

LINCOLN MOTOR FIRM OWES GOVERNMENT \$9,188,561 IS CLAIM

(By Associated Press)

DETROIT, Jan. 30.—The government's claim against the Lincoln Motor Car company for alleged over-payments on war contracts was stated for final settlement in United States district court here today. Attorneys for the government and the receiver for the Lincoln company had reached an agreement on the amount to be returned to the government and Judge Arthur J. Tuttle was prepared to make the amount public, along with his approval.

The claim was one of the largest filed by the government against concerns that manufactured munitions during the World war. Over-payments totaling \$9,188,561 were made to the Lincoln company, it was alleged. The company was charged with numerous irregularities, one charge being that "the finest automobile factory in the country was built during the war period at government expense."

Add Costly Building

To this plant, it was charged, the company added a \$500,000 office building and a \$170,000 dining hall.

The profits of the company were declared by the government to have been 700 per cent on the money actually invested. The complaint also declared the company had changed its contract for the manufacture of Liberty motors, raising the profit on each motor from \$25, stipulated in the original contract, to \$1,276. The government paid \$4,000 for each completed motor, it was said.

Pays Amortization

Another declaration in the complaint was that the government paid a amortization amounting to \$3,000,000 on the 52 acre plant site and testing ground which was said to be worth but \$1,000,000.

Henry M. Leland, former president, and Wilfred C. Leland, former vice president, it was charged, received salaries for the year 1918, of \$100,000 each.

The Lincoln company was taken over at a bankruptcy sale by Henry Ford last year for \$8,000,000. The amount agreed upon by the attorneys who effected the settlement, is to be paid by the receiver, from the proceeds of the sale to the Ford interests.

OHIO LABOR LEADERS TO PUSH PENSION LAW

(By United Press)

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 30.—Executive board of Ohio Federation of Labor meets today to map out plans of campaign for enactment of old age pension legislation. Initiative petition asking for pensions for qualified Ohioans over 65 are now before the house committee on state and economic betterment. M. B. Hammond, Ohio State university professor of an old pension commission named by former Governor Cox, suggested study of compulsory insurance at a meeting of the committee last night. Pension plan is backed by organized labor.

Warships in the times of the old Greeks and Romans were built with as many as four and five banks, or rows of oars.

The Farm and the Farmer

By William R. Sanborn

SCIENTIFIC FARMING

The "book farmer" is more than ever coming into his own. We are more and more coming to realize the value of approved methods in agriculture, in taking advantage of what has been proven to be right and profitable through experiment station and demonstration farm work. The progressive farmer is ready to take advantage of the experience of other men who have ironed out many of his cropping and feeding problems, or what not.

Every day and in every way, farming is becoming generally accepted as a business, as a big business, and as a greater or lesser scientific proposition. We are not hearing so much of the "dirt" farmer as formerly, but are hearing a whole lot about the scientific handling of matters pertaining to dairying, poultry raising, cattle and hog feeding, diversification of crops, soil improvement and so forth. The orchardist and the vine grower plan and plant and trim and spray according to formulas which have been found conducive to choice crops which will command top prices, when properly graded.

Not so long ago the average farmer would have almost scoffed at the idea of establishing a school of farm management. But not so today. For example we find that there are now 109 men at Purdue whose names are enrolled as members taking the "farm management" course, a new course at that institution. This course combines a study of the economic factors controlling the success of farming as found in farm surveys, types of farming, farm layout, organization and management of farms. The work is of especial value to Indiana students because farms in all parts of the state are critically analyzed and discussed.

During the spring semester these same men will take a course in marketing, in which the structure of agricultural markets and the economic forces which determine the prices of farm products will be studied, together with shipping and selling methods and the many problems concerned with transportation, storage and distribution.

Several Courses Offered.

After you have noted that there are seven special courses offered to farm students, and have considered the ground these cover, you will concede that we are broadening the scope of our agricultural education. For instance the report from Purdue says:

"Advanced work in farm management may be taken if desired, as there are six other courses offered at the present time. These courses include a study of farm tenancy and rural credit; past and present-day farmer movements, with special stress on the American Farm Bureau federation; agricultural statistics, their importance, use and accuracy; advanced study of farm organization which requires several field trips for actual observation; a study of the prices of farm products, and an advanced course in cost accounting applicable to use on the farm."

Cow Wins Loving Cup.

The silver loving cup awarded each year by the Missouri State Dairymen's association, to the highest producing officially tested cow in the state goes this year to S. C. Lindsey of Carthage. His Holstein cow, Fobes Homestead Raward produced 21,883.6 pounds of milk and 817.3 pounds of butterfat

which is equivalent to 1,021.6 pounds of butter. She started test at four and a half years. Not only was Mr. Lindsey's cow the highest producer in Missouri last year but she also has the distinction of being the first Holstein cow to win the trophy in the nine years that it has been awarded.

The soy bean can be grown successfully with corn and is becoming a very popular crop in the corn belt, as it can be hogged down and helps to balance the ration of corn. It can be grown on a wide range of soils, but inoculation is necessary when it is grown for the first time, says the department of agriculture. The May contains a high percentage of protein and is palatable. This plant adds a great deal to the value of silage when it is grown with silage corn.

For 25 years the department of agriculture has maintained an organization for the purpose of finding new plants that are suitable for production in this country. This work of the bureau of plant industry, with its explorers, botanists, and plant propagators, puts us in touch with agricultural conditions in every foreign country. Through it there comes into Washington an average of eight or more new varieties of crop plants every day for testing in some one of the six experimental gardens, or for trial of its existence, over 55,000 of these new plant varieties have been brought in and tested for use in this country.

American Live Stock.

The United States, with only one-sixteenth of the world's population, has one-sixth of the world's live stock, says the department of agriculture. It has one-half of the world's 9,000,000 mules, one-third of the 169,000,000 swine, one-fifth of the 100,000,000 horses, one-seventh of the 492,000,000 cattle, and one-ninth of the 465,000,000 sheep. As consumers of meat per capita, we stand fourth in the list with an average of 142 pounds per person per year. We are exceeded by Argentina with an annual consumption per person of 281 pounds, Australia with 263 pounds, and New Zealand with 213 pounds. Canada follows us closely with 137 pounds and the United Kingdom with 120. The figures for the United States are the average of the 10 years from 1912 to 1921, while the figures for all other countries are pre-war figures.

When to Sow Rape.

The best time to sow rape depends on how far north you live and upon soil and climatic conditions. Speaking for his own state, C. A. Helm, extension worker, says rape should be seeded as early in the spring as the land can be worked, and this, we judge, will apply in this section of Indiana. Mr. Helm says that "in very favorable seasons with cool weather and abundant rainfall rape may be seeded later, but considerable risk is taken by late seeding." He recommends the Dwarf Essex and describes the product and its uses, as follows:

"Rape is a rank growing forage plant closely resembling the rutabaga or Swedish turnip, but with a root much like that of the cabbage. The leaves are large, smooth and spreading. The plant ordinarily reaches a height of 18 to 24 inches and yields from eight to 10 tons of green forage per acre. Under favorable conditions the plants sometimes grow more than three feet high, while yields of

20 tons or forage are not uncommon. The value of the crop lies in its use as a pasture.

There are both annual and biennial varieties or rape. The biennial varieties are the ones grown in this country. The Dwarf Essex is the variety Missouri farmers should grow. In Missouri this variety is grown as a summer annual."

Including burned and cut-over eras and abandoned fields that once grew timber, one third of the soil of the Union is forest land. Three-fourths of this land lies in the Mississippi valley and eastward to the Atlantic coast in the states having the densest population and the largest consumption of timber products.

Rental Basis in Indiana.

A Washington letter from Secretary Wallace's department deals with the changing conditions as to the basis of farm rentals in Indiana, today, as compared with 1920. This showing deals more specifically with conditions in central Indiana but also shows the trend in general throughout the state. The showing is that the methods of leasing of farms is fast changing to a rental basis, and that cash renting flourishes but little under present conditions. We quote from the Wallace letter, as follows:

"At the time when prices of agricultural products and of farm lands were declining most rapidly, taxes were being increased. Taxes on farms in Clinton county were increased from \$1.42 per acre in 1919 to \$1.84 per acre in 1922. There was a similar increase in Boone county during this period. Taxes were highest in this section in 1921 and 1922, which were years of comparatively low returns to farmers. The increases in taxes varied for different townships, and were due primarily to increased levies for local purposes over which the farmers themselves will have to exercise control.

"But despite these conditions," the department says, "much of the pessimism of 18 months ago has disappeared. The 1922 corn crop was about an average crop and of very good quality, whereas there was much low grade corn and rotten corn in central Indiana in 1921. The fall weather of 1922 was very favorable to the gathering and marketing of the crop. The prices of both corn and hogs are higher than they were in the fall of 1921. At the same time by the strict economy forced upon them the farmers have been able to reduce still further the production costs of their product."

FLIES MOTORLESS PLANE EIGHT HOURS FOR RECORD

CHERBOURG, Jan. 30.—The French aviator, Andre Maneyrol, has beaten all world glider records by remaining in the air for 8 hours and 1 minute and 26 seconds. He took off at 1:13:35 this afternoon and landed at 9:15 tonight. The flight was made in a pelting rain, but there was a favorable southwesterly breeze. Lieut. Thorot of the French army on Jan. 3 last set a world's glider record at Blakra of 7 hours and 3 minutes.

Girls of New Britain are kept in cages in their homes when from two to three years old until they are married.

For CATARRH

Notice from the disagreeable ailment he had by applying Jack Frost Cream in morning both night and morning. Soothes and heals. At drug stores.

JACK FROST

FIVE ARE FINED FOR GAMBLING OPERATIONS

Joe Peters Tuesday was fined \$50 and costs in Police court and given a suspended sentence of 90 days to the penal farm for permitting gambling in the Murray cigar store, located in the basement of the Murray theatre building, Tenth and Main streets.

E. L. Stephenson, George Jones, Samuel Johnson and Ray Crull were each fined \$25 and costs on charges of gaming. The arrests were made by Officers Seymour, Cussins and Ratliff.

The men all entered a plea of not guilty when arraigned in police court.

The arrests followed complaint to police by Howard Taylor, traveling salesman, who stated that he had been "feeced" of approximately \$48 and a

USE THE OLD
Dr. MARSHALL'S
CATARRH
nuff
30¢
at all Druggists, or sent prepaid by
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., CLEVELAND, O.
For Sale at Quigley's, 4th & Main St.

gold watch at Peters' cigar store. Taylor alleged that the game played, in which he lost the money and watch, was "stud" poker.

When arraigned before Mayor Handley, the men arrested denied seeing Taylor in the cigar store, and that he, Taylor, had not been playing any game with them.

Taylor testified that when he entered the store a man was on watch and asked him if he desired to play a little poker. Taylor was dismissed following the trial.

The mayor warned Peters to take down a partition in his store, which had been erected, and which served as a secret card-playing room.

Don't Fail to Attend
Our Special
SILVER SALE

O. E. Dickinson
523 Main St.

People Migrate

in the Spring from one home location to another, always shifting. This is excusable for birds, but poor business for people. Settle down permanently in

Wrigthland

It offers you the advantages that you have always wished for. Terms if desired.

W. S. White, Salesman. Office 514 Peacock Road

Phone 3524

EDWIN C. WRIGHT, Owner

At Romey's

Hoosier

Will Make Your Work Easier

Don't Delay

Come in at Once
and Learn How



Are you one of the many women with a kitchen that is sapping your strength without your knowing it? Come in tomorrow and find out. We're having a special demonstration of the labor-saving HOOSIER cabinet, during which we are showing women many important short-cuts in the kitchen.

Whether you intend to buy a kitchen cabinet or not, it will pay you to come in and learn these secrets of easier kitchen-work. You'll be under no obligation to buy.

FREE

To Women Who Call During This Sale

This wonderful cleaner is particularly effective for cleaning the satiny surface of the HOOSIER Cabinet and other furniture having a fine, smooth finish; also unexcelled for bath tubs, hardwood floors, windows, aluminum, silver, etc. A full sized half-pint can, regularly retailing for 25¢—enough to clean 250 square feet of woodwork—will be given absolutely FREE to women who come in for a HOOSIER demonstration.

Come, even if you have no intention of purchasing. There is POSITIVELY NO OBLIGATION TO BUY.



Special During This Great Sale

24 pieces of kitchenware—and special terms to each purchaser of a HOOSIER BEAUTY



Delivers Your

Hoosier

During this special demonstration sale we include with each HOOSIER BEAUTY the complete 10-piece Dexter Domestic Science Kitchen Set (shown above). We also include as regular equipment 14 pieces of crystal glassware, including spice jars, coffee jar, tea jar, salt boat, and four handsome air-tight containers for bulk foods, such as beans, hominy, crackers, etc.

Each of these 24 pieces is provided with a special place in the HOOSIER. They are of unexcelled quality and unrivaled utility. Included at no extra cost. HOOSIER'S low cash price—made possible by production in the world's greatest exclusive kitchen cabinet factory—prevails.

Romey Furniture Co.

920-26 Main Street

LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SWEATERS

One lot of Ladies', Misses', Children's Tuxedo and coat sweaters, all wool, \$2.98 regular values to \$10.98, spe...

One lot of pure wool hose, slightly imperfect, regular \$1.50 value \$1.79
wool hose ... 79c
uses, 2 for \$1.00
(all color)
Large circular fringed
brushed wool scarfs,
regular \$10.98
scarfs, sale \$3.98

One lot of knit fringed
wool
scarfs ... 79c

One lot of Ladies'
silk and wool and extra
fine fancy wool
hose, worth to \$3.98.
Sale \$1.79
Price ... 79c

One lot of Ladies'
fine pure thread silk
hose, plain or fancy,
all colors, worth to
\$3.98. Sale \$1.98
Price ... 1.98

One lot of Children's
rain coats, worth to
\$5.98, sizes 6 to 14.
Sale \$2.95
Price ... 2.95

Slipon Sweaters
Odd lot of Ladies' and Misses' Wool Slipon Sweaters,
(slightly soiled),
Sale Price 59c

Satinette Bloomers
Ladies' and Misses' Highly
Mercerized Satinette Bloomers,
worth \$1.75,
Sale Price 98c

Gloves and Mittens
One lot of Children's Wool
Gloves and Mittens, worth to
\$1.00. Sale
Price 33c

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WHAT
WE
ADVERTISE

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LADIES SHOP.
RICHMOND'S BUSIEST
LADIES READY-TO-WEAR STORE.

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SPECIALIZE
IN STOUT
SIZES