

RISE SUN:

SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1836.

The late news from Texas is of the most cheering nature. The campaign has been reopened, we doubt not, in good earnest. It would seem that the unfavorable reports heretofore received in regard to the unsettled state of affairs in Texas, are without foundation.

We see nothing sufficiently important or interesting in the proceedings of Congress to lay before our readers this week.

The Weekly Messenger of the 21st inst., says—"A letter from Washington informs us that the name of Jesse L. Holman had been presented to the Senate on the 21st of March, for the first time, and that no doubt existed that it would be confirmed without objections."

Our latest accounts from the New Orleans Market is of the 12th of March. Flour was dull at \$6.50 and \$7 per bbl.; Pork in bulk 9 1-2 cents per lb.; Bacon, Hams 15 a 16, Middlings 10 a 12 1-2, Shoulders 9 a 9 1-2 cents per lb.; Hay \$1.50 a 200 per cwt.; Lard 13 a 14; Whiskey, rectified, 52, common 50.

We understand Flour is selling at \$6 a \$6.25 at Cincinnati.

"RASP, NO. 1."

Under this head our readers will find in today's paper, an article from the last Palladium, purporting to have been written at this place, and intended for the special consideration of the Editor of the Times.

This article was written by JOHN B. CRAFT and le roy e. lynn, of Rising Sun, in partnership. What could have induced either of these individuals to write and have published such an article, knowing as they did, that there was not a sentence of truth in any thing said respecting the Editor of the Times, in the article, is not for us to say. With Mr. Craft we have always been on terms of the most intimate friendship, and have universally esteemed him as one of our best friends; and if we have done any thing to merit the very abusive, unjust, and unkind imputations set forth in the article, or have given him cause to stab at our character and standing with such violence, and under cover of a false name too, we must say that we are at a loss to know what it is. He is the very last man from whom we would have expected such treatment. With the other individual concerned in this affair, we shall have nothing to do.

We leave those acquainted with the Editor of the Times, and the character of his paper, to judge of the truth of the charges brought against him.

We cannot but commiserate the major's situation, knowing, as we do, the hopelessness of the cause in which he labors, and the precarious tenure by which he holds his situation as editor of the Times.—Milton Gregg.

Just as the Palladium "said and sung" more than a year ago. Aye, it was prophesied then that we would be put down, and has the prophecy been fulfilled? or have the people sustained us? Our subscription list furnishes the best answer. And since January last, when we first stated our views in regard to a division, we have added precisely eighty new subscribers to our paper, forty-five of whom reside in the proposed new county. In the same time we have not lost five subscribers within the same bounds. Whether the People will continue to sustain us or not, is more than we can say. Time must determine this. Milton Gregg, however, may know more about this matter than we do—no doubt he is a knowing man. One thing we are very certain of—that is, we are advocating the same measures, and contending for the same principles now that we always have been contending for.

The readers of the Times, and the People of the county at large, can well recollect that when the Palladium was in hands other than those who manage it now, it was utterly impossible to draw it into an argument on the justice and expediency of removing the county seat. Its main forte was to abuse the Editor of the Times, and a few individuals at Rising Sun and Wilmington, whom it supposed took a part against Lawrenceburgh. We do not mean to reflect on individuals now in private life; but we merely wish to show, that although the Palladium has changed Editors, yet its principles in regard to local affairs, is still the same. We had supposed that Milton Gregg would take a different course, for we have heard him cracked up to be a very great man, an honorable man, and a man of principle. But in this calculation we are disappointed. He has avowed himself the champion of a division of the county. We have argued the inexpediency and impropriety of such a measure. Does he meet our arguments like an honorable man? Let people read both papers—let the following paragraphs from the Palladium of last Saturday, be read, and then let people say if our arguments are met as an honorable man would meet them. Let the public be the umpire to decide if this is the correct, and just, and honorable way of meeting arguments. We say let people read the following paragraphs:

"The major says we are 'flattering the citizens of Rising Sun with false praise.' We take back a part of it. In speaking of that place as possessing a respectable, thrifty, public spirited and patriotic class of citizens, we wish to take back so much of the remark as may be construed to include the major."

"Did major glenn ever read the fable of the viper which was found frozen, by a husbandman, taken to his house and warmed into life; but so soon as he began to feel comfortable, com-

menced playing around him at a furious rate upon the good man's family—thus repaying the kindness of his benefactor with the basest ingratitude. If he has never read it, we commend it to his favorable notice, and he no doubt will be readily enabled to make the application."

"Wonder what is major glenn's favorite dish. One would suppose from the temper of his remark, that he usually dines on crab-apples and sour kroust, seasoned occasionally with a little of Stoughton's best."

It may be that we cannot see as far as some others, and we are constrained to acknowledge that we cannot see what the language of the above paragraphs has to do with the question at issue. We view it as *low and vulgar abuse*—an attempt to divert the public mind from the main question. But "the gall'd jade winces"—Milton Gregg smart under the reproach he received, and like his predecessors—like a conscience-stricken and cowardly antagonist, he flies from the subject, and answers with low abuse. Just so it was with the Palladium heretofore—its main object being to break down the Editor of the Times and destroy the influence of his paper. And for what? Why simply because we have advocated the cause of justice and equal rights, and opposed the intrigue and cunning of the Lawrenceburgh aristocracy.

From the New Orleans Bee.

FROM TEXAS.

We learn from Capt. Flaherty, of the schooner Wm. A. Turner, from Matagorda, whence she sailed on the 9th inst., that an express had arrived there stating that an attack had been made by Gen. Cos and 1000 Mexican troops on San Antonio, which was repulsed by Col. Travers and 100 Texans. Cos was driven over the river leaving 500 men dead on the field.

We have no doubt of the above, from the situation of the fort at San Antonio; it is situated on an eminence in the midst of an open plain, and mounts about 30 pieces of good artillery which, charged with grape, would do great execution. It is also probable that Cos is by this time taken, as 800 Texans, well equipped, were rapidly advancing in his rear, and had cut off his supplies.

By a passenger in the schr. W. A. Turner from Matagorda, we learn that 75 Texans and 25 Mexicans, who had resorted to the Alamo or Fort at San Antonio, were attacked by a Mexican force of 4000 men, with Gen. Cos at their head, who raised the black flag of extermination and demanded a surrender. The demand was answered from the mouths of the cannon of the Texans, on which the Mexicans attempted to take the place by storm, but they were defeated with the loss of 500 men slain on the field, and the balance made a precipitate retreat in great disorder. This account we receive at Matagorda by express from Col. Travers, who commanded the Texan force on this occasion. The express called for the militia to rally to the field, and they were all obeying the call. This is another version of the affair mentioned in another paragraph. The whole, we fear, is too good news to be true, but there is no doubt of a conflict having taken place between the Texan and Mexican forces at San Antonio, which has probably resulted successfully to the arms of the Texans.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman residing in Texas, to his friend here.

"By the latest information, Santa Anna was upon the frontiers with from 6 to 8000 men, and was determined upon the extermination, or expulsion of the whole population of Texas. In his first essay to effect this object, his vanguard commanded by Cos, made an assault upon the Alamo (the citadel) of Bexar, and was repulsed—accounts say, with the loss of 500 men; but if we make due allowance for exaggerations, the Mexican loss will probably turn out to be some fifty men.

"The contest will doubtless be bloody, and if the Texan army should be defeated upon the frontiers, they will be compelled to retreat to the Colorado, as there is no line of defence to the west of that river, that can effectually be defended, although they may make a temporary stand at the Guadalupe until the population in their rear can flee across the Colorado."

FARMERS.—Some of the Ohio papers boast that the people of that State returned 53 farmers to the late Legislature, out of 120 members, of which both branches is composed. We of Indiana can beat that. Out of 77 members of the late House 39 were farmers, and 38 belonged to other professions—among them 21 lawyers! Thirty-nine farmers is a pretty good proportion; and we know, from observation, that they were, as a body, among the most intelligent, industrious and useful members of both Houses.—*Wabash Courier.*

RISE SUN SEMINARY.

THIS Institution will commence its summer session on Monday, the 11th instant, and will close on Friday, the 23d of September, making 24 weeks per session.

The female department will be under the charge of some competent lady, who will give instruction in all the branches of study usually taught in female academies.

The male department, as heretofore, will be open for the reception of students in all the English, Scientific and Classical studies; and young men studying with a view to enter College, may be prepared for entering at any stage of his College course. Terms of tuition from \$2 to \$5 per quarter.

J. E. BRIGHT.

Rising Sun, April 9, 1836.

Exhibition.

THE Zelomathean Society of Dearborn county Seminary, will hold an exhibition in the Court House at Wilmington, Ind. on Saturday, the 16th of April next, at 6 o'clock, P. M. commencing with the following exercises, viz:

Prayer, by the Chaplain—Composition—Declaration—Select, Original and Extemporaneous—Ode on the passions—Dialogue—Debate—Address to the Society—Benediction. Appropriate music by the Enterpean Band will be introduced between the exercises. The Trustees of the Seminary, and the public in general are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the Society.

WILLIAM G. MONROE, Pres.
N. S. WEAVER, Secy.
Wm. McCoy, Secy.
April 9, 1836.

To Builders.

THE undersigned will receive sealed proposals, until the first day of May next, for building any part or the whole of the edifice for the Indiana Teachers' Seminary, recently located at this place, and enclosing the same; or for furnishing any part or the whole of the materials. The edifice is to be one hundred feet front, forty-four feet deep, and four stories high, with a cupola—the body to be of brick, with a substantial stone foundation. The design and plan can be seen by calling on either of the subscribers.

P. JAMES,
M. HAINES,
W. LANIUS,
Building Committee.

Rising Sun, April 9, 1836.

ONE CENT REWARD.

AN AWAY from the subscriber on the 4th instant, an indentured apprentice boy to the farming business by the name of GEORGE WILLEY, 13 years of age last August. This is to forbid all persons from harboring or trusting him on my account, as I will pay no debts of his contracting after this date. DAVID FISHER.
April 4, 1836.—267

Law Notice.

Hugh B. Eggleston & D. Kelso,

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of the Law, in the Circuit Courts of Dearborn, Switzerland and Ripley. Mr. Eggleston resides in Madison, and will attend said Courts during term time; and Mr. Kelso resides in New York, Switzerland county, where he may be found at all times, when not absent on business. Business confided to them will meet the joint attention of both.
April 2, 1836. \$15 1103

New Spring Goods.

J. McKNIGHT,

HAS just received a new supply of Spring Goods, among which are the following:

Handsome Calicoes, plaid Ginghams; Painted Muslins, Straw Bonnets; Cotton Stockings, Thread, Bobinet and Cotton Lace; Edgings and Bobinets; Footing and figured Muslin; Barred Muslin and Jaconets; Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs; Silk and Gauze Dress Handkerchiefs; Green Barraize, Kid Gloves, Guard Chains and Combs; Belt and Bonnet Ribbons; White and green Florence; Mexican Stripe, Striped Drill; Mexican Mixtures, French Linen, Checks and Bed Ticking; Suspenders, bleached and brown Muslins; Children's Shoes.

Together with an assortment of

Queensware, Hardware, Groceries, White Lead ground in Oil, Drugs and Medicines, &c. &c. All of which he is disposed to sell low for cash.

Rising Sun, April 2, 1836.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Wilmington, la. on the 1st of April, 1836, which if not taken out in three months, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

Abdon John	Lathrop Erasmus
Abraham George	Loughborough John
Chilson James	Lundbeck Jacob
Chilson John	Mitchell Eli
Chisman Elias	Mitchell Elias
Dashell John	Myers James
Eggleston Jacob	Payson Walter
Eggleston Col J W	Peters Jahiel B
Fleming David	Richardson Harmon
Green William 2	St. John Mrs Sally
Green Rebecca	Thornton George W
Griffin Geo	Tutts Servetus
James William	Upp William
Johnston William	Walker James
Johnson John	Ward Peter Z
Johnson David 1	Wright Lorenzo
Keene Daniel 2	(34)

DAVIS WEAVER, P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Hartford, la. on the first day of April, 1836, which if not taken out in three months, will be sent to the General Post Office as Dead Letters.

Barricklow Farrington	Kittle William
Barricklow Henry	Latta Samuel
Brown Mahlon 3	Lyons James
Blue Benjamin	Lynn Daniel
Blue David	McAfee John
Conaway Robert 4	McAfee Charles
Conway Daniel	McKittick David
Culp Jacob	McIntosh John
Cuge Martin	Monroe Hugh
Conway Simon	Owens Edward
Colefield Robert	Parell Thomas
Conway Wm Esq 3	Pate Cebird
Clement John	Plank Miss Mary Ann
Ellis Robert	Pearson John
Frazier Samuel 2	Pate George
Fish William Esq 2	Reid Isaac
Frazier William	Ran James
Faller Samuel	Ricketts Isaac
Finch Nathan	Stevens Charles
Fisher Dr David	Stewart John
Gaion Thomas Esq	Soranton Mrs
Hafford Elizabeth	Thompson Washington
Hayes Isaac	Tice John
Harpham Samuel	Thompson Charles
Hume John	Thayer Chester 4
Harbert Samuel	Watts Col Johnson
Laschnage John	Ward Timothy
Hunt John	Walker John P
Hancock Isaac	Willey Kinslear
Jenkins Nancy	(38)

JOHN K. LEWIS, P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rising Sun, la., on the 1st day of April, 1836. Those not taken out in three months will be sent to the General Post office as dead letters.

Adams Richard 2	James James
Bonner Peter	Larow Benjamin
Bush Nancy	Lewis John
Byard Moses	Larr Peter 2
Bassett Wm	Miller John
Barnett James M	Milner Cornelius
Clark Wm B	Murcutt Rachel
Covington John B	McCoy Samuel B
Close Elizabeth	Nash John
Clark Nathaniel	Nobles Elijah
Covington Mary	Pepper A C 2
Craig Sarah	Plummer Henry 2
Craig Robert	Palmer Lydia
Cullen Wm	Powell Eli
Dunbar Joseph	Ray John
Driver Sarah	Russell James
Delph Jones	Rye William
Denton Joseph	Ricketts James
Ellison Hezekiah	Ricketts Ephraim
Engle Victor W	Reid Isaac
French Margaret	Rodgers Lee
Falkner Catharine	Rose William
Graves Lorenzo	Sutton Joshua
Girlean Benjamin	Seyore Austin
Grimm Joseph	Steward John
Gould Lewis	Smith Jonah
Gibson James	Smith George R
Greene Cyrena	Steele Samuel
Hall John	Smith Sarah M
Hamilton Charles E	Steward Mary
Huston Maxwell 2	Tower Gideon
Hewitt Margaret	Tait John Jr
Hayden William	Thompson James
Howell William	Wright Anna
Hughes Joseph	Walker Susannah
Holton Rawiah	Wallick Henry
James Col	Waggoner Matilda
Jerrard Reece A P	

JOHN LANIUS, P. M.

Public Sale.

ON Saturday, the 9th day of April, inst., the subscriber will offer for sale, at his residence on Arnold's creek, 3 miles from Rising Sun, and half a mile below Jayne's mill, the following property, to wit: 6 Horses, 1 Wagon, 1 Cow and Calf, 1 three year old Heifer, 1 Ox Cart, 1 Saddle, and other articles. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. on said day. On all sums over three dollars, a credit of eleven months will be given.

ROBERT RODGERS.

April 2, 1836.

Stray Colt.

STRAYED from the premises of C. Miller, in Randolph township, Dearborn county, on Saturday, the 26th of March last, a black HORSE COLT, one year old last September; hair very long, and has a sore on its near side, occasioned by the hook of a cow; no other marks recollected. Any person who will take up said colt, and return it to C. Miller, or give information where it is, will receive the thanks of the owner, and all charges will be paid.

WARREN HUNT.

April 2, 1836.

TOP ONIONS.

A FEW barrels TOP ONIONS, on hand and for sale by

PEPPER & FRENCH.

Blank Deeds, Mortgages, &c.

For sale at this office.

Indiana Teacher's Seminary

THE Indiana Teacher's Seminary consists of a Model Primary School, a Teacher's Department, and a Scientific and Classical Department.

Pupils will be received into the Primary Department at any age, and will be instructed in Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar and Geography. A knowledge of these branches is necessary for admission to either of the other departments.

The course of studies in the Teacher's Department, consists of Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, Projecting Maps, Composition, Book-keeping, History, Constitution of the United States, and of Indiana, Mental, Moral and Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Mensuration, Surveying, and the Art of Discipline and Instruction.

The Scientific and Classical Department, embraces all the branches in the Teachers Department, except the last two; also, Rhetoric, Logic, Mineralogy, Botany, Navigation, Civil Engineering, the Latin and Greek Languages, Natural Theology, and Political Economy.

TERMS.

In the Model Primary School, per session of 22 weeks, for Orthography, Reading, Writing and Arithmetic \$4.

For English Grammar and Geography, per session, \$6.

In the Higher Departments (Teachers, and Scientific and Classical) per session of 20 weeks \$10.

The Higher Departments will be open for the reception of pupils the second Monday in April, and the Model Primary School will go into operation as soon as a convenient edifice can be procured.

B. JAMES,
M. H. WILDER,
W. LANIUS,
W. LEWIS,

Committee of the Board of Trustees.

Rising Sun, April 2, 1836.

PRODUCE, BOOT & SHOE STORE.

THE subscribers wish to inform the citizens of Rising Sun and its vicinity, that they have just received and now offer for sale, at the stand lately occupied by L. N. Hall, a large and general assortment of articles in their line, of which the following are a part: Bacon, Pork, dried and green Beef, Lard, Butter, Honey, Molasses, Codfish, Mackerel, Herring, Bologna Sausages, Cheese, Chickens, Pickles, Potatoes, Kroust, Beets, Carrots, green and dried Apples, dried Quinces, Apple Butter, Eggs, Onions, Turnips, Rice, Preserves, Oranges, Figs, Boston and Butter Crackers, Sage, Hops, Vinegar, Walnuts, Hickorynuts, Pecons, Almonds, Meal, Flour, and Rye Flour.

GROCERIES.

Chocolate, Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Pepper, Alspice, Mace, Cloves, Ginger, Pearlash, Sal. Eratis, Starch, Candles, Lard, soft and shaving Soap, linseed, sperm and sweet oils, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Chalk, Nails, Fish lines & hooks, Powder, Shot, Lead, Percussion Caps, Flints, Brushes, Cordage, some Medicines, Drugs, Hardware, Queensware, Tinware, Cooper'sware, Glassware, Cutlery, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Tar, Rosin, Paints, Wines, Brandies, Whiskey, (but not by the small) Castings, Iron, Steel, Garden Seeds, Findings for Shoemakers.

CLOTHING.

Coats, Roundabouts, Vests, Pantalons, Drawers, Shirts, Collars, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Socks, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Bottees, Children's Shoes, Pumps, Slippers, &c. &c. with many other articles too tedious to mention, on as reasonable terms as can be afforded. People are particularly requested to call and see and price their articles.

HALL & BUCHANAN.

Rising Sun, March 26, 1836.

N. B. All those who have felt the happy effects of, or are advocates for what is called the Thomsonian System of Medicine, can find most of the simple remedies which that system incorporates.

H. & B.

To Builders.

PROPOSALS will be received by either of the undersigned for building a Presbyterian meeting house, 30 by 40 feet, on the farm of James M. Hastings, in Union township, Dearborn county, Indiana. The walls are to be of brick, and the contractor to find all the materials. For further particulars apply to

ISAAC CLARK,
GEORGE BEATY,
J. M. HASTINGS,
HUGH MONROE,
HUGH ESPY,

Building Comm.

March 16, 1836.