

# RENSSELAER REPUBLICAN AND JOURNAL DAILY AND SEMI-WEEKLY

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HEALEY & CLARK, - PUBLISHERS

Entered at the Postoffice at Rensselaer, Indiana  
as Second-Class Matter.

## GOOD FAT HORSES WANTED.

We will be here the remainder of this week, at Hemphill's barn, and want to purchase a car load of good fat horses.

n.13d-w D. GLEASON & SON.

## MIND YOUR BUSINESS!

If you don't nobody will. It is your business to keep out of all the trouble you can and you can and will keep out of liver and bowel trouble if you take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They keep biliousness, malaria and jaundice out of your system. 25c at A. F. Long's drug store.

A man who cannot talk e'en times a day for every day in six weeks to crowds of from 1,000 to 20,000 in the open air will in the future be considered ineligible for the Presidency.

## WATCHED FIFTEEN YEARS.

"For fifteen years I have watched the working of Bucklen's Arnica Salve; and it has never failed to cure any sore, boil, ulcer or burn to which it was applied. It has saved us many a doctor bill," says A. F. Hardy of East Wilton, Maine. 25c at A. F. Long's drug store.

Some of the big black hats of the season show the wide brims rolled off the face in front and on one side and caught back with two or three ostrich tips.

New motoring and steamer caps are exactly like the golf capes of the season except that they are longer. Some of them are full seven-eighths length, and are finished with hoods.

Dr. Rose M. Remmek, registered optician, who has made regular visits to Clarke's jewelry store for five years, is now permanently located there. Dr. Remmek is fully qualified to accurately measure errors of refraction. This knowledge of the eye and rays of light enable us to determine the kind of glasses to prescribe. Our glasses are reasonable in price and your sight is priceless and we want your patronage.

Fashionable, big picture hats are made of velvet to match the gown with which they are worn and are trimmed only with long ostrich feathers, all carried out in the same shade.

ITCHING SKIN DISEASES READILY CURED BY A SIMPLE REMEDY. Any sufferer can be convinced by sending for a free trial package of Zemo to E. W. Rose Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Zemo is a clean liquid for external use. It is of vegetable origin, pleasant and agreeable to use. The first application will stop the itching and burning, and if used according to directions, will draw all the germs and their poisons to the surface and destroy them, leaving a nice, clear, healthy skin.

Zemo has made some remarkable cures of chronic cases of skin disease that had been pronounced incurable by the leading skin specialists of this country. Among these cures is Mr. Jacob Frank, proprietor Frank Mercantile Co., 821 N. 5th St., St. Louis, Mo. R. W. Emerson, President Anchor Steam Laundry, St. Louis Mo. W. P. Taylor, 108 Shinkle St., Findlay, Ohio; Mrs. Harvey Burka, Harrisburg, Ill. These persons were cured by Zemo after they had given up all hope of ever being cured. They will gladly answer all inquiries.

Zemo is for sale everywhere. B. F. Fendig, the druggist, has secured the agency for Zemo in Rensselaer. He endorses and recommends Zemo and will be glad to show you photos and letters and other proofs from prominent persons who have been cured by this remarkable remedy.

SEVEN YEARS OF PROOF. "I have had seven years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best medicine to take for coughs and colds and for every diseased condition of throat, chest or lungs," says W. V. Henry, of Panama, Mo. The world has had thirty-eight years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best remedy for coughs and colds, la grippe, asthma, hay fever, bronchitis, hemorrhage of the lungs, and the early stages of consumption. Its timely use always prevents the development of pneumonia. Sold under guarantee at A. F. Long's drug store. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

## THE RETIRED LITERARY MAN.

Noise as Related to Literature—Delusions of the Quiet of Home.

"Some writers," said the retired literary man, "can do their best work in a sawmill, some can produce their best results in a boiler factory; and, again, I have known men whose fancy rose to its finest and fullest fruition when drawn upon in a rushing, roaring railroad train.

"But while some men thus could do their best work in the midst of what would commonly be considered as the noisiest of surroundings, I have never yet known any men who could do good work in the so-called quiet of home; and the reason for this is very simple.

"You see, in the noisy places such as I have described the noises are uniform and rhythmic and to some men they may even be tuneful and soothing. There are many men, indeed, including some not writers, to whom the droning hum of the buzz saw is music, as to them the scent of the freshly sawed lumber might be a fragrant and stimulating perfume.

"To some men the continuous banging in a boiler factory may be the very reverse of disturbing—it may be, rather, stirring and invigorating; and there are men who love the constant roar of the railroad train. But bear in mind that, as I have said, all these noises are uniform and rhythmic, while the sounds of home are likely to be intermittent and desultory and that so even sounds comparatively light may here, in an atmosphere normally quiet, seem positively explosive.

"And it is those sounds of an explosive character that are likely to prove most disturbing; though there may be other home sounds not so loud, that will, nevertheless, almost as effectually disrupt a train of thought.

"Why, I have known a literary man working in his study at home to be quite thrown out of balance by the sudden dropping of a flatiron on the floor of the kitchen below; to be so completely unbalanced, in fact, that he couldn't do any more work for half a day. And the sudden or continued wailing of an infant in the house might exercise an equally disquieting effect upon his nerves, and so upon his flow of thought; as might, indeed, the boisterous play of elder children with the oversetting of chairs and bureaus and things of that sort; while last, however, I suppose might more properly be classed with the explosive sounds, though their explosive effect is likely to be merged somewhat with the preceding uproar.

## OBJECTS TO AERONAUTS.

Holland Passes Laws Against Visitors From the Clouds.

The increasing frequency with which balloons have come to earth of late in various parts of Holland has led to a bill being laid before the Netherlands Second Chamber with a view to putting a stop to these unwelcome visits. The bill, says the London Globe, is aimed mainly at balloons belonging to the German Aeronautical Societies in the region of the Lower Rhine as in most cases it has been found that when the balloons have landed the occupants of the car have been officers of the German army, and their object in making these balloon trips into Dutch territory very naturally is thought to be connected with spying out the country. Henceforth, every aeronaut landing in the Netherlands will have to pay a fine of £50 or go to prison for three months.

## Women as Lawmakers.

Women not only have had the vote, but have actually sat in England's lawmaking bodies. Abbesses, in virtue of their position as such, were, in bygone days, entitled to a seat and voice in the national council. They turned up in big force at the council of 634, when the question of nunneries was in debate, and several of them subscribed to the decrees made on that occasion. Again they sat in a national parley held in 855. And once again in the great council of Henry III. and Edward I. when the abbesses of Shaftesbury, Barking, Winchester and Wilton were in attendance, each with her retinue of lay folk.

## Beyond the Last.

It has often struck me as a curious thing that in all the countries I have inhabited shoemakers should generally have been Socialists, says a writer in the Nineteenth Century.

What I wondered produced this odd phenomenon?

It was hardly to be supposed that souls with socialistic tendencies incarnate by preference in shoemakers as they could further their views just as well in other walks of life. It therefore became clear to me that there was something in the fact of shoemaking which favors this form of belief. At one time I thought I was on the right track and it was the handling and the smell of leather that did it.

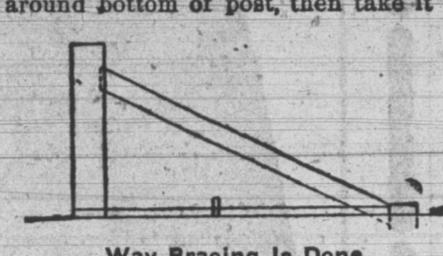
The terms "colony" and "colonial" have no place in the lexicon of American political administration. Yet the fact that we have a little collection of insular possessions, noncontiguous territories, a leasehold in perpetuity in Panama, a right of intervention in Cuba and an object of disinterested benevolence in Santo Domingo, to say nothing of what the fates may yet pitch into our windows or leave on our doorsteps, makes those terms convenient and they are appearing more and more frequently.



## BRACING CORNER POSTS.

How It Can Be Effectively Done at Small Cost.

This method, while cheaply devised, is used very effectively in bracing corner posts. Use as a brace a pole nine or ten feet long, four or five inches in diameter and square at both ends. Fit one end of pole to the post half way between its middle and top and place other end of brace on a flat stone. Secure one end of a wire around bottom of post, then take it to



Way Bracing Is Done.

outer end of brace and back to post again, fastening securely. With a short stout stick twist wires together until very tight and your brace is complete, says Farmers' Review. This brace comes in line with your fence and by fastening your wire or boards to it prevents it from slipping sideways.

## APPLICATION OF MANURE.

Get It on the Land as Soon as Possible.

In order to reduce the loss in manure to a minimum, and also to economize in handling it, the general aim and practice should be to haul it directly from the stable to the field and spread it at once. On the average farm the following of this practice all through the year would result in less loss than any method that could be pursued.

The use of rotted manure rather than fresh manure is desirable in connection with many market garden or vegetable crops, as it gives quicker results and with root crops will give a smoother and nicer product.

Manure should be spread as soon as it is hauled to the field. The practice of putting it in piles is objectionable because of the loss that is likely to occur. The placing in piles also involves additional labor.

The manner of spreading will depend upon local conditions, but where the distance to haul is relatively short and it is desired to have it evenly spread the manure spreaders will be found serviceable machines.

From ten to twenty tons of manure per acre is usually considered a fair application; but considerably more is frequently applied for market garden crops. Experiments have shown that generally it would be far more profitable to use about one-half the usual quantities and to supplement it with commercial fertilizers.

## AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

Protect the meadows when they are soft. Tramping injures them.

Manure of all kinds should be well protected during bad weather. If it has been carefully kept under cover and properly applied, it will show its effect almost immediately; but if it has been leached by heavy rains and exposed to drying winds and the sun's rays, it will not be so valuable.

Give the boy two or three acres of ground to farm this year. Allow him to send to the state agricultural college for some seed corn and assist him in preparing the ground and planting this seed. The work will be good for him, the information obtained will be invaluable and the profits will be ample for him to provide his own clothes for the coming year.

As a measure of economy, plan to grow plenty of vegetables for the family table throughout the year—potatoes, peas, beans, beets, sugar corn, tomatoes, onions, cabbage, etc. Study out a good truck patch now, and work it for all it is worth. Buy seed now if need be. Also grow plenty of roots for the cows, horses, sheep, and poultry and save buying bran. It is the buying of food things that keeps some farmers poor.

## Loss of Fertility by Leaching.

Land kept constantly as a garden loses much of its fertility by leaching. A clover rotation is the best preventive of this. There should be at least two or three garden spots on each farm kept rich enough so that one year's extra manuring will bring it into the finest possible condition for garden truck. If farmers could always plant gardens on two-year clover sod they would raise better crops and with less stable manure and other fertilizers than they now require. The clover does much more than furnish green manure to ferment in the soil. Its roots reach down into the subsoil, thus not only saving and bringing to the surface plant food that would otherwise be wasted, but also by enlivening the subsoil, allowing the roots of crops to go deeper. Clover sod, to begin with, if well enriched, is best for such crops as cucumbers and melons, that are always most liable to suffer from drought. It is quite impossible to make a good garden crop, unless the land has previously been enriched by a series of heavy manurings. The fertility lost by leaching must be constantly renewed.

Satan works hardest when the churches are closed for the summer vacation.

A foul tongue cannot express the desires of a clean heart.

## DIFFICULT CENSUS TAKING.

A Delicate Task in Egypt—Discovering Secrets of the Harem.

The country for the last few days has been going through a series of questions and answers. It is the period of the decennial census. At home the taking of the census is a comparatively easy matter. Every householder has his or her sheet to fill up on a certain night and the collector fetches it on his rounds, and there the matter ends. But in Egypt there are insuperable difficulties in the way of such simple methods.

To begin with as the illiterate class is large, it is manifestly impossible to get the forms filled in, writes a Cairo correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette. So the Government has had to nominate an army of inspectors who have been going from house to house and have powers to penetrate to the inner apartments in order to obtain full details.

Of course in a number of cases the natives, not understanding the cause, resent this intrusion, and some of the incidents have been most awkward. Moreover, very few of the fellahs really know their ages, their idea of time being fixed by events. Thus one man's reply to the questioner was that he was a boy working in his father's field when Alexandria was bombarded, and another that he remembered seeing the "maika fransawi," evidently the Empress Eugenie, at the opening of the Suez Canal.

On the other hand the women, unlike their Western sisters, do not consider age a thing to be ashamed of and unblushingly admit, in some cases, quite ten years more than possibly is their age. The harems have been another obstacle to the completeness of the census, and in many instances the inspectors have had warm quarters of an hour with the surly and unwilling eunuchs who guard those portions of the Easterner's domicile.

Altogether the lot of a census inspector is by no means a happy one and it cannot be wondered at that many of them fight shy of the job. The task requires no end of tact, patience and persuasive power and, considering the difficulties in the way and the fact that the inspectors are empowered to hale recalcitrant inhabitants before the nearest magistrate or mamour it speaks volumes for the able manner in which the inspectors have tackled their delicate task that very few cases have been reported.

## MEDICAL EDUCATION IN JAPAN.

Knowledge of the Healing Art Due to a Dutch Book.

The first Western knowledge introduced into the Japanese Empire was through a Dutch textbook of anatomy, which came into the hands of a Japanese physician about the year 1771. After months of study, this physician and three friends published a good translation of the book. It taught them that their former teacher had been wrong. On looking over the illustrations in the book, they dissected the body of a criminal in order to find out who was right—the teachings of the Dutch book.

In 1868, the Imperial University was established, with an excellent medical school, in charge of German teachers, and a four years' course which admitted just 100 students to each course. Those who prepare for the medical work also take German as a language, since it is the medical language of Japan.

Today all the teachers in the Imperial University are Japanese, with the exception of two honorary professors, who are German. After the student receives his degree—at the end of the four years—he is allowed to practice without a further examination, and so much are physicians in demand that minor schools of medicine have been established, the students of which are allowed to practice by obtaining a license after passing an examination.

## American Pianos Abroad.

There is no trade in American-made pianos in Scotland because it has been found that when pianos are manufactured in the dry climate of the United States and brought to Scotland the wood in the course of a few months is seriously affected by the dampness, causing joints to open and frequently "buckling" the sounding board. One American firm does a very large business in that country but it has all its instruments made in Hamburg, where the wood has been seasoned in a climate similar to that of Scotland. It has become a saying in the trade that the only "American" pianos sold in Scotland are "made in Germany."

## Devastation by Sand.

On the coasts of Pomerania there are large tracts of sand, heaped up by the wind, hundreds of yards in breadth and from sixty to 120 feet high, and these hills, propelled by the wind, move steadily in an easterly direction. The speed at which these great hills travel is from thirty nine to fifty six feet a year. Pine woods, which sometimes come in their line of march, cannot stop them and are completely destroyed. The branches are rotted off by the sand and nothing is left of the trees, but the bare stems, which after a few years wither and die.

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## NOTICE TO HEIRS, CREDITORS AND LEGATEES.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ethie Tyler, Deceased.

In the Jasper Circuit Court, November Term, 1908.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of Ethie Tyler, deceased, and all persons interested in said estate, to appear in the Jasper Circuit Court, on Saturday, the 5th day of December, 1908, being the day fixed and endorsed on the final settlement account of Joseph L. Tyler, administrator of said deceased, and show cause if any why such final account should not be approved; and the heirs of said deceased and all others interested, are also hereby notified to appear in said Court, on said day and make proof of their heirship, or claim to any part of said estate.

JOSEPH L. TYLER,  
Administrator.

Nov. 6-13-20.

## NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has qualified as executor of the estate of Barbara Meyer late of Jasper county, deceased.

Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

ARTHUR H. HOPKINS,  
Executor.

Oct. 31, 1908. n.6-13-20

## Late Chickens Wanted.

I want to buy all the small chickens from one to three weeks old in the country. A liberal price will be paid, according to size.

J. H. HOLDEN,  
At Holden Chicken Farm, Rensselaer, Ind.

nv.20

You can cure dyspepsia, indigestion, sour or weak stomach, or in fact any form of stomach trouble if you will take Kodol occasionally—just at the times when you need it. Kodol does not have to be taken all the time. Ordinarily you only take Kodol now and then, because it completely