

METHOD IS PROPOSED TO INCREASE REVENUE OF NATION'S COLLEGES

(By Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Taking promissory notes from poor students for the difference between the full cost of instructing them and the amount of the tuition is advocated by Julius H. Barnes in a statement based on a report of college tuitions and faculty salaries, prepared by the institute for public service, of which he is chairman.

Mr. Barnes pointed out that this would be a means of increasing college revenues and recommended that the plan be given a wide trial.

Commenting on the institute's report, which stated that tuitions in no case equal the cost of giving instruction, Mr. Barnes asked:

"If students promised to pay as soon as they could afford it, would it not gradually build out of student contributions a great steady flow of support for colleges and the widening of opportunities for coming generations?"

The report declared there was no earthly excuse for charging a rich man's son half what he ought to pay, and then paying a professor half what he ought to get.

A great majority of colleges and universities are paying members of their faculties far less than a "growing wage," Mr. Barnes asserted.

In 18 colleges, the report states, full professors receive less than \$2,000 a year, while in 140 the maximum is \$3,000. Maximum salaries at Yale and Michigan are given as \$10,000 for full professors, and at Columbia and Harvard \$8,000.

ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY APPEALS FOR FUNDS

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 1.—Starting today, a nation-wide drive for funds for the proposed new Memorial Stadium at the University of Illinois will be launched by former students in all parts of the country. Solicitation for funds will be confined to four days. Of the sum of \$2,600,000 necessary, \$950,000 has already been subscribed by present students, the freshmen giving \$250,000.

Preliminary organization for the campaign was completed Saturday evening at the university at a meeting which was addressed by Judge K. M. Landis, of Chicago.

The stadium will be the largest in the country when completed. It will, besides affording an athletic center, serve as a stage for university activities such as pageants and festivals. The officials hope, by means of it, to recapture the first place in such fêtes in which Illinois has been surpassed by Michigan, Northwestern and Cornell universities.

Unemployed War Veteran Heirs Fortune of \$40,000

(By Associated Press)

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 1.—While working in parks here as one of the city's unemployed, C. P. Virtus, 28, former Canadian soldier, received a letter from a trust company of Edmonton, Canada, informing him that he had become heir to his father's estate, valued at between \$40,000 and \$50,000.

The letter said a will leaving the property to Fisk University, Nashville, Tenn., had been found, but as the will had not been witnessed, it is not regarded as valid under Canadian law.

13 Stockyards Added to Government Approved List

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—A supplementary list of stock yards which have been determined to come within the jurisdiction of the department of agriculture under the packers and stock yards act, was made public today by Secretary Wallace.

Thirteen yards are added to the initial list published October 20, and one yard that of the Crandall Horse company, of Buffalo, N. Y., which was in the first group, was not included in the revised list issued today.

Will Offer 81,000 Tons of Sodium Nitrate for Sale

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Approximately 31,000 tons of sodium nitrate, purchased by the War Department for war purposes will be offered for sale for commercial uses November 30, it was announced today by the director of sales.

Sealed bids will be received by the ordnance salvage board for the nitrate which is stored at Hopewell, Va., Jacksonville, Fla., Grand Rapids, Mich., and in smaller quantities at seven other cities.

The Pennsylvania railroad paid out \$1,354,692.03 in pensions to retired employees during the first six months of 1921.

YOUR MOTHER AND MINE KNEW THE VALUE OF COD LIVER OIL AND IRON

Well do I remember how my mother used to make me take the nasty tasting Cod Liver oil—how I hated it—but it was good medicine.

For a hundred years the medicinal elements contained in the cod's liver and oil have been regarded as the safest and best strength and body building medicinal agents known.

Many people however—especially children—cannot take it because of the nauseating oil which upsets the stomach.

In Vinol we now get all the medicinal value of cod liver oil and emulsions in a delicious tasting form and entirely free from grease and oil—children love to take it and people with weak stomachs find it agrees with them perfectly—therefore it is better.

If you are run down, weak, losing weight, nervous, take Vinol. Your money will be returned if it does not help you.

If you have a stubborn cough or cold take Vinol. Your money back if it does not help you.

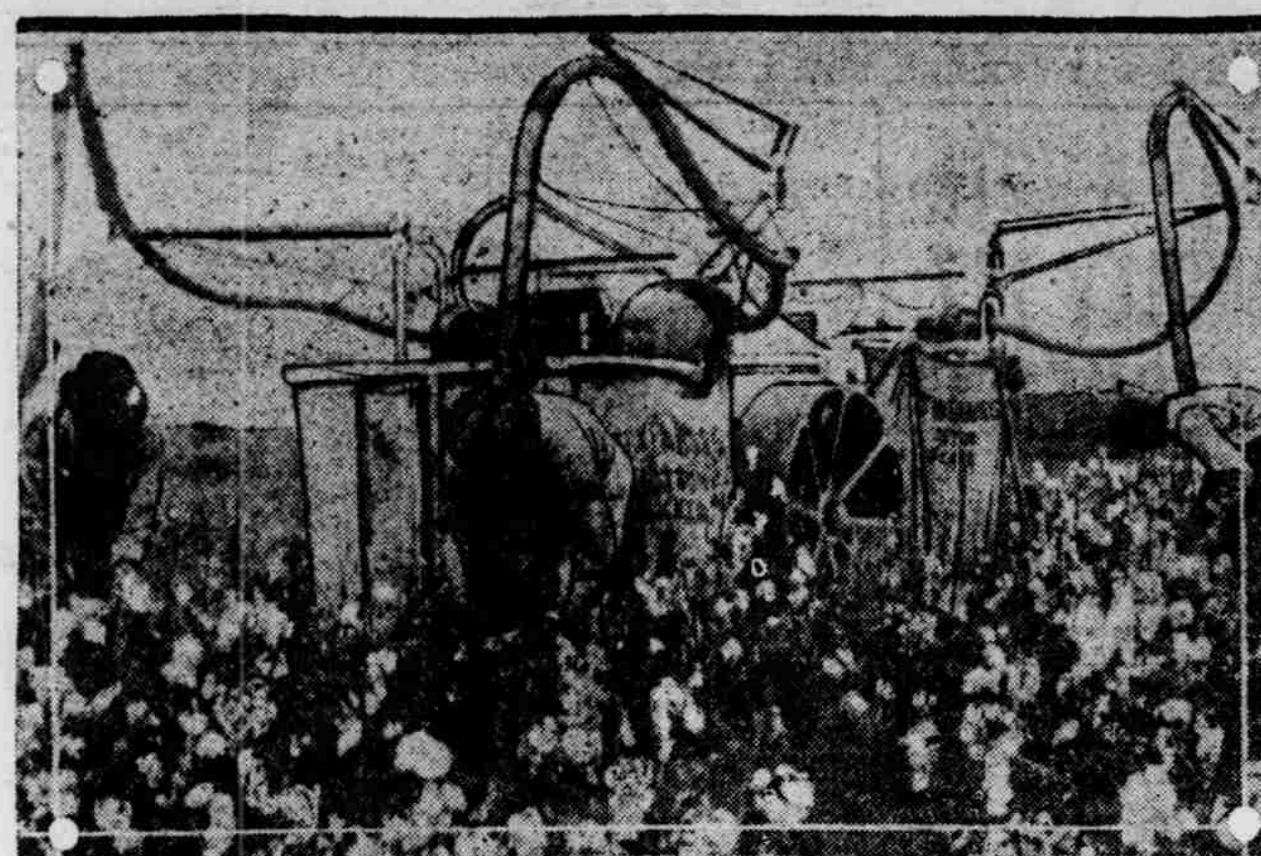
If you have a delicate child, give it Vinol. It has helped thousands of children in this state. If it does not help yours, your money will be returned.

For feeble, old people there is nothing in the world so successful as Vinol to sustain strength and prevent colds. It builds them up, and keeps them up. Money cannot buy a better medicine.

Read the wonderful testimonials we are publishing in this paper almost every day, then get a bottle of Vinol on our guarantee.

Clem Thistleton, druggist, Richmond, Ind.—Advertisement.

ELECTRICAL COTTON PICKER DOES WORK OF MANY MEN



The new electrical picker in action.

This new electrical cotton picker may drive from the cotton fields the romance and singing pickers, but it picks five times as

much cotton as the men operating it could pick. Each operator gathers from five to eight hundred pounds of cotton a day. The

cotton so picked is said to be cleaner and fluffier and worth \$15 more per bale than cotton picked by hand.

MARSHAL FOCH

(Continued from Page One.)

later had forty-one, of which 31 engaged in battle.

"Effort in instruction: In order to have officers, non-commissioned officers and men rapidly trained, you multiplied in America as in France, your schools and camps, which became centers of prodigious activity.

"In order to arm you and camp you the American manufacturers worked without respite and supplied all your needs."

"Admirable effort also in transport: You swept away every obstacle which interfered with bringing your units from the centers of instruction to the ports of embarkation."

"In France, you improved the ports of debarkation, created new installations, increased the traffic of the rail-road system by work of all kinds and multiplied your storehouses and hospitals."

"Your shipyards were organized for intensive production in such a way that when the war ended you utilized for your ocean transportation almost four millions of marine tonnage, instead of 94,000 available at the beginning of the war."

"Pays Tribute to Fleet: "And meanwhile your splendid war fleet, thanks to its vigilance and its fine military qualities, protected with an efficiency to which I am happy to pay tribute here, the transportation of your troops and material."

"A prodigious effort on the part of your entire nation's intelligence, will-power and energy." A prodigious effort which has filled your associates with admiration and gratitude and confounded your enemy."

"This splendid spirit of an entire nation we find again on the battle-fields of France, where it was blazoned in the admirable virtues of bravery and heroism."

"It was the spirit of the Second and Third American army divisions which one month later took part in the battle of the Marne and distinguished themselves. Immediately in the operations around Chateau Thierry and in Belleau Wood. Again, it was the spirit of those five divisions which, on the eighteenth of July, participated in the victorious counter offensive of the tenth and sixth French armies between the Aisne and the Marne and contributed in great measure to that victory."

"Spirit Animated: "Finally it was that spirit that animated all the American army, when on the twenty-fourth of July, General Pershing formed your splendid units under his own direct command."

"On the twelfth of September, 1918, the first American army delivered its first battle on the soil of France, it dislodged the enemy from the St. Mihiel salient where he had entrenched himself for nearly four years, threw him back beyond the foot of the hills of the Meuse. From the very first the American army entered into glory. How many further laurels was it yet to win?"

"The St. Mihiel operation was nearly ended when the American army attacked on a new front. On the twenty-fifth of September it was engaged on the right wing of the vast allied offensive. The point of direction assigned to it was Mesieres, on the Meuse."

"Deployed from the left bank of the Meuse to the eastern confines of Champagne, it had three army corps in line on a front of nearly forty kilometers. Before it stretched the region of the Argonne, formidable emplacement of the German defense, a wooded terrain, rugged, difficult in its every nature."

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