

RED PLOT IN RAILWAY STRIKE

MORE THAN 2,000 PEOPLE GREET BOB JONES TUESDAY

Takes Sermon From Parable
of Christ and the Fishermen. Urges Prayer.

CHOIR GREAT FEATURE

Will Expose Vice Conditions
in South Bend at Meeting
Tonight.

TODAY'S PROGRAM.

9:30 to 10:00 a. m.—Cottage prayer meetings.
10:30 a. m.—Party conference.
12:00 m.—Shop meetings: Stephenson Mtg. Co. by Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Boush, South Bend Watch Co. by Mr. and Mrs. Loren Jones.
3:30 p. m.—Tabernacle. Subject: "Prayer."
4:30 p. m.—Tabernacle. Mrs. Loren Jones meets committee on women's work.
7:20 p. m.—Tabernacle. Sermon, "The Sign of This Age."

"Jesus said, 'Launch out into the deep and let down your nets for a draught.' This trouble with too many of us is that we cling to the rocks of temptation when the safest place in a storm is the deep water of God's trust and love."

Bob Jones took his Tuesday night sermon from the meeting of Jesus with the fishermen, fifth chapter of Luke, making of the incident a parable with the lives of Christians who profess a longing for absolute faith and salvation while they continue to cling to evil connections.

Expose Tonight.

Tonight he will speak on the "Sign of This Age," bringing the light of public exposure to bear on conditions in South Bend. In his preliminary remarks Tuesday he declared, "All the sins of this age you will find in South Bend, and if I've heard is true there is enough sin in South Bend to preach on for six months."

Rev. R. L. McQuarry, of the First Christian church, delivered the opening prayer Tuesday night. The choir rendered its numbers with better effect than at any previous time. "The Old Rugged Cross," sung by Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Boush, and a selection by a quartet of ministers were featured in the musical program. More than 2,000 people were present.

Two Weak Links.

In opening Mr. Jones declared that there were two weak links in the organization which are campaigning to make the revival a success. These he said, were the cottage prayer meetings and the attendance at the afternoon meetings. He made a plea for better attendance at both services.

The difference between the fishermen and too many of those who profess to be Christians today is that the fishermen had faith and followed the directions of Jesus while too many Christians hold to the rocks along the shore, which symbolize the things of a worldly life.

He especially plead for that class, and the Christians who take their faith carelessly.

Must Do Things.

"There are too many people in this country who wait until they feel like doing it. I do things every day which I don't feel like doing but I do them because they are duties. I get up in the morning because it is my duty and prayer is the primary duty of us all."

"The safest place when the storm comes is not near the rocks but on the bosom of the ocean of God's trust and love. Too many want to get something they can see and hold to, they are afraid to get away from the shore. And too many have faith as long as they are poor or when they are in trouble. When things are clear again they lose it. You get some money in your pocket and say 'Good God, I can take care of myself now.'"

Tells of Gambler.

Explaining the need to cast aside everything that may hold us to worldly things when the temptation he told of the horse race gambler who when he was converted sold all of his horses with the exception of one prize colt but found the temptation of the former life brought to him so strongly through the colt that he disposed of the animal before he found absolute peace.

"And lots of us are holding to a pet colt just that way," he declared. "You have Christian men and women who are trying to lead righteous lives and at the same time flirting with temptation. You have church girls in this town who are as big fools about dancing as the most godless girls in the city. They are holding a pet colt."

Launch Out.

"Launch out into the deep and the deeper and the further you go the less you see of the temptation on the shore. You can't cling to the rocks without being caught by him. There is just one way to treat the devil. Tell him to go where he belongs and turn your head in the other direction."

"And as you cross the ocean of God's love you will find on the other side a light being held to you by God just as Columbus saw a light and knew that it was being held by a human hand."

"When you cross that ocean and come to the feet of God you are going to find out 'Who's Who.' Some of these highbrows who have been God fearing and who have been in the places given some old saints will prove that simple faith in God is the path to the greatest happiness."

Personal Pica.

In concluding he made a plea for

JONES EPIGRAMS.

There are too many people in this country who are waiting to pray until they feel like it. Praying is like getting up in the morning—we should do it whether we feel like it or not, because it is our duty.

You will find that the fellow who is continually walking about defending his character has a character which needs cleansing as well as defending.

When we come to find 'Who's who' some of these highbrows who have been God fearing won't shine so much and the pieces given some old saints will prove that simple faith in God is the greatest claim to honor.

There is just one way to deal with the devil. Tell him to go where he belongs and turn your face in the other direction.

Every Christian on God's earth can bring somebody else to Jesus.

If half of what I've heard is true, there is enough sin in South Bend to preach on for the next six months.

There are some politicians, some rich men and some poor men in this town who, if they are not caught for God, are going straight to hell.

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SMITH GIVES STAND ON ALL PARTY ISSUES

Candidate for Congressional
Nomination in Favor
of League.

Those who heard Ralph N. Smith of Laporte, candidate for the 13th district Democratic congressional nomination, at the high school auditorium, Tuesday night know where he stands on the political issues of the day.

Mr. Smith told his hearers that he favors the adoption of the peace treaty with the covenant of the League of Nations as it was brought back from Paris by President Wilson.

The candidate also made his position clear on the "wet" and "dry" question, declaring that he is a "dry." He said that he believes that it is only fair to the voters that they know his position on all the great issues confronting the nation in the present campaign.

Pyle Opens.

The meeting was opened by Dan Pyle who said that it was fitting that on the anniversary of the birth of the Declaration of Independence that the complex problems now confronting the people of America should be discussed, and particularly by one who aspires to represent the people of the 13th district in the national congress.

Charles P. Drummond, who was presented by Mr. Pyle to introduce the speaker of the evening, said that he had known Mr. Smith for the past 18 years, and had known him to be a lawyer of ability and integrity, and a man of honor and principle.

Mr. Smith made no apologies for his support of the democratic national administration. He pointed to the six years of achievement by the democratic congress, and dared the republican leaders to point out a piece of national legislation they would repeal that had been enacted by the democratic congress, under the guidance of a democratic president.

Names Laws.

The candidate pointed to the establishment of a labor department, the enactment of the Farm Loan law, the Federal Reserve law and the Adamson law as only a few of achievements by the democratic congress during its six years in power.

Mr. Smith defended the covenant of the League of Nations, and ably dispelled the illusions attempted by republican leaders to point out a piece of the covenant. He showed conclusively that arguments of republican leaders that Great Britain would have six votes to the United States five great powers, the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan.

He pointed to the absurdity of the republican leaders who declared that the United States would allow Great Britain to outvote them six to five.

The speaker declared that even before they knew the League of Nations covenant contained, the republican leaders began to attack it because it had been fathered by a democratic president and for political reasons.

Mr. Smith denounced the present congress for attempting to pass a peace resolution that they knew beforehand was unconstitutional.

Reason for Force.

"The League of Nations is merely the substitution of reason for force in the settlement of disputes between nations," he told his hearers.

"If this covenant will stop mothers and fathers from being compelled to give up their sons to be slaughtered, and the given a trial before it is rejected," he declared.

He declared that the democratic party's legislation had been for the benefit of the masses, and that of the republicans for the classes. He challenged republican leaders to show where the republican party had ever enacted laws that would benefit the wage earner. He denounced the recommendation of the congressional finance committee that the excess profit tax be taken from the income tax law, declaring that this was their effort to legislate in favor of the classes as against the masses. He said that if there were any burdens to be lifted, they should be lifted from those who could not afford to bear them.

Must Get Permission.

Mr. Smith pointed to the criticism of Warren T. McCray in this city as a result of the present state tax law in illustrating the republican propensity to legislate for the classes. He said that as a candidate for the republican gubernatorial nomination Mr. McCray would undoubtedly not meet with the approval of Gov. Goodrich, father of the tax law. He said that under this law, Indiana cities are forced to obtain permission from a tax board at Indianapolis to spend their own money. He said that every time South Bend or any other city wanted to build a school house or a road, it must first get permission from the state tax board.

In defining his position on the liquor question, Mr. Smith declared that he believed that it is only fair that the voters should know where I stand on this question as well as on

(CONTINUED ON PAGE FOUR.)

Hoosiers Refuse to Pay Carfare on Kokomo Line

By Associated Press.
KOKOMO, Ind., April 13.—Refusing to pay their fare because of being forced to stand up owing to the crowded condition of the car, passengers on a Kokomo bound Indiana Railway and Light company interurban Tuesday delayed the car's arrival here until members of the city police department arrived on the scene. The crew of the car ray into a sidetrack near West Middleton and refused to go farther. When the police arrived the trouble was straightened and the journey to this city resumed.

The railway company has just recently filed with the state public body commission a petition asking a stay of an order issued by that body compelling them to run trailer cars on the Middleton line.

STRIKE HINGES ON CLOSED SHOP

Both Sides Say When This is
Settled, Strike Will be
Over.

The question of open or closed shop is the one point upon which the strike controversy is hanging, according to information received from both sides Tuesday night. Some solution to this angle of the strike will have to be reached before the question of wage scale is settled.

Only the names of Wood and Lowden appeared on the ballot. Sen. Johnson's strength was in Chicago, where most of his votes appeared. Herbert Hoover's name appeared on some of the republican ballots.

Women Vote.

Gov. Lowden and Gen. Wood were the only candidates who made any speaking campaigns in Illinois. Women cast a courtesy vote in many counties and in some places the election clerks failed to separate men and women ballots. The women's vote, however, was so comparatively light as not to effect the result, and it was divided in much the same ratio as the men's.

The vote received up to 10 p. m. in the districts where Lowden delegates were contesting with delegates who signified that they had no preference, showed the Lowden men leading with one exception—in the tenth district.

Violence Marks Balloting.

In Chicago, where the presidential preference primary was combined with an election of ward committeemen, the kidnapping of election judges and workers, shootings, slugging and other acts of violence marked the balloting.

Complaints of frauds, from intimidating voters to marked ballots, kept the police and election commission busy throughout the day.

In one precinct, 200 feet from the polling place, an unidentified election worker was shot after a quarrel. The wounded man was spirited away before the police arrived. Seven shots were fired during the clash.

Mayor William Hale Thompson, Republican national committeeman from Illinois, gained full control of the republican county organization for the next four years through the election of ward committeemen having his backing.

RELEASE RADICAL.

By Associated Press.
NEW YORK, April 13.—Paul Bosco, a convicted anarchist, who had been held by federal authorities in New Orleans for deportation without bail, was released at Ellis Island Tuesday under instructions from the department of labor in Washington. Bosco's bond first fixed at \$10,000, was reduced to \$1,000.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE FOUR.)

GOV. LOWDEN LEADS WOOD IN ILLINOIS

Returns From Majority of
Precincts Give Governor
Lead of 70,000 Votes.

By Associated Press.
CHICAGO, April 13.—Gov. Frank O. Lowden carried his home state Tuesday on the face of incomplete and unofficial returns in the republican presidential preference primary, with Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood second, and Sen. Hiram W. Johnson third, the latter's name being written in by the voters.

Sen. Johnson was the only candidate whose name was written in, to show marked strength. His principal vote in the early returns came from Chicago, where he had 15,416. Hoover and Harding received scattered votes. Democratic returns were light, as there were no formal candidates on the ticket.

Precinct Returns.

Returns from 4,258 precincts out of 5,630 in Illinois, gave Lowden 263,659, Wood 136,428, and Johnson 37,028. These returns were from 99 counties out of 102.

Chicago and Cook county, but Gov. Lowden's vote in the state outside of Chicago gave him a lead which progressed steadily with the counting of returns.

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Will Bar State Women from All County Offices

By Associated Press.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 13.—Women cannot be delegates to state conventions of the political parties and cannot be candidates for county offices, according to interpretations of the Indiana election laws promulgated Tuesday by the state board of election commissioners. The board had previously ruled that women could not vote at the state primary election May 5.

"Prior to the approval and promulgation of the suffrage amendment," reads the latest ruling of the board, "a woman cannot be a delegate to the state convention, nor a political party, inasmuch as women are not electors they are not entitled to be candidates for county offices."

CARRANZA TROOPS WILL ACT AGAINST SONORA OFFICIALS

Ultimatum is Sent by Gen.
Dieguez to Governor of
Sonora Republic.

By Associated Press.
NOGALES, Sonora, April 13.—Gen. Dieguez, northern military commander for Pres. Carranza, has issued an ultimatum to Gov. de la Huerta and Calles of the republic of Sonora, that military measures will be taken unless the state quickly returns to the national government, according to a report received here Tuesday. Gen. Carlos Plank, now assistant to Gen. Calles in command of forces of the new "republic of Sonora" is taking steps to fortify Pulpito pass, gateway from Chihuahua to Sonora, which it was said, a few hundred men can hold against a large army.

Receive Assurances.

Sonora authorities assert they have received definite assurances from Chihuahua that state military forces will refuse to attack Sonora. Provisional Pres. de la Huerta, of the new republic, issued a statement giving the assurance that the provisional government of Sonora.

Gen. Plank was in Nogales Tuesday enroute to Agua Prieta by way of Pulpito pass, gateway from Chihuahua to Sonora, which it was said, a few hundred men can hold against a large army.

Several Carranza officers who had commanded federal troops in Sonora crossed to the United States Monday night and Tuesday after coming here from the interior. They were not molested by the Sonora officials.

ADMIRAL BENSON SAYS PROPAGANDA IS BEING USED AGAINST BOARD

By Associated Press.
NEW YORK, April 13.—Propaganda is being used against an American merchant marine, according to Rear Admiral W. S. Benson, chairman of the United States shipping board, who spoke Tuesday night at the annual dinner of the National Marine league in connection with the celebration of national marine week.

The unusually high record of performance in the ship building, ship repair and those who manned our ships," he said, "is often forgotten because of the insidious spreading of exaggerated accounts that our ships are unsafe."

"It is evident that the art of propaganda, so effectively used in the war still is being used in attempts to tear down what we are bent upon making permanent—an American merchant marine made up of ships built by Americans, owned by American capital, sailing under the American flag and carrying the products of this country to all parts of the world."

MOTOR TRUCKS WILL RUN BETWEEN THIS CITY AND CHICAGO

The Shaw Transfer company of Chicago will establish service in South Bend within a few days, according to present arrangements of the company's officials.

Beside the local service which will eventually be brought here, the company is planning a coast-to-coast truck service. South Bend will be the first division headquarters east of Chicago. Ten trucks will operate between South Bend and Chicago. There will also be service east to Toledo.

The office of the concern will be located on court house square. Goods starting from this office by five o'clock in the evening will be in Chicago the next morning, or in Milwaukee the following night, according to traffic arrangements made by the firm.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE MEN PILE UP EVIDENCE AGAINST ALLEGED I.W.W.

REPORTS INDICATE
BIG IMPROVEMENT
IN RAIL STRIKE

Union Officials Declare In-
surgent Strike is Grad-
ually Dying Out.

By Associated Press.
CHICAGO, April 13.—Reports from rail centers in central and far western states Tuesday night indicate a general improvement in conditions.

Although leaders of insurgent switchmen and yardmen strenuously denied that serious defections had occurred in their ranks, railroad heads and officers of the brotherhoods who are fighting the unauthorized walkout declared the strike in western territory was gradually dying out.

Return to Work.

Strikers in a half dozen cities and towns returned to work Tuesday, railroad men at other points voted not to join the walkout and embargoes were lifted by several railroads.

Several roads in the Chicago terminal district reported operations virtually normal. Livestock receipts Tuesday were 263 cars and 10,000 packing house workers returned to duty.

All railroad men who joined the walkout at Bloomington, Ill., decided to end the strike Wednesday. In the far west 96 Northern Pacific employees decided not to join the walkout, packing house workers returned to duty.

Improved Conditions.

Operations on the Southern Pacific in Oregon were 80 percent normal. Four railroads entering St. Louis Tuesday modified freight embargoes and railroad officers expressed belief that the strike "virtually had collapsed," while admitting that Missouri Pacific switchmen returned to work, strike leaders maintained that their ranks were augmented by new comers.

Kansas City Report.

Railroad officers in Kansas City reported work in the yards was one-fifth normal, with 71 locomotives in operation. Seven railroads reported yards clear of freight. A charge of violation of the new syndicalism law of Kansas was filed against E. G. Stewart, a Union Pacific machanic at Kansas City, Kas. It was alleged that Stewart had urged shop workers to strike in sympathy with the switchmen.

Spread of the walkout to another division on the Santa Fe in Arizona; recurrence of differences believed at least partly settled in central California, and a refusal of Northern Pacific switchmen in Spokane to strike were outstanding developments in the Pacific coast region today.

GOV. COX DELIVERS ADDRESS AT MARION

By Associated Press.
MARION, Ind., April 13.—"That some one is trying to buy a governmental underhold" was a charge made by Gov. James M. Cox of Ohio, democratic candidate for the presidency, at the annual dinner of the National Marine league in connection with the celebration of national marine week.

Gov. Cox did not designate who "some one" is whom he charged with "trying to buy a governmental underhold," neither did he designate what presidential candidate's campaign is being supported by the "millions of dollars."

WASTE IN BUILDING CAMPS IS DISCUSSED

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, April 13.—Alleged waste in cantonment construction during the war got into senate debate Tuesday night. The four members of the Senate Committee on Public Works, who are studying the matter, are expected to report on the matter to the Senate.

The department moved further Tuesday in the direction of prosecution of strike leaders by requesting the executives of the Pennsylvania, New York, Central and other railroads to furnish it with the names of all men on strike and to designate those who apparently were directing the strike.

In discussing this action, Mr. Palmer explained that conditions were not the same on all roads and added that "the influence behind the strike must be ascertained. He would not say what would be made of those names but other officials said they would furnish valuable information."

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Wilson's Cabinet Will Meet
Today for First Time
Since Last Fall.

TO ANNOUNCE PLANS
Establishment of Radicals
in Rail Unions.

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, April 13.—Evidence of the activity of Industrial Workers of the World toward inciting and maintaining the unauthorized railroad strike continue to accumulate at the department of justice and officials admitted, Tuesday night, that they saw signs of an attempt to expand the rail strike into "one phase of a world revolution."

Reports from field agents of the department were not as yet complete enough to permit determination of the government's course in dealing with the situation. Atty. Gen. Palmer said no announcement as to the government's plans was to be expected before Wednesday at the earliest.

Calles Meeting.

Pres. Wilson, Tuesday, issued a call for his cabinet to meet Wednesday morning. It will be the first session of Mr. Wilson's official advisers since his western speaking trip in the course of which he was taken ill, and the strike situation was understood to have prompted the call for the meeting. In some quarters, it was thought an announcement as to the government's course would follow the cabinet meeting.

The president also sent to the senate, Tuesday, the nominations of the nine men representing employers, employees and the public whom he has selected to compose the labor board providing under the transportation act to deal with railroad labor disputes. The men selected were:

Representing the public—George W. Hanger, Washington, D. C.; Henry Hunt, Cincinnati; R. M. Barton, Tennessee.

Representing the railroad corporations—Horace Baker, J. H. Elliott and William L. Park.

Representing the employees—Albion Hall, New York; A. O. Wharton and James J. Forrester.

Make Inquiries.

The nominations were immediately referred to the Interstate Commerce commission, which is expected to take action on them Wednesday, committee members having been given an opportunity in the meantime to make such inquiries as they saw fit.

The board will be called by the president without delay and was expected to meet in Washington where existing government machinery for the handling of wage matters is at its disposal and would permit it to get into action promptly to deal with the strike situation.

Mr. Palmer, when he goes to the cabinet meeting, Wednesday, will have available a very large number of reports from his agents in the centers which are known to specifically with the relation of the I. W. W. to the strike movement. He will be able to show the president and the cabinet the extent of the agency of the I. W. W. relationship has been established between the strikers' newly formed organization—the railroad workers' union—and the "one union," the Canadian I. W. W. is known. He will be able to disclose also through official reports that John Grunni, head of the Chicago "Farmington" strike, has been supplanted by an active member of the I. W. W.

I. W. W. Propaganda.

Propaganda of the I. W. W. origin calling upon all railroad workers to join in asserting their power and tempting them with the statement "that the golden opportunity for which you have been looking, has arrived" have been found by federal agents. Officials said they believed the "unseen power" had been pushing the strikers forward and now threatened to expand the walkout, "months and months of I. W. W. campaigning" to that end having been disclosed.

The American Federation of Labor characterized in these documents as "having 57 varieties of unionism and none of any good." One argument made against the four members of the Senate Committee on Public Works, who are studying the matter, is that they do not stand together and thereby brand themselves as "scabs" by saying on the job when their fellow cut.

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NEED A JOB? READ THE ADS

Many a man can trace his start in life to the little insignificant News-Times want ad. A newspaper is full of opportunities of all kinds every day in the week. But there is more opportunity on the want ad page than in all the rest of the paper combined—particularly to the man or woman who is ambitious to go ahead and figures he is not progressing fast enough in the position he has.

Read the ads below, then turn to the classified department. There is many an important message there for you.

- MALE HELP WANTED.**
- WANTED—A man for general work and firing around factory. Apply SOUTH BEND WATCH CO. 2304-4t
- WANTED—Assemblers and machine hands. Highest wages paid. Apply South Bend Die and Tool Co. 732 W. Division. 2255-5t
- WANTED—Responsible man for job as night watchman. Inquire Room 22, M. S. Bldg. 2317-14
- WANTED—Janitor, Strohbecker Administration Bldg., Information desk. 2194-13
- WANTED—Two first-class automobile mechanics. Nikart Garage, 1025 W. Division st. 1065-1t

Turn To Classified Page For Other Ads