

RENSSELAER REPUBLICAN  
AND JOURNAL  
DAILY AND SEMI-WEEKLY

The Friday Issue is the Regular Weekly Edition.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES  
DAILY, BY CARRIER, 10 CENTS A WEEK  
BY MAIL, \$8.75 A YEAR  
SEMI-WEEKLY, IN ADVANCE, YEAR \$1.50

HEALEY & CLARK, - PUBLISHERS

Entered at the Postoffice at Rensselaer, Indiana  
as Second-Class Matter.

\*\*\*\*\*  
HANGING GROVE  
TOWNSHIP  
\*\*\*\*\*

Clyde Bowman went to Delphi Friday on a business trip.

J. M. McDonald was in McCosburg a few minutes Friday afternoon.

Reed McCoy went up to Kersey Thursday morning to buy some more potatoes for his customers here.

Mrs. Hetherington, who has been visiting Mrs. J. V. Lewis, returned to her home in Boone county Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Armstrong visited at J. R. Phillips' Wednesday and attended the republican rally at Rensselaer Thursday.

Mrs. Jerome Harmon returned home Friday morning from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. C. B. Crowden, at Goodland.

Geo. H. Thomas, of Lafayette, came up Thursday morning on the milk train and visited the Wetheral farm. He returned home the same day.

Mr. Burley, of Medaryville, came down to Geo. Potts' Friday and got his hay pressing outfit, which has been there since he finished pressing hay for James Lefler.

The carpet that the charitable citizens here donated material for and had made for Mr. and Mrs. John Knopinski is now complete and ready to pack down.

If nothing unforeseen takes it, the wheat crop in Hanging Grove should be quite extensive next year considering the amount that is usually sown here. Several acres were sown this fall and the wheat is up 2 or 3 inches high and looks good.

Chas. W. Bussell went to Logansport Wednesday to assist Mr. Pullins, of Rensselaer, with the elk he was to deliver to Wilson Searight, who also has quite a park of deer, wild game, pheasants, etc. The elk was crated and shipped by express.

Another child in the family near Navoo that have the diphtheria died Wednesday about 9 o'clock, making the third one that has died from the dread disease. It is reported also that two more of the family are in a critical condition and are hardly expected to pull through. The physicians surely have the disease checked as far no new cases are reported.

Mrs. John Knopinski and daughter Theresa had some thrilling experience about a mile east of Rensselaer Thursday evening on their way home. Their horse became unmanageable and ran into the wire fence. Fortunately neither of them were injured, but considerable damage was done to the buggy. A neighbor happened along about the time of the accident and took the victims home.

Assistant Superintendent of Railway Mail Service was here Friday conferring with Postmaster Reed McCoy. His business here was in the interest of establishing mail service on the C. & W. Ry. But that would require a regular passenger train to run on schedule time. It certainly would be a wonderful accommodation for people along that line should it finally be established.

Revival Meetings.

Rev. Charles F. Barrett, an evangelist from Delaware, Ohio, will commence revival meetings at Trinity Methodist Episcopal church on next Sunday morning. Mr. Barrett is both a Gospel singer and preacher and has held some very successful meetings in many of the larger cities and comes very highly recommended as a man free from all cheap, claptrap methods, broad in his sympathies and appealing to people of all classes. As the meetings will only continue for two weeks the public is cordially invited to hear him from the beginning.

CARD OF THANKS.

The undersigned wish to thank the friends who were so kind to them during the long sickness and following death of our son and brother, George W. Payne.

JAMES PAYNE AND FAMILY.

Some of the new fur coats are finished with flaring reverses of velvet and some of contrasting fur.

Large pockets are a feature of the new separate coat and are set far down on the body.

Rich and dark colors have the greatest vogue in hat trimming.

Our Criticism of Bishop Quayle.

In reporting the lecture of Bishop William A. Quayle, we said that parts of his lecture were unfair, dishonest, and what was much less excusable in a lecturer, showed his ignorance of what he talked about.

We have not changed our mind. Bishop Quayle said something about having visited an army post where the officers all wore corsets and by extreme foppishness made fools of themselves. He told of their conduct in the ball room and of their affected language and of how the women ran after them, and made fools of themselves, and said he often thought that if a soldier's uniform was hung up in every public place where the women and girls could see it, they would learn not to care so much for what was inside of it. The lecturer's description was comical, being accompanied by a number of fancied attitudes of the soldier, and the writer indulged in a hearty laugh because of the ridiculousness of the thing. Imagine the Rensselaer Republican or any other newspaper parading the follies and foibles and sometimes the sinfulness of some ministers of the gospel and then asserting that all preachers were to be judged by the conduct of these few. We have no idea where Bishop Quayle met the soldier that he took as a basis for his opinion of the United States Army, and we shall not deny that he met somewhere with just such an idiot, but we do claim that there is no fairness in judging the entire body of officers of an army by an occasional duncing there is among them. And we know that the officers who are doing their duty are mighty busy men even in a time of peace, and are, if they meet up to the requirements of the government, men of habilis, industry, tact, and ingenuity. There are occasional failures in the army officers, and they are as human as the preachers, and their weakness is properly defenseless. But each officer stands on his own footing as does each citizen, and failure is the certain outcome of viciousness or folly, as it is among the preachers, or business or professional people. To attack the officers or the army as a whole is to attack the military organization, and the congress of the United States has approved the present military establishment, and in efficiency, it is doubtless the most able military power in the world. If Bishop Quayle is opposed to the army that is a different matter, and he should attack the organization and not the officers.

Many things would indicate that Bishop Quayle devotes more of his lectures to an effort to please than he does to the expressions of ideas and to thoughts that are calculated to make his auditors better thinkers and we have our extreme doubt if he meant what he said.

We are kind enough to believe that he is not so profoundly ignorant as his criticism of soldier officers would indicate, and we trust that his audience shall not employ the same rule to him and his knowledge of other things as he does to the army by judging it as an entirety by the weakness it has in some of its foppish parts. Bishop Quayle is presumed to be a broad minded man, and yet there is no reason for any one to believe him perfect in his line of thought, and he is as open to criticism as was Bob Ingerson, when he went about the country and with his polished oratory and smooth logic sought to disprove the teachings of the Bible. Both were men, each with his good traits and each with his faults, and we have no hesitation whatever in saying that in reference to his soldier argument Bishop Quayle was unfair, dishonest, and what is worse, ignorant of his subject.

The Jasper County Democrat, the paper that "knocks" everything and everybody, being careful never to attack a democrat in good standing, or any other person or organization that helps pay the freight at the Democrat office, thinks it a terrible thing that the Republican should criticize this reverend gentleman, and yet, only a few weeks ago, the Democrat said,

"A number of Indiana preachers made asses out of themselves down at the state capitol this week. Of course we occasionally run across one of these reverend gentlemen who doesn't have to do this—nature having saved him the trouble. People of other towns as well as Rensselaer can bear testimony to such fact."

It might be noticed that this "expose" editor does not orient himself by saying what preachers he meant. The Republican criticized Bishop Quayle, with no thought of the other ministers, but this disgruntled vulture at the helm of the Democrat, simply called all ministers asses, because he lacked the honor to come out and say in the open which one of the ministers he aimed to insult.

Consistency is usually rare in the Democrat, but in this case it is consistent, for it follows the Bishop Quayle plan of insulting all for the sake of roasting a few, and then jumps on to the Republican for defending the majority because of the frailties of a few.

We really believe that Bishop

Quayle is a better entertainer than he is a lecturer, and we refer to his entire Monday night performance. It was clever, amusing, somewhat witty, his facial givings were expressive of his thoughts, but there was very little in it that would stick to the mind, and it could not be compared to many of the lecture numbers that Rensselaer has been honored with, including the Bishop's own former visit here.

Hail to "Gus" Phillips.



MR. AUGUSTUS PHILLIPS  
of "The Wolf" Company, Director  
Sam S. and Lee Shubert, (Inc.)

On Tuesday night, Nov. 10th, at the Grand Opera House, Lafayette, Ind., Messrs. Sam S. and Lee Shubert will offer for the first time in that city, "The Wolf."

One of the many striking features in the play is said to be the finale of the last act, which is played on a dark stage with the moon hidden behind dense clouds. The fight between the two star characters is not seen by the audience, but the exchange of defiance, the pistol shots and the scuffle, with the sound of a falling body at last, are heard and until the winner in the fight reveals his face by the glare of a match with which he is calmly lighting a cigarette, the audience is in doubt as to the outcome.

A Monon special will leave Rensselaer at 7 p. m. and return at 11 p. m.

Marriage Licenses.

Oct. 29. Alva McNeil, born Jasper county, Dec. 10, 1871, present residence LaCrosse, Ind., occupation merchant, and Caroline Pearl Johnson, born Lowell, Ind., Nov. 4, 1875, present residence Wheatfield, occupation housekeeper, 1st marriage for each.

Oct. 28—Theodore Stone, born LaPorte county, Ind., April 30, 1860, present residence LaPorte county, occupation laborer, 2d marriage, 1st dissolved by divorce in Oct. 1905. To Clara Donnel, born LaPorte county, May 30, 1864, present residence Rensselaer, occupation housekeeper, 3d marriage, divorce from first in 1884; second husband died Dec. 13, 1907. She signed application for license with mark.

Expects to Attend Monument Unveiling.

John Kresler, of this city, was a member of the 129th Pennsylvania regiment, which, with seven other Pennsylvania regiments, made a most magnificent charge on Marye's Heights, Dec. 13th, 1862. The division was in command of Gen. A. A. Humphreys, and it suffered a terrific loss. Mr. Kresler received a wound in his head that almost cost his life. In commemoration of the brilliant work of the Pennsylvania regiments that state has caused a \$25,000 monument to be erected at Fredericksburg, Va., and this will be unveiled on Nov. 11th, and Mr. Kresler expects to attend. He will probably go by the way of Cincinnati and the C. & O. railroad.

Generously, the state of Pennsylvania is furnishing free transportation to all members of eight regiments who reside in Pennsylvania. All they have to do is to make application to the secretary, stating to what regiment he belonged and what his postoffice address and nearest railroad station is. As Mr. Kresler does not live in Pennsylvania he will not come in for this, but he believes a look at the old battlefield and the reunion of his old companions worth all that it will cost.

Nothing better than a few games of box ball after working in office or store all day.

Now is the time to buy a barrel of fancy New York apples. Kings, Spies, Baldwins, Greenings. Seek no farther, etc.

CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE.

See the fine fur robes for baby buggies at Worland's.

Visit the big cloak and suit sale.

CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE.

Finds Many Cases of Diphtheria.

Says the Indianapolis News:

"J. N. Hurty, secretary of the state board of health, is wrestling with diphtheria epidemics at Earl Park and Mulberry. At the former place, Mr. McMahan, the health officer, reports that he has discovered 150 cases of 'blind' diphtheria.

"Dr. Hurty explains that by 'blind' diphtheria he means such cases as those in which the child is not seriously ill but has the germs in the throat. He says that it all depends on the resisting power of the child whether these cases are dangerous to the patient, but they are as contagious as the more virulent type. In such cases, Dr. Hurty says, the people often rebel against quarantine and treatment because they can not be made to understand that the child has diphtheria. Since he has made his discovery, Dr. McMahan reports that the people of Earl Park are aiding him in every way to stamp out the disease."

"At Mulberry Dr. Benson Ruddell reports that there have been three deaths, and that there are still many severe cases. More than fifty instances of the 'blind' type have been found and the investigation has not yet been completed. The disease was taken to Mulberry by an adult who died of it there three weeks ago, and the case was not diagnosed, it is said, until after the contagion had spread."

PRACTICAL  
DEMONSTRATION.

Actual Operation of Postal Savings Banks in Philippines.

Two Years' Experiment Indicates the Plan Is Successful.

The only postal savings bank system in operation under the American flag is that in the Philippines, where, after two years of experiment, the institution has been declared a great success. In the report of the Philippine commission, just published, the postal savings bank is discussed briefly, in part as follows:

"The postal savings bank was first opened in Manila on Oct. 1, 1906. The law provides for three classes, with limitations as to the amounts that can be received at any one time in each class. Following the opening of the Manila office, other postal savings bank offices were opened in various cities of different classes, until at the close of the year 235 had been opened, of which 9 were first, 86 were second and 140 were third class."

Filipinos Adopting System.

"At first the Filipinos did not to any great extent avail themselves of the opportunity of depositing a portion of their receipts in the postal savings bank, and a great bulk of the depositors were Americans and of other nationalities. As the advantages of this system have been disseminated through means of schools, government bureaus, private agencies and others, the proportion of Filipinos is continually increasing and gives very good promise that the Filipinos will learn to trust their money to the care of the government, and welcome the opportunity."

"The accounts opened up to the close of the fiscal year numbered 2,676, of which 347 were closed, leaving 2,329 still open. The deposits reached the total sum of \$86,361.03 pesos—an average of 108.21 pesos. Withdrawals reached the total amount of \$80,490.21 pesos, leaving a net deposit of \$59,463.81 pesos at the end of the fiscal year—the first nine months of the operation of the postal savings bank—but by no means the first nine months of operation of the average number of offices, the smaller ones having been opened from time to time during the year, so that many had not been opened more than a month or two at the time these figures were taken."

Encouraging Small Accounts.

"The device of issuing postal savings bank stamps has met with some response. The stamps are simply a method by which small amounts can be deposited without the expense of issuing a book, figuring interest, and opening an account."

"Mrs. Peckham's Carouse" seemed to excite so little enthusiasm on the part of Miss Irwin that it was five years before I had the courage to take a second dip into the troublous waters of dramatic authorship, with the "Sultan of Sulu."

U. S. Senators at Stake.

Every republican voter should bear in mind that not only the county option laws but the election of a U. S. Senator is at stake next Tuesday. John G. Brown and Abraham Hallck are both pledged to vote for Senator Hemenway's re-election and Mr. Hallck is also pledged to vote for Senator Beveridge. They are not only personally in favor of these men but were instructed to vote for them by the conventions which nominated them and both publicly accepted and pledged themselves to follow their instructions. When it is remembered that Tom Taggart is among the possibilities for Senator in case a democratic legislature is elected and that the overthrow of the county option law is also threatened, there should be no question about how to vote when it comes to the legislative ticket.—Remington Press.

Arrested for Violating Truancy Law

E. L. Hollingsworth, cashier of the First National Bank, was Friday served with a warrant charging him with a violation of the truancy law, in not sending his son, Emmet, to the public schools. The case is to be tried Monday afternoon.

It is understood that Mr. Hollingsworth was providing private instruction for his son, which would certainly fulfill the intention of the law, which is aimed to prevent children from growing up in ignorance, a thing that Mr. Hollingsworth would not permit. And it is possible that he may have decided on the doctor's advice to keep his son out of school for a time. It is certain that Mr. Hollingsworth would have a greater interest in the welfare of his son than the state of Indiana would, and his arrest seems ill advised.

Notice the crowds at the big sale now on at the

CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE.

The doctor always prescribes plenty of exercise to be sure of good health. That is what box ball means.

Funeral of Mrs. Horner.

The 3:18 train did not reach here Friday until almost 5 o'clock, and as it bore the remains of the late Mrs. Angela Horner from Lafayette, the funeral was very greatly delayed. The remains were accompanied by the husband, the son, the parents and family of the deceased, and by quite a number of others. The pastor of the Catholic church accompanied the sorrowing concourse, and conducted a brief ceremony at the grave. The remains were met by relatives and many old friends here, and accompanied to the cemetery.

Information About Minnesota.

A 200 page book compiled by the State describing industries, crops, live stock, property values, schools, churches and towns of each county, and Minnesota's splendid opportunities for any man. Sent free by State Board of Immigration, Dept. 1-37, State Capitol, St. Paul, Minn.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Richard E. Davis to William McNeil, Oct. 8, its 16-17-24, bl 3, Wheatfield, Graham's second add, \$400.

Greenup I. Thomas to Charles Miller Sept. 30, 1907, its 5-6, bl 10, Remington, Weston add, \$300.

S. H. Brogaard to Carl Peter, Oct. 12, ne 22-30-5, pt nw 23-30-5, 102.50 acres, Gillam, \$7,697.50.

William B. Austin to James M. Dickey, Sept. 25, nw ne 1-31-7, 40a, Keener, \$600.

Elkanah B. Vondersmith by heirs to Frank Jordan, Aug. 3, 1907, Remington, pt n 1-2, nw 30-27-6, \$1000.

Ella M. Bundy to Charles O. Majin, Oct. 7, se 29-32-6, Wheatfield, \$7,500.

Edward V. Ransford to Herv W. Neal Oct. 5th, se 17-30-7, e 1-2 se 17-30-7, 200 acres, Union, \$100.

J. M. Wasson to Francis H