

PROPERTY OWNERS IN EGYPT ARE HIT BY NEW RENT LAW

Statute Decreases Rent Increase
Must Not Exceed Fifty
Percent.

CAIRO, April 21.—The high cost of living in Egypt, so far as the upper and middle classes are concerned, is not so serious a matter as one might suppose from listening to those who know only Egypt. Compared with England, for instance, it is possible to live here just as cheaply as at home.

Whisky Cheap.
Certain commodities, such as vegetables, are noticeably cheaper and you can buy any quantity of whisky at seven shillings a bottle—and perfectly good whisky, too! The first class hotels have recently put their prices up to 130 piastres a day (about \$5.25), but any one making a long stay can get full pension, including everything except afternoon tea, washing and drinks, for \$2.25 to \$3.50 a day. Food, including butter, eggs and sugar, is plentiful even if that particular brand of dry-as-dust chicken, which seems to be bred exclusively for hotels, does crop up with rather monotonous regularity.

Housing accommodations is, if anything, rather worse to find here than in England, but profiteering landlords have received—none too soon—a nasty set-back, thanks to the law just passed, which decrees that rents in future must not exceed 50 percent above whatever was being paid on Aug. 1, 1914. This has gone far to allay the fears of tenants, many of whom were in a state of panic.

Raise Rents.
A week before the law was passed a block of flats changed hands, and the new landlord promptly raised all the rents from \$25 to \$100. Unfortunately, under the new law, existing contracts may continue in force, but not longer than the end of this year.

Where the high cost of living becomes really serious is in its effect on the submerged millions. A few mornings ago Cairo witnessed the novel spectacle of a procession of women and children of the poorer classes, protesting against food prices, and those in a position to gauge the state of the country's mind believe that food riots are by no means an impossibility in the near future.

An effort is being made by well-to-do natives to organize cooperative societies to sell the necessities of life to the poor at moderate rates, and it is hoped that they may succeed; but it is notorious that Egyptians, however, excellent they may be at talking, have shown themselves in the past to lack the staying power and application necessary to make such movements of practical value.

Immense fortunes have been and are being made in Egypt. At Zagazig, the great center of the cotton trade, I met two of the local nouveau riches, both reported to be millionaires. Five years ago, one was a station porter, the other sold fruit in the streets. Both are quite ignorant men, with a certain amount of low cunning which they have turned to account. There are cases of such men who have gone out of their minds at finding themselves in possession of an amount of money quite beyond their comprehension.

Laboring Class.
On the other hand, there is the large laboring class—consisting particularly in the towns—who seem to exist on next to nothing. A man earning two or three pounds a month often has to provide for a family of six or seven. How they do it is a mystery—but as one of them remarked the other day: "We have less to eat now!"

An intelligent Oriental—not an Egyptian—has said that there are two million people in this country who want the English out of it; the rest of the population would, if it dared express its sentiments, vote for them to stay. The two million have not failed to profit from the high food prices to foster discontent against the English. They deliberately spread the impression that these prices are the fault of the English, and that once they are driven out of the country the old happy days of low prices and plenty will return.

Discussion of the situation occupies much space in the native papers, wherein it has been freely pointed out that the acceptance of bolshevism was brought about by economic pressure on the poorer classes in Russia, and it is suggested that food should be nationalized before the present state of things grows worse.

RELIGIOUS SURVEY MADE OF CAPITAL

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 21.—The first complete religious survey ever made of Indianapolis, which is expected to bring out the needs of the churches, the church connections of every family and other vital religious statistics is being conducted under the auspices of the inter-church world movement. Each home and place of business in the city will be visited.

Best Paid Official Works Only Short Time

RICHMOND, Ind., April 21.—The best paid public official in Wayne county is David Reed, assessor of Wayne township in which Richmond is situated. Reed was unaware of his distinction until his quarterly pay check reached him, calling for one-fourth of \$2,000, his salary under the 1915 law. Inasmuch as he works only approximately 70 days in the year, it is calculated that his pay averages \$45 per day.

Rural school teachers who have planned to supplement the cold lunch carried from home with hot soup or cocoa prepared at school, testify that pupils are healthier and make better progress in their school work. Many valuable hints on preparing the school lunch are contained in bulletin No. 72, which may be obtained for the asking from the extension department of Purdue university.

Save money by patronizing merchants that advertise.

Poisoned by Canned Food



Mr. and Mrs. Frank Herk of Brooklyn, N. Y., were stricken soon after eating canned spinach. Their illness was diagnosed as botulistic poisoning. Mrs. Herk is dead and her husband is dying. Dr. Kane, who is in attendance, has sent for anti-botulistic serum, which is one of the rarest known to science.

YANKEE SHOES ARE CHEAPER ABROAD

Report Shows Wholesale
Prices Are 100 Percent
Below Retail.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—American made shoes now are being sold for export at prices ranging from 81 to 98 percent below those charged within the United States, government reports showed today.

Commerce department reports show that more than 1,900,000 pairs of American made shoes now are being shipped abroad monthly. Average prices for these export shoes in January were: Men's, per pair, \$4.95; women's, \$3.77; and children's \$1.91. These prices are wholesale quotations declared by the shippers in customs papers.

Average wholesale prices in America in December, the month previous, were: Men's \$9.25 per pair, women's \$6.85 per pair; children's, no average quotation available. These quotations were obtained by the labor department.

Differences between the two sets of average wholesale quotations in favor of the foreign buyer thus were: Men's shoes \$4.30 per pair, or 38 percent; women's shoes \$3.08 per pair or 55 percent.

Wholesale prices in America now

range from 50 to 100 percent below retail prices, reports indicate.

American shoe manufacturers explain the differences in wholesale prices for export and inside of America by saying shoes sold for export are of a quality inferior to those consumed in the U. S.

Vital Thing.
This is beside the point, according to some government officials. The vital thing, they point out, is that foreign buyers now fill their complete needs at wholesale prices ranging below \$5 per pair. The full need of American buyers can only be satisfied at a price nearly double this, it is explained.

Other comparisons of reports obtained by the Commerce and Labor departments show that since 1914 the difference in price at which foreign buyers and American buyers have been able to satisfy their needs has been continually increasing. The following table shows the per cent of increase in average wholesale shoe prices in America over prices paid by foreign buyers.

Year	Men's Shoes	Women's Shoes
1914 (July).....	82%	32%
1919 January.....	79	60
1919-20 (Winter)...	98	81

University of California Will Graduate 1,200

BERKELEY, Calif., April 21.—Twelve hundred students comprising the largest graduating class in the history of the University of California, will receive degrees on May 12.

After Whooping Cough—What?

This is No. 4 of a series of advertisements, prepared by a competent physician, explaining how certain diseases which attack the air passages—such as Pneumonia, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Measles or even a long continued Cold—often leave these organs in an inflamed, congested state, thus affording a favorable foothold for invading germs. And how Vick's Vapo-Rub may be of value in this condition.

Whooping cough is the "meanest" disease that childhood is heir to. While rarely fatal in itself, except to children under two years of age, still it hangs on so long—the coughing paroxysms are so violent, preventing proper sleep and digestion—that when the disease does disappear it leaves the child weakened and run down. In addition the violent coughing racks and strains the air passages and after recovery this irritation frequently remains.

During this period of convalescence the child should be most carefully watched until full strength is restored and the air passages regain their normal tone. A prominent authority even goes so far as to say—"There is more criminal neglect in connection with whooping cough than with any other disease."

While the disease is active, Vick's VapoRub usually helps to lessen the violence of the coughing, but it is during convalescence that Vick's is most valuable.

Because Vick's acts locally by stimulation thru the skin to

draw out the inflammation, attract the blood away from the congested spots and relieve the cough. In addition the medicinal ingredients of Vicks are vaporized by the body heat. These vapors are breathed in all night long, thus bringing the medication to bear directly upon the inflamed areas.

Vicks should be rubbed in over the throat and chest until the skin is red—then spread on thickly and covered with hot flannel cloths. Leave the clothing loose around the neck and the bed clothes arranged in the form of a funnel so the vapors arising may be freely inhaled. If the cough is annoying swallow a small bit the size of a pea.

Children's digestions are delicate—easily disturbed by too much "dosing." Vicks, therefore, is particularly recommended, since it is externally applied and so can be used often and freely without the slightest harmful effects.

Samples to new users will be sent free on request to the Vick Chemical Company, 234 Broad Street, Greensboro, N. C.

30c
60c
\$1.20
VICKS
VapoRub
Your Bodyguard
Against Colds
More Than 17 Million Jars Used Yearly



Discount

For
Cash **20** per cent
30 days **15** per cent
60 days **10** per cent
90 days **5** per cent
Off!

Tomorrow! The Opening Day—

Marking the beginning of a period of time in which
you may save money on all Furniture Purchases!

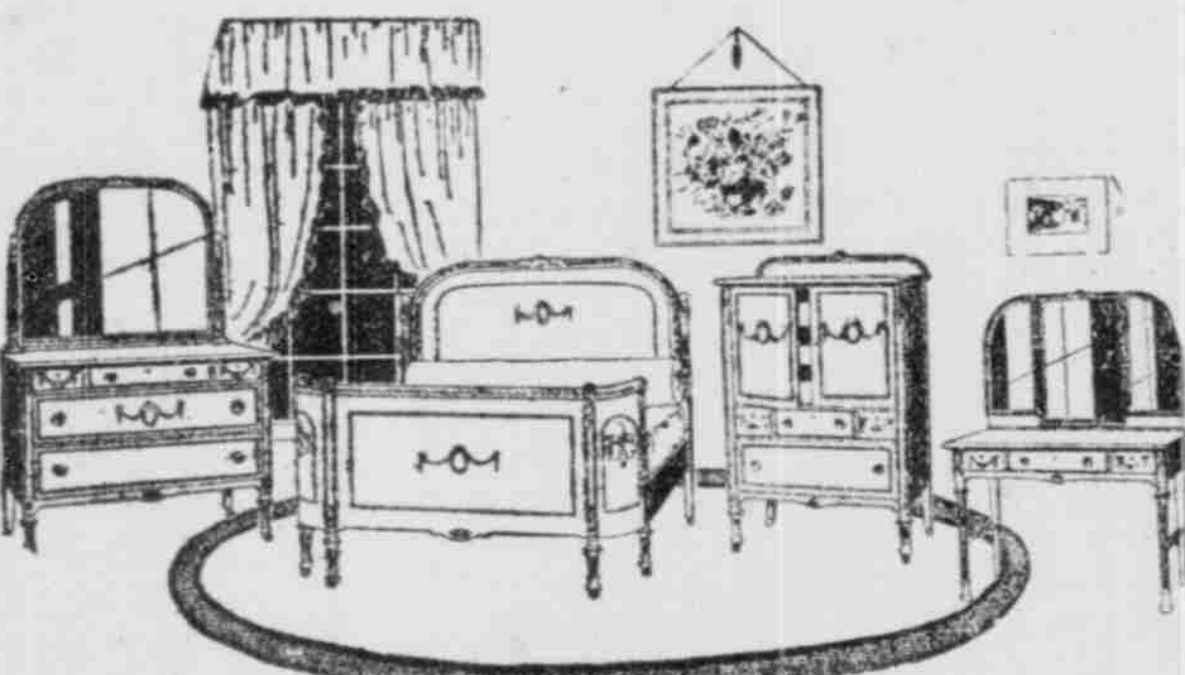
The announcement, in last night's papers, that this store would demonstrate that it is possible to give exceptional values without having a so-called "sale" has attracted city-wide interest.

All day long little groups of people were going through the store, making lists and taking notes. Many times we were asked this question: "Do I understand that if I come back here Friday that I may have 20 percent discount from ALL these pieces?" In every instance the answer was "YES."

And this describes the difference between HELLER'S DISCOUNT PERIOD and the usual so-called "sale." At "sales" a FEW goods are offered as "Bait." In this DISCOUNT PERIOD you are offered the opportunity to select ALL you want from the ENTIRE stock and figure your own discount.

If you can pay "spot cash" your discount will be 20%.
If you wish to pay in thirty days your discount will be 15%.
If you wish to pay in sixty days your discount will be 10%.
If you wish to pay in ninety days your discount will be 5%.

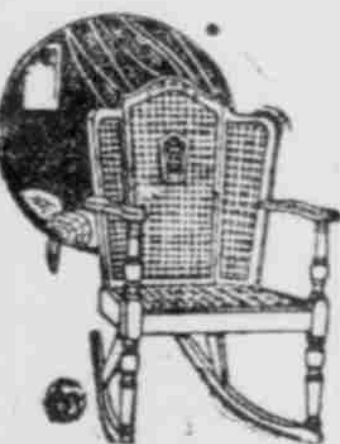
LOOK FOR THE BIG WHITE TAGS THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE STORE AND COME PREPARED TO BUY.
YOU CAN'T RESIST IT.



Bedroom Suites of Period Designs That Portray the Skill
of True Artists

Queen Ann, William and Mary, Louis XIV and XV, Adams, Chippendale, Italian Renaissance and Colonial, in Mahogany, Walnut, Oak and Enamel. You will enjoy a few minutes or an entire day spent in this department. At every turn you will find beautiful pieces and Full Suites for the bedroom, dainty Ivory and French Grays for the young miss. The darker finished cabinet woods for the more serviceable, and the heavy, stately pieces for guests' room—truly a sight worth seeing—truly a wonderful opportunity to buy.

Each and Every One Discounted at Your Option,
20%, 15%, 10% or 5%.



Summer Furniture

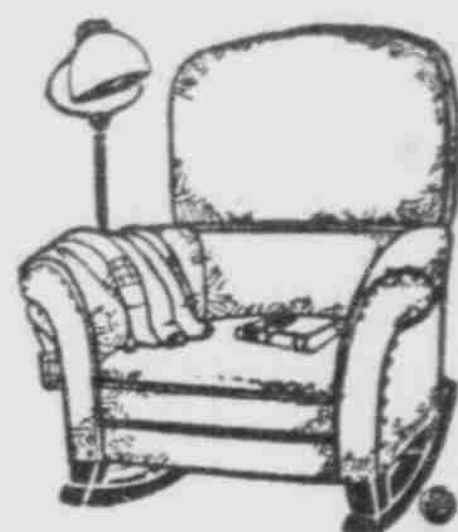
This discount period embraces EVERY piece or suite of Summer Furniture on our floors. Beautiful Reed, Fibre, Grass and Wood pieces are here in abundance—all DISCOUNTED.

20%, 15%, 10% or 5%.

Remember!

Tomorrow, Friday, is opening day, and remember also that you may trade in any of your old or partly worn furniture toward the purchase price of new.

EVERYTHING DISCOUNTED
20%, 15%, 10% or 5%.



Never Too Many Rockers

And now when you may secure just the one you want at such a substantial discount. A veritable sea of Rockers in wood, Overstuffed, upholstered in leathers and fabrics—all DISCOUNTED.

20%, 15%, 10% or 5%.

HELLER'S
The Furniture Store
of South Bend



Jewelers - Silversmiths - Diamond Merchants



With The Coming of Short Sleeves Come Bracelets

Fashion's latest notes mention Bracelets as being more stylish this year than ever before. And Clauer's, as usual, are up to the times, with a complete stock of attractive designs with and without settings.

CLAUER'S

When You Buy—Buy the Best



Hear the Sonora First and Compare

PIANOS
PLAYER PIANOS
PHONOGRAPHS

H. O. Elbel and Sons
229 N. Michigan Street
Across From Orpheum

Dainty Spring Footwear, Wonderfully Smart



Can you imagine anything smarter than these One and Two Eyelet Ties, in Glistening Black Patent Leather, Bright Kid or Dull French Kid? You have but to slip them on to discover how graceful, how comfortable they are.

Exclusive agents for Wichert & Gardiner (New York) Hand Made Shoes for Women.

Porter & Strom
UNIQUE BOOTERY
131 So. Main Street.