

PLAN FOR THE ACTION OF THE IRISH PARLIAMENT.—At the usual meeting of the Repeal Association, on Monday, the 21st ultimo, the report for the week was announced to be £1, 13s. Mr. O'Connell was not present, and the meeting adjourned till next day; when he propounded his plan for the restoration of the Irish Parliament, as prepared by a committee.

"1. The Irish people recognise, acknowledge, maintain, and will continually preserve and uphold upon the throne of Ireland, her Majesty Queen Victoria, (whom God protect!) Queen, by undoubted right, and by hereditary descent, of Ireland, and her heirs and successors forever. The people of Ireland recognise, acknowledge, maintain, and will continually preserve and uphold, all the prerogatives of her Majesty, and of her heirs and successors, belonging to and inherent in the imperial crown of Ireland; and they will true allegiance bear, pure, indivisible, to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, forever.

"2. The people of Ireland acknowledge, and will maintain and preserve forever, the privileges, hereditary and personal, of the peers of Ireland; together with the legislative and judicial authority of the Irish House of Lords, and the exercise of prerogative in appointing and limiting the peerage, as the same did of right exist before the year 1800.

"3. The people of Ireland do firmly insist upon the restoration of the Irish House of Commons, consisting of three hundred representatives of the Irish people; and demand the presence of their Creator, the right of the people of Ireland to such restoration.—They have submitted to the Union, as being binding as a law; but they declare solemnly that it is not founded on right, or on constitutional principle, and that it is not obligatory upon conscience. They agree with the Tory attorney general, (Staunton,) the only binding power of the Union is the strength of the English dominion. They also agree with him, that resistance to the Union is in the abstract a duty, and the extinction of that resistance a mere question of prudence. They will therefore resist the Union by all legal, peaceful, and constitutional means.

"4. The plan for the restoration of the Irish Parliament is as follows: 1. The county members should be increased to 173, in the manner hereafter specified. 2. That there should be 127 members returned from cities and towns, in the manner mentioned. 3. That the county of Carlow, being the only county in Ireland with less than one hundred thousand inhabitants, should get an increase of one member, so as to have three representatives; that every other county having above 100,000 inhabitants, should get an increase of two members; that every county ranging above 150,000 inhabitants should get an increase of three members.

"That every county ranging above 250,000 inhabitants should get an increase of four members.

"That the county of Tipperary, having more than 400,000 inhabitants, but less than 500,000, should get an increase of eight members.

"That the county of Cork, having more than 700,000 inhabitants, should get an increase of ten members.

"5. With respect to the towns and cities, it is proposed that the city of Dublin, having more than 200,000 inhabitants, should have eight representatives; four for the parts north of the Liffey, and four for the parts south of the Liffey.

"That the University of Dublin should continue on the basis of its present constituency, to send two members.

"It is proposed that the city of Cork, having more than 100,000 inhabitants, should have five members.

"That the city of Limerick and the town of Bellast, having respectively more than 50,000 inhabitants, should send four members each.

"It is proposed that the town of Galway, and the cities of Waterford and Kilkenny, having respectively more than 20,000 inhabitants, should send each three members to Parliament.

"That other towns having 7,000 inhabitants, should each send two members to Parliament; and the forty-nine other towns next highest in the ratio of population, should send one member each.

"6. It is proposed that the right of voting should be what is called 'house suffrage,' requiring six months' residence in the counties; with the addition in the towns of married men resident for twelve months, whether householders or not.

"7. It is proposed that the mode of voting for members of Parliament should certainly be by ballot.

"8. The Monarch *de facto* of England at all times hereafter, whoever he may be, shall be Monarch *de jure* in Ireland. And so in case of a future Regency, the Regent *de facto* in England to be Regent *de jure* in Ireland.

"9. The connexion between Great Britain and Ireland, by means of the power, authority, and prerogative of the Crown, to be perpetual, and incapable of change, or any severance or separation.

"The foregoing plan to be carried into effect according to recognised law and strict constitutional principle.

"Signed by order:
"DANIEL O'CONNELL,
"Chairman of the Committee."

SINGULAR DEATH OF A CHILD.—An interesting child about six months old, daughter of Deacon Moses Wheelock, of Barre, Mass., lost her life on the 10th inst., in a most singular manner. An attendant left the room where she was lying quietly on a bed, and returning in a few minutes, the child was found to have crept to the side of the bed near the wall and slid off. Her body passed between the bed and the wall, through an aperture not big enough to admit her head, and she remained suspended by the chain until life was extinct.

From the Raleigh Register.

A NOBLE EXAMPLE.—Mr. George W. Patton, of Millin, (see *supra*, of Pennsylvania) was a Whig volunteer candidate for the Legislature before the regular nominations were made. Another person Mr. Cummins, having "cut him out," he appears in the following address:

TO THE PUBLIC.

Fellow-Citizens: I have struck a bad breeze of luck, as usual. I did think I was the best man in Millin county, to go to the Legislature, except one, and my only hope was, that the delegates would not think of him; but I have been disappointed. Col. Wm. Cummins is a great deal better than I am; and as I am just the class Whig, I would have been forced to vote against myself, had I remained as a candidate.—You will consider me, then, as declined.

Your humble servant, GEO. W. PATTON.

A BANK A REPUBLICAN MEASURE.—Mr. McDuffie, in his celebrated report of 1830, held the following language about the late Bank and the Congress which incorporated it:

"It may be said without disparagement that an assembly of higher talent and purer patriotism has never existed, since the days of the Revolution, than the Congress by which the present Bank was incorporated. If ever a political party existed of which it might be truly said, that 'all the ends they aimed at were their country's,' it was THE REPUBLICAN PARTY of that day. They had just conducted the country through the perils of a war waged in defence of her rights and honor, and, elevating their views far above the narrow and miserable ends of party strife, sought only to advance the permanent happiness of the people. It was to THIS GREAT END that THEY established the present BANK."

Again, in the same report, after alluding to the recommendation of Mr. Madison, Mr. McDuffie continues:

"The Bank being now recommended by a REPUBLICAN ADMINISTRATION, was carried through both branches of Congress as A REPUBLICAN MEASURE by an overwhelming majority of THE REPUBLICAN PARTY."

We learn from the *Railway*, N. J., Advocate that the Cotton Manufacturing Company of that place, which has been closed since the year 1837, is about to commence business under the management of Mr. Philip Trassler.

A HUSBAND AND WIFE TO BE HANGED.—The *Tombwanda* (Pa.) papers contain the trial of James Dolan and Bridget, his wife, for the murder of Rufus G. Gere, on the 1st of August last. The trial was had before the court of Over and Terminus of Bradford county, Hon. J. N. Connelley presiding, on the 18th inst. The testimony closed on Wednesday, and the Court charged the jury on Thursday, the 19th inst. who retired, and after an absence of one hour, returned with a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. Judge Connelley, on Saturday, the 16th inst. sentenced both the prisoners to be hanged.

A GREAT RACE TO COME OFF.—The National Intelligencer gives a reminder that the great Peyton stake is to be run over the Nashville course early in October. It is exciting unusual interest among the gentlemen of the turf. It will be the largest purse ever contended for in this country or in Europe. Thirty horses have been entered, untied mags of four years old, and among them the produce of Plam, Eclipse, Black Maria, Leviathan, Pompey, Lufborough and other celebrated racers. The entry is five thousand dollars, with a thousand dollars forfeit, and counting largely upon withdrawals, the winning colt will take a purse of eighty thousand dollars. An unusually large number of gentlemen from the Southern and Western States, it is expected, will be present—all more or less interested in the trial of speed of the different stock of their several States.

A GOOD STORY.—A capital story is told of Judge Tappan, one of our Senators in Congress, who is unfortunately cross-eyed. A number of years ago he was judge of a newly organized county court, in the eastern part of this State.

In those days of primitive simplicity, or perhaps poverty, the bar-room of a tavern was used as a court room, and the *stable* as a jail. One day during the session of the court, the judge had occasion to severely reprimand two of the lawyers, who were wrangling. An odd looking old customer, who sat in one corner listening apparently with great satisfaction to the reproof, and presuming on an old acquaintance and the judge's well known good humor, sung out, "Give it to 'em old gimblet eyes!" "Who was that?" inquired the judge. "It was this 'ere old horse," answered the chap raising himself up. "Sheriff," observed the judge, with great gravity, "take that old horse and put him in the stable!"

A STRANGER.—Green Irwin, Esq., who has been on an expedition to the Rocky Mountains, writes to the editor of the *Arkansas Intelligencer* as follows:—"I took an animal of the Lion or Panther species. It is a stranger to Buffalo or Goldsmith, and to us all. It is almost of a bright scarlet color, larger than a panther, and the most ferocious animal I suppose, that ever fell into the hands of the human species. It was caught in a wolf trap."

The Rev. John P. Darbin, President of the Dickinson College, was received on his return from Europe, by the students in a most gratifying manner. The students proceeded in a body to the cars to meet him, and he was escorted to the College Chapel where an address of welcome was delivered by a member of the senior class, which was responded to by the President. At night the three college buildings were brilliantly illuminated.

A TALL STEEPLE.—The steeple of Trinity Church, (Episcopalian) New York, is to be two hundred and eighty feet higher than any one in Boston, and sixty feet higher than the Bunker Hill Monument.

Postmaster General Wickliffe, it is said, has already put an end to Sabbath mail transportation, on different routes, amounting in length to upwards of 80,000 miles.

PEACH ORCHARDS OF DELAWARE.—The editor of the *Delaware Gazette*, speaking of the Peach Orchards in that State, says he saw an orchard containing over 140 acres of peach trees, all laden to the ground with that luscious fruit. One man sends a steamboat load to market every day.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Election of a Diocesan Bishop.

Pursuant to notice, the members of the Special Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Indiana, assembled in Christ Church, Indianapolis, at 10 o'clock A. M. on Friday Sep. the 20th. The Rev. Dr. Kemper, the Missionary Bishop in charge of the Diocese, not being present, the Rev. Robert B. Cross of Terre Haute, was appointed President *pro tem*. Divine service was celebrated by the Rev. S. R. Johnson and the Rev. Mr. Cross, and the Convention continued in session till Monday morning the 24th inst. After the transaction of some preliminary business, they resolved on Saturday, P. M. to proceed to the election of a Diocesan Bishop, Bishop Kemper, having by letter expressed his hearty concurrence in the proposed measure. Various clergymen were voted for on the first balloting by the members of the Clerical order; at length it was announced by the chair that the Rev. THOMAS ATKINSON of the Diocese of Maryland had been duly nominated to the Bishopric by a constitutional majority (two thirds) of the Clergy, and that the nomination had been unanimously confirmed by the Laity; and he was declared to be the Bishop-elect of the Diocese of Indiana. The Convention, by resolution, expressed their desire that in the event of Mr. Atkinson's acceptance of the office, and the confirmation of the appointment by the requisite Diocesan authorities, the consecration should take place in the town of Indianapolis. At the time of the election ten clergymen were present, all of them entitled to seats and votes. In the course of four days, sermons were delivered in Christ Church, by the Rev. Dr. Wylie, and the Rev. Messrs Hickox, Cross, Johnson, Lamson, and Hubbard, principally of a practical character. That by the President *pro tem*, of the convention, was partly doctrinal, and touched upon the alleged supremacy and infallibility of the Bishop of Rome. The members, it was obvious, were united in sentiment, being equally removed from Rome on one hand, and latitudinarianism on the other, while they were animated throughout by a holy principle of love. Should Mr. Atkinson (who is now the Rector of St. Peter's Church, Baltimore) accept of the office to which he has been elected, he will be unanimously welcomed by men who are ardently devoted to the Church, and who are one in heart and one in soul.—*Journal*.

Correspondence of the New York Tribune.

Universalist General Convention.

AKRON, OHIO, Sept. 20, 1843.

THE UNITED STATES CONVENTION of Universalists, which meet annually on the third Wednesday in September, convened here this morning pursuant to adjournment from Providence, R. I. last year. Delegates are present from Maine on the East, Illinois on the West, and Kentucky on the South, embracing, I believe, all the intermediate States. Four Clergymen and four laymen from each State is the regular representation in Council; but some States are not fully represented, while from others large numbers of ministers and hearers are present. A very large concourse of the neighboring people are naturally present—probably 3,000 at the morning service, and the arrivals by canal boats and carriages are still uninterrupted. A court is sitting in town which nearly fills the hotels; and though those who come in boats find their own sleeping apartments, beds and provisions, the making room for the rest pretty thoroughly tested the ability and hospitality of the Universalists last night; and what they will do with the greatly increased concourse to night I cannot imagine. Happily, however, the weather is glorious; clear and decidedly hot by day, and will be excellent for the bivouac to night, should any be compelled to resort to it, as I think they must. Akron is a village of some 2,000 inhabitants, with Cuyahoga Falls, (nearly as large,) Middlebury, and several other smart villages around it.

The Convention was called to order this morning by Rev. T. WHITEHEAD of Mass. and, after a prayer by Rev. HENRY BAKER, Hon. H. MOORE of Cincinnati was chosen President of the Council, and Rev. O. A. SKINNER of Boston Secretary. Rev. E. M. PINGREE of this State was chosen Assistant Secretary. After transacting some business of no interest to the general reader, the Council adjourned to attend the Religious services of the morning; Rev. J. A. GAILLY of Cincinnati preaching the Occasional Sermon, which was very long, very ambitious, rather self-righteous, and not calculated to be popular with hearers of different faiths. But I had intended rather to speak of the arrangements to render the speaker's voice audible to such an assemblage, which struck me as affording valuable hints for similar occasions. In the first place the meeting house of the Universalists is a fine stone structure, situated on a height east of the village, and capable of holding some 1,500 people. This was closely filled, almost entirely by women. On the north side of it, a large area had been covered with plank benches, over which was stretched on high poles an immense tent or sail cloth, (hired I think of the Millerites.) Under this the male portion of the audience was seated on the benches; while the preacher stood on a platform resting on the sill of the North window nearest the pulpit, which had been taken out for the occasion. From this place, the prayers, readings, sermon, &c. were perfectly audible to all, both within and without the house.

Branch State Bank of Indiana, Richmond, 10th Month 2nd, 1843.

THE Stockholders in this Branch will please to take notice, that an Election for extra Directors, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on second day the 5th of 11th Month, next, (Monday, 5th November,) (H-13) ELIJAH COFFIN, Cashier.

Drugs and Medicines.

A FRESH supply just received and for sale at very low prices, for Cash, by JAMES K. DUGDALE & CO., Richmond, August 19, 1843. 34-3m

Handsome Residence FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale, on favorable terms, the residence in which he resides. It is situated on Market street immediately east of the Public Square, and is one of the most pleasant locations in the city. The building is a TWO-STORY BRICK, recently built in modern style, and besides being of the best materials it is finished in superior style. It is commodious and convenient, and has all the appendages of a comfortable dwelling. It has a Wash-House, Smoke-House, Dairy, Cistern, Stable, &c., all in good order. The grounds are neatly laid out and well cultivated, with a choice collection of the best fruit and vines. WILLIAM WIGGINS, Richmond, Sept. 16, 1843. 35-3m

A LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining in the Post Office at Richmond, Wayne county, Indiana, on the 30th September, 1843; and if not taken out before the 1st day of January, 1844, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

A	Kilmer Daniel
Armstrong William	L
Atkinson Benjamin	Lester Antrim
B	Lagg John
Biles Rebecca D 2	Lagg Burgess J
Beeson Tacy	M
Bunting Ebenezer	Marshall Hannah
Brown A M	Mains G W
Bell George	Mendenhall W
Bradbury Thomas	Mattuck William
Butts Robert M	Mills Isaac
Berden Harrison	Mendenhall Caleb
C	Mason Rebecca J
Cook Miss Delila	Macy Simeon
Mary	Maxwell James
Cooper Robert A	N
Chapman William	Newman Esam P
Curtler James	Norton J B
Cox William Esq	O
Crampton Joshua	Osborn Alonzo
Clark Miss Rebecca	Olcott Daniel F
Coplen Simon	P
Campbell Lawrence	Patterson Wm
Clark Mrs. Sarah	Pedrick Philip
D	Q
Davis John	Quigg Joseph H
Demaree Pashens	R
Davies John	Reed Mrs. Abella
Dean Alexander	Reed Daniel
Davis Stephen	Reckers Bernard
E	S
Edwards Benj. I	Secretary Boro' Council
Ewing Peter Esq.	Shriver John B
Elliott John	Smith John
Elliott William	Stenson Joel
East William	Sweeney D S
F	T
French Rev. R W	Tillinghast J B
Fouts Andrew Jr.	Thompson Mary
G	V
Gittings Jeremiah	Vanshoick L T
Gorsuch William	Vanhoe James
Gustin Samuel	Viatt Mrs Elizabeth
Gorden Larkin	W
H	Wilson Stephen
Harris Mr. Manufacturer	Whitmore Henry
Hartman Zebulon	Whitaker Mr
Hiatt Eleazar	Ward Nathan
Heston Miss Letitia M	Walter John
Howell T H C	Wright E
Hart James	Wicks Thomas
Holmes W H	Wright Ralph
Henderson Wm H	Wood Simeon P
I	Z
Johnson Martha	Zumbrich A
K	Zaller Daniel
King Thomas W	

N. B. Persons calling for any of the above letters, please say "advertised," otherwise they may not get them.

DANIEL D. SLOAN, P. M.

Richmond, Oct. 1st, 1843.

For Sale or Exchange, A SECOND-HAND CIDER PRESS. For particulars, enquire of C. W. STARR, Richmond, Ninth Month 22, 1843. 40d

Dissolution of Partnership. THE partnership heretofore existing between Payne & Wilkins in the tailoring business is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to them are respectfully solicited to call and settle as soon as convenient. The books of the concern may be found with H. B. Payne, who will continue the business at the old stand. H. B. PAYNE, S. H. WILKINS, Richmond, Sept. 25th, 1843. 40-3t

Manufacturers' Warehouse Removed From No. 107 to No. 38 Main street, six doors below Columbia Street.

THOMAS T. WHITEHEAD, Agent for Bakers & Pears' Pittsburgh Flat Glass Works, having removed to the new large warehouse as above, will hereafter keep a much larger stock and assortment, so that at all times, and especially during the season of navigation, either by low water in the summer or ice during the winter, he will be prepared to fill their orders at the regular Pittsburgh Factory prices. The Glasses are manufactured by the above firm is well known to be of superior quality, and the assortment of articles made by them not equalled; comprising every variety of Rich Cut, Plain, and Pressed Flat Glassware. Any article required to be made, by furnishing a pattern will be forwarded to the Works and made to order. IN ADDITION to the Flat Glassware, I shall at all times keep on hand a full stock of Window Glass, from the smallest to the largest sizes, from the factories of Wm. McCully & Co., and C. L. Henssen, Pittsburgh City Brands, and Symmes & Roberts, Wheeling, Va., which being the best Window Glass made will always be warranted as to quality and being free from breakage. Also Vials, Oil Bottles, Hollow-ware, Flasks, Porter and Wine Bottles, and every article in the Glassware line for Druggists, Merchants or Families. IN CONNECTION I shall constantly keep on hand an assortment of the best Pittsburgh Cotton Yarns, assorted numbers, together with many other manufactured articles of which I am receiving frequent consignments. THOMAS T. WHITEHEAD, Cincinnati, Sept. 21, 1843. 40-3t

New Arrangements for Tailoring. JOB BORTON, Of the late firm of Borton & Moore would respectfully inform his old friends and the public in general, that he continues the business and is at all times ready to do work in both PLAIN and FASHIONABLE STYLE, and on as fair terms as any person in the place. Thankful for former patronage, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Country Produce will be taken for work at the market price. N. B. An apprentice wanted. J. B. Borton, 24, 1843. 39-3m

Administrator's Notice. THE undersigned, having taken out letters of Administration on the estate of Enoch McCullough, late of Wayne county, Ind., do hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and all those having claims against the same to present them legally authenticated for settlement within twelve months from the date hereof. The estate is solvent. JOHN A. M'INN, Adm'r, September 23, 1843. 39-3t

Administrator's Sale. WILL be offered at public sale on Saturday the 21st of October next, the personal property of Enoch McCullough, deceased, consisting of a first rate set of Mill Wright's Tools, Saddle, Bridle, and Robe, a double cased Silver Watch, &c. Sale to commence at one o'clock, P. M. on said day, when terms will be made known and due attendance given by JOHN A. M'INN, Adm'r. September 23, 1843. 39-3t

CASH FOR WOOL. THE highest market price will be paid in Cash for every description of WOOL, delivered at our store, west side of Main street, Cincinnati, Ohio. MILLER & McCULLOUGH, July 8, 1843. 28-3m

1843.

TAX NOTICE!

THE amount of Taxes charged on each One Hundred Dollars of valuation, for State, County and Road purposes, are as follows, to-wit: State Tax on each \$100, 20 cents and 2 mills. County Tax " 12 1/2 " " Road Tax " 5 " For each Poll for State purposes, 50 cents. " " " County " 50 "

Attendance will be given in the several Townships, at the usual places of holding Elections, for the purpose of receiving payment of the Taxes assessed, on the following days, to-wit:

Townships.	Places.	Times.
Clay,	at Washington,	Sept. 18, 1843.
Perry,	" Economy,	" 19, "
Green,	" Williamsburg,	" 20, "
N. Garden,	" Newport,	" 21, "
Franklin,	" Hillsborough,	" 22, "
Abington,	" Abington,	" 25, "
Boston,	" Boston,	" 26, "
Wayne,	" Richmond, October 4 and 5,	
Jefferson,	" Hagerstown,	" 6 and 7, "
Jackson,	" Cambridge,	" 9 & 10, "
Washington,	" Milton,	" 11 & 12, "
Centre,	" Centerville,	" 13 & 14, "

And every day thereafter, at my Office, until the 1st day of December, 1843.

The Taxes are now due, and are required to be paid on or before the first of December next, or each Tax-payer may expect to pay the penalty in the following Sections of the Law:—

Section 26.—"In case any person shall refuse or neglect to pay the tax imposed on him, the county treasurer shall, after the 1st day of December, levy the same, together with five per cent. damages, and the costs and charges that may accrue, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such person as ought to pay the same, whosoever the same may be found within the county."

Section 66.—"There shall be a penalty assessed of ten per cent. upon the amount of taxes returned delinquent, which the persons or property assessed shall be liable to pay, together with interest upon the whole amount until paid."

Each Tax-payer is required by Law to produce his receipt from the Supervisor, certifying that he has worked out his full amount of Road Tax, so charged. JASON HAM, Treasurer of W. C. Centerville September 2, 1843. 36-6w

BENJAMIN STRATTAN,

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his customers and the public, that he is now receiving a large and complete stock of GOODS, suitable for the FALL and WINTER TRADE, consisting of—

Staple, Fancy, and Plain

DRY GOODS,

A handsome assortment of

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

SHOES, CROCKERY, &c.

Comprising an assortment not inferior to any in this part of the country—and, as his purchases were made by himself with great care, and at the lowest rates, he thinks he can offer great inducements to purchasers, and wishes it distinctly understood that he will not be undersold. Produce, of every kind that can be made available, and CASH taken in exchange for Goods.

—ALSO— Wanted—Any quantity of Flaxseed, for which he will pay the highest price in CASH. Richmond, Ninth Month 24, 1843. 36d

JOHN SHILLITO & Co.,

DRY GOODS AND CARPET WAREHOUSE, No. 12, East Fourth street, Cincinnati.

WOULD again call the attention of their country friends and purchasers generally to a large and elegant assortment of fresh Goods, selected particularly for the Fall trade, and consisting in part of—

—CARPETING—

Royal Brussels of several new drawing-room patterns, with Rugs; Imperial three-ply Loggians; Superfine and extra fine do; Good quality, cheap Loggians, 37 1/2 to 50 cents; Do do Venetians, for stairs and rooms, 18 1/2 to 31 1/2 cents; Super plain, twill'd and damask Venetians; Rich patterns of Brussels stair Carpets; Plain and Chintz figured floor Baize; Linen, Bookings and Grand Cloths; Star Linen and stair Rods; Rich Axminster, tufted and Brussels Rugs; Parlor and Mantel door Mats; Floor Oil Cloth, in the sheet, 5 yards wide; Do do assorted width and patterns.

—FURNISHING GOODS—

10-4 and 12-4 heavy Barnsly and Russia Sheetings—40 in. 5-4 and 6-4 pillow Linen—several new pattern Shirting Linens—6-4 and 12-4 cotton Sheetings—7-4, 8-4 and 10-4 Damask, Snow-drop and Barnsly Table Diapers—English, Scotch and German Towelling Diapers—Damask Table cloths—Napkins and Doilies—Table, Piano and Stand covers—10-4 to 14-4 white Marseilles Quilts—Medium and fine Bath wool Blankets, &c.

—CURTAIN GOODS—

Transparent painted window shades; Rich French window Chintz; 40 and 48 in. Buff window Hollands; Buff Damask Cashmere, with border; Scarlet and blue do; Embroidered Muslin Drapery, in sets and by piece; Furniture Chintzes and white Dimity; Damask and watered Moreens, &c.

A choice selection of new fashionable Dress Goods; rich black and colored Silks; Mouslins; Chasans; Cashmere; E. Green; plain and plaid Merinos; new Brocade plaid Cloakings; embroidered Muslin Robes and Wedding Goods of every description; rich Shawls; Needle Work; Lace; Hosiery; Gloves and Mitts; Family Mourning; Gents and Ladies' outer Garments; Costings; Broad Cloths; Cashmeres; Vestings, &c.

—TOGETHER—

With an extensive assortment of American cotton and woolen Goods—all of which will be sold at regular and uniform prices, without deviation. September 23, 1843. 39-3t

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between BORTON & MOORE, in the tailoring business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to them, by note or book account, are respectfully solicited to come forward, and pay their indebtedness, as their Books must be settled up. The Books of the firm may be found with Job Borton at the old stand. JOB BORTON, CHALKLEY T. MOORE, September 23rd, 1843. 39-3t

CABINET WARE ROOM!

ABRAHAM PHILIPS would respectfully inform the citizens of Richmond and vicinity generally, that he still continues the Cabinet-Making business at his new stand on Main street, nearly opposite D. D. Sloan's Hotel, where all kinds of Cabinet Work will be made to order at the lowest prices, and with punctuality. He has on hand at present, an assortment of Plain and handsomely finished BUREAUS, FIELD and HIGH-POST BED STEADS, DINING and BREAKFAST TABLES, LADY'S WORK TABLES, with a general assortment of Cabinet Ware. Persons in want of any of the above articles, would do well to call before purchasing elsewhere, as the above articles will be sold at prices to suit the times.

N. B. He would also inform the public, that he has just finished a handsome hearse, which he will furnish to attend funerals at the shortest notice and at low prices. Richmond, August 23, 1843. 37-1f