

TO TRANSFER IRISH CONTROL IMMEDIATELY

Administrative Powers Will Be Given to New South Ireland Government Created by Treaty.

DE VALERA LOSES OUT

DUBLIN, Jan. 9.—The motion to re-elect Eamonn De Valera president of the Irish republic was defeated in the Dail today by a vote of 60 to 58.

(By Associated Press)

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Transfer of the administrative powers to the new southern Ireland government, created under the treaty ratified Saturday by the Dail Eireann in Dublin, is to be arranged immediately. It is understood that the committee of British ministers appointed under the chairmanship of Secretary for Colonies, Churchill will today resume its work, which was suspended before Christmas in consequence of the prolongation of the debate in the Dail.

Much preparatory work already has been accomplished, allowing the ministers to proceed immediately with arrangements for the evacuation of British troops, declaration of a general amnesty, and handing over of the administrative departments in Dublin to the new government.

Mr. Churchill returned from the supreme council meeting at Cannes yesterday, for the purpose of getting his committee together. He expressed satisfaction at the treaty's ratification enabling the work to go forward.

The date of the transfer of powers depends upon the events of the next few days in Ireland and the progress in installing the provisional government of the Irish Free State. It is assumed that Arthur Griffith and Michael Collins, who led the fight in the Dail for the treaty, will come to London to assist in the operation, although the date of their visit necessarily depends upon the state of affairs in Dublin.

DUBLIN, Jan. 9.—The Dail Eireann adjourned at 1:30 until 2:30 this afternoon with the motion for the re-election of President DeValera still under discussion.

A number of members who voted for the treaty failed to attend the morning session and there was an evident desire on the part of Mr. DeValera's supporters to expedite the vote on the motion for his re-election, as president of the Irish Republic. They requested the motion for the adjournment, but the speaker declared the adjournment motion carried. The situation remains critical and confused. There was much cheering and hooting of members as they came out into the street. Many of the young men in the crowd shouted loudly "Up with the Republic."

Presents Resignation. As soon as the Dail was convened this morning Eamonn de Valera arose and placed his resignation as president of the Irish republic formally before the house.

Michael Collins, one of the leaders in support of the Irish treaty, which was ratified Saturday over de Valera's opposition, said that no one in the Dail wished to be put in the position of opposing President de Valera. He pointed out that the Dail was now faced with the problem of taking over the government from the British, and he suggested the formation of a committee, whose members would be chosen from both sides of the controversy, to keep the peace. Work, and not talk was required now, he added.

Mr. Thomas J. Clarke moved the re-election of Mr. de Valera as president of the republic. Liam Mellows seconded the motion.

Arthur Griffith, speaking after Collins had concluded, said the question of the treaty had been constitutionally settled and that there was nothing to prevent its terms being carried out.

After the re-nomination of De Valera for the presidency, Michael Collins, addressing the Dail, said he would not object to the re-election of President De Valera, but that if Mr. De Valera were re-elected, the people would turn out the Dail, as would the people of the world.

Miss Mary MacSwiney was next to speak on the re-election question. "We must carry on the republican government until it is disestablished by the Irish people," she said. She opposed the joint committee proposed by Michael Collins.

George Gavan Duffy demanded that Mr. De Valera tell the Dail what his policy would be if he were re-elected.

Mr. De Valera replied that the republic must continue until the people by an election, disestablished it. He was quite ready during the interval, he said, to help maintain the independence of Ireland.

He said that until the treaty was put into legislative form and worked out the people would not understand what it meant. He called the treaty only "a vague promise."

The Dail must continue, he declared, until the people could decide between the treaty and the Irish republic. He challenged the supporters to an election after the treaty was put into operation.

P. J. Hogan said the people had a right to decide immediately and he asked for a speedy election.

William Sears contended that the Dail had ratified the treaty and that the world would so accept it.

TERRIFIC BUSH FIRE RAGES IN AUSTRALIA

SYDNEY, Australia, Jan. 9.—A terrific bush fire is raging in the Riverina district of New South Wales and extensive areas of crops have been destroyed.

COL. GEORGE HARVEY THROWN FROM AUTO; IS SLIGHTLY INJURED

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Ambassador Harvey cabled the state department today from Cannes that he had been only slightly injured in an automobile accident, but said he had requested Ambassador Herriot to act temporarily as American observer at the Cannes conference in his place.

CANNES, France, Jan. 9.—George Harvey, American ambassador to Great Britain, narrowly escaped death here today in an automobile accident. Accompanied by Richard Crane, former American minister to Czechoslovakia, in whose car he was riding, and Wickham Steed, editor of the London Times, Ambassador Harvey was on his way for a round of golf.

The axle of the machine broke, and Mr. Harvey was thrown out landing heavily on the road. He was able to arise, but was rushed back to his hotel in a dazed condition.

Suffers From Shock. Physicians, who were hurriedly summoned, found him suffering from shock and from severe bruises on his back where he struck the road. His dazed condition after the accident lasted more than an hour. The physicians expressed the opinion that he would be confined to his bed for several days and said he should not attempt to attend to any official duties.

Mr. Crane was uninjured, but Mr. Steed suffered from bruises and shock.

As soon as news of the accident became known to the delegates to the allied supreme council, at which Ambassador Harvey was acting as observer for his government, they sent expressions of sympathy and congratulations at his escape. Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain visited the hotel in person to make inquiries.

The physicians of both Premier Lloyd George and Premier Briand who attended Col. Harvey, said shortly before noon that the ambassador's injury was confined to severe shock and bruises.

PEPPER, PHILADELPHIA LAWYER, APPOINTED TO SUCCEED PENROSE

(By Associated Press)

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 9.—George Pepper, Philadelphia lawyer, was appointed United States senator by Gov. Sprout today, to succeed the late Senator Penrose.

Under the law the appointment stands until a successor is selected at the November elections to fill the unexpired Penrose term ending in 1927.

CLAIMS PROPAGANDA AGAINST CONFERENCE SENT THROUGH MAILS

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A "sinister propaganda, apparently emanating from Washington, against both the purpose and success of the arms conference," is reaching through the mails the "majority of homes, especially those of foreign born families," John Barrett, former director of the Pan-American Union, declared in a statement issued here today upon his return from a three weeks' tour of the central west.

The result of this propaganda, he said, is that "while that section is sympathetic with the aims of the conference, its sympathy is tinged with an unfortunate measure of suspicion as to its good results."

Mr. Barrett said he also had been impressed with "a new rapidly growing feeling in the central west against Washington as the capital and New York as the financial center of the country. 'This,' he said, was due to the 'serious agricultural depression and the vigorous opposition of New York to the St. Lawrence-Great Lakes deepwater ways plan, on which Chicago and the surrounding section has set its heart.'"

SENATOR NEWBERRY READS STATEMENT; ANSWERS QUESTIONS

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Truman H. Newberry, whose seat in the senate has been brought into question through question of abnormal expenditures in his primary campaign in 1918, made today to the senate his first statement in connection with those charges, and then for half an hour submitted to questioning from the Democratic side, conducted by Senator Walsh of Montana.

The Michigan senator first read in measured tones a carefully prepared statement, the delivery of which consumed half an hour, which was allotted him. From the beginning to the end of the reading an unusual silence pervaded the chamber.

M'CUMBER ELECTED FINANCE CHAIRMAN

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, was selected today by the committee on committees as chairman of the senate finance committee to succeed the late Senator Penrose. Senator Frelinghuysen, Republican, New Jersey, was selected to fill the vacancy on the finance committee caused by McCumber's promotion.

THINK DEBATE ON MERCHANT SHIP COMING

As Treaty Nears Final Stage, Delegates Wonder Whether Attempt to Define Will Be Made.

ARGUMENTS PREPARED

BULLETIN

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Limitation of development or use of aircraft is impossible at this time, the five power armament committee of the Washington conference decided today. It adopted a resolution however, providing for an international committee to study the aircraft question with a view to future limitation.

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The subcommittee's draft of the five power naval limitation treaty had been virtually completed today by the naval experts and the full naval committee was prepared to begin discussion of the final draft of the pact probably later in the day or tomorrow.

As the treaty neared this stage the most generally debated question appeared to be whether an attempt should be made to lay down a specific definition of a merchant vessel as bearing on the relation of the arming of auxiliary naval craft to ten thousand tons and also the banning of submarines as commerce destroyers.

At the conclusion of a long session of the naval experts yesterday it was apparent they were having difficulty in reaching agreement on some of their technical definitions, and it was intimated that the question of defining a merchant ship within the meaning of the treaty has been or might be brought up again.

Study Question. Although it was the original intention of the American delegation at least as indicated by Mr. Root in the full committee sessions, not to attempt to define a merchant ship beyond the definitions of international law, some of the delegates are known to be making a particular study of the question and to regard it as one that cannot be passed over.

The Italians, Japanese and French all are said to feel that failure to place restrictions on the arming of merchantmen not only might violate the project to limit the individual tonnage of auxiliary warcraft but also might result in a great disadvantage to nations with small navies.

British Warn. The British delegation, on the other hand having given warning at the time of the failure of the proposal for limitation of submarine tonnage and of the size of submarines that in these circumstances, it could not consent to any restriction of potential anti-submarine forces, was said to be prepared to bring the question before the full committee, if necessary, and to argue that merchantships may carry guns without becoming auxiliary war vessels and thus subject to attack without warning by submarines.

Although the Shantung controversy, meantime remains in the deadlock there was evident in both the American and British groups today a belief that the mediation of Secretary Hughes and Arthur J. Balfour was almost certain to bring the Japanese and Chinese together again on this long discussed issue. In American quarters hope was expressed for an agreement during the session.

EDUCATION STRESSES RELIGION, SAYS KELLY, ONCE EARLHAM HEAD

(By Associated Press)

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—There never was a time in the history of American education when the religious phase of education was so greatly magnified as at the present moment, Dr. R. L. Kelly, executive secretary of the Council of Church Boards of Education told that body in his annual report here today.

His interest in what is termed Christian education and his desire on the part of our people generally that the entire system of American education be permeated with the religious motive is found in every type of institution, tax-supported, as well as denominational and independent in the North and the South and the East and the West," his report said.

"The Boards of Education which are responsible for a majority of the universities and colleges of the United States are now conducting campaigns for endowments aggregating well over three hundred million dollars and there is every indication in spite of the financial depression that practically every one of these campaigns will be successful," the report continued.

"During the year the Congregationalists have founded the Congregational Foundation for Education, which it is expected will assume the same relationship to the Congregational institutions as the General Education Board has to colleges in general throughout the country. The Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, has conducted a campaign of education which culminated in the amazing result of the sum of nineteen million dollars being pledged for their institutions in spite of the startling parachute of the price of cotton."

"On the whole, people are aroused as never before as to the needs of the religious traditions of American education being maintained and the outlook is very hopeful."

Dr. Kelly formerly was president of Earlham college, resigning to become identified with the council of church Boards of Education.

Bridge of Sighs, Old Prison to Become Art Center



The famous Ducal Prison, at right, and the "Bridge of Sighs."

VENICE, Jan. 9.—One more relic of olden days in Venice is about to be transformed. The historical "Carceri di San Marco," or Prisons of St. Mark, are never to be used as prisons any more. Delinquents are now being sent across to a modern prison on one of the adjacent islands.

The Venetians have held a solemn meeting and adopted a resolution declaring that the prisons, centers of medieval tyrannical justice and even used for criminals till a few weeks ago, though the dungeons and underground cells have not been used for anything but the curiosity of tourists since the Austrian domination, will henceforth be a center of culture.

Only details of their new use have to be settled. Some prominent citizens vote for their being used as concert halls for good popular performances, of which Venetians are very fond. Others vote they should be the seat of the famous Artistic club of Venice, a club worthy of the taste and culture of Venetians in general.

The question of choice remains open while the prisons are being thoroughly cleaned and set in order.

FARM LOAN ASSOCIATIONS NOT AFFECTED BY BILL HITTING JOINT-STOCK LAND BANKS

PALLADIUM NEWS BUREAU

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A bill introduced in the house today by Representative Dugger of Indiana would prohibit any joint-stock land banks organized after the enactment of the measure from issuing tax-exempt bonds. The joint-stock land banks now operative would not be affected by the provisions of the bill, nor would federal farm loan banks, Mr. Dunbar says.

Many telegrams from various Indiana citizens and organizations, including one from the Wayne County Breeder's association, voiced objection to the bill prior to its introduction. Mr. Dunbar expresses the opinion that these protests were based on the mistaken belief that his bill was aimed at federal farm loan banks.

"Would the Richmond Farm Loan association be affected by your bill?" Mr. Dunbar was asked.

"Not in the least," he replied, "because it is not a joint-stock land bank."

Mr. Dunbar states that in his opinion the federal farm loan banks provide the farmers with full measure of financial protection, and he insists

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WILSON RESIGNS AS COMMERCE SECRETARY

Ed N. Wilson, who assumed the duties of secretary of the Chamber of Commerce temporarily, has resigned, it became known Monday.

Mr. Wilson confirmed the report when he was asked whether he had retired. He assigned no reason for his step. Walker Land president of the Chamber of Commerce, said Mr. Wilson included his resignation among other recommendations which he filed with him recently.

Mr. Land said he had not presented the resignation to the board because he did not regard the resignation as a formal and official one, and had so informed Mr. Wilson.

Weather Forecast

MOORE'S LOCAL FORECAST Fair tonight and Tuesday.

The absence of any severe storm within the limits of the lake region is the reason for the above forecast.

For Indiana by the United States Weather Bureau—Fair tonight and Tuesday; no change in temperature.

Temperatures for Yesterday Maximum 39 Minimum 25 Today Noon 42

Weather Conditions—A moderate storm crossed the Great Lakes Sunday, causing unsettled weather and light rains over Indiana and adjacent states. The Gulf storm moved north-east causing heavy rains over the southern and southeastern states. Snow from Virginia northward. Temperatures are very mild for the season over the north-west, ranging from freezing to 52 degrees above zero in southwestern Canada.

Paid Circulation Saturday, was 11,674

LOCAL PHONE RATES SEEM FAIR, BARNARD, COMMISSIONER, SAYS

(By Associated Press)

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 9.—A hearing over the increase in rates for the Richmond Home Telephone company, held today by the Public Service commission, was marked by a statement by George Barnard, presiding commissioner, that the rates fixed by the ordinance passed by the city council seemed fair.

Mr. Barnard added that this statement was on the assumption that the plant value on which the rates were based was fair, and the service given by the company was good. Company officials also brought out at the hearing that much improvement work on the Richmond system is planned. Gath Freeman, counsel, declaring, "there's a great amount of deferred maintenance to be done, and the plant is beginning to show it."

Defer Plant Work

William Bailey, plant manager, also said that the work on the plant had been deferred during the war, and that the company was going to need every cent of the \$145,000 that had been set up for depreciation. Benjamin Perk, an accountant, was the only witness at the morning session, and he said that the \$145,000 set aside as depreciation reserve was not in a fund, but that it apparently had been expended for improvement of property and that the amount had been deducted from the plant value as shown by the company's books in fixing \$625,000 as a fair value for the property.

Mr. Perk testified at length about his examination of the company books, declaring that rates fixed in the council's ordinance were fair and would give the company a return of 7 1/2 per cent on its investment.

Offers No Objections

Frank Strayer, appearing for remonstrators, said no objections were offered for the company's earning a fair return, but he added that 800 to 1,000 patrons had objected to increased rates until a valuation be fixed on the company's property. His examination of Mr. Perk was solely to show that Perk's figures were plant value as shown by the company's books. It also was brought out that no valuation was ever made of the property by the commission.

City Attorney Kelley said the city was bound by the contract made by the council, that went out of office Jan. 1, but he added that its actions did not bind patrons to the new rates. He asserted the city administration was eager to have the commission fix a valuation. The hearing continued during the afternoon with consideration being centered on the company's petition for increased rates for service outside the city limits.

DEACONS AND ELDERS MISTAKE VARNISH FOR SACRAMENTAL WINE

(By Associated Press)

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Jan. 9.—Ten men, nine of them deacons and elders, poisoned yesterday by wood stain, served by mistake for sacramental wine, during communion services of the Seventh Reformed Church here, were pronounced out of danger today. Sjoerd Folkersma was the only one seriously affected by the stain, but his condition was greatly improved today.

The sacramental wine for the service was kept in the closet under the choir loft. A jug of wood stain used while repairs were being made in the church also had been placed in the closet and one of the elders, preparing the communion, accidentally put the stain in the communion chalice. Immediately upon partaking of the contents of the cups, the 10 men rushed from the church. Investigation disclosed the mistake and services were continued after the stain had been replaced with the sacramental wine.

6 RAIL SHOP CRAFT UNIONS CONSIDERING RULES NOW IN FORCE

(By Associated Press)

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Representatives of the six railroad shop crafts unions from all sections of the country met here today to take up consideration of present shop rules, most of which were recently promulgated by the United States railroad labor board to replace the national agreement of federal control.

The representatives compose the committee of 100 which will discuss each of the 186 rules of the new agreement and report to the union's membership on their acceptance or rejection.

Union officials have indicated that the unions are likely to reject the rules and ask the membership to take a strike vote. Discussion of the rules is expected to last nearly a month.

REPORT OF OKUMA'S DEATH CONTRADICTED

(By Associated Press)

TOKIO, Jan. 9.—Marquis Okuma, the aged statesman, whose condition of comatose to reports of death, was still alive at 5 o'clock this morning.

Second Arbuckle Trial Will Begin Wednesday

(By Associated Press)

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 9.—The second manslaughter trial of Roscoe Arbuckle, charged with having caused the death of Miss Virginia Rappe, motion picture actress, will begin Wednesday as a result of today's proceedings in the superior court. The trial was to have started today.

DEPOSITS IN BANKS GAIN DURING 1921

Business in Richmond is in Healthy Condition, Survey of Local Institutions Shows Monday.

SAVINGS INCREASING

That there is \$300,607 more money on deposit in the Richmond banks and trust companies than there was one year ago is shown by the statements of the financial institutions which were compiled today.

"Richmond business is healthier than it was a year ago," said a banker. "We are passing through a period of reconstruction, but we are now out of the worst of it and on the upgrade."

"The year 1922 will be a successful one for the ones who go after business energetically and in the right way. Higher principles will be applied in 1922 than have ever been before. More attention will be paid to the character and integrity of the men representing business institutions of all kinds."

Figures Show Increase.

Money on deposit in the banks on Jan. 9, 1922 was \$3,607,000, as compared with \$3,306,393, one year ago. These figures show an increase of \$300,607.

The statement of the banks did not include the savings and loan company deposits. Their totals will make the increase still greater.

The president of one of Richmond's banks said Monday: "The outlook for this year is getting better and better. We had our turning point back in August, 1921. Business is making a steady advance."

Asks Comparison

Another Richmond bank official whose institution's savings accounts increased \$211,000 in 1921 over the accounts of 1920, suggested that Richmond's business men compare their businesses this year with any of those before the war to get the true standing of their respective companies.

The president of another Richmond bank said: "I believe the low level of business has been reached and I look for a prosperous year for all. I am not saying this just because it sounds good either," he added. "I believe exactly what I say."

"The greatest business in the history of our country came in the first week of this year," said the secretary of one of the city's loan and savings associations. "In members secured, receipts and shares subscribed, we exceeded in this first week of the new year, any previous week in the history of the company."

This company showed an increase in savings of from \$162,000 in 1914 to \$228,710 in 1921. Figures for 1921 were not yet available.

REPARATION EXPERTS TRYING TO WORK OUT SATISFACTORY PLAN

(By Associated Press)

CANNES, Austria, Jan. 9.—Reparations experts today continued their efforts for a final agreement on the plan of payments to be proposed to Germany, and the finance ministers worked on the partition among the allies of the sums already paid.

Belgium's demand for the supreme council still standing out for her priority in full of 2,500,000,000 gold marks of the German payments. The proposed increase in Germany's cash payments for 1922 from the 500,000,000 gold marks agreed on in London to 700,000,000 so as to provide a certain amount of cash above the expenses of the armies of occupation, which absorb 500,000,000 gold marks, only partially satisfies the Belgians. They fear that abandonment of the principle of full priority might work to their detriment later.

In French circles here it is expected that, when the German commission, which has been invited to Cannes to appear before the supreme council regarding reparations, arrives, the reparations commission also will come here. Premier Briand wishes to avoid the appearances of taking out of the hands of the reparations commission any part of the questions touching on the German war indemnity. He contends that the commission is the proper channel for the allies to use in dealing with the Germans on that question.

SAY ALLEGED THIEF'S CONDITION IS BETTER

(By Associated Press)

PRINCETON, Ind., Jan. 9.—The condition of Paul Stockel, shot three weeks ago, while trying to break into a local dentist's office, has shown such improvement in the last 24 hours that hope is now held out for his recovery. Dr. J. K. Cunningham shot Stockel as he was trying to enter the dentist's office for the alleged purpose of stealing dental gold and supplies. Stockel's home is in New York city.

Pipher "Very Much Alive," Answer to Death Report

Reports that William Pipher, of Richmond, now serving a sentence on the state penal farm at Putnamville, had died there, were denied by the superintendent of the farm who was questioned Monday. A telephone inquiry as to the state of Pipher's health brought the reply that he was "all right."

"Not dead, then is he?"

"I saw him a few minutes ago, and he looked lively enough then," was the answer.