," and a speaker of the Independence party of which Higgin and Graves are the candidates, addressed quite a crowd from the platform in the court yard last Friday afternoon.

Mr. Hearst's speaker, when he first got on the platform and started to speak, was believed by the several Republicans around town to be one of the speakers for Charley Zelz, who had advertised an "all day" rally. Mr. Strauss' affiliations were soon learned, however, and the Republicans began to hiss and make so much noise that the speaker had to cease. Finally order was restored and the speaker continued. The Republicans continued their interruptions during the entire address of the Hearst man.

D. C. BRACKNEY ALSO SPEAKS

The Republican rally day was captured by the Independents and used exclusively by them after the noon hour. As soon as the labor union speaker who used the platform for an hour or more was through D. C. Brackney, who is the Independence candidate took the stump and delivered an address in support of his candidacy. He declared that if elected he would stand for the enactment of the Littleton Bill to prohibit the shipment of liquor from wet to dry territory and for the repeal of government license in dry territory. Mr. Moss, Democratic candidate has declared for the same legislation. This leaves only Mr. Maxwell uncommitted on this question. Mr. Brackney is making his candidacy largely on this issue. He spoke for a short time only.

Where Bullets Flew.

David Parker, of Fayette, N. Y., a veteran of the civil war, who lost a foot at Gettysburg, says: "The good Electric Bitters have done is worth more than five hundred dollars to me. I spent much money doctoring for a bad case of stomach trouble, to little purpose. I then tried Electric Bitters, and they cured me. I now take them as a tonic, and they keep me strong and well." 50¢ at the Owl Drug Store

We have been doing business in your community; we went through the panic of 1893 and 1907 and paid every depositor that called for his money on demand; and we expect to continue to do so; we have laid aside one hundred thousand dollars to make good any losses we might have, which with our capital stock and conservative management ought to commend us to the people of Putnam County. We want your business.

For
25
Years

Central National Bank

TWENTY ASK FOR PAPERS

Score of Italians Employed at the Stone Quarries of the A. & C. Stone and Lime Company Wish to Be Naturalized for the Coming Election.

AGAINST GOVERNMENT PROVISION

Mon morning the interpreter employed at the A. & C. Stone and Lime Company's plant appeared before the county clerk and made application for naturalization papers for twenty foreigners, mostly Italians, employed at the quarries. These are what are known as the "first papers," secured after two years' residence in this country. These men wish to use the papers at the polls on the 3d day of next November. Most of them are incapable of speaking English, hence the need of an interpreter.

This brings to mind the fact that the state of Indiana is one of the few states in the Union where this can be done. In all other states except, we believe, New York, no foreigner can vote till he has his second papers and has, therefore, been in this country seven years. In Indiana, however, by a freak proviso of the constitution, they can vote after having received their first papers, or in two years after having reached this country. Many good lawyers hold that this is contrary to the federal proviso, and that the state constitution must give way, but up to this time it has been held good wherever tested. Consequently men without any knowledge of English or of our government or its workings, are voted by politicians who need the votes.

The clerk has written for the blank applications and also for an opinion on the case from the United States Commissioner at Chicago. Upon this report the clerk will act in regard to granting the papers prayed for.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

State of Indiana, Putnam County, ss:

To David R. Maze, Sheriff of Putnam County, Greeting:

Notice is hereby given that on

Tuesday, 3d Day of November, 1908

an election will be held in each voting precinct in said county, at which time and place the legal voters will cast their ballots for persons to fill the following offices, viz:

Two presidential electors at large.
One presidential elector for the First congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Second congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Third congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Fourth congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Fifth congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Sixth congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Seventh congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Eighth congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Ninth congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Tenth congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Eleventh congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Twelfth congressional district.

One presidential elector for the Thirteenth congressional district.

One congressman for the Fifth congressional district.

One joint senator to represent the counties of Putnam, Morgan and Marion.

One member of the legislature to represent the County of Putnam.

One prosecuting attorney for Thirteenth judicial circuit.

One governor.

One Lieutenant governor.

One judge of the Supreme Court for the Fifth District.

One judge of the Appellate Court for the Fifth district.

One Secretary of State.

One Auditor of State.

One Treasurer of State.

One Attorney-General.

One Superintendent of Public Instruction.

One Reporter of Supreme Court.

One Chief of Indiana Bureau of Statistics.

One Sheriff for Putnam County.

One treasurer for Putnam County.

One coroner for Putnam County.

One surveyor for Putnam County.

One commissioner for the Second district in Putnam County.

One commissioner for the Third

district in Putnam County.

FOR RUSSELL TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR JACKSON TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR CLINTON TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR MONROE TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR FLOYD TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR MADISON TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR GREENCASTLE TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR MARION TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR WARREN TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR CLOVERDALE TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR MILL CREEK TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

FOR JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP

One trustee.

One assessor.

In witness whereof I, James L. Hamilton, clerk of the circuit court in and for said county and state, have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said court at Green-castle, Indiana, this 9th day of October, 1908.

(Seal.) James L. Hamilton.

Clerk Putnam Circuit Court.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and verbatim copy of the certificate and notice delivered to me by James L. Hamilton, clerk of the circuit court of Putnam County.

D. R. Maze, Sheriff.

Notice to Non-Residents.

The State of Indiana, Putnam County, ss:

In the Putnam Circuit Court, November Term, 1908. Complaint No. 7667.

Mary E. Daugherty et al vs. Frank Davis et al.

Now come the plaintiffs, by S. A. Hays their attorney, and file complaint herein for Partition of real estate, together with an affidavit that said defendant, John Gillen, is a non-resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given that unless he be and appear on the 25th day of the next term of the Putnam Circuit Court, the same being December 14, A. D. 1908, at the Court House in the City of Green-castle, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

Witness my name, and the seal of said Court, affixed at the City of Green-castle, this 21st day of October, A. D. 1908.

JAMES L. HAMILTON.

(Seal.) Clerk.

3tw F. S. Hamilton, Deputy.

S. A. Hays, Plff.'s Atty.

Notice to Non-Residents.

The State of Indiana, Putnam County, ss:

In the Putnam Circuit Court, November Term, 1908.

Mary A. Newcomb vs. William L. Newcomb. Complaint No. 7651.

Now comes the plaintiff, by W. M. Sutherlin her attorney, and files her complaint herein for divorce, together with an affidavit that said defendant, William L. Newcomb is a non-resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given that unless he be and appear on the 20th day of the next term of the Putnam Circuit Court, the same being December 8, A. D. 1908, at the court house in the City of Green-castle, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

Witness my name, and the seal of said Court, affixed at the City of Green-castle, this 10th day of October, A. D. 1908.

JAMES L. HAMILTON.

(Seal.) Clerk.

W. M. Sutherlin, Plff.'s Atty. 3tw

Notice of Administration.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the Judge of the Circuit Court of Putnam County, State of Indiana, Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Emily Johnston, late of Putnam County, Indiana, deceased.

Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1908.

R. BENTON JOHNSTON,

Administrator.

J. H. James, Atty.

Notice of Petition to Sell Real Estate

In the Circuit Court of Putnam County, Indiana, November Term, 1908.

John T. Edwards, Administrator, of estate of John Owens and Elihu Owens, deceased, vs. Jonathan Owens et al.

<p

We want to Give Your Boy a GOOD WATCH



It Is Absolutely Free

This watch is an open face
stem wind and stem set
and will run accurately 30
hours without rewinding.

And this is the way to get the Watch:

Buy in our store for men a boy's suit of clothes
and we will give the boy the watch--
absolutely free.

We do this in order to get the boy started in the habit of wearing clothes
bought in our Store for Men--knowing and believing that we can continue to
furnish him with his clothes in the future as long as we give him and his father
and mother absolute satisfaction in their purchases.

Boys' Suits are \$2.50 to \$8.50.

Look them over—if they are not as good or even better than the same money buys
elsewhere—don't buy them—

If they prove to be as we say—the watch is absolutely free.

ALLEN BROS.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN

LET TRUTH PREVAIL.

Interesting Letter From a Putnam
County Prohibitionist Giving His
Views of the Present Temperance
Situation.

Editor Star and Democrat:

Dear Sir: With the near approach of the election the usual crop of scare-heads and campaign fiction crowds to the front in the hope of misleading the unwary voter, or terrorizing the timid.

In the Indianapolis Star of the 23rd inst. appeared a statement by Capt. Eli F. Ritter which has the flavor of exaggeration, to say the least. Capt. Ritter is quoted as saying that, from his talks with Prohibitionists of Indianapolis and elsewhere, "10,000 of the 23,000 votes cast for Mr. McWhirter four years ago will be given, this year, to Watson and the Republican legislative ticket." Election returns may be necessary to confirm Mr. Ritter's estimate but, if its correctness be conceded now, what will the Prohibitionists gain by voting the Republican ticket? Absolutely nothing in the way of promoting the principles for which they have been contending in the Prohibition party. Were ten thousand Prohibition voters too dense to penetrate Governor Hanly's scheme in the passage of a local option law by extra session? And are there still ten thousand who cannot see that the chief aim of such a bill was the "side-tracking" of the liquor question during the remainder of the campaign?

It is a glaring absurdity for any party which permits, by its own consent, the liquor license law to remain a statute, to call itself a Prohibition party; and the man who supports such a party and calls himself a Prohibitionist is trying to purloin the flag under which he has no moral right to march. Furthermore, if he thinks to deceive by such assertions, unsupported by his own actions, he must be a self-deluded fool, incapable of using the intelligence of the average Prohibition voter.

It is no exaggeration to say that the Republican party is the pioneer in wholesale political corruption and trickery; and whatever party follows in its footsteps of civic unrighteousness should suffer the approbrium which it merits—which it will surely receive when true patriotism reaches its ascendant.

While this brief article is not in-

tended to fight a battle for either the Democratic or Republican party there is more to be said against the Republican party's efforts to get credit from Prohibitionists for the local option bill. They tell us that the brewers are bestowing their corruption fund upon the Democratic party, which, they affirm, is strong evidence that this local option is more inimical to their interests than any legislation by the Democrats would be. In the face of these things let every prohi remember that Mr. Marshall spoke truthfully when he said in one of his speeches that neither the Republican party nor the Democratic party is a prohibition party, but only strives to "regulate the sale" of intoxicating beverages.

As to the corruption fund of the brewers, perhaps none but the treacherous floater and his equally unscrupulous purchases will fully fathom the loathsome sink into which it will drop; but woe be upon any man whose hands are defiled by its touch.

Should Mr. Ritter's predicted slump be confirmed by election results the thirteen thousand who stand by their colors will not be robbed of the knowledge that whatever steps the Republicans may seem to have taken toward prohibition they have taken mainly for their party's sake and because the issue was forced upon them by the increasing prohibition sentiment. They could not evade the issues and, therefore, they have temporized by the enactment of a "make-shift" law, but—they should read "The Parable of the Ninety-two Thistles."

FOSTER PICKETT.

General Lee's Democracy.

Editor Greencastle Herald:

For one who is not in politics I regret that some papers have recently given me an unsought notoriety with a coloring and interpretation, in some particulars, foreign to my views.

While in certain respects I may admire Mr. Bryan, yet from my personal acquaintance with and my admiration for, Mr. Taft, I have a higher regard for his practical ability as a statesman and believe that he will be more successful in carrying out the wise reforms in augurated by President Roosevelt.

My preference is not based on the fact that Mr. Taft was Secretary of War when I was promoted to Major-General. I have never assumed to advise old soldiers as to whether they should vote for Taft or Bryan, nor have I felt called upon to suggest to them to support Mr. Marshall and other Democrats because I would vote for them.

These matters, I believe, they will think out and decide for themselves regardless of the appeals of political demagogues, or of vote-buyers who

may be in evidence on election day. I hope to see Mr. Taft elected President; and also hope that Mr. Marshall and the balance of the State Democratic ticket may be successful.

I am an independent Democrat; and while my "through and through" predictions are in full accord with the fundamental principles of the Democracy of the Jacksonian and Cleveland type, I do not subscribe to any vagary because it bears a partisan label.

Being such a Democrat I feel free to support the best man when I think I know who and what he is, regardless of the shifting plants of vote-catching platforms—platforms to get in on, but not to stand on.

It seems evident that the masses—"the plain people"—are generally Democratic in principle, if not always so in practice, while among the classes that are aristocratic, money is regarded as omnipotent as a means to an end, whether right or wrong.

It seems almost incredible that any true American can accept the pernicious doctrine that any set of men or party has a monopoly of patriotism and civic virtues for public weal.

Should the belief ever prevail that a party long entrenched in power, state or nation, can not be dislodged without causing widespread ruin in legitimate industries and enterprises, our representative Democracy will speed to decay, and we might as well have a dynasty and dispense with all elections for legislative, executive and judicial officers. It will then be "an easy mount" from the "groundling" to "the man on horseback."

A firm adherence to the principles of genuine Democracy will avert the disaster of either socialistic or plutocratic control of our Republic, and it will not be a question, "Shall the People Rule," but the question of how shall the people rule?

J. M. LEE.
Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 26, 1908.

Judge Taft's Greeting at Reelsville.

For several days the news has been spread through the vicinity "That Judge Taft's special train would pass through Reelsville." Everyone in the vicinity knowing of the construction of a new railroad bridge at this place knew that the Judge's special train must pass through town slowly giving everyone a chance who desired to see this great statesman and choice of President Roosevelt. From reading the Republican papers of the reception given the judge, we could only expect that our small town would be overflowing with people eager of catching a glimpse and hearing a word from so great a man. But when the judge's train arrived there was less than twenty-five people on the platform to greet, as the Republicans claim, "the next Presi-

dent of the United States, and the greatest friend of labor." Judge Taft looking from his window saw the small crowd on the platform, so coming to the rear of his car he took off his hat and waved his hand to the crowd, but received no cheers nor demonstration from the crowd at all. No one ran after the train, no one climbed on to clasp his hand. A very cool reception indeed, but worse followed for one-half mile. Not one cheer for Taft could be heard. The Judge looked the crowd over and returned into his car possibly closing his ears to the cries for Bryan, of Nebraska, and Kern, of Indiana.

A Reelsville Citizen.

A Voice From the West.

Denver, Col., Oct. 24, '08.

Star-Democrat,

Greencastle, Ind.,

Gentlemen:

My paper of about October 15th failed to arrive as yet. Kindly mail a copy if you have one in the office.

Very glad indeed to know the outlook for Bryan in Indiana is good. Just keep your eye on Colorado November 3 and see how popular he is in the West where he lives. We are going to carry the state sure. It is simply a question of how big the majority. Some surprises will be handed out from some good Republican states (so counted) in the West. Am 42 and this is my first Democratic vote for president and I fail to see how anyone other than the chronic office seeker can vote otherwise this year.

Although I regard Bryan as much superior to Taft the great thing that is catching the Republican votes—especially of the laboring man is the platform. My own desire is that congressmen and especially senators of the Democratic faith should be given a trial at some new financial legislation which will prevent a few Wall Street gamblers starting a panic when they desire. The present force on the job have proven to be wholly corrupt and under improper influence. The East should put them aside at this election. We of the West are more independent and the panic was hardly so severe but we see things in a new light and will act accordingly.

Yours for success,

J. T. BRIDGES.

LABOR AND THE ELECTION.

One Voter's View of the Promises of
The Republican Party to Laboring
Men.

October 26.

The vote for which the final fight is being made in Indiana is the labor vote. The party that gets the labor vote this time wins. The Democrats ought to have all the labor votes in Indiana for in 1896 the Republican party promised them protection—eight-hour law and a full dinner pall. The fact seems to be that all things are protected except labor. The Mrs. Jessie Coffman, Mr. and Mrs. William Darnall of Bainbridge were here for the Taft special.

A VOTER.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ITEMS

Gathered Around the Town as the Gleaner Gathereth the Grains

James Wright of Coatesville was born to Mr. and Mrs. R. Hazelett, son.

Dr. Alex H. Moore of Clinton spent the day here Wednesday.

W. R. Callahan and family spent Sunday in Bainbridge.

Prof. Macy Watkins of Bainbridge spent the day here Friday.

J. E. Knight of Mt. Meridian is driving a new automobile.

Miss Bess Starr of Bainbridge visited friends here Saturday.

Mrs. George Rissler of Reelsville, visited friends here Friday.

The little son of Thomas Kennedy is quite ill with pneumonia.

Miss Rosella Snyder of Cloverdale is visiting Mrs. Stella Snyder.

Miss Liva Miller spent Sunday with her father near Roachdale.

Miss Florence Irwin visited home in Roachdale over Sunday.

A. P. Burnside is spending a few days at his farm in Fountain County.

Prof. J. B. Thomas of Lena was here for Teachers' Institute Saturday.

Harry Ragsdale of Bainbridge visited his sister, Miss Myrtle, here Friday.

John Shannon of Roachdale is visiting his brother, Bruce Shannon.

Miss Lola Torr attended the annual of George Busby near Oakdale.

Mrs. G. W. Bence visited R. Carpenter and family in Noblesville.

Mrs. Alonzo Sackett of Cloverdale spent the day with her son, W. S. Sackett Tuesday.

Mrs. Louise Sinclair and W. Hunter of Fillmore were shopping here Wednesday.

C. P. Butler of the Bedford Democrat was the guest of Mr. and E. B. Doll Sunday.

Mrs. Ellen Campbell of Danville is visiting her brother, W. S. Hick, and other relatives and friends here.

The clerks of Allen Bros. were invited to spend the day Sunday with Mrs. L. D. Sechman, east town.

Mrs. Margaret Sublett returned home to Putnamville Saturday after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Noble Sublett.

Miss Oma Knetzer of Fillmore attended Teachers' Institute here Saturday.

Miss Rozella Nixon of Cloverdale spent Sunday with Greencastle friends.

Mrs. Dave Sublett and daughter of Putnamville visited Mrs. Noble Snyder Friday.

Mrs. Alice Hurst has returned home to Martinsville, after a visit with friends here.

Miss Mary Funican of Eminence was here for the high school teachers' institute Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Bridges of Putnamville, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Sackett.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Brown have returned to their home at Boswell after a visit with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Bartley and little daughter, Minnie May, spent Sunday with friends at Cayuga.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Minter and little granddaughter Bonnie Robinson of Coatesville were here Thursday.

The Ladies Aid of Mt. Pleasant church will give a box supper at Mt. Pleasant school house Saturday night October 31.

Mrs. Samantha Sanders has returned to her home in Whitesville, after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Elijah Grantham.

Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Todd of Belle Union and Miss Flossie Bridges of Putnamville visited Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Sackett Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Black, Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Coffman, Mr. and Mrs. William Darnall of Bainbridge were here for the Taft special.

Mrs. Miley Hufford is visiting her son, Lewis Hufford at Altamont, Ills.

She will go from there to California, where she will spend the winter.

Miss Phebe Allen, aged 17 years, died at the home of her mother, Mrs. Louis Allen six miles west of Cloverdale, of tuberculosis, October 20. Interment was at Salem Cemetery, October 22. The bereaved mother has the sympathy of all in her sad affliction, having lost her husband but a few weeks ago.

Cards announcing the birth of Stuart Northup Richards on Oct. 21, in Trinidad, Col., have been received here by the many friends.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Richards, of

Richards will be remembered.

Miss Viola Vandament, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Vandament, this town.

A large number of people were in town Saturday and for the first time in the Treasurer's office in the city house gave evidence that it is paying time. Heretofore, in the good Republican times, money had been too scarce to pay taxes, now, with the last day only one away, the money has been gathered together some how, and many a good sum of it passed over the counter at the treasurer's office today.

Knit Underwear FOR EVERYBODY

The kinds that fit and wear. We don't take chances on these points. We buy of manufacturers of highest standing, and are absolutely sure of the garments we sell. We are standing back of them and the maker is standing back of us.

Whatever you particular need in weight or materials or style—we can supply it.

Fine All-wool Wool and Silk

Wool and Cotton

All Cotton

Fleece Lined

Two Piece Suits and Combination Garments

Full line of sizes

VERMILION'S